IBM

Technical
Reference

Update to the IBM PC*jr* Technical Reference

This update contains information that is pertinent to the IBM PC Compact Printer.

Insert the pages contained in this package into your IBM PC*jr* Technical Reference.

The following pages replace existing pages in your Technical Reference.

- Table of Contents (vii, viii, ix, and x)
- 3-3 and 3-4
- A1 and A2
- B1 and B2
- D-7 and D-8
- Index-1 through Index-24

Add the following pages to your Technical Reference.

- Tab Index xi, xii, xiii, xiv
- 3-133 through 3-150
- B-47

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Personal Computer PC*jr*
Hardware Reference
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Warning: This equipment has been certified to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC rules. Only peripherals (computer input/output devices, terminals, printers, etc.) certified to comply with the Class B limits may be attached to this computer. Operation with non-certified peripherals is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception.

INSTRUCTIONS TO USER

This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used properly, i.e., in strict accordance with the operating instructions, reference manuals, and the service manual, may cause interference to radio or television reception. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a residential installation.

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- Relocate the equipment with respect to the receiver.

- Move the equipment away from the receiver.

- Plug the equipment into a different outlet so that equipment and receiver are on different branch circuits.

- Ensure that side option mounting screws, attachment connector screws, and ground wires are tightly secured.

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The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. It is the responsibility of the user to correct such interference.

CAUTION
This product is equipped with a UL listed and CSA-certified plug for the user's safety. It is to be used in conjunction with a properly grounded 115 Vac receptacle to avoid electrical shock.

Preface

The IBM PC*jr* Technical Reference manual describes the hardware design and provides interface information for the IBM PC*jr*. This publication also has information about the basic input/output system (BIOS) and programming support.

The information in this publication is both descriptive and reference oriented, and is intended for hardware and software designers, programmers, engineers, and interested persons who need to understand the design and operation of the IBM PC*jr* computer.

You should be familiar with the use of the IBM PC*jr*, and understand the concepts of computer architecture and programming.

This manual has five sections:

Section 1: "Introduction" is an overview of the basic system and available options.

Section 2: "Base System" describes each functional part of the base system. This section also has specifications for power, timing, and interfaces. Programming considerations are supported by coding tables, command codes, and registers.

Section 3: "System Options" describes each available option using the same format as Section 2: "Base System."

Section 4: "Compatibility with the IBM Personal Computer Family" describes programming concerns for maintaining compatibility between the IBM PC*jr* and the other IBM Personal Computers.

Section 5: "System BIOS and Usage" describes the basic input/output system (BIOS) and its use. This section also contains the software interrupt listing, a system memory map, descriptions of vectors with special meanings, and a set of low-storage maps. In addition, keyboard encoding and usage is discussed.

This publication has four appendixes:

Appendix A: "ROM BIOS Listing"
Appendix B: "Logic Diagrams"
Appendix C: "Characters, Keystrokes, and Color"
Appendix D: "Unit Specifications"

Prerequisite Publication:

Guide to Operations part number 1502291

Guide to Operations part number 1502292

Suggested Reading:
IBM PCjr Hands on BASIC part number 1504702
IBM PCjr BASIC Reference Manual part number 6182371
Disk Operating System (DOS) part number 6024061
Hardware Maintenance and Service Manual part number 1502294
Macro Assembler part number 6024002

Related publications are listed in "Bibliography."

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SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

Contents

Notes:

Introduction

The system unit, a desk top transformer, and a cordless keyboard make up the hardware for the PC*jr* base system.

The following options are available for the base system:

- IBM PC*jr* 64KB Memory and Display Expansion

  - The 64KB Memory and Display Expansion enables the user to work with the higher density video modes while increasing the system's memory size by 64K Bytes to a total of 128K Bytes.

- IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive Adapter

  - The IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive Adapter permits the attachment of the IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive to the IBM PC*jr* and resides in a dedicated connector on the IBM PC*jr* system board.

- IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive

  - The IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive is double-sided with 40 tracks for each side, is fully self-contained, and consists of a spindle drive system, a read positioning system, and a read/write/erase system.

- IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem

  - The IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem is an adapter that plugs into the PC*jr* system board modem connector and allows communications over standard telephone lines.

- IBM PC*jr* Parallel Printer Attachment

  - The IBM PC*jr* Parallel Printer Attachment is provided to attach various I/O devices that accept eight bits of parallel data at standard TTL logic levels. It attaches as a feature to the right side of the system unit.

- IBM Personal Computer Graphics Printer

  - IBM Graphics Printer is an 80 cps (characters-per-second), self-powered, stand-alone, tabletop unit.

- IBM PC*jr* Joystick

  - The IBM PC*jr* Joystick is an input device to provide the user with two-dimensional positioning-control. Two pushbutton switches on the joystick give the user additional input capability.

- IBM Color Display

  - The IBM Color Display is a Red/Green/Blue /Intensity (RGBI) Direct-Drive display, that is independently housed and powered.

- IBM Connector for Television

  - The IBM Connector for Television allows a TV to be connected to the IBM PC*jr* system.

- IBM PC*jr* Keyboard Cord

  - The IBM PC*jr* Keyboard Cord option is used to connect the IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard to the system board.

- IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for Serial Devices

  – This option is an adapter cable that allows connection of serial devices to the IBM PC*jr* system board.

- IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for Cassette

  – This option is an adapter cable that allows a cassette recorder to be connected to the IBM PC*jr*.

- IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for Color Display

  – This adapter cable allows the IBM Color Display to be connected to the IBM PC*jr*.

The following is a block diagram of the IBM PC*jr* system.

+5V

14.31828 MHZ

8284A CLOCK GEN
READY
CLK
WAIT
RESET

8088 CPU
ADR DATA
INTR
NMI

AD0-AD7

A12-A19

LS375 ADR BUFFER

A8-A11

LS244 ADR BUFFER

8259A INTR
INR0-7

AD0-AD7

LS245 DATA BUFFER

RD, WR IO, M

LS257 CNTL

WAIT
WAIT STATE LOGIC

NMI LOGIC

DISKETTE DRIVE ADAPTER

INTERNAL MODEM

IRQ4
IRQ6

LS244 ADR BUFFER

MEMORY DECODE

CS6

CS7 8KB X 8 OR 32KB X 8 ROM

ROM CARTRIDGE CONNS

LS258 RAM ADR MPX

64KB X 8 RAM
DATA OUT

I/O CS DECODE

LS278

MK 3400 CHAR GEN

IRQ5

*1 These components are contained on the 64KB memory and display expansion card. They are included here for completeness.

System Block Diagram (Sheet 1 of 2)

System Block Diagram (Sheet 2 of 2)

*1 These components are contained on the 64KB memory and display expansion card. They are included here for completeness.

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SECTION 2. BASE SYSTEM

Contents

Base System

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Introduction

The PC*jr* base-system hardware consists of the system unit, a 62-key cordless-keyboard, and a power transformer.

The PC*jr* system board is the center of the PC*jr* system unit. The system board fits horizontally in the base of the system unit and is approximately 255 mm by 350 mm (10 inches by 13.8 inches). It is double-sided, with an internal-power/ground plane. Low voltage ac power enters the power supply adapter, is converted to dc voltage, and enters the system board through the power supply adapter edge-connector. Other system board connectors provide interfaces for a variety of input/output (I/O) devices and are individually keyed to prevent improper installation. The following is a list of these connectors:

- 64KB Memory and Display Expansion Connector
- Diskette Drive Adapter Connector
- Internal Modem Connector
- Infra-Red (IR) Link Receiver Board Connector
- Program Cartridge Connectors (2)
- I/O Channel Expansion Connector
- Serial Port (RS232) Connector (with optional adapter cable)
- Direct Drive (RGBI) Video Connector
- Composite Video Connector
- IBM Connector for Television Connector (external RF modulator)
- Light Pen Connector
- External Audio Connector
- IBM PC*jr* Keyboard Cord Connector
- Cassette Connector (with optional adapter cable)
- IBM PC*jr* Attachable Joystick Connectors (2)

The system board consists of seven functional subsystems: the processor subsystem and its support elements, the read-only (ROM) subsystem, the read/write (R/W) subsystem, the audio subsystem, the video subsystem, the games subsystem, and the I/O channel. All are described in this section.

The nucleus of the system board is the Intel 8088 microprocessor. This processor is an 8-bit external bus version of Intel's 16-bit 8086 processor, and is software-compatible with the 8086. The 8088 supports 16-bit operations, including multiplication and division, and supports 20 bits of addressing (1 megabyte of storage). It operates in the minimum mode at 4.77 MHz. This frequency, which is derived from a 14.31818-MHz crystal, is divided by 3 for the processor clock, and by 4 to obtain the 3.58-MHz color-burst signal required for color televisions.

For additional information about the 8088, refer to the publications listed in "Bibliography".

The processor is supported by a set of high-function support-devices providing three 16-bit timer-counter channels, and nine prioritized-interrupt levels.

The three programmable timer/counters are provided by an Intel 8253-5 programmable interval-timer and are used by the system in the following manner: Channel 0 is used as a general-purpose timer providing a constant time-base for implementing a time-of-day clock; Channel 1 is used to deserialize the keyboard data and for time-of-day overflow during diskette operations. Channel 2 is used to support the tone generation for the audio speaker and to write data to the cassette.

Of the nine prioritized levels of interrupt, three are bused to the system's I/O channel for use by adapters. Five levels are used on the system board. Level 0, the

highest priority, is attached to Channel 0 of the timer/counter and provides a periodic interrupt for the time-of-day clock; level 3 is the serial-port-access interrupt; level 4 is the modem-access interrupt; level 5 is the vertical-retrace interrupt for the video; and level six is the diskette drive adapter-access interrupt. The non-maskable interrupt (NMI) of the 8088 is attached to the keyboard-interface circuits and receives an interrupt for each scan code sent by the keyboard.

The system board supports both read-only memory (ROM) and R/W memory (RAM). It has space for 64K bytes by 8 bits of ROM. There are two module sockets that accept a 32K byte by 8 bit ROM module. ROM is aligned at the top of the 8088's address space. This ROM contains the Power-On Self-Test, cassette-BASIC interpreter, cassette-operating system, I/O drivers, dot patterns for 256 characters in graphics mode, a diskette bootstrap-loader and user-selectable diagnostic-routines.

Base System

The system board contains the following major
functional components:

- 8088 Microprocessor
- 64K ROM
- 128K ROM Cartridge Interface
- 64K Dynamic RAM
- 64KB Memory and Display Expansion Interface
- Serial Port (RS232)
- Audio Alarm (Beeper)
- Sound Subsystem
- Cassette Interface
- Joystick Interface
- Keyboard Interface
- Modem Interface
- Diskette Interface
- Video/Graphics Subsystem
- Light Pen Interface
- I/O Expansion Bus
- 9-Level Interrupt

The following is a block diagram of the System Board.

IR Link or Keyboard Cable Connector

2 Joysticks
4 Buttons

Power Supply Conn.	Key-board Inter-face	Joystick	128K ROM Cart. Conn.	64K RAM Conn.	RS232-C Serial Interface	Serial Printer
OSC Clock Control	8088	9 Level Interrupt	64K ROM on Board	64K RAM on Board	I/O Channel Conn.	Parallel Printer Attach.
Modem Adapter	Video		Audio and Audio Alarm	Diskette Drive Adapter Interface	Cassette Interface	Cassette Deck

RF Mod.

Diskette Drive

External Amplifier and Speaker

Home Television

Composite Video

RGBI Monitor

Light Pen

Telephone

System Board Block Diagram

Infra-Red Receiver
Connector

Diskette Drive Adapter Connector
Internal Modem Connector
64KB Memory Expansion Connector
Power Board Connector

B4

A4

B22

A1

Power Adapter
Grounding Pins

A1

A22

Front

B1

A1

B1

A1

B22

A1

B1

Left Side

B1

A1

A15

A1

B15

A10

A15

Internal Modem
Grounding Pins

B15

Right Side

Rear

System Board Connector Specifications (Part 1 of 3)

Front View

Left Cartridge Slot   Right Cartridge Slot

A1 ⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿ A18   A1 ⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿ A18

B1 ⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿ B18   B1 ⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿⫿ B18

I/O Expansion Connector

A1   A30
B1   Right Side View   B30

System Board Connector Specifications (Part 2 of 3)

Letter Designation	Connector Use
J	Left Joystick
J	Right Joystick
L	Spare
K	Keyboard
LP	Light Pen
T	Television

Letter Designation	Connector Use
V	Composite Video
D	Direct Drive Video
S	Serial Device
C	Cassette
A	Audio

System Board Connector Specifications (Part 3 of 3)

Processor and Support

The (R) Intel 8088 Microprocessor is used as the system's central processor. Some of its characteristics are:

- 4.77 MHz clock
- 20 bit address bus
- 8-bit memory interface
- 16-bit ALU (arithmatic/logic unit) and registers
- Extensive instruction set
- DMA and interrupt capabilities
- Hardware fixed-point multiply and divide

The system clock is provided by one Intel 8284A clock chip. The 8088 is operated in the minimum mode.

Performance

The 8088 is operated at 4.77 MHz which results in a clock cycle-time of 210 ns.

Normally four clock cycles are required for a bus cycle so that an 840 ns ROM memory cycle time is achieved. RAM write and read cycles will incur an average of two wait states because of sharing with video, leading to an average of six clock cycles. I/O reads and writes also take six clock cycles leading to a bus cycle time of 1.260 μs.

Notes:

8259A Interrupt Controller

PC*jr* Hardware Interrupts

Nine hardware levels of interrupts are available for the PC*jr* system. The highest-priority interrupt is the NMI interrupt in the 8088. The NMI is followed by eight prioritized interrupt-levels (0-7) in the 8259A Programmable Interrupt Controller, with IRQ 0 as the highest and IRQ 7 as the lowest. The interrupt level assignments follow:

Level		Function
8088	NMI	Keyboard Interrupt
8259A	IRQ 0	Timer Clock Interrupt
8259A	IRQ 1	I/O Channel (Reserved)
8259A	IRQ 2	I/O Channel
8259A	IRQ 3	Asynchronous Port Interrupt (RS-232C)
8259A	IRQ 4	Modem Interrupt
8259A	IRQ 5	Vertical Retrace Interrupt (Display)
8259A	IRQ 6	Diskette Interrupt
8259A	IRQ 7	I/O Channel (Parallel Printer)

Hardware Interrupts

8259A Programming Considerations

The 8259A is set up with the following characteristics:

- Buffered Mode
- 8086 Mode
- Edge Triggered Mode
- Single Mode Master (No Cascading is Allowed)

The 8259A I/O is located at I/O address hex 20 and hex 21. The 8259A is set up to issue interrupt types hex 8 to hex F which use pointers to point to memory address hex 20 to hex 3F.

The following figure is an example setup.

0263 BO 13	MOV AL, 13H	; ICW1 - Reset edge sense circuit set single ; 8259 Chip and ICW4 read
0265 E6 20	OUT INTA00,AL	
0267 BO 08	MOV AL,8	; ICW2 - Set interrupt type 8 (8-F)
0269 E6 21	OUT INTA01,AL	
026B BO 09	MOV AL,9	; ICW4 - Set buffered mode/master and 8086 mode
026D E6 21	OUT INTA01,AL	

Example Set Up

64K RAM

The 64K bytes of R/W memory reside on the system board and require no user configuration.

Eight 64K byte by 1, 150 ns, dynamic memory modules are used to provide 64K byte of storage. The RAM has no parity. Sources of these memory modules include the Motorola MCM6665AL15 and the Texas Instruments TMS4164-15 or equivalent.

The system board 64K RAM is mapped at the bottom of the 1 MEG address space. The system board 64K RAM is mapped to the next 64K bytes of address space if the 64KB Memory and Display Expansion option is not installed. If read or written to, this higher block of address space will look just like the low-order 64K-byte block. This means the bottom 128K bytes of address space is always reserved for RAM. If the 64KB Memory and Display Expansion option is installed, it is mapped to the 'ODD' memory space within the 128K byte-reserved space while the system board memory is mapped to the 'EVEN' space. Memory refresh is provided by the 6845 CRT Controller and gate array. The gate array cycles the RAM and resolves contention between the CRT and processor cycles.

See "IBM PC*jr* 64KB Memory and Display Expansion" in Section 3 for a detailed description.

Notes:

ROM Subsystem

The ROM subsystem is made up of 64K bytes of ROM aligned at the top of the 1 MEG address space. The ROM is built using 32K byte by 8 ROM-modules. The ROM has no parity. The general memory specifications for the ROM are:

```
Access Time  -  250 ns
Cycle Time   -  375 ns
```

ROM modules Mk 38000 from Mostek, TMM23256P or equivelent are used. Address A14 is wired to both pin 1 and pin 27.

The following figure is a map of the sections of memory allocated for use by the system:

BIOS/Diagnostic/Cassette Basic Program Area	FFFFF
Standard Application Cartridge	F0000
Standard Application Cartridge	E8000
Reserved For Future Cartridge	E0000
Reserved For Future Cartridge	D8000
Reserved for I/O ROM	D0000
Video RAM	C0000
Reserved Future Video	B8000
Reserved Future User RAM	A0000
Expansion RAM	20000
Base RAM	10000
	00000

Cartridge Chip Selects (spanning FFFFF–D0000)

Memory Map

Input Output Channel

The Input/Out channel (I/O) is an extension of the 8088 microprocessor bus. It is however, demultiplexed, repowered, and enhanced by the addition of interrupts.

The I/O channel contains an 8-bit bidirectional bus, 20 address lines, 3 levels of interrupt, control lines for memory and I/O read or write, clock and timing lines, and power and ground for the adapters. Voltages of +5 dc and +12 dc are provided for external adapters. Any additional power needs will require a separate power-module.

All I/O Channel functions are bused to the right-hand side of the system unit and are provided by a right-angle, 60-pin connector. Each external adapter connects to the I/O bus and passes the bus along for the next attachment.

A 'ready' line is available on the I/O Channel to allow operation with slow I/O or memory devices. If the channel's 'ready' line is not activated by an addressed device, all processor-generated memory-read and write cycles take four 210-ns clocks or 840-ns/byte. All processor-generated I/O-read or write cycles require six clocks for a cycle time of 1.26-μs/byte.

The I/O Channel also contains the capability to add bus masters to the channel. These devices could be DMA devices or alternate processors.

The I/O Channel signals have sufficient drive to support five I/O Channel expansion-adapters and the internal modem and diskette drive adapter, assuming one standard TTL load per attachment. For information on power available for external adapters, see "System Power Supply", later in this Section.

Signal Name			Signal Name
D1	B1	A1	D0
D2			+12 Vdc
D4			D3
Shield GND			D5
D7	B5	A5	D6
A0			+5 Vdc
A2			A1
Shield GND			A3
A5			A4
A6	B10	A10	GND
A8			A7
-DACK0			A9
A11			A10
A12			DRQ0
Shield GND	B15	A15	A13
A15			A14
Shield GND			A16
A17			GND
A19			A18
Shield GND	B20	A20	-IOR
-MEMR			-IOW
-MEMW			GND
ALE			HDLA
Shield GND			CLK
IO/-M	B25	A25	RESET
READY			+5 Vdc
-CARD SLCTD			-HRQ
Shield GND			IRQ1
IRQ7			IRQ2
AUDIO IN	B30	A30	Reserved

I/O Channel Expansion Connector Specifications

2-22 I/O Channel

System Board I/O Channel Description

The following is a description of the I/O Channel. All signals are TTL compatible.

Signal	I/O	Description
CLK	O	System Clock: It is a divide-by-three of the 14.31818 MHz oscillator and has a period of 210 ns (4.77 MHz). The clock has a 33% duty cycle.

```
     ┌──┐        ┌──┐        ┌──
─────┘  └────────┘  └────────┘
     70 ns  140 ns  70 ns  140 ns
```

Duty Cycle

RESET	O	This line is used to reset or initialize system logic upon power-up. This line is synchronized to the falling edge of the clock and is 'active high'. Its duration upon power up is 26.5 μs.
A0–A19	I/O	Address Bits 0 to 19: These lines are used to address memory and I/O devices within the system. The 20 address lines allow access of up to 1 megabyte of memory. A0 is the least-significant- bit (LSB) while A19 is the most-significant-bit (MSB). These lines are normally driven by the 8088 microprocessor as

outputs, but can become inputs from an external bus-master by issuing an HRQ and receiving an HLDA.

D0–D7	I/O	Data Bits 0-7: These lines provide data-bus bits 0 to 7 for the processor, memory, and I/O devices. D0 is the least-significant-bit (LSB) and D7 is the most-significant-bit (MSB). These lines can be controlled by an external bus-master by issuing an HRQ and receiving an HLDA.
ALE	O	Address Latch Enable: This line is provided to allow the addition of wait states in memory and I/O cycles.
READY	I	This line, normally 'high' ('ready'), is pulled 'low' ('not ready') by a memory or I/O device to lengthen I/O or memory cycles. It allows slower devices to attach to the I/O Channel with a minimum of difficulty. Any slow device requiring this line should drive it 'low' immediately upon detecting a valid address and IO/-M signal. Machine cycles (I/O and memory) are extended by an integral number of CLK cycles (210 ns). Any bus master on the I/O Channel should also honor this 'ready' line. It is pulled 'low' by the system board

on memory read and write cycles and outputting to the sound subsystem.

IRQ1, IRQ2, IRQ7   I   Interrupt Request 1, 2, and 7: These lines are used to signal the processor that an I/O device requires attention. They are prioritized with IRQ1 as the highest priority and IRQ7 as the lowest. An Interrupt Request is generated by raising an IRQ line ('low' to 'high') and holding it 'high' until it is acknowledged by the processor (interrupt-service routine).

-IOR   I/O   I/O Read Command: This command line instructs an I/O device to drive its data onto the data bus. This signal may be driven by the 8088 microprocessor or by an external bus-master after it has gained control of the bus. This line is active 'low'.

-IOW   I/O   I/O Write Command: This command line instructs an I/O device to read the data on the data bus. This signal may be driven by the 8088 microprocessor or by an external bus-master after it has gained control of the bus. This line is active 'low'.

-MEMR   I/O   Memory Read Command: This command line instructs the

memory to drive its data onto the data bus. This signal may be driven by the 8088 microprocessor or by an external bus-master after it has gained control of the bus. This line is active 'low'.

-MEMW   I/O   Memory Write Command: This command line instructs the memory to store the data present on the data bus. This signal may be driven by the 8088 microprocessor or by an external bus-master after it has gained control of the bus. This line is active low.

IO/-M   I/O   I/O or Memory Status: This status line is used to distinguish a memory access from an I/O access. This line should be driven by a bus master after it has gained control of the bus. If this line is 'high' it indicates an I/O Address is on the Address Bus; if this line is 'low', it indicates a memory address is on the Address Bus.

-HRQ   I   Hold Request: This line indicates that another bus master is requesting the I/O Channel. To gain bus-master status, a device on the channel must assert -HRQ (active 'low'). The 8088 will respond to a -HRQ by asserting an HLDA. After receiving an HLDA, the new bus master may

2-26 I/O Channel

control the bus, and must continue to assert the -HRQ until it is ready to relinquish the bus. A -HRQ is not an asynchronous signal and should be synchronized to the system clock. All channel devices with bus-master capabilities must latch data-bit D4 during any 'Out' instruction to A0-A7. The resulting signal should be used to qualify -HRQ as follows: Latched value = 1 --> -HRQ is inhibited. Latched value = 0 --> -HRQ is allowed. For more detail, see the explanation of the A0 port.

DRQ 0   0   This line comes from the floppy disk controller (FDC) and can be used by an external DMA to indicate that a byte should be transferred to the FDC.

-DACK 0   I   This line should come from an external DMA and should indicate that a byte is being transferred from memory to the FDC.

HLDA   O   Hold Acknowledge: This line indicates to a bus master on the channel that -HRQ has been honored and that the 8088 has floated its bus and control lines.

-CARD SLCTD	I	This line should be pulled down by any adapter when it is selected with address and IO/-M. This line will be used for bus expansion. It is pulled up with a resistor and should be pulled down with an open collector device.
AUDIO IN	I	Channel devices may provide sound sources to the system-board sound-subsystem through this line. It is 1 volt peak-to-peak, dc biased at 2.5 volts above ground.

Input/Output

Hex Range	9 8	7 6 5 4	3	2	1	0	Device
20-27	0 0	0 0 1 0	0	X	X	A0	PIC 8259
40-47	0 0	0 1 0 0	0	0	A1	A0	Timer 8253-5
60-67	0 0	0 1 1 0	0	X	A1	A0	PPI 8255-5
A0-A7	0 0	1 0 1 0	0	X	X	X	NMI Mask Reg.
C0-C7	0 0	1 1 0 0	0	X	X	X	Sound SN76496N
F0-FF	0 0	1 1 1 1	X	A2	A1	A0	Diskette
200-207	1 0	0 0 0 0	0	X	X	X	Joystick
2F8-2FF	1 0	1 1 1 1	1	A2	A1	A0	Serial Port
3D0-3DF	1 1	1 1 0 1	A3	A2	A1	A0	Video Subsystem
3F8-3FF	1 1	1 1 1 1	1	A2	A1	A0	Modem

I/O Map

X = Don't care (that is, not in decode.)

- Any I/O which is not decoded on the system board may be decoded on the I/O Channel.

- At Power-On time the NMI into the 8088 is masked 'off'. This mask bit can be set by system software as follows:

Write to Port A0 D7=ENA NMI D6=IR TEST ENA D5=SELC CLK1 INPUT D4=+Disable HRQ

8255 Bit Assignments

PA   Output
PA0 Reserved for Keystroke Storage
PA1 Reserved for Keystroke Storage
PA2 Reserved for Keystroke Storage
PA3 Reserved for Keystroke Storage
PA4 Reserved for Keystroke Storage
PA5 Reserved for Keystroke Storage
PA6 Reserved for Keystroke Storage
PA7 Reserved for Keystroke Storage
PB   Output
PB0 +Timer2 Gate (Speaker)
PB1 +Speaker Data
PB2 +Alpha (-Graphics)
PB3 +Cassette Motor Off
PB4 +Disable Internal Beeper and Cassette Motor
      Relay
PB5 SPKR Switch 0
PB6 SPKR Switch 1
PB7 Reserved
PC   Input
PC0 Keyboard Latched
PC1 -Internal MODEM Card Installed
PC2 -Diskette Drive Card Installed
PC3 -64KB Memory and Display Expansion Installed
PC4 Cassette Data In
PC5 Timer Channel 2 Output
PC6 +Keyboard Data
PC7 -Keyboard Cable Connected

8255 Bit Assignment Description

PA0 thru PA7	(Output Lines)	Port A is configured as an output. The output lines are not used by the hardware, but are used to store keystrokes. This is done to maintain compatibility with the Personal Computer, and Personal Computer XT.
PB0	(+Timer 2 Gate)	This line is routed to the gate input of timer 2 on the 8253-5. When this bit is 'low', the counter operation is halted. This bit and PB1 (+Speaker Data) controls the operation of the 8253-5 sound source.
PB1	(+Speaker Data)	This bit ANDS 'off' the output of the 8253-5 timer 2. It can be used to disable the 8253-5 sound source, or modify its output. When this bit is a 1, it enables the output, a 0 forces the output to zero.
PB2	(+Alpha -Graphics)	This bit is used to steer data from the memory into the Video Gate Array. This bit should be a 1 for all alpha modes, and a 0 for all graphics modes.

PB3	(+Cassette Motor Off)	When this bit is a 1, the cassette relay is 'open' and the cassette motor is 'off'. When this bit is a 0, and PB4 = 0, the cassette motor is 'on'.
PB4	(+Disable internal beeper and cassette motor relay)	When this bit is a 1, the internal beeper is 'disabled' and the 8253-5 timer 2 sound source can only be heard if it is steered to the audio output. This bit also disables the cassette motor when it is a 1. To 'enable' the cassette motor, this bit must be a 0. In this case, PB1 should be used to gate 'off' the internal beeper and 8253-5 sound source.
PB5, PB6	(Speaker switch 0,1)	These bits steer one of 4 sound sources. This is available to the RF modulator or the external audio jack. The sound sources selected are shown below.

PB6	**PB5**	**Sound Source**
0	0	8253-5 Timer 2
0	1	Cassette Audio Input
1	0	I/O Channel Audio In
1	1	76496

PB7	(Open)	Reserved for future use.

PC0	(Keyboard latched)	This input comes from a latch which is set to a 1 on the first rising edge of the Keyboard Data stream. The output of this latch also causes the NMI to occur. This latch is cleared by doing a dummy 'Read' operation to port A0. This input is provided so that a program can tell if a keystroke occurred during a time when the NMI was masked 'off' and a keystroke has been missed. The program will then be able to give an error indication of the missed keystroke.
PC1	(-Modem card installed)	When this bit is a 0, it indicates that the Internal Modem card is installed.
PC2	(-Diskette card installed)	When this bit is a zero, it indicates that the Diskette Drive Adapter is installed.
PC3	(-64KB Memory and Display Expansion installed)	When this bit is a 0, it indicates that the 64KB Memory and Display Expansion is installed.

Base System

PC4	(Cassette data in)	If the cassette-motor relay is 'closed', and the cassette motor is 'on', this pin will contain data which has been wave shaped from the cassette. If the cassette-motor relay is 'off', this pin will contain the same data as the 8253-5 timer 2 output.
PC5	(Timer channel 2 output)	This input is wired to the timer channel 2 output of the 8253-5.
PC6	(+Keyboard data)	This input contains keyboard data. The keyboard data comes from the cable if attached, or from the IR Receiver if the cable is not attached.
PC7	(-Keyboard cable connected)	If this bit is 'low', it indicates that the keyboard cable is connected.

Port A0 Output Description

D7   **(Enable NMI)**   When this bit is a 1, the NMI is
                                  'enabled'. When it is a 0, it is
                                  'disabled'.

D6   **(IR test ENA)**   This bit enables the 8253-5 timer 2
                                  output into an IR diode on the IR
                                  Receiver board. This information is
                                  then wrapped back to the keyboard
                                  input. If the cable is not connected,
                                  timer 2 should be set for 40 kHz
                                  which is the IR-modulation
                                  frequency. This feature is used only
                                  for a diagnostic test of the IR
                                  Receiver board.

D5   **(Selc Clk1 input)**   This bit selects one of two input Clks
                                  to the 8253-5 timer 1. A 0 selects a
                                  1.1925 MHz Clk input used to assist
                                  the program in de-serializing the
                                  keyboard data. A 1 selects the timer
                                  0 output to be used as the Clk input
                                  to timer 1. This is used to catch timer
                                  0 overflows during diskette drive
                                  operations when interrupts are
                                  masked 'off'. This is then used to
                                  update the time-of-day.

D4   **(+Disable HRQ)**   This bit is not actually implemented
                                  on the system board, but is supported
                                  by the programming. This bit is used
                                  to disable -HRQs from external
                                  bus-masters (DMA, Alternate
                                  Processors, etc.) The logic for
                                  this bit must exist on each
                                  bus-master attachment. A 0
                                  should 'enable' -HRQ, and a 1
                                  should 'disable' -HRQ.

+HRQ from external
bus master

LS74   LS03

D4

AOCS

–HRQ on I/O

Input should be an open
collector type device

Port A0 Output Description

Port A0 Input Operation

A 'read' to I/O port A0 will clear the keyboard NMI
latch. This latch causes an NMI on the first rising edge
of the keyboard data if the enable NMI bit (port A0 bit
D7) is 'on'. This latch can also be read on the 8255
PC0. The program can determine if a keystroke
occurred while the NMI was 'disabled' by reading the
status of this latch. This latch must be cleared before
another NMI can be received.

The System board provides for selection of keyboard
data from either a cable or the IR-receiver board. The
IR-receiver board is mounted on the system board and
can receive data through an IR link. The source of the
keyboard's data is determined by the -Cable Connected
signal at the keyboard cable connector. Keyboard
serial data is available to the 8088 at bit PC6 of the
8255 PPI.

The system board is responsible for the de-serialization
of keyboard data. The start bit in the serial stream
causes an NMI to be generated. The 8088 then reads
the 8253 timer to determine when to interrogate the

serial stream. After de-serialization the NMI
service-routine does a 'Read' from hex A0 to clear the
NMI latch.

During certain time-critical operations, such as diskette
I/O, the processor will mask 'off' the NMI interrupt.
Keyboard inputs during this time cannot be serviced. A
keyboard latch is provided so that at the end of such
operations the processor will determine whether any
keys were pressed and take appropriate actions. The
keyboard latch is 'set' by any key being pressed and is
'reset' by 'Reading' the NMI port. (No data is
presented to the microprocessor during this 'Read'.)
Keyboard latch data is available to the processor at bit
PC0 of the 8255 PPI.

Notes:

Cassette Interface

The cassette interface is controlled through software. An output from the 8253 timer controls the data to the cassette recorder through the cassette connector at the rear of the system board. The cassette-input data is read by an input-port bit of the 8255A-5 programmable-peripheral-interface (PPI) (8255A-5 PC4). Software algorithms are used to generate and read cassette-data. The cassette drive- motor is controlled by Bit PB3 of the 8255. Bit PB4, which 'enables' the 7547 relay driver, must be 'low' when the motor is to be turned on. The cassette interface has a wrap feature which connects the output to the input when the motor control is 'off'. See "BIOS Cassette Logic" in Section 5 for information on data storage and retrival.

A mechanism is provided that will direct the cassette input to the audio subsystem. Please see "Sound Subsection" in Section 2.

Circuit block diagrams for the cassette-interface read, write, and motor control are illustrated in the following figures.

Cassette-Interface Read-Hardware Block Diagram

Cassette GND — 18 Ohm Resistor — 1000k Ohm Resistor

+5V

OP Amp LM358

−6V

0.047 μF Capacitor — 18k Ohm Resistor

Audio Subsystem

Data From Cassette Recorder Earphone Jack

18k Ohm Resistor — GND

18k Ohm Resistor — Cassette Data In

GND — Silicon Diode Vir .4V — Cathode

Cassette-Interface Read-Hardware Block Diagram

+5V

74LS125

8253 Timer #2 — G

D DRV

GND

3.9k Ohm Resistor

4.7k Ohm Resistor

0.678V to AUX Input

1.2k Ohm Resistor

0.075V to MIC Input

150 Ohm Resistor

GND

Cassette-Interface Write-Hardware Block Diagram

2-40 Cassette Interface

+5V

4.7k Ohm

+5V

SN75475

Relay

VCC

N/O

Coil

Clamp

+5

Cassette Motor Control

74LS04

PB3 Motor On

NOT

In

Out

Coil

S

PB4 Enable Beeper/ Cassette Motor Relay

NOT

VSS

Com

GND

Cassette-Motor Control Block Diagram

Signal Name		Pin Number	
	LOGIC GND	A01	
	CASS AUDIO IN	A02	
	MIKE AUDIO OUT	A03	
Cassette	MOTOR CONTROL	A04	System Board
	KEY PLUG	B01	
	AUX DATA OUT	B02	
	MOTOR CONTROL SW	B03	
	SHIELD GND	B04	

Cassette Connector Specifications

Notes:

Video Color/Graphics Subsystem

The video subsystem is designed so that the IBM Color Display, composite monitors, and a home television set can be attached. It is capable of operating in black-and-white or color. It provides three video ports: a composite-video, a direct-drive, and a connector for an RF modulator to be used with home televisions. In addition, it contains a light pen interface.

> Note: The IBM Personal Computer Monochrome Display cannot be used with the PC*jr* system.

> Note: An IBM Connector for Television option must be obtained to attach a home TV.

The subsystem has two basic modes of operation: alphanumeric (A/N) and all points addressable graphics (APA). Additional modes are available within the A/N and APA modes.

In the A/N mode, the display can be operated in either a 40-column by 25-row mode for a low-resolution display home television, or an 80-column by 25-row mode for high-resolution monitors. In both modes, characters are defined in án 8-wide by 8-high character box and are 7-wide by 7-high, with one line of descender. Both A/N modes can operate in either color or black-and-white.

In the A/N black-and-white mode, the character attributes of reverse video, blinking, highlighting and gray shades are available.

In the A/N color mode, sixteen foreground-colors and sixteen background-colors are available for each character. In addition, blinking on a per-character basis

is available. When blinking is used, only eight
background-colors are available. One of 16 colors, or
gray shades can be selected for the screen's border in
all A/N modes.

In both A/N modes, characters are formed from a
ROM character-generator. The character generator
contains dot patterns for 256 different characters. The
character set contains the following major groupings of
characters:

- 16 special characters for game support

- 15 characters for word-processing editing support

- 96 characters for the standard-ASCII-graphics set

- 48 characters for foreign-language support

- 48 characters for business block-graphics (allowing
  drawing of charts, boxes, and tables using single or
  double lines)

- 16 selected Greek symbols

- 15 selected scientific-notation characters

In the APA mode, there are three resolutions available:
a low-resolution mode (160 PELs [Picture ELements]
by 200 rows), a medium-resolution mode (320 PELs by
200 rows), and a high-resolution mode (640 PELs by
200 rows).

Different color modes exist within each of the APA
resolutions. Two, four, or sixteen colors are available in
APA color, and two, four, or sixteen gray shades are
available in APA black-and-white.

One of sixteen colors, or grey shades can be selected for the screen's border in all APA modes.

The direct drive, composite video and RF Modulator connector are right-angle-mounted connectors extending through the rear of the system unit.

The video color/graphics subsystem is implemented using a Motorola 6845 CRT controller device and a Video Gate Array (VGA) (LSI5220). The video subsystem is highly programmable with respect to raster and character parameters. Thus many additional modes are possible with the proper programming.

The following figure shows a block diagram of the video color/graphics subsystem.

64K Expansion Card

```
                        ┌──────────┐      ┌──────────────┐
                        │          │      │ Processor    │
                        │ 64K x 8  │──────│ Data Latch   │
                        │ RAM      │      └──────────────┘
                        │          │      ┌──────────────┐
                   DIN  │          │      │ CRT Data     │
                        │          │──────│ Latch        │
                        └──────────┘      └──────────────┘
```

Processor
Memory
Data Bus ◄─────────────── **DIN**

Processor
Address ──────► ┌──────────────┐
                │ Address   │   ┌──────────┐   ┌──────────────┐
                │ Multiplexer │   │   │   │ Processor   │
                └──────────────┘   │ 64K x 8 │──────│ Data Latch   │
Processor   │ RAM   │   └──────────────┘
I/O   ┌────────────┐   │   │
Data Bus ──►┌──────┐│ Address   │   │   │   ┌──────────────┐
            │ 6845 ││ Multiplexer│   │   │   │ Character   │
            │ CRT │└────────────┘   └──────────┘   │ Data Latch   │
            │ Control│   └──────────────┘
            │   │**SYNCS** ┌──────────┐   │
            └──────┘   │ Video   │ **RAS, CAS, WE**   ┌──────────────┐
                              │ Gate   │ **Control**   │ Character   │
                              │ Array   │   │ Generator   │
                              │   │   │ ROM   │
                              └──────────┘   └──────────────┘
                                              ┌──────────┐   ┌──────────┐
                                              │ CRT   │   │ CG Data │
                                              │ Data   │   │ Latch   │
                                              │ Latch   │   └──────────┘
                                              └──────────┘

                        RGBI Television   ┌──────────┐
                        Syncs   │ Direct   │
                                                   │ Drive   │
                                                   │ Video   │
                                                   └──────────┘
                                 ┌──────────┐   ┌──────────┐
                                 │ Composite│   │ Composite│
                                 │ Video   │──────│ Video   │
                                 │ Logic   │   └──────────┘
                                 └──────────┘
                        ┌ ─ ─ ─ ─ ─ ─ ─┐
                        │ ┌──────────┐ │   ┌──────────┐
                        │ │ RF   │ │   │Television│
                        │ │ Modulator│ │──────│   │
                        │ └──────────┘ │   └──────────┘
                        │ External   │
                        └ ─ ─ ─ ─ ─ ─ ─┘
```



**Video Color/Graphic Subsystem Block Diagram**

**2-46  Video Subsystem**

# Major Components Definitions

## Motorola 6845 CRT Controller

This device provides the necessary interface to drive a raster-scan CRT. Additional information about this component is provided in publications listed in "Bibliography".

## Storage Organization

The base video-color/graphics-subsystem accesses 64K bytes of read/write memory (RAM). A 64KB Memory and Display Expansion can be added to increase the amount of system RAM to 128K bytes. This memory-storage area serves two functions; as the video-display buffer and as the system processor is (8088) main-RAM.

The RAM is located at address hex 0000 and is either 64K bytes or 128K bytes with the memory expansion option. The 8088 can access the memory by reading from and writing to address locations hex 00000 to 1FFFF or by reading from or writing to the 16K-byte region starting at address hex B8000. The page affected by a read or write operation is determined by the processor's page register. The processor can access the RAM at any time in all modes with no adverse effect to the video information. The page that the video information is taken from is determined by the CRT page register.

The processor and CRT page registers are write only registers and can be changed at any time. These registers allow the processor to work in one page while the display is displaying another page. The processor can switch pages at the vertical-retrace time. This will aid animation on the video color/graphics subsystem.

Also, since all 128K bytes of read/write memory are available for display purposes, the application can use as little or as much memory as needed for the display.

The following figure is a map of the video color/graphics subsystem.



**Video Color/Graphics Subsystem Memory Map**

## Bandwidth

The video bandwidth is either 3.5, 7 or 14 MHz
depending on the mode of operation. The processor
bandwidth is the same for all modes. The processor is
allowed one cycle every 1.1 microseconds. An average
of two wait states will be inserted in a processor RAM
read cycle, because the average latency time for the
processor to get a cycle is 560 ns and the cycle time is
350 ns. There is no performance penalty for redirecting
processor reads and writes through the B8000 - BFFFF
address area.

## Character Generator

The ROM character-generator consists of 2K bytes of
storage which cannot be read from, or written to under
software control. It is implemented with a
MCM68A316E or equivalent. Its specifications are
350 ns access, 350 ns cycle static operation. The
device is pin compatible with 2716 and 2732 EPROMS.

## Video Gate Array

A CMOS gate array is used to generate storage-timing
(RAS, CAS, WE), direct-drive, composite-color and
status signals. See "Video Gate Array" later in this
section.

# Palette

The video color/graphics subsystem contains a
16-word by 4-bit palette in the Video Gate Array
which takes PEL (Picture ELement) information from
the read/write memory and uses it to select the color to
display. This palette is used in all A/N and APA
modes. Any input to the palette can be individually
masked 'off' if a mode does not support the full
complement of 16 colors. This masking allows the user
to select a unique palette of colors whenever any mode
does not support all 16 colors.

In two-color modes, the palette is defined by using one
bit (PA0), with the following logic:

| Palette Address Bit | |
|---|---|
| **PA0** | **Function** |
| 0 | Palette Register 0 |
| 1 | Palette Register 1 |

**Palette Logic (1 of 3)**

In four-color modes, the palette is defined by using two bits (PA1 and PA0), with the following logic:

| Palette Address Bits | | |
|---|---|---|
| PA1 | PA0 | Function |
| 0 | 0 | Palette Register 0 |
| 0 | 1 | Palette Register 1 |
| 1 | 0 | Palette Register 2 |
| 1 | 1 | Palette Register 3 |

**Palette Logic (2 of 3)**

Base System

In sixteen-color modes, the palette is defined by using four bits (PA3, PA2, PA1, and PA0), with the following logic:

| Palette Address Bits | | | | Function |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| PA3 | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Palette Register 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Palette Register 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Palette Register 2 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Palette Register 3 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Palette Register 4 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Palette Register 5 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Palette Register 6 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Palette Register 7 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Palette Register 8 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Palette Register 9 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Palette Register 10 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Palette Register 11 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Palette Register 12 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Palette Register 13 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Palette Register 14 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Palette Register 15 |

**Palette Logic (3 of 3)**

The sixteen colors available to all A/N and APA modes are selected through combinations of the I (Intensity), R (Red), G (Green), and B (Blue) bits. These colors are listed in the following figure:

| I | R | G | B | Color |
|---|---|---|---|-------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Black |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Blue |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Green |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Cyan |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Red |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Magenta |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Brown |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Light Gray |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Dark Gray |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Light Blue |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Light Green |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Light Cyan |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Pink |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Light Magenta |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Yellow |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | White |

**Note:** The "I" bit provides extra luminance (brightness) to each available shade. This results in the light colors listed above, except for monitors that do not recognize the "I" bit.

**Summary of Available Colors**

# Alphanumeric Modes

Every display-character position in the alphanumeric mode is defined by two bytes in the system read/write memory, using the following format:

| Display Character Code Byte | Attribute Byte |
|---|---|
| 7  6  5  4  3  2  1  0 | 7  6  5  4  3  2  1  0 |

**Display Format**

The functions of the attribute byte are defined by the following figure:

| Attribute Function | Attribute Byte Definition | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | Fore-Ground Blink | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 | PA3 | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 |
| | | Background | | | Foreground | | | |
| Normal | B | 0 | 0 | 0 | I | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Reverse Video | B | 1 | 1 | 1 | I | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nondisplay (Off) | B | 0 | 0 | 0 | I | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nondisplay (On) | B | 1 | 1 | 1 | I | 1 | 1 | 1 |

I = Highlighted Foreground (Character)
B = Blinking Foreground (Character)

**Attribute Functions**

# Graphics Mode

The Video Color/Graphics Subsystem can be programmed for a wide variety of modes within the graphics mode. Five graphics-modes are supported by the system's ROM BIOS. They are low-resolution 16-color graphics, medium-resolution 4-color graphics, medium-resolution 16-color graphics, high-resolution 2-color graphics, and high-resolution 4-color graphics. The table in the following figure summarizes the five modes:

| Graphics Mode | Horiz. (PELs) | Vert. (Rows) | Number of Colors Available (Includes Background Color) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Low-Resolution 16-Color | 160 | 200 | 16 (Includes b-and-w) |
| Medium-Resolution 4-Color | 320 | 200 | 4 Colors of 16 Available |
| Medium-Resolution 16-Color | 320 | 200 | 16 (Includes b-and-w) |
| High-Resolution 2-Color | 640 | 200 | 2 Colors of 16 Available |
| High-Resolution 4-Color | 640 | 200 | 4 Colors of 16 Available |
| Note: The screen's border color in all modes can be set to any 1 of the 16 possible colors. This border color is independent of the screen's work area colors. In Black and White each color maps to a distinct gray shade. | | | |

**Graphics Modes**

# Low-Resolution 16-Color Graphics

The low-resolution mode supports home-television sets, low-resolution displays, and high-resolution displays. It has the following characteristics:

- Contains a maximum of 200 rows of 160 PELs
- Specifies 1 of 16 colors for each PEL by the I, R, G, and B bits
- Requires 16K bytes of read/write memory
- Formats 2 PELs per byte for each byte in the following manner:

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PA3 | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 | PA3 | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 |
| First Display PEL | | | | Second Display PEL | | | |

**Low-Resolution 16-Color Graphics**

## Medium-Resolution 4-Color Graphics

The medium-resolution mode supports home-television sets, low-resolution displays, and high-resolution displays. It has the following characteristics:

- Contains a maximum of 200 rows of 320 PELs
- Selects one of four colors for each PEL
- Requires 16K bytes of read/write memory
- Supports 4 of 16 possible colors
- Formats 4 PELs per byte for each byte in the following manner:

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PA1 | PA0 | PA1 | PA0 | PA1 | PA0 | PA1 | PA0 |
| First Display PEL | | Second Display PEL | | Third Display PEL | | Fourth Display PEL | |

**Medium-Resolution 4-Color Graphics**

# Medium-Resolution 16-Color Graphics

The medium-resolution 16-color graphics mode supports home television sets, low-resolution displays, and high-resolution displays. It has the following characteristics:

- Requires system configuration of 128K bytes of read/write memory
- Requires 32K bytes of read/write memory
- Contains a maximum of 200 rows of 320 PELs.
- Specifies 1 of 16 colors for each PEL
- Formats 2 PELs per byte for each byte in the following manner.

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PA3 | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 | PA3 | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 |
| First Display PEL | | | | Second Display PEL | | | |

**Medium-Resolution 16-Color Graphics**

# High-Resolution 2-Color Graphics

The high-resolution 2-color mode supports high-resolution monitors only. This mode has the following characteristics:

- Contains a maximum of 200 rows of 640 PELs
- Supports 2 of 16 possible colors.

- Requires 16K bytes of read/write memory.
- Formats 8 PELs per byte for each byte in the following manner:



**High-Resolution 2-Color Graphics**

## High-Resolution 4-Color Graphics

The high-resolution mode is used only with high-resolution monitors. This mode has the following characteristics:

- Requires system configuration of 128K Bytes read/write memory
- Requires 32K bytes of read/write memory
- Contains a maximum of 200 rows of 640 PELs
- Selects one of four colors for each PEL
- Supports 4 out of 16 colors
- Formats 8 PELs per two bytes (consisting of one even-byte and one odd-byte) in the following manner:

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PA0 | PA0 | PA0 | PA0 | PA0 | PA0 | PA0 | PA0 |

| First Display PEL | Second Display PEL | Third Display PEL | Fourth Display PEL | Fifth Display PEL | Sixth Display PEL | Seventh Display PEL | Eighth Display PEL |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

| PA1 | PA1 | PA1 | PA1 | PA1 | PA1 | PA1 | PA1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

Odd Bytes

**High-Resolution 4-Color Graphics**

## Graphics Storage Organization

For the low-resolution 16-color graphics, the medium-resolution 4-color graphics, and the high-resolution 2-color graphics, storage is organized into two banks of 8000 bytes each.

The following figure shows the organization of the graphics storage.

Memory Address
(Hex)

|← 80 Bytes →|

0000H

Even Scans (0,2,4,...,190)
8000 Bytes

1F3F

2000

Odd Scans (1,3,5,...,199)
8000 Bytes

3F3F

**Graphics Storage Organization (Part 1 of 2)**

Address 0000 contains PEL information for the upper-left corner of the display area.

For the medium-resolution 16-color graphics, and the high-resolution 4-color graphics modes, the graphics storage is organized into four banks of 8000 bytes each.

**Base System**

**Memory Address (Hex)**

| Address | | Description |
|---------|---|-------------|
| 0000 | | 00 Scans (0,4,8,...,196) (8000 Bytes) |
| 1F3F | | |
| 2000 | | 01 Scans (1,5,9,...,197) (8000 Bytes) |
| 3F3F | | |
| 4000 | | 10 Scans (2,6,10,...,198) (8000 Bytes) |
| 5F3F | | |
| 6000 | | 11 Scans (3,7,11,...,199) (8000 Bytes) |
| 7F3F | | |

|◄──── 160 Bytes ────►|

**Graphics Storage Organization (Part 2 of 2)**

Address 0000 contains PEL information for the upper-left corner of the display.

**2-62 Video Subsystem**

# Video Gate Array

The Video Gate Array is located at I/O address hex 3DA, and is programmed by first writing a register address to port hex 3DA and then writing the data to port hex 3DA.

Any I/O 'write'-operations to hex address 3DA continuously toggle an internal address/data flip-flop. This internal flip-flop can be set to the address state by issuing an I/O 'read' instruction to port hex 3DA. An I/O 'read' instruction also 'reads' the status of the Video Gate Array. A description of each of the registers in the Video Gate Array follows.

| Hex Address | Register |
|-------------|----------|
| 00 | Mode Control 1 |
| 01 | Palette Mask |
| 02 | Border Color |
| 03 | Mode Control 2 |
| 04 | Reset |
| 10-1F | Palette Registers |

**Video Gate Array Register Addresses**

# Mode Control 1 Register

This is a 5-bit 'write'-only register, it cannot be 'read'. Its address is 0 within the Video Gate Array. A description of this register's bit functions follows.

| Bit 0 | +HIBW/–LOBW |
| Bit 1 | +Graphics/–Alpha |
| Bit 2 | +B/W |
| Bit 3 | +Video Enable |
| Bit 4 | +16 Color Graphics |

**Mode Control 1 Register**

**Bit 0**      This bit is 'high' (1) for all high-bandwidth modes. These modes are all modes which require the 64KB Memory and Display Expansion for a system total of 128K bytes of read/write memory. The high bandwidth modes are the 80 by 25 alphanumeric mode, the 640 by 200 4-color graphics mode, and the 320 by 200 16-color graphics mode. This bit is 'low' (0) for all low-bandwidth modes.

**Bit 1**      This bit is 'high' (1) for all graphics modes and is 'low' (0) for all alphanumeric modes.

**Bit 2**      When this bit is 'high' (1), the composite-video color-burst and chrominance are disabled, leaving only the composite intensity-levels for gray shades. When this bit is 'low' (0), the composite-video color is 'enabled'. This

bit should be set 'high' for high-resolution black-and-white display applications.

Note: This bit has no effect on direct-drive colors.

**Bit 3**    When this bit is 'high' (1), the video signal is 'enabled'. The video signal should be 'disabled' when changing modes. When the video signal is 'disabled', the screen is forced to the border color.

**Bit 4**    This bit must be ' high' (1) for all 16-color graphics-modes. These modes are the 160 by 200 16-color graphics-mode and the 320 by 200 16-color graphics-mode.

# Palette Mask Register

This is a 4-bit write-only register, it cannot be 'read'. Its address in the Video Gate Array is hex 01. A description of this register's bit functions follows.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bit 0 | –Palette Mask 0 |
| Bit 1 | –Palette Mask 1 |
| Bit 2 | –Palette Mask 2 |
| Bit 3 | –Palette Mask 3 |

**Palette Mask Register**

When bits 0-3 are 0, they force the appropriate palette address to be 0 regardless of the incoming color

information. This can be used to make some
information in memory a 'don't care' condition until it
is requested.

In the 2-color and 4-color modes, the palette addresses
should be 'masked' because only 1 or 2 color-lines
contain valid information. For 4-color modes, the
palette mask register should contain a hex 03 and, for
2-color modes, it should contain a hex 01.

## Border Color Register

This is a 4-bit 'write'-only register, it cannot be
'read'. Its address in the Video Gate Array is hex 02.
The following is a description of the register's bit
functions:

| Bit Number | Function |
|---|---|
| 0 | + B (Blue) Border Color Select |
| 1 | + G (Green) Border Color Select |
| 2 | + R (Red) Border Color Select |
| 3 | + I (Intensity) Border Color Select |

**Border Color Register**

A combination of bits 0-3 selects the screen-border
color as one of 16 colors, as listed in the "Summary of
Available Colors" table in this section.

## Mode Control 2 Register

This is a 4-bit, 'write'-only register, it cannot be
'read'. Its address inside the Video Gate Array is hex

03.  The following is a description of the register's bit functions:

| Bit Number | Function |
|------------|----------|
| 0 | – Reserved = 0 |
| 1 | + Enable Blink |
| 2 | – Reserved = 0 |
| 3 | + 2-Color Graphics |

**Mode Control 2 Register**

**Bit 0**    This bit is reserved, but should always be programmed as a 0.

**Bit 1**    When this bit is 'high' (1) in the alphanumeric mode, the attribute byte has the following definition:



Where PA0 to PA3 are palette addresses.

**Attribute Byte Definition (Part 1 of 2)**

If the enable-blink bit is 'off' in the
alphanumeric mode, the attribute byte
takes on the following definition:

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PA3 | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 | PA3 | PA2 | PA1 | PA0 |

Foreground Color

Background Color

**Attribute Byte Definition (Part 2 of 2)**

If the enable-blink bit is on in a graphics
mode, the high-order address of the palette
(PA3) is replaced with the character-blink
rate. This causes displayed colors to
switch between two sets of colors.

If the colors in the lower half of the palette
are the same as in the upper half of the
palette, no color changes will occur. If the
colors in the upper half of the palette are
different from the lower half of the palette,
the colors will alternately change between
the 2 palette colors at the blink rate.

Only eight colors are available in the
16-color modes when using this feature.
Bit 3 of the palette mask has no effect on
this mode.

**Bit 2**        This bit is reserved, but should always be
programmed as a 0.

**Bit 3**     This bit should be 'high' (1) when in the
640 by 200 2-color graphics-mode. It
should be 'low' (0) for all other modes.

## Reset Register

This is a 2-bit 'write'-only register, it cannot be
'read'. Its address inside the Video Gate Array is hex
04. The following is a description of the register's bit
functions:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bit 0 | +Asynchronous Reset |
| Bit 1 | +Synchronous Reset |

**Reset Register**

**Bit 0**     When 'high' (1), this bit will issue an
'asynchronous reset' to the Video Gate
Array. This will cause all memory cycles
to stop and all output signals to be
tri-stated. The 'asynchronous reset'
should only be issued once at the system
power-on time. This bit should be 'high'
(1), the Video Gate Array and the 6845
programmed, and then it should be 'low'
(0).

The system read/write memory (RAM)
will not work until this power-on sequence
is finished. After this power-on sequence,
subsequent 'resets' should be
'synchronous resets'.

**Note:** Issuing an 'asynchronous reset' can cause the contents of RAM to be destroyed.

**Bit 1**    When 'high' (1), this bit will issue a 'synchronous reset' to the Video Gate Array. This will cause all memory cycles to stop and all output signals to stop. Bit 1 should be 'low' (0) before changing modes.

Before issuing a 'synchronous reset', the program should read 256 locations in RAM as every other location in 512 locations. The program should then issue the 'synchronous reset' and change the mode. This changes the Video Gate Array mode-control registers and the 6845 registers.

Next, the 'synchronous reset' should be removed and the 256 RAM locations should be 'read' again as above. This procedure will ensure system RAM data-integrity during mode changes. 'Synchronous resets' need only be issued when changing between high-bandwidth, and low- bandwidth modes. (Bit 0 in mode control 1 register)

**Note:** No accesses to RAM can be made while the video gate array is in a 'reset' state. 'Resets' must be done from code in ROM or EPROM's.

## Palette Registers

There are sixteen 4-bit-wide palette-registers. These registers are 'write'-only, they cannot be 'read'. Their addresses in the Video Gate Array are from hex 10 to 1F.

Palette address hex 10 is accessed whenever the color code from memory is a hex 0, address hex 11 is accessed whenever the color code from memory is a hex 1, and so forth. A description of the color codes is in "Summary of Available Colors" in this section.

> Note: The palette address can be 'masked' by using the palette mask register.

The following is a description of the register's bit functions:

| Bit Number | Function |
|:---:|:---:|
| 0 | + Blue |
| 1 | + Green |
| 2 | + Red |
| 3 | + Intensity |

**Palette Register Format**

When loading the palette, the video is 'disabled' and the color viewed on the screen is the data contained in the register being addressed by the processor.

When the program has completed loading the palette, it must change the hex address to some address less than hex 10 for video to be 'enabled' again.

If a programmer does not wish a user to see the adverse effects of loading the palette, the palette should be loaded during the vertical-retrace time. The program must modify the palette and change the video gate array address to less than hex 10 within the vertical-retrace time. A vertical-retrace interrupt and a status bit are provided to facilitate this procedure.

## Status Register

This is a 5-bit 'read'-only register, it cannot be 'written'. The internal address of the video gate array is a 'don't care' condition for the status-register read-operation. A description of the register's bit functions follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bit 0 | +Display Enable |
| Bit 1 | +Light Pen Trigger Set |
| Bit 2 | –Light Pen Switch Made |
| Bit 3 | +Vertical Retrace |
| Bit 4 | +Video Dots |

**Status Register**

**Bit 0**    When 'high' (1), this bit indicates video is being displayed.

**Bit 1**    When 'high' (1), this bit indicates that a positive- going edge from the light pen input has set the light pen trigger. This trigger is 'low' (0) upon a system power-on, and may also be cleared by performing an I/O 'Out' command to address hex 3DB. No specific data is required, this action is address-activated.

**Bit 2**    This bit indicates the status of the light pen switch. The switch is not latched or debounced. When this bit is 'low' (0), the light pen switch is 'on'.

**Bit 3**    When 'high' (1), this bit indicates the vertical retrace is 'active'.

**Bit 4**        When 'high' (1), this bit indicates that video-dot information is available. The two low-order bits of the address register determine the video-dot information presented through the following logic:

| Address Register Bit 1 | Address Register Bit 0 | Video Dot Information Selected |
|:---:|:---:|:---|
| 0 | 0 | Blue |
| 0 | 1 | Green |
| 1 | 0 | Red |
| 1 | 1 | Intensity |

**Address Register**

This bit is provided for testing purposes. It verifies that video is occurring properly, and that the palette registers and all other 'write'-only registers are operating correctly.

# Light Pen

A light pen can be used on the PC*jr* by connecting it to the six-pin connector for light pens on the back of the system board.

```
              +12V ──────────────── A01
              -LIGHT PEN INPUT ──── A02
Light         +5V ───────────────── A03    System
Pen           LOGIC GND ─────────── B01    Board
              -LIGHT PEN SWITCH ─── B02
              UNUSED                B03
```

Connector Specifications

Note: The light pen interface is set for RGBI
(Red, Green, Blue, Intensity). Due to timing
differences between different displays (Different
phosphors take longer to turn on, and different
circuits take longer to accomplish their task.) the
row, column value returned from the CRT can vary.
This difference must be compensated for through
software.

Programming Considerations

Programming the 6845 CRT Controller

The 6845 has 19 accessible, internal registers, which
are used to define and control a raster-scanned CRT
display. One of these registers, the Index Register, is
actually used as a pointer to the other 18 registers. It is
a 'write'-only register, which is loaded from the
processor by executing an 'Out' instruction to I/O
address hex 3D4. The five least-significant-bits of the
I/O bus are loaded into the Index Register.

In order to load any of the other 18 registers, the Index
Register is first loaded with the necessary pointer; then
the Data Register is loaded with the information to be

placed in the selected register. The Data Register is loaded from the processor by executing an 'Out' instruction to I/O address hex 3D5.

The following table defines the values that must be loaded into the 6845-CRT-Controller registers to control the different modes of operation supported by the attachment:

Hex Addr.	Register #	Register Type	Units	I/O	Alphanumeric 40x25	Alphanumeric 80x25	Low/High Band Width Graphics
0	R0	Horizontal Total	Char.	Write Only	38	71	38/71
1	R1	Horizontal Display	Char.	Write Only	28	50	28/50
2	R2	Horizontal Sync Position	Char.	Write Only	2C	5A	2B/56
3	R3	Horizontal Sync Width	Char.	Write Only	06	0C	06/0C
4	R4	Vertical Total	Char. Row	Write Only	1F	1F	7F/3F
5	R5	Vertical Total Adjustment	Scan Line	Write Only	06	06	06/06
Note: All register values are given in hexadecimal.							

6845 Register Table (Part 1 of 3)

Hex Addr.	Register #	Register Type	Units	I/O	Alphanumeric 40x25	Alphanumeric 80x25	Low/High Band Width Graphics
6	R6	Vertical Displayed	Char. Row	Write Only	19	19	64/32
7	R7	Vertical Sync Position	Char. Row	Write Only	1C	1C	70/38
8	R8	Interlace Mode	—	Write Only	02	02	02/02
9	R9	Maximum Scan Line Address	Scan Line	Write Only	07	07	01/03
A	R10	Cursor Start	Scan Line	Write Only	06	06	26/26
B	R11	Cursor End	Scan Line	Write Only	07	07	07/07

Note: All register values are given in hexademical.

6845 Register Table (Part 2 of 3)

| Hex Addr. | Register | | Units | I/O | Alphanumeric | | Low/High Band Width Graphics |
	#	Type			40x25	80x25	
C	R12	Start Addr. (H)	—	Write Only	00	00	00/00
D	R13	Start Addr. (L)	—	Write Only	00	00	00/00
E	R14	Cursor Addr. (H)	—	Read/ Write	00	00	00/00
F	R15	Cursor Addr. (L)	—	Read/ Write	00	00	00/00
10	R16	Light Pen (H)	—	Read Only	NA	NA	NA/NA
11	R17	Light Pen (L)	—	Read Only	NA	NA	NA/NA
Note: All register values are given in hexadecimal.							

6845 Register Table (Part 3 of 3)

CRT/Processor Page Register

This register is an 8-bit 'write'-only register, that cannot be read. Its address is hex 3DF. The following is a description of the Register functions.

Bit Number	Description
0	CRT Page 0
1	CRT Page 1
2	CRT Page 2
3	Processor Page 1
4	Processor Page 2
5	Processor Page 3
6	Video Address Mode 0
7	Video Address Mode 1

CRT/Processor Page Register (Part 1 of 2)

CRT Page 0-2   These bits select which 16K byte memory-page between 00000 to hex 1FFFF is being displayed. If there is no expansion RAM in the system, the high- order bit is a 'don't care', and only 4 pages are supported. For graphics modes which require 32K bytes the low-order bit is a 'don't care'.

Processor Page 0-2   These bits select the 16K byte memory-page region where memory cycles to B8000 are redirected. If there is no expansion RAM installed in the system, the high-order bit is a 'don't care' and only 4 pages are supported.

Video Adr Mode 0–1   These bits control whether the row scan addresses are used as part of the memory address. These should be programmed as follows:

Video Address Mode		
1 (Bit 7)	**0 (Bit 6)**	**Resulting Modes**
0	0	All Alpha Modes
0	1	Low-Resolution-Graphics Modes
1	1	High-Resolution-Graphics Modes
1	0	Unused, Reserved

CRT/Processor Page Register (Part 2 of 2)

The following I/O devices are defined on the video color/graphics subsystem:

Hex Address	A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	Function of Register
3DA	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0	Gate Array Address and Status Register
3DB	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1	Clear Light Pen Latch
3DC	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0	Preset Light Pen Latch
3D0,3D4	1 1 1 1 0 1 0 x x 0	6845 Index Register
3D1,3D5	1 1 1 1 0 1 0 x x 1	6845 Data Register
3DF	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1	CRT, Processor Page Register
x = "don't care" condition		

Video I/O Devices

Mode Selection Summary

Four registers of the Video Gate Array allow the user to access all the alphanumeric and graphics modes supported by the system ROM BIOS. The following table summarizes the modes and their register settings:

Mode	Video Gate Array Reg.			
	00	01	02	03
40 by 25 Alphanumeric Black-and-White	0C	0F	00	02
40 by 25 Alphanumeric Color	08	0F	00	02
80 by 25 Alphanumeric Black-and-White	0D	0F	00	02
80 by 25 Alphanumeric Color	09	0F	00	02
160 by 200 16-Color Graphics	1A	0F	00	00
320 by 200 4-Color Graphics	0A	03	00	00
320 by 200 4-Shade Black-and-White	0E	03	00	00
320 by 200 16-Color Graphics	1B	0F	00	00
640 by 200 2-Color Graphics	0E	01	00	08
640 by 200 4-Color Graphics	0B	03	00	00
Note: All values are given in hexadecimal.				

Mode Summary

Sequence of Events for Changing Modes

1. Determine the mode of operation.
2. Reset the 'video enable' bit in the Video Gate Array to disable video.
3. Program the 6845 CRT Controller to select the mode.
   Read 256 bytes of memory
   Reset gate array
4. Program the Video Gate Array registers.

Remove gate-array reset
Read 256 bytes of memory
5. Re-enable video.

Note: The gate array needs to be reset only when changing the high-bandwidth/low-bandwidth register.

Interrupt Information

The Video Gate Array uses interrupt level 5 of the Intel 8259 to provide the vertical retrace interrupt to the system.

At Standard TTL Levels

-VERT SYNC —	A1	B1 — +VERT SYNC
LOGIC GND —		— LOGIC GND
-HORIZ SYNC —	A3	B3 — +HORIZ SYNC
BLUE —		— RESERVED
RED —		— LOGIC GND
INTEN —	A6	B6 — RESERVED
GREEN —		— RESERVED
COMP SYNC —		— RESERVED
AUDIO —	A9	B9 — SHIELD GND

Connector Specifications

The direct-drive signals are standard TTL levels except the audio output which is a 1V peak-to-peak signal biased at 0V which can drive a 10K ohm or greater input-impedence.

```
┌─────────────────┐        Composite Video Signal        ┌──────────────────┐
│                 │  ◄─────────────────────────────── 1─│                  │
│     Video       ├─┐                                  ┌─┤  Color/Graphics  │
│    Monitor      │ │       Chassis Ground             │ │  Composite Jack  │
│                 ├─┘ ─────────────────────────────── 2─├──────────────────┘
└─────────────────┘
```

Connector Specifications

The composite-video signal is 1V peak to peak biased at .7V with a 75 ohm load.

```
┌─────────────┐                                      ┌─────────────┐
│ Connector   ├────── A01 ─ +12V ──────────────────► │   RF        │
│             ├────── A02 ─ Key ─────────────────────►            │
│    for      ├────── A03 ─ Composite Video ────────► │  Modulator  │
│             ├────── B01 ─ GND ──────────────────────            │
│             ├────── B02 ─ Audio ──────────────────►│             │
│ Television  ├────── B03 ─ Shield GND ─────────────►│             │
└─────────────┘                                      └─────────────┘
```

Television Connector Specifications

The Connector for Television connector has the composite-video signal at 1V peak to peak biased at .7V with a 75 ohm load. The connector also has the audio output which is 1V peak-to-peak signal biased at 0V which can drive a 10K ohm or greater input impedence.

Notes:

Beeper

The system beeper is a small, piezoelectric- speaker, which can be driven from one or both of two sources. The two sources are:

- The 8255A-5 PPI output-bit PB1

- A timer clock out of an 8253-5 timer which has a 1.19 MHz-clock input. The timer gate is also controlled by an 8255-5 outport bit PB0.

   Note: The TI76496 Sound Generator cannot be directed through the beeper.

8255A-5 Bit PB1, I/O Address Hex 61 ── AND

Timer Clock Out 2 ───────

Drive Select

8255A-5 Bit PB4 ───────

30 Ohm Resistor ▶ Beeper

Beeper Block Diagram

Notes:

Sound Subsystem

The nucleus of the sound subsystem is an analog
multiplexer (mpx) which allows 1 of 4 different sound
sources to be selected, amplified, and sent to the audio
outputs. The mpx and amplifier are configured so the
amplifier's gain is unique to and consistent with each
sound source. This provides a consistent level of output
with any of the sound sources. The output of the
amplifier is supplied to the IBM Connector for
Television interface and external-amplifier interface. If
an external speaker is used, an external amplifier must
be used to drive it. The amplifier is configured as a
single-pole low pass filter with a 3 dB cut-off frequency
of 4.8 kHz. This filter is used to "round" off the
corners of the square-wave signals. BIOS Power-on will
initialize the sound subsystem to use the 8253
programmable-timer mode.

Connector Specifications

The audio output is a 1V peak-to-peak signal biased at
0V. It can drive a 10k ohm or greater
input-impedence.

Source	Port Bits	
	PB6	PB5
Complex Sound Generator (TI 76496)	1	1
Programmable Timer (8253)	0	0
Cassette Audio	0	1
I/O Channel Audio	1	0
Port bits PB5 and PB6, of the 8255, control which source is selected.		

Sound Sources

Complex Sound Generator

The Complex Sound Generator chip (SN76496N) has 3
programmable frequencies which may be mixed to form
chords and a white noise generator which may also be
mixed for special effects. Each of the 3 channels as
well as the white noise generator can be independently
attenuated. The processor controls the sound chip by
writing to port hex C0.

The Sound Generator is described in greater detail later
in this section. More information can be obtained by
referring to Texas Instruments' data sheets and
application notes.

Sound Block Diagram

Audio Tone Generator

Features

- 3 Programmable Tone-Generators
- Programmable White Noise
- Programmable Attenuation
- Simultaneous Sounds
- TTL Compatible
- 3.579 MHz Clock Input
- Audio Mixer

Processor to Sound-Generator Interface

The system microprocessor communicates with the
SN76496N through the 8 data lines and 3 control lines

(WE, CE and READY). Each tone generator requires 10 bits of information to select the frequency and 4 bits of information to select the attenuation. A frequency update requires a double-byte transfer, while an attenuator update requires a single-byte transfer.

If no other control registers on the chip are accessed, a tone generator may be rapidly updated by initially sending both types of frequency and register data, followed by just the second byte of data for succeeding values. The register address is latched on the chip, so the data will continue going into the same register. This allows the 6 most-significant bits to be quickly modified for frequency sweeps.

Control Registers

The sound generator has 8 internal registers which are used to control the 3 tone generators and the noise source. During all data transfers to the sound generator, the first byte contains a 3-bit field which determines the destination control register. The register address codes are as follows:

Register Address Field			
MSB **R0**	**R1**	**LSB** **R2**	**Destination Control Register**
0	0	0	Tone 1 Frequency
0	0	1	Tone 1 Attenuation
0	1	0	Tone 2 Frequency
0	1	1	Tone 2 Attenuation
1	0	0	Tone 3 Frequency
1	0	1	Tone 3 Attenuation
1	1	0	Noise Control
1	1	1	Noise Attenuation

Register Address Field

1	Reg. Addr.			Low Data			
	R0	R1	R2	F6	F7	F8	F9

Bit	First Byte	Bit
0		7
MSB		LSB

0	X	High Data					
		F0	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5

Bit	Second Byte	Bit
0		7
MSB		LSB

Frequency (Double or Single Byte Transfer)

Frequency Generation

Each tone generator consists of a frequency-synthesis section and an attenuation section. The frequency-synthesis section requires 10 bits of information (hex F0-F9) to define half the period of the desired frequency (n). Hex F0 is the most-significant bit and hex F9 is the least-significant bit. This information is

loaded into a 10-stage tone-counter, which is decremented at an N/16 rate where N is the input-clock frequency. When the tone counter decrements to 0, a borrow signal is produced. This borrow signal toggles the frequency flip-flop and also reloads the tone counter. Thus, the period of the desired frequency is twice the value of the period register.

The frequency can be calculated by the following:

$$f = \frac{N}{32n}$$

where N = ref clock in Hz (3.579 MHz)

n = 10-bit binary-number

Attenuator

1	Reg. Addr.			Data			
	R0	R1	R2	A0	A1	A2	A3

Bit 0	Second	Bit 7
MSB	Byte	LSB

Update Attenuation (Single Byte Transfer)

The output of the frequency flip-flop feeds into a four-stage attenuator. The attenuator values, along with their bit position in the data word, are shown in the following figure. Multiple-attenuation control-bits may be 'true' simultaneously. Thus, the maximum theoretical attenuation is 28 dB typically.

Bit Position				
MSB A0	A1	A2	LSB A3	Weight
0	0	0	1	2dB
0	0	1	0	4dB
0	1	0	0	8dB
1	0	0	0	16db
1	1	1	1	OFF

Attenuator Values

Noise Generator

1	Reg. Addr. R0 R1 R2 1 1 0	X	FB	SHIFT NF0 NF1
MSB				LSB

Update Noise Source (Single Byte Transfer)

The noise generator consists of a noise source and an attenuator. The noise source is a shift register with an exclusive-OR feedback-network. The feedback network has provisions to protect the shift register from being locked in the zero state.

FB	Configuration
0	Periodic Noise
1	White Noise

Noise Feedback Control

Whenever the noise-control register is changed, the shift register is cleared. The shift register will shift at one of four rates as determined by the two NF bits. The fixed shift-rates are derived from the input clock.

Bits		
NF0	**NF1**	**Shift Rate**
0	0	N/512
0	1	N/1024
1	0	N/2048
1	1	Tone Generator #3 Output

Noise Generator Frequency Control

The output of the noise source is connected to a programmable attenuator.

Audio Mixer/Output Buffer

The mixer is a conventional operational-amplifier summing-circuit. It will sum the three tone-generator

outputs, and the noise-generator output. The output
buffer will generate up to 10 mA.

Data Transfer

The sound generator requires approximately 32 clock
cycles to load the data into the register. The open
collector READY output is used to synchronize the
microprocessor to this transfer and is pulled to the false
state (low voltage) immediately following the leading
edge of CE. It is released to go to the true state
(external pull-up) when the data transfer is completed.

This will insert approximately 42 wait states (8.9 μs)
for each data transfer.

> **Warning:** Do not attempt to issue an I/O read
> operation to the TI76496 port (COH). Such an
> operation will cause the system to hang indefinitely.

> **Note:** If DMA is added to the system on the I/O
> channel, I/O WRITES to the 76496 will increase
> the latency time.

Base System

Notes:

Infra-Red Link

The infra-red link provides cordless communications between the keyboard and the system unit. Two infra-red-emitting diodes, mounted in the keyboard, transmit coded information to the system unit. The keyboard transmitter is fully discussed in "Cordless Keyboard" in this section. The infra-red receiver, which is located in the system unit, has an infra-red-sensitive device that demodulates the signal transmitted from the keyboard and sends it to the system.

Infra-Red Receiver

The receiver card measures 57.15 mm wide by 63 mm (2.25 in. by 2.50 in.) long. The infra-red receiver is mounted on the system board, component-side down, with two snap-in-type standoffs. Signal output and power input is through an 8-pin connector, located at the rear of the infra-red receiver. The infra-red-sensitive device is located on the front of the board and receives its input through an opening in the front of the system unit's cover. There is also an infra-red transmitter mounted on the receiver board for diagnostic purposes.

Functional Description

The following figure is the Infra-Red Receiver Block Diagram. During keyboard operation, the emitted light is modulated, transmitted, and received in the following sequence:

1. A key is pushed.

2. The data stream is sent using the infra-red-emitting diodes.
3. The receiver amplifies and processes the signal.
4. The demodulated signal is sent to the system board.

The signal received consists of an infra-red-light transmission modulated at 40 kHz.

An input is available (I/R Test Frequency) to the system for receiver-circuit-operational verification.

Infra-Red Receiver Block Diagram

Application Notes

The Infra-Red Receiver Board can serve as a general-purpose infra-red-receiver, however, the

demodulator timings are tailored to the needs of the system.

Programming Considerations

The serially-encoded word is software de-serialized by the 8088 processor on the system unit. The leading edge of the start bit will generate a non-maskable interrupt (NMI). Once the processor enters the NMI routine to handle the deserialization, the keyboard-data line is sampled and the processor waits to sample the trailing edge of the start bit. When the trailing edge of the start bit is sampled, the processor will wait for 310 μs and sample the first half of the first data bit. This delay causes the processor to sample in the nominal center of the first half of the first data bit. The processor then samples the keyboard data every half-bit cell-time. The sampling interval is 220 μs. The processor samples each half-bit-sample 5 times and will determine the logical level of the sample by majority rule. This enables the processor to discriminate against transient glitches and to filter out noise. The 8088 processor utilizes one 8255 PPI bit (PORT C BIT 6) and shares one 8253 timer channel (CHANNEL 1) to do the software de-serialization of the keyboard data. See the "Cordless Keyboard" in this section for more information on the data-transmission protocal.

Detectable Error Conditions

Errors	Cause
Phase Errors	The 1st half of the bit-cell sample is not equal to the inverse of the 2nd half of the bit-cell sample.
Parity Errors	The received encoded word did not maintain odd parity.

Note: Errors will be signaled by the processor with a short tone from the audio alarm or external speaker.

Operational Parameters

The operational distance from infra-red devices to the system should not exceed 6.1 meters (20 feet) (line-of-sight). Operational efficiency can be impaired by outside sources. These sources are, excessively-bright lights, and high-voltage lines, which include some TV sets. High-energy sources will generally cause an audible alarm within the system unit. These sources may downgrade the operational distance from the keyboard to the system. A keyboard cable is recommended if the above interference conditions are not controllable.

Pin	Signal	Input/Output
A01	+12 Volts	Input
A02	Ground	Input
A03	Ground-Shield	Input
A04	I.R. TEST FREQ.	Input
B01	GROUND	Input
B02	+5 Volts	Input
B03	–I.R. KBD DATA	Output
B04	GROUND	Input

Infra-Red Connector Specifications

IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard

The keyboard is a low-profile, 62-key, detached keyboard with full-travel keys. The keys are arranged in a standard typewriter layout with the addition of a function key and cursor-control keys. The keybuttons are unmarked; however, an overlay is used to provide the keys' functional descriptions.

The following figure shows the layout of the cordless keyboard.

The keyboard is battery powered and communicates to the system unit with an infra-red (IR) link. The infra-red link makes the remote keyboard a truly portable hand-held device. An optional-cord connection to the system unit is available. Power is sent to the keyboard and serially-encoded data received by the system unit through the optional cord. When connected, the cord's keyboard-connector removes the battery power and the -CABLE CONNECT signal disables the infra-red-receiver circuit. The disabling of the circuit also allows other infrared devices to be used

without interfering with the system. The data which is received through the IR link or by the cord, have the same format.

The keyboard interface is designed to maximize system-software flexibility in defining keyboard operations such as shift states of keys, and typematic operation. This is accomplished by having the keyboard return scan codes rather than American National Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) codes. The scan codes are compatible with Personal Computer and Personal Computer XT scan codes at the BIOS interface level. All of the keys are typematic and generate both a make and a break scan-code. For example, key 1 produces scan code hex 01 on make and code hex 81 on break. Break codes are formed by adding hex 80 to the make codes. The keyboard I/O driver can define keyboard keys as shift keys or typematic, as required by the application.

The microprocessor in the keyboard performs keyboard scanning, phantom-key detection, key debounce, buffering of up to 16 key-scan-codes, and transfer of serially-encoded data to the system unit. The keyboard microprocessor is normally in a standby power-down mode until a key is pressed. This causes the microprocessor to scan the keyboard. The microprocessor then transmits the scan code, and re-enters the power-down mode if its buffer is empty and no keys are pressed.

The keyboard electronics is designed with low-power CMOS integrated-circuitry for battery power operation. Four AA-size batteries are required. Because the keyboard is normally in the standby power-down mode, which uses very little power, no on/off switch is needed.

Unlike other keyboards in the IBM Personal Computer family, the IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard has phantom-key detection. Phantom-key detection occurs when invalid combinations of three or more keys are pressed simultaneously, causing a hex 55 scan-code to be sent to the keyboard's processor. The phantom-key scan-code instructs the keyboard's processor to ignore all of the keys that were pressed at that time. BIOS ignores the resulting scan-code that is sent to it.

The keyboard-cord connector provides a battery-disconnect function and also disables the infra-red-transmission circuitry when the mating plug for the modular jack is connected.

> **Note:** See "Keyboard Encoding and Usage" in Section 5, for scan codes and further information.

Transmitter

Serially encoded words are transmitted to the system unit using the Infra-Red Link or the cable link. Encoded words are sent to the system unit with odd parity. Both the Infra-Red Link and the cable link use biphase serial-encoding and each is a simplex link.

The 80C48 microprocessor does the biphase serial encoding with a bit cell of 440 μs. A biphase logically-encoded 1 is transmitted as logical 1 for the first half of the bit cell time and as a logical 0 for the second half of the bit cell. A biphase logically-encoded 0 is transmitted as a logical 0 for the first half of the bit cell time and as a logical 1 for the second half of the bit cell.

Each logical 1 transmission for the Infra-Red Link consists of a 40 kHz carrier burst at a 50% duty cycle.

First Bit	Start Bit
Second Bit	Data Bit 0 (Least Significant Bit)
Third Bit	Data Bit 1
Fourth Bit	Data Bit 2
Fifth Bit	Data Bit 3
Sixth Bit	Data Bit 4
Seventh Bit	Data Bit 5
Eight Bit	Data Bit 6
Ninth Bit	Data Bit 7 (Most Significant Bit)
Tenth Bit	Parity Bit
Eleventh Bit	Stop Bit

Data Stream Sequence

Eleven stop bits are inserted after every scan-code transmission. This is to allow some processor bandwidth between keystrokes to honor other types of interrupts, such as serial and time-of-day.

Eleven Stop
Bit Cells

| S | D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | P |)) | S | D0 | D1 | D2 |

Bit Cell

Example: DATA = "2EH"   PARITY = '1'

Cable Data

| '1' | '0' | '1' | '1' | '1' | '0' | '1' | '0' | '0' | '1' |

Infra-Red Data

Cable | BI-Phase '1' | | BI-Phase '0' |

Bit Cell   Bit Cell

$220 \mu s$ $220 \mu s$

$440 \mu s$ $440 \mu s$

Infra-
Red | BI-Phase '1' | | BI-Phase '0' |

40 kHz @ 50% Duty Cycle   40 kHz @ 50% Duty Cycle

$220 \mu s$

$62.5 \mu s$ $62.5 \mu s$

$440 \mu s$ $440 \mu s$

Keyboard Transmission Timing

Cordless Keyboard 2-105

Keyboard Interface Logic

Program Cartridge and Interface

The Program Cartridge allows the addition of ROM to the system without removing the cover by plugging it , into either of two slots in the front of the machine.

The 48 by 72 mm (2 by 3 inch) cartridge can hold one or two 32K byte by 8 ROMS (64K bytes total) of program storage. Smaller ROMS such as the 8K byte by 8 modules can be used in the cartridge. When a smaller module is used, the higher address lines are not used. To allow two smaller modules to be mapped to adjacent memory segments, each module's contents is addressed to multiple adjacent-memory segments, within the addressable range of the module's socket (32k).

Program Cartridge Slots

The Program Cartridge is designed to plug into either of two identical slots in the front of the machine. Each slot has 15 address signals, 8 data signals, 6 chip selects, 2 control signals, and power. Cartridge selection is accomplished by the chip selects, each of which addresses one of the high 32K memory-blocks. Each cartridge uses up to two of the six chip selects. Selection is determined on the basis of the intended use of the cartridge. This is done at the factory.

Two of the chip selects are used by the internal system-ROM. These two signals can be used to allow the internal ROM to be replaced by a Program Cartridge. This allows the machine to assume a different personality from the standard machine. To use this option of mapping the internal-ROM space to a cartridge, the Base-ROM-in-Cartridge function must be inserted. This function is a factory-installed

signal-jumper manufactured into particular program-cartridges that are intended to replace the system ROM.

> **Note:** When the cartridge is inserted or removed with the system turned on, the system will 'reset' and go through a warm power-up. Any data in the system RAM will be lost.

Cartridge Storage Allocations

A. The following conventions will be followed for "Initial Program Loadable" program cartridges:

Location	Contents
0	055H
1	0AAH
2	Length
3,4,5	Jump to Initialize Code
6	0
Last 2 Addresses	CRC Bytes

Storage Conventions

- Locations 0 and 1 contain the word hex 55AA. This is used as a test for the presence of the cartridge during the configuration- determination portion of the power-on routines.
- Location 2 contains a length indicator representing the entire address space taken by the ROM on the cartridge. The algorithm for determining the

contents of this byte is (length/512). The contents of this byte is used by the CRC (cyclic-redundancy-check) routine to determine how much ROM to check.

- Location 3 contains the beginning of an initialization routine that is reached by a 'Long' call during the power-on sequence. For cartridges that are 'IPL-able' (BASIC or assembler program) this routine should set the INT hex 18 vector to point to their entry points. Other types of cartridges (BASIC or whatever) should merely 'return' to the caller. Setting the INT hex 18 vector will enable transfer of control to the cartridge program by the IPL routine.
- This location 6 should be 00.
- CRC bytes: The last two locations of the address space used by the cartridge must be blank. CRC characters will be placed in these bytes when the cartridge is built. See the routine at label "CRC Check", in the BIOS listing for the CRC algorithm.

B. The following conventions will be followed for cartridges that wish to be recognized by DOS 2.1 as containing code associated with DOS command words:

Location	Contents
0	055H
1	0AAH
2	Length
3-5	Jump to Initialize
6	Command Name Length (Offset Y-Offset Z)
Z	First Character in Command Name
Y	Last Character in Command Name
W	Word Pointing to Routine that is Jumped to if "Name" is Typed
X	Next Command Name Length or "00" if No More Command Names
Last 2 Addresses	CRC Bytes

DOS Conventions

- Locations 0 and 1 contain the word hex 55AA. This is used as a test for the presence of the cartridge during the configuration- determination portion of the power-on routines.
- Location 2 contains a length indicator representing the entire address space taken by the ROM on the cartridge. The algorithm for determining the contents of this byte is (length/512). The contents of this byte is used by the CRC routine to determine how much ROM to check.
- Location 3 contains a 'jump' to the initialization code for this ROM. (May just be a 'Far Return')
- Starting at location 6 may be a sequence of command name pointers consisting of 1: Count of length name, 2: Name in ASCII, and 3: Word

containing offset within this segment to the code that is entered when this name is called. There can be as many names as desired, providing that a hex 00 is placed in the count field following the last name pointer. If a cartridge has a routine called 'TEST' at location hex 0FB5 (offset from start of segment that the cartridge is in) that needs to be executed when 'test' is entered as a DOS command the entry at location 6 would be hex 04,54,45,53,54,B5,0F.

- CRC bytes: The last two locations of the address space used by the cartridge must be blank. CRC characters will be placed in these bytes when the cartridge is built. See the routine at label "CRC Check", in the BIOS listing for the CRC algorithm.

C. The following conventions will be followed for cartridges that wish to be recognized by "Cartridge BASIC" as containing interpretable-BASIC Code:

- The cartridge-chip selects must address hex D0000 since the BASIC cartridge addresses hex E0000. When "Cartridge BASIC" is activated, it will check for a second cartridge program at hex D0000. If the second cartridge is present and formatted properly, then the BASIC code is loaded into RAM and run.
- The format for this interpretable-BASIC code must be as follows:

Location	Contents
0	055H
1	0AAH
2	Length
3	0CBH
4	0AAH
5	055H
6	0
7	0FFH if unprotected Basic program or 0FEH if protected Basic program
8	Start of interpretable Basic code
n	0FFH Padding to next 2048 byte boundary
Last 2 Addresses	CRC Bytes

Cartridge Format

1. Locations 0 and 1 contain the word hex 55AA. This is used as a test for the presence of the cartridge during the configuration-determination portion of the power-on routines.
2. Location 2 contains a length indicator representing the entire address space taken by the ROM on the cartridge. The algorithm for determining the contents of this byte is (length/512). The contents of this byte is used by the CRC routine to determine how much ROM to check.
3. Location 3 must be hex 0CB for a 'far return' instruction.

4. Locations 4 and 5 contain the word hex AA55. This is used as a test for the presence of the second cartridge by "Cartridge Basic".
5. Location 6 must be a 0 to follow the DOS conventions.
6. Location 7 can be either hex FF to indicate an unprotected BASIC program, or hex FE to indicate a protected program.
7. Location 8 must be the start of the BASIC program. It must be interpretable Basic and not compiled. Also, at the end of the program PAD to the next 2048 byte boundary with hex 0FF.
8. CRC bytes: The last two locations of the address space used by the cartridge must be blank. CRC characters will be placed in these bytes when the cartridge is built. See the routine at label "CRC Check", in the BIOS listing for the CRC algorithm.

ROM Module

The ROM modules used are 250 ns devices. Typical modules are the Mostek MK37000 and MK38000, the TMM 23256, the SY23128, and other compatible devices.

ROM Chip Select	Hex Address Space	Typical Use
CS0	X	Not Used
CS1	X	Not Used
CS2	D0000-D7FFF	Optional Cartridge ROM #2
CS3	D8000-DFFFF	Optional Cartridge ROM #1
CS4	E0000-E7FFF	Standard Cartridge ROM #2
CS5	E8000-EFFFF	Standard Cartridge ROM #1
CS6	F0000-F7FFF	System Board ROM #2
CS7	F8000-FFFFF	System Board ROM #1

ROM Chip Select Table

Signal	I/O	Description
A0 - A14	O	Processor Address lines A0 - A14
D0 - D7	I	Processor Data lines

-CS2	0	These chip-select lines are used to
THRU		select ROM modules at different
-CS7		addresses. The addresses for each
		chip-select are shown in the ROM-chip
		select-table. -CS6 and -CS7 are used
		on the system board for BIOS,
		Power-On-Self-Test (POST) and
		cassette-basic ROMs. In order to use
		these chip selects on a cartridge,
		-BASE 1 ROM IN CARTRIDGE or
		-BASE 2 ROM IN CARTRIDGE must
		be pulled 'low'

-BASE 1	I	This line when pulled 'low' instructs
ROM IN		the system board to de-gate the ROM
CARTRIDGE		module from hex F8000 - FFFFF on
		the system board. This ROM module
		can then be replaced by a ROM
		module on the cartridge by using -CS7.

-BASE 2 ROM	I	This line when pulled 'low' instructs
IN		the system board to de-gate the ROM
CARTRIDGE		module from hex F0000 - F7FFF on
		the system board. This ROM module
		can then be replaced by a ROM
		module on the cartridge by using -CS6.

Cartridge Reset   I   This input when 'low' causes a 'reset'
Tab   to the system. The system will remain
                       'reset' until this line is brought back
                       'high'. This tab is usually wired with
                       an L shaped land pattern to the GND
                       at A02 which provides a momentary
                       'reset' when a cartridge is inserted or
                       removed.

```
┌───────────────────────────────────────┐
│ █ ██ █ █ █   •  •  •  •  •     █        │
│ A1 A2 A3 A4 A5  •  •  •  •  •    A18    │
│                                         │
│           Top of Cartridge              │
│                                         │
└───────────────────────────────────────┘
```

Momentary Reset Land

GND —	B01	A01	— GND
-CS7 —			— CARTRIDGE RESET TAB
-CS3 —			— -CS5
A14 —			— -BASE 1 ROM IN CARTRIDGE
A12 —	B05	A05	— A13
A7 —			— A8
A6 —			— A9
A5 —			— A11
A4 —			— -BASE 2 ROM IN CARTRIDGE
A3 —	B10	A10	— A10
A2 —			— D7
A1 —			— D6
A0 —			— D5
D0 —			— D4
D1 —	B15	A15	— D3
D2 —			— -CS2
-CS6 —			— -CS4
+5V —	B18	A18	— +5V

Connector Specification

Program Cartridge 2-117

System ROM 1
Address
F8000

System ROM 2
Address
F0000

B1 Opposite B18
Side

A1 ‖‖‖‖‖‖‖‖‖‖‖‖ A18

ROM Cartridge

ROM 1 — Address E8000

ROM 2 — Address E0000

Cartridge ROM Locations

2-118 Program Cartridge

Games Interface

Interface Description

The Game Interface has two connectors located at the rear of the System unit for four paddles (two per connector) or two joysticks. Each connector has four input lines: two digital inputs and two resistive inputs. All the inputs are 'read' with one 'IN' from address hex 201. The interface, plus system software, converts the present resistive value to a relative paddle or joystick-position. On receipt of an output signal, four timing circuits are started. By determining the time required for the circuit to time out (a function of the resistance), the paddle or joystick position can be determined.

The four digital inputs each have a 1K ohm resistor to pull the voltage up to +5V. With no drive on these inputs, a 1 is read. For a 0 reading, the inputs must be pulled to ground.

The four resistive inputs are converted to a digital pulse with a duration proportional to the resistive load, according to the following equation:

```
Time = 24.2 µs + 0.011 (r) µs
Where r is the resistance in ohms
```

```
From Right
2 Resistive Inputs         Joystick
                                      ┌──────────────┐
                                      │              │
                           From Left  │  Convert     │
2 Resistive Inputs         Joystick   │  Resistance  │
                                      │  to Digital  │
I/O                     ┌───────┐     │  Pulse       │
Write                   │  AND  │     │              │
                        └───────┘     └──────────────┘
Games
CS

I/O                     ┌───────┐     ┌──────────────┐
Reads                   │  AND  │     │  Data Bus    │
                        └───────┘     │  Buffer/     │
                                      │  Driver      │
Data Bus 0-7                          │              │
                                      └──────────────┘
2 Button Inputs From Right Joystick

2 Button Inputs From Left Joystick
```

Games Interface Block Diagram

Any program application must first begin the
conversion by an 'OUT' to address hex 201. An 'IN'
from address hex 201 will show the digital pulse go
'high' and remain 'high' for the duration according to
the resistance value. All four bits (Bit 3 through Bit 0)
function in the same manner. Each bits digital pulse
goes high simultaneously and resets independently
according to the input resistance value.

Input from Address Hex 201

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

Digital Inputs   Resistive Inputs

Input From Address Hex 201

Joysticks typically have one or two buttons and two variable resistances each. The variable resistances are mechanically linked to have a range from 0 to 100k ohms. One variable resistance indicates the X coordinate and the other variable resistance indicates the Y coordinate. The joysticks are attached to give the following input data:

Joystick B		Joystick A		Joystick B		Joystick A	
Button #2	Button #1	Button #2	Button #1	Coord. Y	Coord. X	Coord. Y	Coord. X
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

Joystick Input Data

The game paddles have one button each and one variable resistance each. The variable resistance is mechanically linked to have a range from 0 to 100k ohms. The paddles are attached to give the following input data.

Buttons				Coordinates			
Paddle D	Paddle C	Paddle B	Paddle A	Paddle D	Paddle C	Paddle B	Paddle A
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0

Paddle Input Data

Pushbuttons

The pushbutton inputs are 'read' by an 'IN' from address hex 201. These values are seen on data bits 7 through 4. These buttons default to an 'open' state and are 'read' as 1. When a button is pressed, it is 'read' as 0.

Note: Software should be aware that these buttons are not debounced in hardware.

Joystick Positions

The joystick position is indicated by a potentiometer for each coordinate. Each potentiometer has a range from 0 to 100k ohms that varies the time constant for each of the four one-shots. As this time constant is set at different values, the output of the one-shot will be of varying durations.

All four one-shots are fired simultaneously by an 'OUT' to address hex 201. All four one-shot outputs

will go 'true' after the fire pulse and will remain 'high' for varying times depending on where each potentiometer is set.

These four one-shot outputs are 'read' by an 'IN' from address hex 201 and are seen on data bits 3 through 0.

	Signal Name	Pin Number	
	Keyplug	A01	
	LOGIC GND	A02	
	Y-AXIS RESISTANCE	A03	
Joystick	+5V	A04	System Board
	SHIELD GND	B01	
	X-AXIS RESISTANCE	B02	
	SWITCH	B03	
	SWITCH	B04	

Connector Specification

Notes:

Serial Port (RS232)

The PCjr serial port is fully programmable and supports asynchronous communications only. It will add and remove start bits, stop bits, and parity bits. A programmable baud-rate generator allows operation from 50 baud to 4800 baud. Five, six, seven or eight bit characters with 1, 1-1/2, or 2 stop bits are supported. A fully-prioritized interrupt-system controls transmit, receive, line status and data-set interrupts. Diagnostic capabilities provide loopback functions of transmit/receive and input/output signals.

The nucleus of the adapter is a 8250A LSI chip or functional equivalent. Features in addition to those previously listed are:

- Full double-buffering eliminates the need for precise synchronization
- Independent receiver clock input
- Modem control functions: clear to send (CTS), request to send (RTS), data set ready (DSR), data terminal ready (DTR)
- Even, odd, or no-parity-bit generation and detection
- False start bit detection
- Complete status reporting capabilities
- Line-break generation and detection
- Break, parity, overrun, and framing error simulation
- Full prioritized interrupt system controls

All communications protocol is a function of the system ROM and must be loaded before the adapter is operational. All pacing of the interface and control-signal status must be handled by the system software. It should be noted that Asynchronous (Async) receive operations cannot overlap diskette operation since all but the Diskette Interrupt are masked 'off' during diskette operations. If Async receive

operations are going to be overlapped with keyboard receive operations, the Async Receiver rate cannot exceed 1200 baud. This is due to the processor deserialization of the keyboard. See IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard in this section for more information.

Programming Note: Due to the read/write cycle-time of the 8250A, it is recommended that back-to-back I/O operations to the 8250A be avoided. A good Programming Technique would be to insert a short 'jump' between every consecutive 8250 I/O instruction. This action will flush the queue and provide 15 clock periods between I/O operations.

> Note: This note only applies to programmers using the 8250A directly. It is STRONGLY suggested that the user not communicate directly with the physical hardware, but use the system BIOS instead.

> Note: It is important to note that when the IBM PC*jr* has the Internal Modem installed it is logically COM1 and the RS232 serial port is logically COM2 in BIOS, DOS, and BASIC. Without the Internal Modem installed the RS232 serial port is logically addressed as COM1 in BIOS, DOS ,and BASIC even though its address is still hex 2F8 using Interrupt level 3.

The following figure is a Serial Port Block Diagram:

Address A0 Through A2

Data Bus

Interrupt

A0 Through A2

D0 Through D7

**Baud Clock
1.7895
MHz**

**8250A
Asynchronous
Communications
Element**

Control Signals

**EIA
Receivers**

**EIA
Drivers**

**16-Pin
Connector**

Serial Port Block Diagram

Modes of Operation

The different modes of operation are selected by programming the 8250A asynchronous communications element. This is done by selecting the I/O address (hex 2F8 to 2FF) and 'writing' data out to the card. Address bits A0, A1, and A2 select the different registers that define the modes of operation. Also, the divisor-latch access-bit (bit 7) of the line-control register is used to select certain registers.

I/O Decode (in Hex)	Register Selected	DLAB State
2F8	TX Buffer	DLAB=0 (Write)
2F8	RX Buffer	DLAB=0 (Read)
2F8	Divisor Latch LSB	DLAB=1
2F9	Divisor Latch MSB	DLAB=1
2F9	Interrupt Enable Register	DLAB=0
2FA	Interrupt Identification Registers	(Don't Care)
2FB	Line Control Register	(Don't Care)
2FC	Modem Control Register	(Don't Care)
2FD	Line Status Register	(Don't Care)
2FE	Modem Status Register	(Don't Care)
2FF	Scratch Register	(Don't Care)

I/O Decodes

Address Range hex 2F8 - 2FF

Note: The state of the divisor-latch access-bit (DLAB), which is the most-significant bit of the line-control register, affects the selection of certain 8250A registers. The DLAB must be set 'high' by the system software to access the baud-rate-generator divisor latches.

Interrupts

One interrupt line is provided to the system. This interrupt is IRQ3 and is 'positive active'. To allow the serial port to send interrupts to the system, bit 3 of the modem control register must be set to 1 'high'. At this point, any of the following interrupt types 'enabled' by bits in the interrupt-enable register will cause an interrupt: Receiver-line status, Received Data available, Transmitter-Holding-Register empty, or Modem Status.

Interface Description

The communications adapter provides an EIA RS-232C electrically-compatible interface. One 2 by 8-pin Berg connector is provided to attach to various peripheral devices.

The voltage interface is a serial interface. It supports data and control signals as follows:

Pin A04	Transmit Data
Pin A08	Receive Data
Pin A03	Request to Send
Pin A07	Clear to Send
Pin A06	Data Set Ready
Pin B02-B08	Signal Ground
Pin A05	Carrier Detect
Pin A02	Data Terminal Ready
Pin B01	Shield Ground

The adapter converts these signals to/from TTL levels to EIA voltage levels. These signals are sampled or generated by the communications-control chip. These

signals can then be sensed by the system software to
determine the state of the interface or peripheral
device.

Note: The above nomenclature describes the
communications adapter as a DTE (Data Terminal
Equipment) device. Suitable adapters must be used
to attach other devices such as serial printers.

Note: Ring Indicate is not supported on the PC*jr*.

Voltage Interchange Information

Interchange Voltage	Binary State	Signal Condition	Interface Control Function
Positive Voltage = Negative Voltage =	Binary (0) Binary (1)	= Spacing = Marking	= On = Off

Voltage Interchange Information

```
                    Invalid Levels
    +15 Vdc    ----------------------------
                    On Function
     +3 Vdc    ----------------------------

      0 Vdc      Invalid Levels

     -3 Vdc    ----------------------------
                    Off Function
    -15 Vdc    ----------------------------
                    Invalid Levels
```

The signal will be considered in the 'marking'
condition when the voltage on the interchange circuit,
measured at the interface point, is more negative than

-3 Vdc with respect to signal ground. The signal will be considered in the 'spacing' condition when the voltage is more positive than +3 Vdc with respect to signal ground. The region between +3 Vdc and -3 Vdc is defined as the transition region, and considered an invalid level. The voltage which is more negative than -15 Vdc or more positive than +15 Vdc will also be considered an invalid level.

During the transmission of data, the 'marking' condition will be used to denote the binary state 1, and the 'spacing' condition will be used to denote the binary state 0.

For interface control circuits, the function is 'on' when the voltage is more positive than +3 Vdc with respect to signal ground and is 'off' when the voltage is more negative than -3 Vdc with respect to signal ground.

For detailed information regarding the INS8250A Communications Controller, refer to "Bibliography".

Output Signals

Output 1 (OUT 1), Pin 34: Output 1 of the 8250A is not supported in PC*jr* hardware.

Output 2 (OUT 2), Pin 31: Output 2 of the 8250A is not supported in PC*jr* hardware.

Accessible Registers

The INS8250A has a number of accessible registers. The system programmer may access or control any of

the INS8250A registers through the processor. These registers are used to control INS8250A operations and to transmit and receive data. For further information regarding accessible registers, refer to "Bibliography".

INS8250A Programmable Baud Rate Generator

The INS8250A contains a programmable baud rate generator that is capable of taking the clock input (1.7895 MHz) and dividing it by any divisor from 1 to (65535). The output frequency of the Baud Rate Generator is 16 x the baud rate [divisor number = (frequency input) / (baud rate x 16)]. Two 8-bit latches store the divisor in a 16-bit binary- format. These divisor latches must be loaded during initialization in order to ensure desired operation of the baud rate generator. Upon loading either of the divisor latches, a 16-bit baud-counter is immediately loaded. This prevents long counts on initial load.

The following figure illustrates the use of the baud rate generator with a frequency of 1.7895 MHz. For baud rates of 4800 and below, the error obtained is minimal.

Note: The maximum operating frequency of the baud generator is 3.1 MHz. In no case should the data rate be greater than 4800 baud.

Desired Baud Rate	Divisor Used to Generate 16x Clock (Decimal)	(Hex)	Percent Error Per Bit Difference Between Desired and Actual
50	2237	8BD	.006
75	1491	5D3	.017
110	1017	1A1	.023
134.5	832	167	.054
150	746	12C	.050
300	373	175	.050
600	186	BA	.218
1200	93	5D	.218
1800	62	3E	.218
2000	56	38	.140
2400	47	2F	.855
3600	31	1F	.218
4800	23	17	1.291

Baud Rate at 1.7895 MHz

Note: These divisions are different than that used in the IBM Personal Computer. For portability, all initialization should be done through the system BIOS.

Note: Receive rates should not exceed 1200 baud if the receive operation is overlapped with keyboard keystrokes.

The following Assembly language sample program initializes the 8250. The baud rate is set to 1200 baud. It's data word is defined: 8 bits long with 1 stop bit odd parity.

```
BEGIN     PROC      NEAR
          MOV       AL,80H    ;  SET DLAB = 1
          MOV       DX,2FBH   ;  To Line Control Register
          OUT       DX,AL
          JMP       $+2       ;  I/O DELAY
          MOV       DX,2F8H   ;  Point to LSB of Divisor Latch
          MOV       AL,5DH    ;  This is LSB of Divisor
          OUT       DX,AL
          JMP       $+2       ;  I/O DELAY
          MOV       DX,2F9H   ;  Point to MSB of Divisor Latch
          MOV       AL,0      ;  This is MSB of Divisor
          OUT       DX,AL
          JMP       $+2       ;  I/O DELAY
          MOV       DX,2FBH   ;  Line Control Register
          MOV       AL,0BH    ;  8 Bits/Word, 1 Stop Bit,
                              ;  Odd Parity, DLAB = 0
          OUT       DX,AL
          JMP       $+2       ;  I/O DELAY
          MOV       DX,2F8H
          IN        AL,DX     ;  In Case Writing to Port LCR Caused
                              ;  Data Ready to go high
          ENDP
BEGIN
```

Assembly Language Sample Program


```
      UNUSED  — A1        B1 — SHIELD GND
         DTR  —              — LOGIC GND
         RTS  —              — LOGIC GND
TRANSMIT DATA  — A4        B4 — LOGIC GND
CARRIER DETECT  —            — LOGIC GND
         DSR  —              — LOGIC GND
         CTS  —              — LOGIC GND
RECEIVE DATA  — A8        B8 — LOGIC GND
```

Connector Specifications

System Power Supply

The system power supply is a 33 Watt, three voltage-level, two-stage supply. The first stage is an external power transformer that provides a single-fuse protected, extra low, ac-voltage output. The power cord is 3.08 meters (10.16 feet) long. The second stage is an internal, printed-circuit board, which is vertically mounted into the system board. The second stage converts the transformer's ac-output into three dc-output levels.

The amount of power available on the I/O connector for a machine that is fully configured with internal features is 400 mA of +5 Vdc, 0 mA of +12 Vdc and 0 mA of -6 Vdc.

Power is supplied to the system board through a printed-circuit-board edge-connector. The diskette drive is powered through a separate four-pin connector mounted on the front edge of the Power Board. The power for the diskette drive fan is provided by a three-pin Berg-type connector mounted directly below the diskette-drive connector. Power is removed from the system board and diskette drive by a switch mounted on the rear of the Power Board. Both the switch and the transformer connector are accessible from the rear of the system.

Operating Characteristics

Power Supply Input Requirements

Voltage (Vac)			Frequency	Current (Amps)
Nominal	Minimum	Maximum	±.5 Hz	Maximum
120	104	127	60 Hz	.65 at 104 Vac

Voltage ac

D.C Outputs

Vdc Voltage	Current (Amps)		Regulation Tolerance
Nominal	Minimum	Maximum	±%
+5	*1.5	3.6	5
+12	.04	1.2	5
–6	0.0	.025	16

Voltage dc

* There must be a minimum of a 1.5 Amp load on the +5 Vdc output for the -6 Vdc to be present.

Over-Voltage/Over-Current Protection

Input (Transformer)

The following table describes the transformer input protection:

Voltage (Nominal)	Type Protection	Rating (Amps)
120 Vac	Non-resettable Fuse Thermal/Over-Current	5A Slo Blow

Input Protection

Output (Power Board)

The following table describes the Power Board's output protection:

Protection Condition		
Output Voltages	Over-Voltage	Over-Current
+5 Vdc	*6.3 ± .7 Vdc	**3.9 ± .25 Amps
12 Vdc	*14.4 ± 1.4 Vdc	2.2 ± .9 Amps
* Over-Voltage protection is provided by fuse F1. **Resettable by removing the fault condition and removing power for at least 5 seconds and then applying power.		

Output Protection

Power Board (Component Side)

1
2
3
4 } **Supply to Diskette Drive**

1
2
3 } **Fan Plug**

Input From Transformer 1 2 3

Grounding Pin Connector

A10   A1

Connector Specifications

```
Power          1 ──────── +12 ──►    System
Board          2 ──────── GND ───    Board
               3 ──────── GND ───
               4 ──────── +5 ──►
               5 ──────── +5 ──►
               6 ──────── +5 ──►
               7 ──────── +5 ──►
               8 ──────── GND ───
               9 ──────── GND ───
              10 ──────── +12 ──►
```

Connector Specifications

```
Power      ◄── 1 ──────── 17 Vac ───    Transformer
Board          2 ──────── GND ────
           ◄── 3 ──────── 17 Vac ───
```

Connector Specifications

```
Diskette   1 ──── +12 Vdc ───  1
Drive      2 ──── GND ──────   2   Power
           3 ──── GND ──────   3   Board
           4 ──── +5 Vdc ───   4
```

Connector Specifications

Fan Connector Specifications

Notes:

SECTION 3. SYSTEM OPTIONS

Contents

System Options

3-1

System Options

Notes:

IBM *PCjr* 64KB Memory and Display Expansion

The 64KB Memory and Display Expansion option
enables the user to work with the higher density video
modes while increasing the system's memory size by
64K bytes to a total of 128K bytes. The memory
expansion option plugs into the 44-pin memory
expansion connector on the system board. Only one
memory expansion is supported.

The Memory Expansion Option does not require the
user to reconfigure the system to recognize the
additional memory.

Eight 64K-by-1, 150 ns, dynamic memory modules
provide 64K bytes of storage. The memory modules
are Motorola's MCM6665AL15, and Texas
Instrument's TMS4164-15, or equivalent.

When inserted, the memory expansion option uses the
ODD memory space, while the system memory is
decoded as the EVEN memory. Thus, when used as
video memory, the memory expansion option has the
video attributes while the on-board system memory has
the video characters. This arrangement provides a
higher bandwidth of video characters.

In addition to the eight memory modules, the expansion
card has logic to do the EVEN/ODD address decoding,
video data multiplexing, and a CARD PRESENT wrap.

Dynamic-refresh timing and address generation are
done on the system board and used by the memory
expansion option.

The following is a block diagram of the IBM PC*jr*
64KB Memory and Display Expansion.

Memory Expansion Block Diagram

Signal	I/O	Description
+RAS	I	+Row Address Strobe. This line is inverted and then becomes the -RAS for the RAM modules.
+A0	I	Microprocessor Address 0. This is used to determine whether the microprocessor access is from the system board RAM (Low) or from the expansion RAM (High).
-DISABLE EDATA	O	When the expansion RAM card is in and the microprocessor is reading an ODD byte of data the expansion card tri-states the latch for EVEN data on the system board using this line.
ATR LATCH	I	This signal indicates that the expansion RAM card should 'latch' up data from the expansion RAM into the attribute latch.
MD0 thru MD7	O	These data lines contain CRT information from the attribute latch and go to the Video Gate Array.
D0 thru D7	I/O	These data lines are from the microprocessor and are bidirectional.
MEM A0 thru A7	I	These are the multiplexed address lines for the dynamic-RAM modules. These lines are multiplexed between row address and column

		address, and also between microprocessor and CRT addresses.
VIDEO MEMR	I	When this signal is 'high' it indicates a MEMR is accessing the system board or expansion RAM is being accessed. This line along with A0 determines if the expansion RAM microprocessor latch should 'gate' its data onto the D0 thru D7 Bus.
CPU DLY	I	This line when 'high' indicates that a microprocessor RAM cycle is occurring. It is used to gate 'off' the expansion RAM CAS or used with A0 to generate the -DISABLE CAS 0 signal.
-DISABLE CAS 0	O	This line is used to disable the system board CAS0 when a system microprocessor 'write' is occurring to the expansion RAM. This line keeps the 'write' from occurring to the system board RAM.
+CAS	I	Column Address Strobe. This line instructs the expansion RAM to 'latch' up the address on the MEM A0 thru A7 address lines.

-LCG	O	This line is used to instruct the system board that attributes or ODD graphics data should be 'read' from the expansion RAM card for use by the Video Gate Array.
GATE	I	This line is 'wrapped' and becomes the -LCG output.
-WE	I	This line instructs the memory that the cycle is a microprocessor 'write' cycle.
CPU LATCH	I	This line instructs the expansion RAM card to 'latch' the data from the expansion RAM into the microprocessor latch.
-ATR CD IN	O	This line is a wrap of the ground line on the expansion RAM card. It pulls 'down' an 8255 input so that the microprocessor can tell if this card is installed or not.

The following is the connector specifications for the
IBM PC*jr* 64KB Memory and Display Expansion.

64KB Memory and Display Expansion

Connector Pin	Signal Name	Signal Name	Connector Pin
A01	+RAS	VIDEO MEMR	B01
A02	A0	CPU DLY	B02
A03	–DISABLE EDATA	–DISABLE CAS 0	B03
A04	ATR LATCH	+CAS	B04
A05	MD4	–LCG	B05
A06	MD5	GATE	B06
A07	MD6	Ground	B07
A08	MD7	Ground	B08
A09	MD0	Ground	B09
A10	MD1	–WE	B10
A11	MD2	CPU LATCH	B11
A12	MD3	–ATR CD IN	B12
A13	GND	GND	B13
A14	VCC	VCC	B14
A15	D7	D6	B15
A16	D5	D4	B16
A17	D3	D2	B17
A18	D1	D0	B18
A19	MEM A6	MEM A7	B19
A20	MEM A4	MEM A5	B20
A21	MEM A2	MEM A3	B21
A22	MEM A0	MEM A1	B22

Connector Specifications

Notes:

IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive Adapter

The diskette drive adapter resides in a dedicated connector on the IBM PC*jr* system board. It is attached to the single diskette drive through a flat, internal, 60-conductor, signal cable.

The general purpose adapter is designed for a double-density , Modified Frequency Modulation (MFM)-coded, diskette drive and uses write precompensation with an analog phase-lock loop for clock and data recovery. The adapter uses the NEC μPD765 or compatible controller, so the μPD765 characteristics of the diskette drive can be programmed. In addition, the attachment supports the diskette drive's write-protect feature. The adapter is buffered on the I/O bus and uses the system ROM BIOS for transferring record data. An interrupt level is also used to indicate an error status condition that requires processor attention.

A block diagram of the diskette drive adapter follows.

System Options

Diskette Drive Adapter Block Diagram

Functional Description

From a programming point of view, the diskette drive adapter consists of a 4-bit digital output register (DOR) in parallel with a NEC μPD765 or equivalent floppy disk controller (FDC).

Digital Output Register

The digital output register (DOR) is an output-only register used to control the drive motor and selection. All bits are cleared by the I/O interface reset line. The bits have the following functions:

Digital Output Register

Bit 0	This bit controls the motor and enable lines to the drive. When 'high' (1), this bit will turn 'on' the drive motor and 'enable' the drive. When 'low' (0), this bit will turn 'off' the drive motor and 'disable' the drive.
Bits 1-4	These bits are reserved.

Bit 5	When 'high' (1), this bit 'enables' the WatchDog Timer function and interrupt. When 'low' (0), this bit 'disables' the WatchDog Timer and interrupt.
Bit 6	This bit controls the start of a watchdog timer cycle. Two output commands are required to operate the trigger. A 1 and then a 0 must be written in succession to 'strobe' the trigger.
Bit 7	This bit is the hardware 'reset' for the floppy diskette controller chip. When 'low' (0), this bit holds the FDC in its 'reset' state. When 'high' (1), this bit releases the 'reset' state on the FDC.

WatchDog Timer

The WatchDog Timer (WDT) is a one to three-second timer connected to interrupt request line 6 (IRQ6) of the 8259. This timer breaks the program out of data transfer loops in the event of a hardware malfunction. The WatchDog Timer starts its cycle when 'triggered.'

Floppy Disk Controller (FDC)

The floppy disk controller (FDC) contains two registers that can be accessed by the system microprocessor: a status register and a data register. The 8-bit main-status register contains the status information of the FDC and can be accessed at any time. The 8-bit data register consists of several registers in a stack with only one register presented to the data bus at a time. The data register stores data, commands, parameters, and provides floppy disk drive (FDD) status information. Data bytes are read from or written to the data register in order to program or obtain results after

a particular command. The main status register can only be read and is used to facilitate the transfer of data between the system microprocessor and FDC.

FDC Register	I/O Address
Data Register	hex F5
Main Status Register	hex F4

Programming Summary

The FDC is set up with the following Parameters during system power up:

Parameter	Power-up Condition
Sector Size	hex 02 for 512 Byte Sectors
Sector Count	9
Head Unload	hex 0F - Has no effect on system operation.
Head Step Rate	hex D - This gives a step rate of 6 milliseconds.
Head Load Time	hex 1 Minimum head load time.
Format Gap	hex 50
Write Gap	hex 2A
Non-DMA Mode	hex 1
Fill byte for Format	hex F6

FDC Power-up Parameters Settings

The IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive Adapter and BIOS use
and support the following FDC commands:

- Specify
- Recalibrate
- Seek
- Sense interrupt status
- Sense Drive status
- Read data
- Write data
- Format a track

    Note: Please refer to the Diskette section of the
    BIOS listing for details of how these commands are
    used.

The following FDC hardware functions are not
implemented or supported by the IBM PC*jr* Diskette
Drive Adapter.

- DMA data transfer
- FDC interrupt
- Drive polling and overlapped seek
- FM data incoding
- Unit select status bits

```
2 Heads (1 per side)
40 Cylinders (Tracks)/Side
9 Sectors/Track
512 Bytes/Sector
Modified Frequency Modulation (MFM)
```

Diskette Format

Constant	Value
Head Load	Not Applicable
Head Settle	21 Milliseconds
Motor Start	500 Milliseconds

Drive Constants

Comments

1. Head loads when diskette is clamped.
2. Following access, wait Head Settle time before RD/WR.
3. Drive motor should be 'off' when not in use. Wait Motor Start time before RD/WR.
4. All system interrupts except IRQ6 must be 'disabled' during diskette data transfer in order to prevent data under-run or over-run conditions from occurring.

System I/O Channel Interface

All signals are TTL-compatible:

Most-Positive Up-Level	+ 5.5 Vdc
Least-Positive Up-Level	+ 2.7 Vdc
Most-Positive Down-Level	+ 0.5 Vdc
Least-Positive Down-Level	- 0.5 Vdc

The following lines are used by this adapter:

+D0 thru 7   (Bidirectional, Load: 1 74LS, Driver: 74LS 3-state)

System Options

	These eight lines form a bus through which all commands, status, and data are transferred. Bit 0 is the low-order bit.
+A0 thru 3	(Adapter Input, Load: 1 74LS)
	These four lines form an address bus by which a register is selected to receive or supply the byte transferred through lines D0-7. Bit 0 is the low-order bit.
-IOW	(Adapter Input, Load: 1 74LS)
	The content of lines D0-7 is stored in the register addressed by lines A0-3 at the trailing edge of this signal.
-IOR	(Adapter Input, Load: 1 74LS)
	The content of the register addressed by lines A0-3 is 'gated' onto lines D0-7 when this line is 'active.'
-RESET	(Adapter Input, Load: 1 74LS)
	A down level 'aborts' any operation in process and 'clears' the digital output register (DOR).
+IRQ6	(Adapter Output, Driver: 74LS 3-state)
	This line is made 'active' when the WatchDog timer times out.
-DISKETTE CARD INSTALLED	(Adapter Output, Driver: Gnd.)
	This line is pulled 'up' on the System Board and is wired to input port bit PC2 on port hex 62 of the

	8255. This line is used by the program to determine if the diskette drive adapter is installed.
–Diskette CS	(Adapter Input, Load: 1 74LS)
	This line is shared with the modem CS line and is 'low' whenever the microprocessor is doing IOR or IOW to either the diskette adapter or the modem. This line should be conditioned with A9 being 'low' to generate a DISKETTE CS.
A9	(Adapter Input, Load: 1 74LS)
	This line is the microprocessor address line 9. When this line is 'low' and -DISKETTE CS is 'low', IOR and IOW are used by the diskette adapter.
DRQ 0	(adapter Output, Driver: NEC μpd 765)
	This output would indicate to a DMA device on the external I/O Channel that the diskette controller wants to 'receive' or 'transmit' a byte of data to or from memory.
DACK 0	(Adapter input, Load: NEC μpd 765)
	This line should come from an external DMA and should indicate that a byte is being transferred from/to the Floppy Disk Controller to/from memory.

System Options

Drive Interface

All signals are TTL-compatible:

Most Positive Up Level	+ 5.5 Vdc
Least Positive Up Level	+ 2.4 Vdc
Most Positive Down Level	+ 0.4 Vdc
Least Positive Down Level	- 0.5 Vdc

All adapter outputs are driven by active collector gates. The drive should not provide termination networks to Vcc (except Drive Select which has a 2,000 ohm resistor to Vcc).

Each attachment input is terminated with a 2,000 ohm resistor to Vcc.

Adapter Outputs

–Drive Select   (Driver: MC3487)

This line is used to 'degate' all drivers to the adapter and receivers from the adapter (except Motor Enable) when the line is not 'active.'

–Motor Enable   (Driver: 74LS04)

The drive must control its spindle motor to 'start' when the line becomes 'active' and 'stop' when the line becomes 'inactive.'

–Step   (Driver: MC3487)

The selected drive must move the read/write head one cylinder in or

| | out as instructed by the Direction line for each pulse present on this line. |
| **–Direction** | (Driver: MC3487) |

For each recognized pulse of the step line the read/write head should move one cylinder toward the spindle if this line is active, and away from the spindle if not-active.

–Write Data   (Driver: 74LS04)

For each 'inactive' to 'active' transition of this line while Write Enable is 'active', the selected drive must cause a flux change to be stored on the diskette.

–Write Enable   (Driver: MC3487)

The drive must 'disable' write current in the head unless this line is 'active.'

**–HEAD
SELECT 1**   (Driver: MC3487)

This interface signal defines which side of a two-sided diskette is used for data recording or retrieval. A 'high' level on this line selects the R/W head on the side 1 surface of the diskette. When switching from side 0 to side 1 and conversely, a 100 μs delay is required before any 'read' or 'write' operation can be initiated.

Adapter Inputs

–Index	The selected drive must supply one pulse per diskette revolution on this line.
–Write Protect	The selected drive must make this line 'active' if a write-protected diskette is mounted in the drive.
–Track 0	The selected drive must make this line 'active' if the read/write head is over track 0.
–Read Data	The selected drive must supply a pulse on this line for each flux change encountered on the diskette.

Voltage and Current Requirements

The diskette drive adapter requires a voltage supply of +5 Vdc +/- 5% and draws a nominal current of 525 mA and a maximum current of 700 mA.

Diskette Drive Adapter

Note: Pin 5 is missing to match the key plug on the signal cable.

Connector Specifications (Part 1 of 2)

Diskette Drive Adapter 3-25

```
Signal Name        Diskette Drive Adapter        Signal Name

  D7  ◄──►   A01          B01  ◄─────  +5V
  D6  ◄──►                     ◄─────  -DISKETTE CS
  D5  ◄──►                     ◄─────  A9
 GND  ────                     ◄─────  A3
  D4  ◄──►   A05          B05  ─────   GND
  D3  ◄──►                     ◄─────  A2
  D2  ◄──►                     ◄─────  A1
 GND  ────                     ◄─────  A0
  D1  ◄──►                     ─────   GND
  D0  ◄──►   A10          B10  ◄─────  -IOR
 IRQ6 ◄──►                     ◄─────  -IOW
+DRQ0 ───►                     ─────   GND
-DACK0 ───►                    ─────►  -CARD INSTL
  -5V ───►                     ◄─────  -RESET
  N/C ◄──►   A15          B15  ◄─────  +5V

System Board                          System Board
```

Note: All levels are TTL compatible.

Connector Specifications (Part 2 of 2)

3-26   Diskette Drive Adapter

IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive

The system unit has space and power for one diskette drive. The drive is double-sided with 40 tracks for each side, is fully self-contained, and consists of a spindle-drive system, a read- positioning system, and a read/write/erase system.

Functional Description

The diskette drive uses modified frequency modulation (MFM) to read and write digital-data, with a track-to-track access time of 6 milliseconds.

To load a diskette, the operator rotates the load lever at the front of the diskette drive clockwise and inserts the diskette into the slot. Plastic guides in the slot ensure the diskette is in the correct position. Closing the load lever centers the diskette and clamps it to the drive hub. This same action also loads the Read/Write heads against the surfaces of the diskette. The load lever is mechanically interlocked to prevent closing of the lever if a diskette is not installed.

The head-positioning system moves the magnetic head to come in contact with the desired track of the diskette. Operator intervention is not required during normal operation. If the diskette is write-protected, a write-protect sensor 'disables' the drive's circuitry, and an appropriate signal is sent to the interface.

Data is read from the diskette by the data-recovery circuitry, which consists of a low-level read-amplifier, differentiator, zero-crossing detector, and digitizing circuits. All data decoding is done by the adapter card.

The IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive is equipped with a media cooling fan, which gets its power from the power supply board.

The diskette drive also has the following sensor systems:

- The track 00 sensor, senses when the head/carriage assembly is at track 00.
- The index sensor, which consists of an LED light source and phototransistor. This sensor is positioned so that when an index hole is detected, a digital signal is generated.
- The write-protect sensor 'disables' the diskette drive's electronics whenever it senses a write-protect tab on the diskette.

The drive requires power within the following specifications:

Specification	+5 Vdc Input	+12 Vdc Input
Nominal Supply	+5 Vdc	+12 Vdc
Ripple (0 to 50 kHz)	100 mV	100 mV
Tolerance (Including Ripple)	±5%	±5%
Standby Current (Nominal)	600 mA	400 mA
Standby Current (Worst Case)	700 mA	500 mA
Operating Current (Nominal)	600 mA	900 mA
Operating Current (Worst Case)	700 mA	2400 mA

Diskette Drive Power Specifications

For interface information refer to "Diskette Drive Adapter" in this section.

For mechanical and electrical specifications see Appendix D.

Diskette Drive Connectors

Diskette Drive	1	+12 Vdc	1	Power Board
	2	GND	2	
	3	GND	3	
	4	+5 Vdc	4	

Connector Specifications (Part 1 of 2)

Diskette Drive Fan	1	GND	1	Power Board
	2	+12 Vdc	2	
	3	GND	3	

Connector Specifications (Part 2 of 2)

Notes:

Diskette

The IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive uses a standard 133.4 mm (5.25 in.) diskette. For programming considerations, single-sided, double-density, soft-sectored diskettes are used for single-sided drives. Double-sided drives use double-sided, double-density, soft-sectored diskettes. The figure below is a simplified drawing of the diskette used with the diskette drive. This recording medium is a flexible magnetic disk enclosed in a protective jacket. The protected disk, free to rotate within the jacket, is continuously cleaned by the soft fabric lining of the jacket during normal operation. Read/write/erase head access is through an opening in the jacket. Openings for the drive hub and diskette index hole are also provided.

Recording Medium

Notes:

IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem

The IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem is a 65 mm (2.5 inch) by 190 mm (7.5 inch) adapter that plugs into the PC*jr* system board modem connector. The modem connector is an extension of the system I/O bus. All system control signals and voltage requirements are provided through a 2 by 15 position card-edge tab with 0.254 cm (0.100-inch) spacing on the modem adapter.

Functional Description

The Internal Modem consists of two major parts: (1) the INS8250A Asynchronous Communication Element, and (2) the Smart 103 Modem. Therefore, the programming must be considered in two parts. The INS8250A communications protocol is a function of the system ROM BIOS, and is discussed later in this section. All 'pacing' of the interface and control-signal status must be handled by the system software. After the INS8250A is initialized, the modem is controlled by ASCII characters transmitted by the INS8250A.

Key features of the INS8250A used in the modem adapter are:

- Adds or deletes start bits, stop bits, and parity bits to or from the serial data stream
- Full double-buffering eliminates the need for precise synchronization
- Independently-controlled transmit, receive, line status, and data-set interrupts
- Programmable baud-rate-generator allows division of the baud clock by 373 (hex 175) for a 300-bps transmission-speed or 1017 (hex 3F9) for a 110-bps transmission-speed to generate the internal 16 x clock

- Modem-control functions: Clear to Send (CTS), Data Set Ready (DSR), Data Terminal Ready (DTR), Ring Indicator (RI), and Data Carrier Detect (DCD)
- Fully-programmable serial-interface

  characteristics:
  - 7, or 8-bit characters
  - Even, odd, or no-parity bit generation and detection
  - 1 stop-bit generation
  - Baud-rate generation
- False-start bit detection
- Complete status reporting capabilities
- Line-break generation and detection
- Internal-diagnostic capabilities
  - Loopback controls for communications-link fault-isolation
  - Break, parity, overrun, framing-error simulation
- Fully prioritized-interrupt system-controls

Key features of the Smart 103 Modem used on the IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem are:

- Direct connection to a telephone company line through an FCC Part-68-approved permissive connection
- Compatible to Bell Series 100 originate/answer for modulation and handshaking
- All functions controlled by ASCII characters and INS8250A modem-control lines
- Uses modular phone-jack (USOC RJ11)
- Data rate is either 300 or 110 bits-per-second
- Auto/manual originate
- Auto/manual answer
- Communication mode is full duplex on two-wire, switched-network channels

- Auto dialer; either DTMF ([dual-tone modulated-frequency] touch-tone) or pulse-dialing (rotary dial) by software command
- Tandem dialing
- Call-progress reporting
- Dial-tone, ring-back tone, and busy-tone detection

```
Chip Select
            ┌──────────────┐         Data
Data Bus    │ 8250A        │
            │ Asychronous  │
Interrupt   │ Communications│         ┌──────────────┐
            │ Element      │         │ 3870         │
Clock (1.7 MHz)│           │ Control  │ Micro-       │
            └──────────────┘         │ controller   │
                                     └──────────────┘

         ┌──────────────┐
         │ 103          │
         │ Demodulator  │          ┌──────────────┐
         └──────────────┘          │              │
                                   │ Interface    │
         ┌──────────────┐          │ Circuit      │
         │ RJ11         │          │              │
         │ Phone        │          │              │
         │ Jack         │          └──────────────┘
         └──────────────┘
```

IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem Block Diagram

Modem Design Parameters

The following tables describe the design parameters of the Smart 103 Modem.

Dialer Type:	Two modes 1. Forced Touch-Tone (DTMF) dialing 2. Forced pulse dialing
Tandem Dialing:	The ASCII character P (hex 50 or 70) in the dial string causes a delay of up to 10 seconds while the modem is searching for another dial tone. A time out will cause the modem to hang up and post status. The ASCII character W (hex 57 or 77) in the dial string causes a 5-second dead wait before continuing to dial. Multiple ASCII W's will cause multiple waits.
Pulse Dialing:	Rate: 10 + 1, –0 pulses per second Duty Cycle: 60% make, 40% break Interdigit Delay: 800 ms ± 50 ms
DTMF Dialing:	Tone Duration: 85 ms ± 10 ms Intertone Duration: 80 ms ± 10 ms

Dialer Parameters (Part 1 of 2)

System Options

Tone Pair Frequencies:	
ASCII Digit Code	**Frequency (Hz)**
0	941 1336
1	697 1209
2	697 1336
3	697 1477
4	770 1209
5	770 1336
6	770 1477
7	852 1209
8	852 1336
9	852 1477
*	941 1209
#	941 1477

Dialer Parameters (Part 2 of 2)

Time Out Duration:	A data call will time out if an answer tone is not detected within 45 seconds of the last digit dialed.

Failed Call Time Out Parameter

Modulation:	Conforms to Bell 103/113 specification using binary phase-coherent frequency shift keying (FSK).

Modulation Parameter

Mode	Originating End	Answering End
Transmit	1070 Space 1270 Mark	2025 Space 2225 Mark
Receive	2025 Hz Space 2225 Hz Mark	1070 Hz Space 1270 Hz Mark

Transmitter/Receiver Frequency Parameters

Receive Sensitivity	More negative or equal to –42 dBm.

Receive Sensitivity Parameters

Transmitter Level	Fixed at –10 dBm as per FCC Part 68 Permissive connection.

Transmitter Level Parameter

Programming Considerations

The modem and the IBM PC*jr* system can communicate commands or data between each other. Any commands sent to the modem from the IBM PC*jr* are stripped from the data stream and executed but are not transmitted to the receiving station. The data is transparent to the modem. The modem is capable of causing hardware interrupts as the result of certain conditions, and in response to queries for its status.

Commands to the modem are a sequence of characters preceded by a single command character. The command character tells the modem that the following character sequence, until a carriage return, is a command. The carriage return completes the command sequence and causes the modem to execute the commands. The command character (represented by [cc] in the following text) is programmable (with the NEW command) to any ASCII character (hex 00 thru 7F). The default for the command character is Ctrl N (ASCII hex 0E).

Commands can occur anywhere in the data stream if properly formatted but are not to be executed by the modem until a carriage return is received.

Multiple commands are allowed if separated by commas and preceded by a single command character.

Command Format

The following is the command format that all commands must follow.

[cc][command word][delimiter][arguments] [,more][CR]

where:

[cc]	is the single ASCII command character.
[command word]	is the command word or the first letter of the command word.
[delimiter]	is always a space when separating an argument and command word. Any spaces thereafter are ignored until the modem sees a comma, an argument or a carriage return.
[arguments]	is a variable that is replaced by any character allowed by the command definition.
[,more]	is any additional commands preceded by a comma.
[CR]	is a carriage return that completes the command sequence and causes the modem to execute the commands.

The following are two examples of command format.

[cc] COUNT 5 [CR]
sample test [cc] VOICE, D (408)
555-1234,QUERY [CR]

Format Guidelines

1. Commands can occur anywhere in the data stream if properly formatted but are not be executed by the modem until a carriage return is received.
2. Multiple commands are allowed if separated by commas and preceded by a single command-character.
3. Only the first character of the command word is significant. All remaining characters are ignored up to the first space following the command word. In other words, the **DIAL** command and DUMMY are treated identically.

4. The modem does not discriminate between upper-case and lower-case characters.
5. There are three ways to send the current command-character as data to a receiving station:
   a. Consecutively sending it twice:
      [cc][cc]
      This would send the character a single time.
   b. Change the command character (with the **NEW** command) to another ASCII character and then transmit the previous command-character.
   c. Place the modem in the Transparent mode and then transmit the character.

Commands

The commands that are used with the integrated modem are listed on the following pages in alphabetical order.

Each of the commands has its syntax described according to the following conventions:

1. Words in capital letters are keywords. Only the first letter of the keyword is required, the others are optional.

2. You must supply any arguments which are in lower-case letters. Valid characters for arguments are defined as:

   • m - ASCII decimal digits 0 to 9, *, #, I, P, and W

   • n - ASCII hexadecimal digits 0 to F

   • o - ASCII hexadecimal digits 0 to 9

   • p - any ASCII character

3. All arguments are examined for validity. If extra characters are used in an argument, the extra characters are ignored. If the argument is invalid, the command is ignored.

4. An ellipsis (...) indicates an item may be repeated as many times as you wish.

5. All command lines must begin with a command character. The default command-character is (CONTROL N).

6. Multiple commands separated by commas can follow a single command-character.

An example of the **DIAL** command is given below:

Command format - **DIAL m...m**

Command line - DIAL 1 800 555 1234

If an invalid argument or no argument is given, the command is not executed. Also, a question mark (?) is given as the error response and the command line is aborted.
The commands are as follows:

Format: **ANSWER**

A

Purpose: To logically take the phone off the hook and force **ANSWER** mode. This is logically like a manual answer.

Format: **Break n**

Purpose: To send a space or break character for a duration equal to a multiple of 100 ms (**n** x 100 ms).

Format: COUNT n

C n

Where **n** is the number of complete rings in the range of hex 0 to hex F.

When answering an incoming call, the modem answers the phone after **n** complete incoming rings, where **n** is any value from hex 0 to F.

A value of zero specifies that the modem not answer an incoming call, but still carry out any instructions from the host.

When dialing, the modem waits **n** + 3 complete ringbacks before cancelling the call.

If **n** exceeds 4, the 45-second abort timer cancels an outgoing call with an "UNSUCCESSFUL" response, as more than seven ringbacks exceeds 45 seconds.

Purpose: Sets the ring count when the modem is answering an incoming call or dialing a call.

Default: 0

System Options

Format: DIAL m...m

                   D m...m

                   Where **m...m** is a dial string of ASCII decimal digits 0 through 9, *, #, I, P, and W. A maximum of 33 characters are allowed in the dial string. The first character of the string defaults to P (a 10-second delay while searching for the dial tone). W causes the modem to delay five seconds, then continue dialing.

                   W or P must start a string, can also occur anywhere within a string, and causes the digits to be tone dialed.

                   The characters * and # represent the two extra buttons on a push-button phone, but may be used for other things.

                   I causes the next digits to be pulse dialed. The I stays in effect until a (P,), (W,),or end of command. The modem then searches for line busy, ringing, or incoming carriers while posting the status.

Purpose: To cause the modem to dial.

Default: P (10-second timeout). (If this command is used without an argument, the last number dialed is redialed once.)

Format: **FORMAT n**

F n

Where **n** is one of the following:

n	Parity	Data Length	Stop Bit
0	Mark	7	1
1	Space	7	1
2	Odd	7	1
3	Even	7	1
4	None	8	1
5-7	Reserved		

The 8250A line control register (LCR) must specify the same format as defined in the **FORMAT n** command to 'enable' data/command communication.

Do not combine this command with any other commands except the **SPEED** command on a single command line.

> **Note:** If programming in BASIC, this command must be used in addition to specifying the same parity and data length in the BASIC 'open' statement.

Purpose: To change the parity and number of stop-bits being transmitted at either end, to a new format.

Default: 3

System Options

Format: **HANGUP**

             H

Purpose: To perform a clean disconnect and go on-hook. Logically the same as manually hanging up.

Format: **INITIALIZE**

             I

             This command is executed in 10 seconds and is the same as a cold start. An "OK" response is not returned after execution and the integrity test code in the **QUERY** command is set.

Purpose: Places the modem in the power-up default-state.

Format: **LONG RESPONSE o**

L o

Where **o** is one of the following:

o	**Mode**	**Responses**
0	Verbose	"BUSY" "CONNECTED" "NO ANSWER" "NO DIAL TONE" "OK" "RING" "UNSUCCESSFUL" "?" (Question Mark)
1	Terse (Hex code)	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37

Note: The dial string is not echoed in the terse mode.

Purpose: Modifies message feedback. Information is posted in the status area.

Default: 0 (Verbose mode)

Format: **MODEM**

                 M

Purpose: Forces the modem into the data state where the carrier is placed on the telephone line and proper connection-protocols are followed.

                This command is equivalent to **ANSWER** if the data state started as autoanswer.

Format: NEW p

                 N p

                where **p** is any ASCII character.(hex 0E)

Purpose: Changes the command character to an ASCII character.

Default: Ctrl N (ASCII hex 0E)

Format: **ORIGINATE**

                 O

Purpose: Logically takes the phone off-hook and forces the ORIGINATE mode. Logically equivalent to manual originate.

Format: **PICKUP**

             P

Purpose: Logically takes the phone off-hook and puts the modem in the voice state.

Format: **QUERY**

Q

Purpose: To query the modem for its status information.

Possible characters returned by the modem are as follows:

Responses	Meaning
H0 or H1	Hook status: H0 = on-hook, H1 = off-hook.
S0 to SF	Current ringcount setting in hex.
B	Line busy.
D	Line dead: no dial-tone found or no ring/no busy timeout after dialing.
L	Successful dial and handshake.
N	Dial not recorded: dial tone present after dialing.
X	No answer: ringcount plus 3 exceeded.
T0	Integrity test passed.
T1	Integrity test failed.

The first group of characters is always returned for a **QUERY** command. The second group of characters is returned only after a dialing sequence has been started or a change has occurred in the dialing status. The third group of characters is returned when a **TEST** command has occurred. All characters except the first group are erased by being read and do not appear in response to the next **QUERY** unless the

condition has recurred in the interim. The **QUERY**
response overrides any incoming data from the
telephone line.

Format: **RETRY**

R

Purpose: When placed after a **DIAL** command, it causes the
modem to execute up to 10 redials at a rate of one
per 40 seconds. The redials are triggered by a busy
detection after dialing.

System Options

Format: **SPEED o**

S o

Where o is one of the following:

o   **bps**

0 –   110
1 –   300
2 –   Reserved

> **Note:** Do not combine this command with other commands except the **FORMAT** command on a single command line.

The **SPEED** command must be issued before the 8250A baud rate is changed.

> **Note:** If programming in BASIC, this command must be used in addition to specifying the same bps rate in the BASIC 'open' statement.

Purpose: Sets the baud rate.

Default: 1 (300 bps)

Format: **TRANSPARENT n...n**

T n...n

Where **n...n** is the number of bytes to transmit in the range of hex 0 to hex FFFF.

Purpose: Places the modem in the transparent mode for the next **n...n** bytes.

The modem does not look for command sequences but instead transmits every character it receives.

The argument can be up to four ASCII-coded hex digits long. This provides a range of 65,536 bytes.

If an argument is not included with the **TRANSPARENT** command, the command is ignored because it has no default.

The transparent mode is terminated when:

1.   **n...n** characters have been transmitted.

2.   Loss of carrier timeout.

3.   INS8250A OUT 1 pin goes 'active.' (The INS8250A -OUT 1 signal should remain 'active' until the transparent mode is requested again.)

The modem exits the transparent mode before processing the next complete character from the host.

To re-enter the transparent mode, the sequence is:

1. The INS8250A -OUT 1 pin changes to, or remains in the 'inactive' state.

2. The command string containing the **TRANSPARENT** command is issued.

    ☞ An argument of 0 causes a permanent transparent mode which can be exited by the INS8250A -OUT 1 pin going 'active.'

Format: VOICE

V

Purpose: Forces the modem to the voice state where no tones or carriers are placed or searched for on the telephone line.

This state is used for voice communication, when the modem is an autodialer or answering device only. It is also necessary to be in the voice state to transmit DTMF tone-pairs.

This command 'disables' the autoanswer function.

The status responses are:

1. If a busy signal is detected   "BUSY OK".

2. Any other condition "OK...(16 dots)....CONNECTED".

Format: WAIT

         W

Purpose: Causes the modem to take no action, including
autoanswer, until the next command is received from
the host. All commands following the **WAIT**
command in a single command-line are ignored.

Format: XMIT m...m

         X m...m

Purpose: Instructs the modem to transmit the DTMF
tone-pairs found in the argument string **m...m.** This
is only valid in the voice state. Delays between digits
can be caused by inserting W's in the string.

Each W causes a five-second delay.

Format: **ZTEST o**

           Z o

           Where **o** is one of the following:

           o   **Test**

           0 –   Hardware Integrity Test
           1 –   Analog Loop Back Test

Purpose: Places the modem in the test mode specified by the argument.

           For modes other than the integrity test, the modem stays in the test mode until any other command is received.

           For the integrity test, the test is performed, status posted, and then the modem returns to service immediately. The integrity test takes eight to 10 seconds to execute and its completion is signaled by an "OK" message.

           All commands following the **ZTEST** command in a single command-line are ignored.

Responses

Autoanswer

If -DTR is 'active', the modem goes off-hook and proper connection protocols including the two-second billing delay are followed. If connection is made, the modem sends "CONNECTED" to the host and posts the status in the status area.

Editing/Changing Command Lines

Corrections to the command line can be performed by aborting current-command lines and typing a new line or by entering the correct command later on in the current-command line.

The last command entered on a single command-line supersedes any previously entered command that performs an opposite function.

A Control X or backspace received by the modem immediately aborts the entire command line.

System Options

Opposite Commands

The command line is scanned after its completion (after [CR] is entered). Commands which cause an action during the scan (for example, **DIAL**) are not candidates for opposite treatment. Only commands which 'preset' a static condition can be opposites.

They include:

Count (n)	two entries, latest are used
Format (n)	two entries, latest are used
New (p)	two entries, latest are used
Speed (n)	two entries, latest are used
Transparent n..n	two entries, latest are used
Modem – Voice	these are opposites only when on-hook

Note: Answer and originate are not opposites; each of these causes an action when scanned.

Status Conditions

The modem sends the host messages as defined in the **LONG RESPONSE** command for dialing success or failure. Hardware interrupts for carrier loss and detecting incoming rings are provided on the 8250A.

Dialing and Loss of Carrier

The dialing process begins with the modem searching for a dial tone if it is not in the blind dialing mode. If a dial tone is not detected, the modem hangs up, the appropriate status characters are posted, and the "NO DIAL TONE" message is returned to the host.

If a dial tone is found, the modem continues to dial. When a P is encountered in the dial string, the modem

delays for up to 10 seconds to search for another dial
tone and returns the "NO DIAL TONE" message to
the host if a dial tone is not detected. When a W is
encountered in the dial string, the modem delays for
five seconds before continuing to dial. Consecutive
W's are allowed in a dial string.

Anytime a P or W is not followed with an I in a dial
string, the next digits are tone-dialed. When an I
follows a P or W, all following digits are pulse-dialed
until a P, W, or end of command ([CR]) is detected.

The modem ignores any character except 0 through 9,
*, #, I, P, or W while dialing. This allows the user to
place parentheses and dashes in the dial string for
greater legibility.

The modem checks the telephone line again after it has
dialed the digits in the dial string. If a dial tone is found
immediately, the dialed digits are not recorded and the
modem posts this to the status characters, hangs up,
and sends the "UNSUCCESSFUL" message to the
host. If the line is busy, this is also posted to the status
characters and the modem hangs up and returns the
"BUSY" message to the host. If the line is ringing, the
modem begins counting the number of rings. If this
count exceeds the value of **COUNT** + 3, the modem
hangs up and takes the same actions as above. If no
answer tone is detected within 45 seconds after
completion of dialing, the modem hangs up and takes
the same actions as above.

Finally, if the call is answered, the modem either looks
for a carrier and begins the handshake sequence (if it is
in the data or modem state) or remains silent (if it is in
the voice state). In the voice state, the modem looks
for busy, and transmits a response (1) when the line is

found not busy, or (2) if it is found busy, in which case it also hangs up and possibly dials again. In voice state, ringback count and abort time out are not used.

If, during the process of establishing the data link after dialing, the modem receives any character from the host or - DTR goes 'inactive', the modem aborts the call with a clean disconnect, clears the balance of the command line, and sends an "OK" message. Also, the modem does not carry out the instruction sent from the host, even if the character is a command character.

In the data state, the modem transmits a message after successful completion of the handshake, or after it has determined that the handshake failed. An unsuccessful handshake is evidenced by absence of carrier at the proper time.

If a carrier drops out for more than two seconds in the data state, the modem begins a timeout lasting approximately 17 seconds. At the end of the timeout, the modem hangs up. Any command received during the 17 seconds resets the timer.

The modem does not automatically reestablish the connection if the carrier returns after this dropout interval. This allows the user or software to intercede by commanding the modem to go into the voice state, to hang up immediately, or to take some other action. The data connection may also be terminated by a **HANGUP** command while carriers are still present. A voice connection is always terminated by a **HANGUP** command.

Default State

Upon power up or after an **INITIALIZE** command is given, the modem returns to the default state as follows:

- A verification of hardware integrity is performed and the result posted to the status characters.
- The remaining status characters cleared.
- The modem is placed in the data state awaiting a dialing request or incoming ring.
- The Transparent mode is cleared.
- All loopback modes are cleared.
- The wait mode is cleared.
- The command character is set to Control-N.
- The data format is set to 7 data bits, even parity, and one stop bit.
- Ringcount is set to 0 (auto answer 'disabled')
- The modem is set to on-hook.
- The message mode is set to verbose.

Programming Examples

Call progress reporting is done in two modes, verbose messages or terse messages as defined in **LONG RESPONSE** command to the Serial In (SIN) pin of the 8250A. The power-up default is the verbose messages mode, and these messages from the modem are in capital letters. Also, in call progress reporting, the status area is updated.

The following examples are representative of real-time call-progress reporting. The italicized entries are user entries.

Example 1:

OK *[cc]Dial 555-1234 [CR]*
NO DIAL TONE
OK

In this example, no dial tone is detected within the time out period.

Example 2:
OK
[cc]Dial 555-1234 [CR]

5551234.....................
RING ....CONNECTED OK

In this example, a modem answer tone is detected.

Example 3:
OK
[cc]Dial 1(301)555-1234 [CR]
13015551234..... BUSY
OK

In this example, busy is detected.

Example 4:
    OK
    [cc]Dial 555-1234 [CR]
    5551234........
    RING..........................
    RING.............................
    RING....................NO ANSWER
    OK

    In this example, ring count is exceeded
    before ringing stops.

Example 5:
    OK
    [cc]Dial 555-1234 [CR]
    5551234.........
    RING..
    ....
    ..........................UNSUCCESSFUL
    OK

    In this example, a failed-call time-out occurred because an
    answer tone was not detected within the allotted time.

Example 6:
OK
[cc]Dial 99P555-1234 [CR]
99..
...............NO DIAL TONE
OK

In this example, the second dial-tone is not detected within the time out period.

Example 7:
OK
[cc]Dial 99P421-7229 [CR]
99.............BUSY
OK

In this example, busy is detected within the time-out period.

Example 8:
  OK
  [cc]Dial 99WW555-1234 [CR]
  99...
  ....
  ....
  ....
  4217229....
  RING.....................CONNECTED   OK

In this example, the access code is dialed and two dead waits are performed. Then, the second number is dialed and a modem answers.

Example 9:
  OK
  [cc]Dial 555-1234, Retry [CR]
  5551234....................BUSY
  5551234.................BUSY
  5551234..............CONNECTED   OK

In this example, the modem dials a number with auto redial.
The first two times, the number is busy.
The third time, a modem answers.

Modes of Operation

The different modes of operation are selected by programming the 8250A Asynchronous Communication Element. This is done by selecting the I/O address (hex 3F8 to 3FF) and writing data out to the card.

The 8250A is externally programmed to provide asynchronous, ASCII, 10 bit character length including start, stop, and parity on the serial-output pin (SOUT, pin 11). The data rate is 110 or 300 bits-per-second. The commands can be either upper-case or lower-case characters. See the command, **Format [n]**, earlier in this section for additional information.

For further information refer to "Bibliography."

Hex Address	Register Selected	Input/ Output	Mode 1	Mode 2	Notes
3F8	Transmit Buffer	Write	XX	XX	*
3F8	Receive Buffer	Read	XX	XX	*
3F8	Divisor Latch LSB	Write	75	F9	**
3F9	Divisor Latch MSB	Write	01	03	**
3F9	Interrupt Enable	Write	0F	0F	*
3FA	Interrupt Identification	Read	XX	XX	
3FB	Line Control	Write	1A	03	
3FC	Modem Control	Write	01	01	
3FD	Line Status	Read	XX	XX	
3FE	Modem Status	Read	XX	XX	
3FF	Scratch Pad	Write	XX	XX	

*DLAB = 0 (Bit 7 in line control Register).
**DLAB = 1 (Bit 7 in line control Register).
Mode 1 - 300 BPS - 7 Data Bits, 1 Stop Bit, Even Parity.
Mode 2 - 110 BPS - 8 Data Bits, 1 Stop Bit, No Parity.

8250A Register Description

Interrupts

One interrupt line is provided to the system. This interrupt is IRQ4 and is 'positive active.' The interrupt enable register must be properly programmed to allow interrupts.

Data Format

The data format is as follows:

Transmitter Output and Receiver Input Data Format

Data bit 0 is the first bit to be transmitted or received. The attachment automatically inserts the start bit, the correct parity-bit if programmed to do so, and the stop bit.

Interfaces

8250A to Modem Interface

The following describes the 8250A to 103 modem interface:

Signal   **Description**

INS8250A –OUT 1	The 'inactive' state enables entry into the transparent mode using the **UNLISTEN** command. The 'active' state 'disables' the transparent mode.
–OUT 2	No connection.
SOUT	Serial output from the 8250A.
–RTS	-Request To Send
	No connection.
–DTR	-Data Terminal Ready
	1. To accept a command, -DTR must be 'active.'
	2. If -DTR goes 'inactive', the modem does a clean disconnect sequence.
	3. In auto-answer mode, the modem does not go off-hook, but RI on the 8250A will be toggled if the ringing signal is present.
SIN	Serial input to the 8250A.
–RI	The ring indicator pulses with an incoming ring voltage.
–CTS	-Clear To Send

System Options

This line is wired 'active' on the modem adapter.

-DSR   -Data Set Ready

This line is wired 'active' on the modem adapter.

-RLSD   -Received Line Signal Detect

When 'low', this line indicates the data carrier has been detected. If the carrier drops out for longer than two seconds, this line goes 'inactive' and starts the timeout timer.

-RESET, +XRESET   These lines are used to reset or initialize the modem logic upon power-up. These lines are synchronized to the falling edge of the clock. Its duration upon power up is 26.5 ms -RESET is 'active low'. +XRESET is 'active high.'

A0,A1,A2,A9   Address bits 0 to 3 and bit 9. These bits are used with -MODEM CS to select a register on the modem card.

-MODEM CS   This line is 'active' for
DISKETTE CS   addresses hex 0F0 thru 0FF and 3F8 thru 3FF. It is gated with A9 in the 8250A to exclusively decode hex 3F8 thru 3FF.

D0 thru D7	Data bits 0 thru 7:
	These eight lines form a bus through which all data is transferred. Bit 0 is the least significant bit (LSB).
–IOR	The content of the register addresses by line A0 thru A2 is gated onto lines D0 thru D7 when this line is 'active', -MODEM CS is 'active', and A9 is 'high.'
–IOW	The content of lines D0 thru S7 is stored in the register addressed by A0 thru A2 at the leading edge of this signal when -MODEM CS is 'active', and A9 is 'high.'
BAUDCLK	This is a 1.7895 MHz clock signal used to drive the Baud Rate Generator.
+MODEM INTR	This line is connected to the +IQRP4 on the 8259A Interrupt Controller.
–CARD INSTALL	This line indicates to the system BIOS that an IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem is installed in the feature location.

Telephone Company Interface

The telephone company interface is a 600 Ohm, balanced, two-wire telephone-interface design that meets the FCC Part 68 rules. A 2.13 meter (7 foot) modular telephone cord is included with the modem adapter.

Line-status detection of dial tone, ringback tone, busy, and incoming ring is provided along with automated routines which react to detected conditions.

The modem card has one USOC RJ11 jack.

System I/O Channel

The following shows pin assignments for the system board modem connector. Pins A1 to A15 are on the component side.

Telephone Cable
Connector

1
6

Grounding Pin
Connector

System Board
Connector

A15   A1

Opposite Side

B15   B1

Internal Modem Connectors

	Signal Name	Pin Number	
	UNUSED	1	
	UNUSED	2	
Telephone Cable	RING	3	Modem
	TIP	4	
	UNUSED	5	
	UNUSED	6	

Connector Specifications (Part 1 of 2)

Internal Modem 3-75

Signal Name	Internal Modem	Signal Name
+5 Vdc ←	B01 A01	← D7
-MODEM CS/DISKETTE CS ←		← D6
A9 ←		← D5
-RESET ←		← GND
GND ──	B05 A05	← D4
A2 ←		← D3
A1 ←		← D2
A0 ←		── GND
GND ──		← D1
-IOR ←	B10 A10	← D0
-IOW ←		→ MODEM INTERRUPT
GND ──		── GND
-CARD INSTALL →		← BAUDCLK
+XRESET ←		← +5 Vdc
+5 Vdc ←	B15 A15	← +12 Vdc

All levels are LSTLL compatible.

Connector Specifications (Part 2 of 2)

3-76 Internal Modem

IBM PC*jr* Attachable Joystick

The Attachable Joystick is an input device intended to provide the user with two-dimensional positioning-control. Two pushbutton switches on the joystick give the user additional input capability.

Hardware Description

Two modes of operation of the joystick are available. In the "Spring Return" mode the control stick returns to the center position when released. The "Free Floating" mode allows smooth, force free operation with the control stick remaining in position when released. Selection of these modes can be made for each axis independently. Two controls are provided for individual adjustment to the electrical center of each axis.

Functional Description

Positional information is derived from two potentiometers Rx and Ry. The resistance of these potentiometers will vary from 0 to 100K ohms nominally as the position of the control stick moves from left to right (X-axis) and from top to bottom (Y-axis). A linear taper is used on the potentiometers so that a linear relationship exists between angular displacement of the stick and the resulting resistance. Electrical centering for each axis is accomplished with the controls by mechanically rotating the body of the potentiometer. Adjustment in this manner has the effect of varying the minimum and maximum resistance relative to the extremes of the angular displacement. The two pushbuttons provided on the joystick are single-pole, single-throw, normally-open pushbuttons.

The following are the logic diagram and specifications for the two Attachable Joystick connectors.

A4 - +5 V

B2 - Rx

X - Position
Potentiometer

A3 - Ry

Y - Position
Potentiometer

B 4 - S1

Switch 1

B3 - S2

Switch 2

A2 - GND

Attachable Joystick Logic Diagram

Attachable Joystick Connector

	Signal Name	Pin Number	
	Keyplug	A01	
	LOGIC GND	A02	
	Y-AXIS RESISTANCE	A03	
Joystick	+5 V	A04	System Board
	SHIELD GND	B01	
	X-AXIS RESISTANCE	B02	
	SWITCH	B03	
	SWITCH	B04	

Connector Specifications

Attachable Joystick 3-79

Notes:

IBM Color Display

The IBM Color Display is a Red/Green/Blue/Intensity (RGBI)-Direct-Drive display, that is independently housed and powered.

Hardware Description

The IBM Color Display's signal cable is approximately 1.5 meters (5 feet) in length. This signal cable must be attached to the IBM PC*jr* with the IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for the IBM Color Display which provides a direct-drive connection from the IBM PC*jr*

A second cable provides ac power to the display from a standard wall outlet. The display has its own power control and indicator. The display will accept either 120-volt 60-Hz power or 220-volt 50-Hz power. The power supply in the display automatically switches to match the applied power.

The display has a 340 mm (13 in.) CRT. The CRT and analog circuits are packaged in an enclosure so the display may be placed separately from the system unit. Front panel controls and indicators include: Power-On control, Power-On indicator, Brightness and Contrast controls. Two additional rear-panel controls are the Vertical Hold and Vertical-Size controls.

Operating Characteristics

Screen

- High contrast (black) screen.
- Displays up to 16 colors.
- Characters defined in an 8-high by 8-wide matrix.

Video Signal

- Maximum video bandwidth of 14 MHz.
- Red, green, and blue video-signals, vertical sync, horizontial sync, and intensity are all independent. All input signals are TTL compatible.

Vertical Drive

- Screen refreshed at 60 Hz with 200 vertical lines of resolution.

Horizontal Drive

- The horizontal drive frequency is 15.75 kHz.

Color Direct-
Drive 9-Pin
D-Shell
Connector

Color-Display Connector

IBM Color Display	Signal Name		Pin	9-Pin Connector
	Ground		1	
	Ground		2	
	Red		3	
	Green		4	
	Blue		5	
	Intensity		6	
	Not Used		7	
	Horizontal Drive		8	
	Vertical Drive		9	

Connector Specifications

Notes:

IBM Connector for Television

The Connector for Television is a sealed Radio
Frequency (RF) Modulator that imposes the composite
video and audio signals onto the RF carrier-wave
supplied by the modulator. The connector unit has two
two-position switches. One switch selects between the
computer's signal or the standard-TV signal from an
antenna as the input to the TV. The other switch
selects either channel 3's or channel 4's carrier-wave
frequency for input to the TV. This allows users to
select the weaker TV channel for their area reducing
the amount of interference with the computer's input
signal. Signal input from the computer is provided by a
five-conductor cable with a six-pin IBM PC*jr*-dedicated
connector. Two spade-lug terminals provide for
TV-antenna-cable connection. One twin-lead flat-type
TV-cable provides input to the TV.

The following is the connector specifications for the
IBM Connector for Television.

Connector for TV Connector

System Unit
Connector

+12 Volts — A1   B1 — Logic GND

No Pin — A2   B2 — Audio

Video — A3   B3 — Shield GND

Connector Specifications

IBM PC*jr* Keyboard Cord

The IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard can be attached to the PC*jr* using the optional Keyboard Cord. The Keyboard Cord is a 1.8 meter (6 foot), two twisted-pair cable, with a six-position RJ11-type connector for the keyboard and a six-position Berg-type connector for the system unit.

The Keyboard Cord option should be used in an environment that is unfavorable for use of the infra-red link. For instance, brightly lit high-intensity light areas, or multiple IBM PC*jr* areas where keyboards can conflict with one another.

Insertion of the cord's keyboard connector into the keyboard actuates switches internal to the keyboard. The switches 'deactivate' the IR transmitter by removing the power supplied by the keyboard's batteries. The system unit's infra-red (IR) receiver circuit is 'disabled' by the -CABLE CONNECT signal, supplied when the system-unit end of the cord is connected.

The following figures show the connector specifications for the Keyboard Cord.

Keyboard Cord Connectors

	Signal Name	Pin Number	
		A01	Keyplug
2 — -CBL KEYBD DATA		A02	
5 ◄— +5 V		A03	System
Keyboard		B01	Board
	-CABLE CONNECT	B02	
3 — LOGIC GND		B03	

Connector Specifications

3-88 Keyboard Cord

IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for Serial Devices

The Adapter Cable for Serial Devices is a 72 mm (3-inch) long, nine-conductor cable terminated with a 16-position Berg-type connector and a 25-pin "D"-shell connector. This cable allows serial devices that terminate with a standard EIA-RS232C 25-pin "D"-shell connector to be connected to the IBM PC*jr*.

The following figures show the connector specifications for the Adapter Cable for Serial Devices.

25-Pin D-Shell Connector

Adapter Cable for Serial Devices

```
System                                    25-Pin D-Shell
Connector        Cable                     Connector

   A1 ──────┤ Not Used
   A2 ──────┤ DATA TERMINAL READY ├────── 20
   A3 ──────┤ REQUEST TO SEND     ├────── 4
   A4 ──────┤ TRANSMIT DATA       ├────── 2
   A5 ──────┤ CARRIER DETECT      ├────── 8
   A6 ──────┤ DATA SET READY      ├────── 6
   A7 ──────┤ CLEAR TO SEND       ├────── 5
   A8 ──────┤ RECEIVE DATA        ├────── 3
   B1 ──────┤ SHIELD GND          ├────── 1
   B2 ──────┤ SIGNAL GND          ├────── 7
B3 - B8 ─────┤ Not Used
```

Connector Specifications

3-90 Serial Devices Cable

IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for Cassette

This option is an adapter cable that allows connection of a cassette recorder to the IBM PC*jr* cassette connector.

The cassette recorder to be connected must use the following type connectors:

- Belden Style-51 miniture phone-plug (Auxiliary)
- Belden Style-51 miniture phone-plug (Earphone)
- Belden Style-56 subminiture phone-plug (Remote)

The following figures show the connector specifications for the Adapter Cable for Cassette.

Adapter Cable for Cassette Connectors

```
GND ————————— A1    B1 ————————— Keyplug
EARPHONE ———— A2    B2 ————————— AUX.
MIC ——————————— A3    B3 ————————— REMOTE GND
REMOTE ———————— A4    B4 ————————— SHIELD
```

Connector Specifications (System End)
(Part 1 of 2)

Cassette Connector		System Connector Pin
Aux. (Red)	Signal	B2
	Gnd	A1
Ear (Black)	Signal	A2
	Gnd	A1
Remote (Gray)	Signal	A4
	Gnd	B3

Connector Specifications (Recorder End)
(Part 2 of 2)

IBM PCjr Adapter Cable for the IBM Color Display

This adapter cable allows the IBM Color Display to be connected to the IBM PCjr.

The following figures show the connector specifications for the adapter cable for the IBM Color Display.

Color Direct-
Drive 9-Pin
D-Shell
Connector

Adapter Cable for IBM Color Display Connectors

System Connector	Cable	9-Pin Color Display Connector
A1	Not Used	
A2	Not Used	
A3	Not Used	
A4	Red	5
A5	Green	3
A6	Blue	6
A7	Intensity	4
A8	Not Used	
A9	Not Used	
B1	Vertical	9
B2	Not Used	
B3	Horizontal	8
B4	Not Used	
B5	Ground	2
B6	Not Used	
B7	Not Used	
B8	Not Used	
B9	Ground	1

Connector Specifications

3-94 Color Display Connector

IBM PC*jr* Parallel Printer Attachment

The Parallel Printer Attachment is provided to attach various I/O devices that accept eight bits of parallel data at standard TTL-logic levels. The card measures 76mm (3 inches) high by 244mm (9.6 inches) long.

The Parallel Printer Attachment attaches as a feature to the right-hand side of the system unit. It connects to the 60-pin Input/Output (I/O) connector where power and system-input signals are received. A parallel printer attaches to the Parallel Printer Attachment through a 25-pin female "D"-shell connector located on the rear edge of the attachment, where a cable and shield can be attached. The logic design is compatible with the IBM Personal Computer printer adapter.

The attachment card has 12 TTL buffer-output points which are latched and can be 'written' and 'read' under program control using the processor 'IN' or 'Out' instructions. The attachment card also has five steady-state input-points that may be 'read' using the processors' 'IN' instructions.

In addition, one input can also be used to create a processor interrupt. This interrupt can be 'enabled' and 'disabled' under program control. 'Reset' from the power-on circuit is also **ORed** with a program-output point allowing a device to receive a power-on 'reset' when the processor is 'reset.'

When the Parallel Printer Attachment is used to attach a printer, data or printer commands are loaded into an 8-bit latched output-port, then the strobe line is 'activated' to 'write' data to the printer. The program can then 'read' the input ports for printer

status indicating when the next character can be written or it may use the interrupt line to indicate **not busy** to the software.

The output ports can also be 'read' at the card's interface for diagnostic-loop functions. This allows fault-isolation determination between the printer attachment and the attached printer.

Description

During a system I/O 'read' or 'write', with the proper address selection, data may be 'written' to or 'read' from the Parallel Printer Attachment. The data and Control Registers must be manipulated by the system software to be consistent with the attaching hardware. The following is a block diagram of the Parallel Printer Attachment card.

3

Bus Buffer

Data Latch

8

Enable

CLK

8

8

8

Trans-
ceiver

ADRS

DIR

READ
DATA

WRITE DATA

XIO/-M

WRITE CONTROL

READ STATUS

READ
CONTROL

Command
Decoder

Bus
Buffers

Control
Latch

Drivers

CLK

Enable

5

5

Enable

CLR

SLCT IN
STROBE
AUTO
FD XT
INIT

ERROR
SLCT
PE
ACK
BUSY

Reset

System Options

Parallel Printer Interface Block Diagram

System Interface

The Parallel Printer Attachment reserves addresses hex 378, through hex 37F. **IO/-M** must also be 'active high' when addressing the Parallel Printer Attachment.

A card selected signal (**-CARD SLCTD**) is provided to the system I/O when the above addresses are used, and the **IO/-M** bit is 'active high.'

Specific commands are decoded from A0, A1, RD, and WR per the following table. Input A2 is not used.

Addresses (hex)	Operation	Comments
378	'Read'	Read Data Latch
379	'Read'	Read Status
37A	'Read'	Read Control Latch
37B	'Read'	Unused
37B	'Write'	Write Data Latch
379	'Write'	Unused
37A	'Write'	Write Control Latch
37B	'Write'	Unused

All data transfers take place over the 8-bit I/O data-bus with timing provided by the 8088 microprocessor. (IOR, IOW, IO/-M)

An interrupt is provided to the system through the I/O connector of the Parallel Printer Attachment. This

interrupt is 'positive active', Interrupt Level 7 (+IRQ7). Bit 4 of the control latch must be 'written high' to allow interrupts. When the -ACKnowledge signal ('low active' signal goes 'high') the I/O device causes a level 7 interrupt. See the following figure.

+IQR7/-ACK Logic Diagram

Programming Considerations

The Parallel Printer Attachment can serve as a general purpose peripherial driver. This section describes a configuration which supports attachment to the IBM Graphics Printer.

Command Definition

For the parallel-printer application, the following bit definitions apply.

Data Latch - Address hex 378

A 'write' to this address causes data to be latched onto the printer data bits. A 'read' from this address presents the contents of the data latch to the processor.

MSB	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	LSB
	Data	Data	Data	Data	Data	Data	Data	Data	
	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	

Data Latch Format

Printer Status - Address hex 379, hex 7D, Input Only

This port provides real-time feedback and status to the
system from the printer.

Bit	Signal Name	Description
MSB 7	–BUSY	When this signal is at a low level, the printer is busy and cannot accept data. It can become low during data entry, off-line printing, head translation, or error state.
6	–ACK	When port B is read, this bit will represent the current state of the printer ACK signal. A low level means that a character has been received and the printer is ready to accept another. Normally, this signal will be low for approximately 5 microseconds before BUSY goes away.
5	–PE	A low level indicates that the printer has detected an end of form.
4	+SLCT	A high level indicates that the printer is selected.
3	–ERROR	A low level indicates that the printer has encounted an error condition.
2 Through 0 LSB		Unused.

Printer Status

Printer Control – Address hex 37A

This port contains printer control signals. A 'write' latches control bits to the printer; a 'read' presents the contents of the latches to the processor. See the following timing diagram:

Parallel Interface Timing Diagram

The following figure describes the printer control signals.

Bit	Signal Name	Description
MSB 7 Through 5		Unused.
4	+INTERRUPT ENABLE	A high level in this bit position will allow an interrupt to occur when –ACK goes high.
3	SLCT IN	A low level in this bit position selects the printer.
2	INIT	A low level will initialize the printer (50 microseconds minimum).
1	AUTO FD XT	A low level will cause the printer to line feed anytime a line is printed.
LSB 0	STROBE	A 5 microsecond (minimum) low active pulse clocks data into the printer. Valid data must be present for 5 microseconds (minimum) before and after the STROBE pulse.

Printer Control Signal

The following are the connector specifications for the IBM PC*jr* Parallel Printer Attachment.

Parallel Printer Attachment Connectors

25-Pin "D"-Shell Connector				
Pin	**Signal**	**I_{OL} Max**	**I_{OH} Max**	**Source**
1	–STROBE	14 ma	–.6 ma	Attachment Card
2 Through 9	DATA BIT 0 Through DATA BIT 7	24 ma	–2.6 ma	Attachment Card
10	–ACK	74LS Input	74LS Input	Printer
11	BUSY	74LS Input	74LS Input	Printer
12	PE	74LS Input	74LS Input	Printer
13	SLCT	74LS Input	74LS Input	Printer
14	–AUTO FD XT	14 ma	.6 ma	Attachment Card
15	–ERROR	74LS Input	74LS Input	Printer
16	–INIT PRINTER	14 ma	.6 ma	Printer
17	–SELECT INPUT	14 ma	.6 ma	Attachment Card
18 Through 25	GND	N/A	N/A	

Connector Specifications (Part 1 of 2)

3-104 Parallel Printer Attachment

**Parallel Printer
Attachment to I/O**

Signal Name		Expansion Connector		Signal Name
D1	B1		A1	D0
D2				+12 Vdc
D4				D3
GND				D5
D7	B5		A5	D6
A0				+5 Vdc
A2				A1
GND				A3
A5				A4
A6	B10		A10	GND
A8				A7
-DACK0				A9
A11				A10
A12				DRQ0
GND	B15		A15	A13
A15				A14
GND				A16
A17				GND
A19				A18
GND	B20		A20	-IOR
-MEMR				-IOW
-MEMW				GND
ALE				HDLA
GND				CLK
IO/-M	B25		A25	RESET
READY				+5 Vdc
-CARD SLCTD				-HRQ
GND				IRQ1
IRQ7				IRQ2
AUDIO IN	B30		A30	Reserved

Connector Specifications (Part 2 of 2)

Notes:

IBM Graphics Printer

The IBM Graphics Printer is a self-powered, stand-alone, tabletop unit which attaches to the system unit through a 6-foot parallel-signal cable, and obtains 120 Vac power from a standard wall outlet through a seperate cable. It is an 80 CPS (characters per second), bidirectional, wire-matrix device that can print in a compressed mode of 132 characters per line, in a standard mode of 80 characters per line, in a double width-compressed mode of 66 characters per line, and in a double width mode of 40 characters per line. It can also print double-size and double-strike characters. It prints the standard ASCII, 96-character, uppercase and lowercase character sets and also has a set of 64 special block characters. It has an extended character set for international languages, subscript, superscript, an underline mode, and programmable graphics. The Graphics printer accepts commands that set the line-feed control desired for the application.

It attaches to the system unit through the IBM PC*jr* Parallel Printer Attachment. The cable is a 25-conducter, shielded cable with a 25-pin "D"-shell connector at the system unit end, and a 36-pin connector at the printer end.

Printer Specifications

Print Method: Serial-impact dot matrix

Print Speed: 80 CPS

Print Direction: Bidirectional with logic seeking

Number of Pins in Head: 9

Line Spacing: 1/16 inch (4.23 mm) or programmable

Matrix Characteristics: 9 by 9

Character Set: Full 96-character ASCII with descenders plus 9 international characters/symbols

Graphic Characters: See "Additional Printer Specifications"

Printing Sizes:

Normal	10 characters-per-inch with a maximum of 80 characters-per-line
Double Width	5 characters-per-inch with a maximum of 40 characters per line
Compressed	16.5 characters-per-inch with a maximum of 132 characters per line
Double Width-Compressed	
	8.25 characters-per-inch with a maximum of 66 characters per line
Subscript	10 characters-per-inch with a maximum of 80 characters per line
Superscript	10 characters-per-inch with a maximum of 80 characters per line

Media Handling: Adjustable sprocket-pin-feed with 4-inch (101.6 mm) to 10-inch (254 mm) width paper, one original plus two carbon copies (total thickness not to exceed 0.012 inch (0.3 mm)), minimum paper thickness of 0.0025 inch (0.064 mm)

Interface: Parallel 8-bit data and control lines

Inked Ribbon: Black, cartridge type with a life expectancy of 3 million characters

Environmental Conditions: Operating temperature is 5 to 35 degrees centigrade (41 to 95 degrees Fahrenheit), operating humidity is 10 to 80% non-condensing

Power Requirements: 120 Vac, 60 Hz, 1 A maximum with a power consumption of 100 VA maximum

Physical Characteristics:

Height	107 mm (4.2 inches)
Width	374 mm (14.7 inches
Depth	305 mm (12 inches)
Weight	5.5 kg (12 pounds)

Additional Printer Specifications

Printing Characteristics

Extra Character Set

Set 1	Additional ASCII numbers 160 to 175 contain European characters. Numbers 176 to 223 contain graphic characters. Numbers 224 to 239 contain selected Greek-characters. Numbers 240 to 255 contain math and extra symbols.
Set 2	The differences in Set 2 are ASCII numbers 3,4,5,6, and 21. ASCII numbers 128 to 175 contain European characters.
Graphics	There are 20 block characters and programmable graphics.

DIP Switch Settings

There are two Dual-Inline-Package (DIP) switches on the control circuit-board. In order to satisfy the user's specific requirements, desired control modes are selected by the DIP switches. The functions of these switches and their preset conditions at the time of shipment are shown in the following figures.

DIP Switch 2   DIP Switch 1

Location of DIP Switches

Switch Number	Function	On	Off	Factory Position
1-1	Not Applicable	—	—	On
1-2	CR	Print Only	Print and Line Feed	On
1-3	Buffer Full	Print Only	Print and Line Feed	Off
1-4	Cancel Code	Invalid	Valid	Off
1-5	Not Applicable	—	—	On
1-6	Error Buzzer	Sound	No Sound	On
1-7	Character Generator	Set 2	Set 1	Off
1-8	SLCT IN Signal	Fixed Internally	Not Fixed Internally	On

Functions and Conditions of DIP Switch 1

Switch Number	Function	On	Off	Factory Position
2-1	Form Length	12 Inches	11 Inches	Off
2-2	Line Spacing	1/8 Inch	1/6 Inch	Off
2-3	Auto Feed XT Signal	Fixed Internally	Not Fixed Internally	Off
2-4	1 Inch Skip Over Perforation	Valid	Invalid	Off

Functions and Conditions of DIP Switch 2

Parallel Interface Description

Specifications

Data Transfer Rate	1000 cycles-per-second (cps)-(maximum)
Synchronization	By externally-supplied STROBE pulses
Signal Exchange	-ACKNLG or BUSY signals
Logic level	Input data and all interface-control signals are compatible with the Transistor-Transistor Logic (TTL) level.
Connector	Plug 57-30360 (Amphenol)

Connector-pin assignments and descriptions of respective interface-signals are provided in the following figures.

Data Transfer Sequence

The following figure shows the Parallel Interface Timing.

BUSY

‑ ACKNLG

0.5 μsec (Minimum)

Approximately
5 μs

DATA

‑ STROBE

Parallel Interface Timing Diagram

Interface Signals

–Strobe   STROBE pulse to read data in. Pulse width must be more than 0.5 μs at the receiving terminal. The signal is normally 'high'; however read-in of data is performed at the 'Low' level of this signal.

Data 1–8   These signals are the first to eight bits of parallel data. Each signal is at a 'high' level when data is a logical 1 and 'low' when data is a logical 0.

–ACKNLG   Approximately 0.5 μs pulse (low) indicates that data has been received and the printer is ready to accept data.

BUSY   A 'high' signal indicates that the printer cannot receive data. The signal is 'high' in the following cases:
- During data entry

	• During printing operation • In the "off-line" state • During printer-error status
PE	A 'high' signal indicates that the printer is out of paper.
SLCT	This signal indicates that the printer is in the selected state.
Auto Feed XT	When this signal is 'low' paper is fed one line after printing. This signal level can be fixed 'low' by DIP switch pin 2-3.
INT	When this signal is 'low' the printer controller is reset to its initial state and the print buffer is cleared. This signal is normally 'high' and its pulse width must be more than 50 μs at the receiving terminal.
Error	This signal is 'low' when the printer is in the "Paper End," "Off Line," and "Error" state.
-SLCTIN	Data entry to the printer is possible only when this signal is 'low'. This signal can be fixed 'low' by DIP switch 1-8.

Notes:

1. All interface conditions are based on TTL level. Both the rise and fall times of each signal must be less than 0.2 μs.

2. Data transfer must not be carried out by ignoring the -ACKNLG or BUSY signal. Data transfer can only occur after confirming the -ACKNLG signal or when the BUSY signal is 'low'.

The following figure shows the pin assignment and direction of each signal.

Signal	Signal Pin #	Return Pin #	Direction
–STROBE	1	19	In
DATA 1	2	20	In
DATA 2	3	21	In
DATA 3	4	22	In
DATA 4	5	23	In
DATA 5	6	24	In
DATA 6	7	25	In
DATA 7	8	26	In
DATA 8	9	27	In
–ACKNLG	10	28	Out
BUSY	11	29	Out
PE	12	30	Out
SLCT	13	—	Out
AUTO FEED XT	14	—	In
NC	15	—	—
OV	16	—	—
CHASSIS GND	17	—	—
NC	18	—	—
GND	19-30	—	—
INT	31	—	In
ERROR	32	—	Out
GND	33	—	—
NC	34	—	—
	35	—	—
–SLCT IN	36	—	In

Pin Assignments

Printer Modes

The IBM Graphics Printer can use any of the combinations listed in the following table and the print mode can be changed at any place within the line.

Modes can be selected and combined if they are in the same vertical column.

Printer Modes									
Normal	X	X	X						
Compressed				X	X	X			
Emphasized							X	X	X
Double Strike	X			X			X		
Subscript		X			X			X	
Superscript			X			X			X
Double Width	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Underline	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Printer Modes

Printer Control Codes

On the following pages are complete codes for printer characters, controls, and graphics. You may want to keep them handy for future reference. The printer codes are listed in ASCII-decimal numeric-order (from NUL which is 0 to DEL, which is 127). The examples given in the Printer-Function descriptions are written in the BASIC language. The "input" description is given when more information is needed for programming considerations.

ASCII decimal values for the printer control codes can be found under "Printer Character Sets."

The Descriptions that follow assume that the printer DIP switches have not been changed from their factory settings.

Printer code **Printer Function**
NUL   Null:
                 Used with ESC B and ESC D as a list terminator. NUL is also used with other printer.

control codes to select options (for example, ESC S).
Example:
LPRINT CHR$ (0);

BEL   Bell:
Sounds the printer buzzer for 1 second.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(7);

HT   Horizontal Tab:
Tabs to the next horizontal tab stop. Tab
stops are set with ESC D. Tab stops are set
every 8 columns when the printer is powered
on.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(9);

LF   Line Feed:
Spaces the paper up one line. Line spacing
is 1/16-inch unless reset by ESC A, ESC 0,
ESC 1, ESC 2, or ESC 3.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(10);

FF   Form Feed:
Advances the paper to the top of the next page.

> **Note:** The location of the paper, when the
> printer is powered on, determines the top of
> the page. The next top of page is 11 inches
> from that position. ESC C can be used to
> change the page length.

Example:
LPRINT CHR$(12);

CR   Carriage Return:
Ends the line that the printer is on and
prints the data remaining in the printer
buffer. (No Line Feed operation takes
place.)

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Note: IBM Personal Computer BASIC adds a Line Feed unless 128 is added [for example CHR$(141)].

Example:
LPRINT CHR$(13);

SO   Shift Out (Double Width):
Changes the printer to the Double-Width print-mode.

Note: A Carriage Return, Line Feed or DC4 cancels Double-Width print-mode.

Example:
LPRINT CHR$(14);

SI   Shift In (Compressed):
Changes the printer to the Compressed-Character print-mode. Example:
LPRINT CHR$(15);

DC2   Device Control 1 (Compressed Off):
Stops printing in the Compressed print-mode.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(18);

DC4   Device Control 4 (Double Width Off):
Stops printing in the Double-Width print-mode.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(20);

CAN   Cancel:
Clears the printer buffer. Control codes, except SO, remain in effect.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(24);

ESC   Escape:
Lets the printer know that the next data sent is a printer command.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);

ESC –   Escape Minus (Underline)

Format: ESC -;n;
ESC - followed by a 1, prints all of the following data with an underline.
ESC - followed by a 0 (zero), cancels the Underline print-mode.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(45);CHR$(1);

ESC 0   Escape Zero (1/8-Inch Line Feeding)
Changes paper feeding to 1/8-inch.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(48);

ESC 1   Escape One (7/72-Inch Line Feeding)
Changes paper feeding to 7/72-inch.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(49);

ESC 2   Escape Two (Starts Variable Line-Feeding)
ESC 2 is an execution command for ESC A. If no ESC A command has been given, line feeding returns to 1/6-inch.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(50);

ESC 3   Escape Three (Variable Line-Feeding)
Format: ESC 3;n;
Changes the paper feeding to n/216-inch. The example that follows sets the paper feeding to 54/216 (1/4)-inch. The value of n must be between 1 and 255.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(51);CHR$(54);

ESC 6   Escape Six (Select Character Set 2)
Selects Character Set 2. (See "Printer Character set 2")
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(54);

ESC 7   Escape Seven (Select Character Set 1)

	Selects character set 1. (See "Printer Character Set 1") Character set 1 is selected when the printer is powered on or reset. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(55);
ESC 8	Escape Eight (Ignore Paper End) Allows the printer to print to the end of the paper. The printer ignores the Paper End switch. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(56);
ESC 9	Escape Nine (Cancel Ignore Paper End) Cancels the Ignore Paper End command. ESC 9 is selected when the printer is powered on or reset. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(57);
ESC <	Escape Less Than (Home Head) The printer head returns to the left margin to print the line following ESC <. This occurs for one line only. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(60);
ESC A	Escape A (Sets Variable Line Feeding) Format: ESC A;n; Escape A sets the line-feed to n/72-inch. The example that follows tells the printer to set line feeding to 24/72-inch. ESC 2 must be sent to the printer before the line feeding changes. For example, ESC A;24 (text) ESC 2 (text). The text following ESC A;24 spaces at the previously set line-feed increments. The text following ESC 2 prints with new line-feed increments of 24/72-inch. Any increment between 1/72 and 85/72-inch may be used.

	Example:
	LPRINT
	CHR$(27);CHR$(65);CHR$(24);
	CHR$(27);CHR$(50);
ESC C	Escape C (Set Lines-per-Page)

Format: ESC C;n;
Sets the page length. The ESC C command must
have a value following it to specify the
length of page desired. (Maximum form length
for the printer is 127 lines.) The example
below sets the page length to 55 lines. The
printer defaults to 66 lines-per-page when
powered on or reset.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(67);CHR$(55);

Escape C (Set Inches-per-Page)
Format: ESC C;n;m;
Escape C sets the length of the page in
inches. This command requires a value of 0
(zero) for n, and a value between 1 and 22
for m.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(67);CHR$(0);CHR$(12);

ESC D   Escape D (Sets Horizontal Tab Stops)
Format: ESC D;n1;n2;...nk;NUL;
Sets the horizontal-tab stop-positions. The
example that follows shows the horizontal-tab
stop-positions set at printer column
positions of 10, 20, and 40. They are
followed by CHR$(0), the NUL code. They must
also be in ascending numeric order as shown.
Tab stops can be set between 1 and 80. When
in the Compressed-print mode, tab stops can
be set up to 132.
The Graphics Printer can have a maximum of 28
tab stops. The HT (CHR$(9)) is used to
execute a tab operation.
Example:

	LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(68);CHR$(10) ;CHR$(20);CHR$(40); CHR$(0);
ESC E	Escape E (Emphasized) Changes the printer to the Emphasized-print mode. The speed of the printer is reduced to half speed during the Emphasized-print mode. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(69);
ESC F	Escape F (Emphasized Off) Stops printing in the Emphasized-print mode. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(70);
ESC G	Escape G (Double Strike) Changes the printer to the Double-Strike print-mode. The paper is spaced 1/216 of an inch before the second pass of the print head. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(71);
ESC H	Escape H (Double Strike Off) Stops printing in the Double-Strike mode. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(72);
ESC J	Escape J (Sets Variable Line Feeding) Format: ESC J;n; When ESC J is sent to the printer, the paper feeds in increments of n/216 of an inch. The value of n must be between 1 and 255. The example that follows gives a line feed of 50/216-inch. ESC J is canceled after the line feed takes place. Example: LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(74);CHR$(50);
ESC K	Escape K (480 Bit-Image Graphics Mode) Format ESC K;n1;n2;v1;v2;...vk; Changes from the Text mode to the Bit-Image

Graphics mode. n1 and n2 are one byte, which specify the number of bit-image data bytes to be transferred. v1 through vk are the bytes of the bit-image data. The number of bit-image data bytes (k) is equal to n1 +256n2 and cannot exceed 480 bytes. At every horizontal position, each byte can print up to 8 vertical dots. Bit-image data may be mixed with text data on the same line.

Note: Assign values to n1 and n2 as follows: n1 represents values from 0 - 255. n2 represents values from 0 - 1 x 256.

MSB is most-significant bit and LSB is least -significant bit.

The following figures show the format.

MSB							LSB
2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0

MSB							LSB
2^{15}	2^{14}	2^{13}	2^{12}	2^{11}	2^{10}	2^9	2^8

Data sent to the printer.

Text (20 characters)	ESC	K	n=360	Bit-image data	Next data

In text mode, 20 characters in text mode correspond to 120 bit-image positions (20 x 6 = 120). The printable portion left in Bit-Image mode is 360 dot positions (480 - 120 = 360).

Data sent to the printer.

		n_1	n_2					n_1	n_2	
Data A	ESC K	n_1	n_2	Data B	Data C	ESC	K	n_1	n_2	Data D
Text data	Length of data			Bit-image data	Text data	Length of data				Bit-image data

|← 480 bit-image dot positions →|

Example: 1 'OPEN PRINTER IN RANDOM MODE
WITH LENGTH OF 255
2 OPEN "LPT1:"AS #1
3 WIDTH "LPT1:",255
4 PRINT #1,CHR$(13)+CHR$(10);
5 SLASH$=CHR$(1)+CHR$(02)
+CHR$(04)+CHR$(08)
6 SLASH$=SLASH$+CHR$(16)+CHR$(32)
+CHR&(64)+CHR(128)+CHR$(0)
7 GAP$=CHR$(0)+CHR$(0)+CHR$(0)
8 NDOTS=480
9 'ESC K N1 N2
10 PRINT #1,CHR$(27);"K";CHR$(NDOTS
MOD 256);CHR$ (FIX(NDOTS/256));
11 'SEND NDOTS NUMBER OF BIT
IMAGE BYTES
12 FOR I=1 TO NDOTS/12 'NUMBER
OF SLASHES TO
PRINT USING GRAPHICS
13 PRINT #1,SLASH$;GAP$;

```
14 NEXT I
15 CLOSE
16 END
```

This example gives you a row of slashes printed in the Bit-Image mode.

ESC L   Escape L (960-Bit-Image Graphics-Mode)

Format: ESC L;n1;n2;v1;v2;...vk;

Changes from the Text mode to the Bit-Image Graphics mode. The input is similar to ESC K. The 960 Bit-Image mode prints at half the speed of the 480 Bit-Image Graphics mode, but can produce a denser graphic image. The number of bytes of bit-image Data (k) is n1 +256n2 but cannot exceed 960. n1 is in the range of 0 to 255.

ESC N   Escape N (Set Skip Perforation)

Format ESC N;n;

Sets the Skip Perforation function. The number following ESC N sets the value for the number of lines of Skip Perforation. The example shows a 12-line skip perforation. This prints 54 lines and feeds the paper 12 lines. The value of n must be between 1 and 127. ESC N must be reset anytime the page length (ESC C) is changed.

Example:

LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(78);CHR$(12);

ESC O   Escape O (Cancel Skip Perforation)

Cancels the Skip Perforation function.

Example:

LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(79);

ESC S   Escape S (Subscript/Superscript)

Format: ESC S;n;

Changes the printer to the Subscript print mode when ESC S is followed by a 1, as in the example that follows. When ESC S is followed by a 0 (zero), the printer prints in the

System Options

	Superscript print mode.
	Example:
	LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(83);CHR$(1);
ESC T	Escape T (Subscript/Superscript Off)
	The printer stops printing in the Subscript
	or Superscript print mode.

Superscript print mode.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(83);CHR$(1);

ESC T   Escape T (Subscript/Superscript Off)
The printer stops printing in the Subscript
or Superscript print mode.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(84);

ESC U   Escape U (Unidirectional Printing)
Format: ESC U;n;
The printer prints from left to right
following the input of ESC U;1. When ESC U
is followed by a 0 (zero), the left to right
printing operation is canceled. The
Unidirectional print-mode (ESC U) ensures a
more accurate print-start position for better
print quality.
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(85);CHR$(1);

ESC W   Escape W (Double Width)
Format: ESC W;n;
Changes the printer to the Double-Width print
mode when ESC W is followed by a 1. This
mode is not canceled by a line-feed operation
and must be canceled with ESC W followed by a
0 (zero).
Example:
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(87);CHR$(1);

ESC Y   Escape Y (960 Bit-Image Graphics
Mode Normal Speed)
Format: ESC Y n1;n2;v1;v2;...vk;
Changes from the Text mode to the 960
Bit-Image Graphics mode. The printer prints
at normal speed during this operation and
cannot print dots on consecutive dot
position. The input of data is similar to
ESC L.

ESC Z   Escape Z (1920 Bit-Image Graphics
Mode)

Format: ESC Z;n1;n2;v1;v2;...vk;
Changes from the Text mode to the 1920
Bit-Image Graphics mode. The input is
similar to the other Bit-Image Graphics
modes. ESC Z can print only every third dot
position.

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	NUL							BEL		HT
1	LF		FF	CR	SO	SI			DC2	
2	DC4				CAN			ESC		
3			SP	!	″	#	$	%	&	′
4	(	)	*	+	,	−	.	/	0	1
5	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;
6	<	=	>	?	⊙	A	B	C	D	E
7	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
8	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y
9	Z	[	\	]	^	_	`	a	b	c
10	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
11	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w
12	x	y	z	{	¦	}	~		NUL	

Printer Character Set 1 (Part 1 of 2)

3-128 Printers

130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139
					BEL		HT	LF	

140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149
FF	CR	SO	SI			DC2		DC4	

150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159
		CAN			ESC				

160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169
á	í	ó	ú	ñ	Ñ	a̲	o̲	¿	⌐

170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179
¬	½	¼	¡	«	»	▒	▓	▓	│

180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
┤	┤	┤	┐	┐	╡		╕	╛	┘

190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199
┘	┐	└	┴	┬	├	─	┼	╞	╟

200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209
└	┌	┴	┬	├	─	┼	╞	╨	╤

210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219
╥	╙	╘	╒	╓	╫	╪	┘	┌	█

220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229
▄	▌	▐	▀	α	β	Γ	π	Σ	σ

230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239
μ	τ	Φ	θ	Ω	δ	∞	Ø	∈	∩

240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249
≡	±	≥	≤	⌠	⌡	÷	≈	°	∎

250	251	252	253	254	255				
·	√	∩	²	■	SP				

Printer Character Set 1 (Part 2 of 2)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
NUL			♥	♦	♣	♠	BEL		HT

10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
LF		FF	CR	SO	SI			DC2	

20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
DC4	§			CAN			ESC		

30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
		SP	!	''	#	$	%	&	'

40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
(	)	*	+	,	−	.	/	0	1

50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;

60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
<	=	>	?	ᗉ	A	B	C	D	E

70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O

80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y

90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Z	[	\	]	^	_	`	a	b	c

100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109
d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m

110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w

120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129
x	y	z	{	¦	}	~		Ç	ü

Printer Character Set 2 (Part 1 of 2)

130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139
é	â	ä	à	å	ç	ê	ë	è	ï
140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149
î	ì	Ä	Â	É	æ	Æ	ô	ö	ò
150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159
û	ù	ÿ	ö	ü	¢	£	¥	₧	ƒ
160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169
á	í	ó	ú	ñ	Ñ	a	o	¿	⌐
170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179
¬	½	¼	¡	«	»	▓	▒	▓	│
180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189
┤	╡	╢	╖	╕	╣	║	╗	╝	╜
190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199
╛	┐	└	┴	┬	├	─	┼	╞	╟
200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209
╚	╔	╩	╦	╠	═	╬	╧	╨	╤
210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219
╥	╙	╘	╒	╓	╫	╪	┘	┌	█
220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229
▄	▌	▐	▀	α	β	Γ	π	Σ	σ
230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239
µ	τ	Φ	Θ	Ω	δ	∞	Ø	ε	∩
240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249
≡	±	≥	≤	⌠	⌡	÷	≈	°	∎
250	251	252	253	254	255				
‾	√	∩	²	■	SP				

Printer Character Set 2 (Part 2 of 2)

Notes:

IBM PC Compact Printer

The PC Compact Printer is a stand-alone, tabletop unit that plugs into a standard wall outlet. Using an eight-wire print head, the printer can print characters from the standard ASCII, 96-character, uppercase and lowercase character sets, and prints the characters in a 5-by-7 dot matrix at 56 characters-per-second (cps). It prints in one direction (left-to-right) and has four print modes. In the standard mode, the printer prints 80 characters-per-line; in the compressed mode, 136 characters; in the double-width mode, 40 characters, and in the compressed double-width mode, 68 characters-per-line. The PC Compact Printer can also underline characters, has an extended character-set for international languages, and can accept special characters programmed by the user.

The printer has a 1.89 meter (6-foot), 16-lead, printer cable that connects, through an Amphenol connector, to the serial port (RS-232-C) at the rear of the system unit.

+V$_H$ → **VOLTAGE REG. AND SAFETY LOGIC**

P17

THERMAL HEAD

P30-37 — **ADR/DATA BUS** — **DATA LATCH SN74LS273** → **HEAD DRIVER ULN2803A**

LAMP/MOTOR DRIVER ULN2013 → **PULSE MOTOR**

P10-13
P16

TO LED

MPU HD6801 V5

P46 ← **FROM LF KEY**

P47 ← **FROM HOME POSITION SWITCH**

ADDRESS LATCH SN74LS373

X-TAL 4.91 MHz

2KB STATIC-RAM HM6116

P40-44 — **HIGH ORDER ADDRESS**

P23 ← **RD**

DRIVER/ RECEIVER

TO IBM PCjr

P15 → **CTS**

+12V   −12V

3-134   **Printers**

Printer Specifications

Print Method:	Thermal, non-impact, Dot-matrix
Print Speed:	56 cps
Print Direction:	Left to right only
Number of Pins in Print Head:	8
Line Spacing:	4.23 mm (1/6 in)
Matrix Pattern:	5 by 7 Dots
Character Set:	Full 96-character ASCII with descenders, plus international characters/symbols
Graphics:	None

Print Modes:	Characters per Inch	Maximum Characters per Line
Standard	10	80
Double Width	5	40
Compressed	17.5	136
Compressed/ Double Width	8.75	68

Paper Feed: Friction Feed

Paper Width: 216 mm (8.5 in)

Copies: Single sheet only

Paper Path: Top

System Interface: Serial Data and Control Lines

Print Color: Black only

Environmental
Conditions

   Temperature: 5°C (+41°F) to 40°C (104°F)

   Humidity: 10 to 80% non-condensing

Power Requirement
   Voltage: 110 Vac 60 Hz

   Current: 245 mA

   Power Consumption: 36 watts

   Heat Output: 57.6 kJ (54.6 BTU)/hr (maximum)

Physical
Characteristics

   Height: 88.9 mm (3.5 in)

   Width: 312.4 mm (12.3 in)

   Depth: 221 mm (8.7 in)

   Weight: 2.99 kg (6.6 lb)

   Power Cable Length: 1.98 m (6.5 ft)

   Size: 28 AWG

   Printer Cable Length: 1.83 m (6 ft)

   Size: 3 by 18 AWG

System Options

Character Set: ASCII numbers 0 to 31 contain
                  control codes and special
                  characters. ASCII numbers 32 to
                  127 contain the standard printable
                  characters. ASCII numbers 128 to
                  175 contain European characters.
                  ASCII numbers 224 to 255
                  contain math and extra symbols.

Serial Interface Description

Specifications:

Data Transfer Rate: 1200 bps (maximum)

Synchronization: internal clocking

Handshaking: CTS (Clear to Send) Pacing

Logic Level: Input data and all interface control- signals are EIA Levels

Connector Plug: 9804 (Amphenol)

The following figure shows the timing of the Serial Interface.

Serial Interface Timing Diagram

Print Mode Combinations for the PC Compact Printer

The following figure shows the print-mode combinations possible with the PC Compact Printer. Modes shown in the same column can be combined. A print mode can be changed at any time within a line: however, the double-width mode effects the entire line.

Modes					
Standard	XXX				
Compressed		XXX		XXX	XXX
Double-Width			XXX	XXX	XXX
Underline	XXX	XXX	XXX		XXX

Printer Control Codes and Functions

On the following pages you will find a detailed list of the printer control codes and functions. This list also includes descriptions of the functions and examples of the printer control codes.

The examples (LPRINT statements) given in the detailed descriptions of the printer control codes and functions list, are written in BASIC. Some knowledge of BASIC programming is needed to understand these codes. Some of the printer control codes also show a "Format" description when more information is needed for programming considerations.

CODE	PRINTER FUNCTION

CAN   **Cancel**
Clears the printer buffer. Control codes, except SO, remain in effect. Reinitializes the printer to the power on defaults.
LPRINT CHR$(24);

CR   **Carriage Return**
Ends the line the printer is on and prints any data remaining in the printer buffer. The logical character position is moved to the left margin. (No Line Feed operation takes place.) Note: IBM Personal Computer BASIC adds a Line Feed unless 128 is added.
LPRINT CHR$(13);

DC2   **Device Control 2 (Compressed Off)**
Stops printing in the Compressed mode.
LPRINT CHR$(18);

DC4   **Device Control 4 (Double Width Off)**
Stops printing in the Double Width mode.
LPRINT CHR$(20);

ESC   **Escape**
Informs the printer that the following data is a printer command. (See the following ESC commands.)
LPRINT CHR$(27);

System Options

ESC B　　**Escape B (Set Vertical Tabs)**
Sets vertical tab stop positions. Up to 64
vertical tab stop positions are recognized by
the printer. Tab stop positions must be
received in ascending numeric order. The
tab stop numbers do not become valid until
you type the NUL code. Once vertical tab
stops are established, they are valid until
new tab stops are specified. (If the printer
is reset or switched Off, set tab stops are
cleared.) If no tab stop is set, the Vertical
Tab command acts as a Line Feed
command. ESC B followed only by NUL
cancels tab stops. The form length must be
set by the ESC C command prior to setting
tabs.
**LPRINT
CHR$(27);CHR$(66);CHR$(10);CHR$(20);
CHR$(40);CHR$(0);**

ESC C　　**Escape C (Set lines per page)**
Format: ESC C;n; Sets the page length.
The ESC C command must be followed by
a value to specify the length of page desired.
(Maximum form length for the printer is
127 lines.) The following example sets the
page length to 55 lines. The printer default
is 66 lines per page when switched On or
reset.
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(67);CHR$(55);

ESC D   **Escape D (Set Horizontal Tab Stops)**
Sets the horizontal tab stop positions. The
following example shows the horizontal tab
stop positions set at printer column
positions of 10, 20 and 40. The horizontal
tab stops are followed by CHR$(0), the
NUL code. They must also be in ascending
numeric order as shown. You can set tab
stops between 1 and 80. When in the
Compressed print mode, you can set tabs up
to column 136. The maximum number of
tabs that can be set is 112. HT (CHR$(9))
is used to execute a tab operation.
**LPRINT
CHR$(27);CHR$(68);CHR$(10)CHR$(20)
CHR$(40);CHR$(0);**

ESC K   **Escape K (480 Bit-Image Graphics Mode)**
Format: ESC K;n1;n2; v1; v2;.....vk;
Changes the printer to the Bit-Image
Graphics mode. Dot density is 82.5 by 82.5
dots per inch. If the graphics data exceeds
the space remaining on the line, the printer
ignores the excess data. Only the excess
data is lost.

The numbers n1 and n2 specify, in binary
form, the number of bit image data bytes to
be transferred. Assign values to n1 to
represent values from zero to 255 and
assign values to n2 to represent values from
0-1 x 256. The total number of bit image
data bytes cannot exceed 480. (n1 + (n2 X
256)).

The bit-image data bytes are v1 through vk.

All eight of the print head wires are used to print Bit-image graphics. Each bit of a bit-image data byte represents a dot position within a vertical line. The least significant bit (LSB) represents the bottom dot position, and the most significant bit (MSB) represents the top dot position. For example, if vX is hex 80, the top dot will print only in that vertical position; if vX is hex 01, the bottom dot will print; and if vX is hex FF, all eight dots will print.

Dot   Bit Number

Top O - - - 8
        O - - - 7
        O - - - 6
        O - - - 5
        O - - - 4
        O - - - 3
        O - - - 2
Bottom O - - - 1

LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(75);n1;n2

ESC N   **Escape N   (Set Skip Perforation)**
Format: ESC N;n; Sets the Skip Perforation function. The number following ESC N sets the number of lines to be skipped. The example shows a 12-line skip perforation. This command will print 54 lines and feed the paper 12 lines. The value of n must be between 1 and 127. ESC N must be reset anytime the page length (ESC C) is changed. The default for skip perforation is 25.4 mm (1 inch).
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(78);CHR$(12);

ESC O   Escape O (Cancel Skip Perforation)
Cancels the Skip Perforation function.
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(79);

ESC R   Escape R (Clear Tabs)
Resets all tab stops,both horizontal and
vertical to the powered-on defaults.
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(82);

ESC W   Escape W (Double Width)
Format: ESC W;n; Changes the printer to
the Double Width mode when ESC W is
followed by 1. This mode is not canceled
by a line feed operation. It is canceled
when ESC W is followed by 0 (zero).
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(87);CHR$(1);

ESC 0   Escape Zero (1/9-Inch Line Feed)
Changes the line feed to 2.82 mm (1/9
inch).
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(48);

ESC 1   Escape One (1/9-inch Line Feed)
Changes the line feed to 2.82 mm (1/9
inch). ESC 1 functions the same as ESC 0.
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(49);

ESC 2   Escape Two (Start Variable Line Feeding)
Resets line spacing to 4.23 mm (1/6 inch).
This is the powered-on default for vertical
line spacing.
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(50);

ESC 5   Escape Five (Sets Automatic Line Feed)
With automatic line feed on, when a CR
code is received, a line feed automatically
follows after the carriage return. ESC 5 (1)
sets auto line feed; ESC 5 (0) resets it.
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(53);

ESC –   **Escape Minus (Underline)**
Format: ESC -;n; ESC - followed by 1,
prints all of the following data with an
underline. ESC - followed by 0 (zero),
cancels the Underline print mode.
**LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR(45);CHR$(1); [or
CHR$(0);]**

ESC <   **Escape Less Than (Home Head)**
The print head returns to the left margin to
print the line following ESC <. This occurs
for one line only.
LPRINT CHR$(27);CHR$(60);

FF   **Form Feed**
Advances the paper to the top of the next
page. Note: The location of the paper,
when the printer power switch is set to the
On position, determines the top of the page.
The next top-of-page is 279 mm (11 inches)
from that position. ESC C can be used to
change the page length. Always separate
multiple Form Feed commands with spaces.
LPRINT CHR$(12);

HT   **Horizontal Tab**
Tabs to the next horizontal tab stop. Tab
stops are set with ESC D. (Tab stops are
automatically set at every 8 columns when
the printer power switch is set to the On
position.)
LPRINT CHR$(9);

LF   **Line Feed**
Advances the paper one line. Line spacing
is 4.23 mm (1/6 inch) unless reset by ESC
0, ESC 1, ESC 2.
LPRINT CHR$(10);

NUL   **Null**
Used with ESC B and ESC D as terminator
for the tab set and clear commands.
LPRINT CHR$(0);

SI   **Shift In (Compressed On)**
Changes the printer to the Compressed
Character mode. This command is canceled
by a DC2 code (Compressed Off).
LPRINT CHR$(15);

SO   **Shift Out (Double Width)**
Changes the printer to the Double Width
mode. Note: A Carriage Return, Line Feed
or DC4 code cancels Double Width mode.
LPRINT CHR$(14);

VT   **Vertical Tab**
Spaces the paper to the next vertical tab
position. VT are set by the ESC B
sequence. The VT command is the same as
the LF command, if no tabs are set. The
paper is advanced one line after printing or
advanced to the next vertical tab stop.
LPRINT CHR$(11);

The following charts list the printer control codes
and characters in ASCII decimal numeric order, (for
example, NUL is 0 and ESC W is 87).

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	NUL		♥	♦	♣	♠	●	●	HT
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
LF	VT	FF	CR	SO	SI	►◄	◄►	DC2	!!
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
DC4	§	■	↕	CAN	↓	→	ESC	L	↔
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
▲▼		SP	!	''	#	$	%	&	'
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
(	)	*	+	,	—	.	/	0	1
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
<	=	>	?	ᕲ	A	B	C	D	E
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Z	[	\	]	^	_	`	a	b	c
100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109
d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w
120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129
x	y	z	{	¦	}	~	DEL	Ç	ü

Character Set (Part 1 of 2)

130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139
é	â	ä	à	å	ç	ê	ë	è	ï

140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149
î	ì	Ä	Â	É	æ	Æ	ô	ö	ò

150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159
û	ù	ÿ	ö	ü	¢	£	¥	₧	ƒ

160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169
á	í	ó	ú	ñ	Ñ	ª	º	¿	⌐

170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179
¬	½	¼	¡	«	»				

180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189

190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199

200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209

210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219

220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229
				α	β	Γ	π	Σ	σ

230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	237	239
μ	τ	Φ	Θ	Ω	δ	∞	$\emptyset$	ϵ	$\cap$

240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249
$\equiv$	$\pm$	$\geq$	$\leq$	$\lceil$	$\rfloor$	$\div$	$\approx$	°	■

250	251	252	253	254	255				
−	$\sqrt{}$	$\cap$	2	■	SP				

Character Set (Part 2 of 2)

16 Pin Connector

A08 · B08 [connector] A01 · B01

Signal Name - Description		Pin	
Not Used		A01	
	Data Terminal Ready	A02	
	Request To Send	A03	
Transmit Data		A04	
	Carrier Detect	A05	
	Data Set Ready	A06	
Clear To Send		A07	Serial Port
Not Used		A08	(RS-232-C)
Not Used		B01	
Not Used		B02	
Not Used		B03	
Ground		B04	
Not Used		B05	
Not Used		B06	
Ground		B07	
Not Used		B08	

(Left side labeled: Compact Printer)

Data Terminal Ready Looped in Cable to Data Set Ready
Request to Send Looped in Cable to Carrier Detect

Connector Specifications

3-150   Printers

SECTION 4. COMPATIBILITY WITH THE IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER FAMILY

Contents

Compatibility

Notes:

Compatibility Overview

The IBM PC*jr* is a different Computer than the IBM
Personal Computer and IBM Personal Computer XT.
Even though it is different, the IBM PC*jr* has a high
level of programming compatibility with the IBM
Personal Computers. It is possible to create PC*jr*
software applications that can run without modification
on other IBM Personal Computers. In order to create
such programs or to assess if a current program is
compatible, you must understand the differences
between the Personal Computers in the IBM family and
know the proper way to communicate with them.

Normally, it would be impossible for a program written
for one computer to run on a different computer since
the microprocessors would be different; and the
language of the application could not be executed by
different processors. In this case, the application would
have to be re-written entirely in the language of the
other processor. Since the IBM PC*jr* and the other
IBM Personal Computers use exactly the same
microprocessors (Intel 8088), most assembler language
programs need not be modified.

This alone is not enough, since applications normally
take advantage of a computers device services (BIOS)
and operating system (IBM DOS 2.1). In order to
allow for maximum program compatibility, the IBM
PC*jr* has maintained all BIOS system interrupts and
utilizes the same IBM DOS. This means that
applications which use the BIOS and the IBM DOS
interrupts on the IBM Personal Computers operate the
same on the IBM PC*jr*.

> **Note: The BIOS micro-code of the IBM PC*jr* is not
> identical to that of the IBM Personal Computers. If
> an application bypasses the BIOS interrupt calls and**

**directly accesses routines and/or storage locations in
one system, it may not run in the other system. Some
routines may be similar and some BIOS storage
locations may be the same. It is strongly
recommended that applications use only the BIOS and
DOS interrupt interfaces in order to achieve
compatibility in the IBM Personal Computer family.**

Using the same language and the BIOS and DOS
interfaces go a long way in achieving application
compatibility. However, there are still several factors
which need to be taken into consideration:

- Timing Dependencies

- Unequal Configurations

- Hardware Differences

Timing Dependencies

Programs running in user read/write memory normally run slower on the PC*jr* than on the IBM Personal Computers. Programs running in read-only memory (ROM) normally run a little faster on the PC*jr* than on the IBM Personal Computers. This may or may not cause a difference depending upon the application. Most applications are very I/O dependent in which case the execution time is not the critical factor and may not be noticeable. In other cases, the application runs the same but merely take a different amount of time.

If an application has very critical timing dependencies, any timing differences (faster or slower) may adversely affect its usability. Using an application's program execution speed to achieve a desired timing can effect the application. In these cases, the application may need to be modified.

> **Note:** It is strongly recommended not to depend on instruction execution speed to achieve specific application timing. The system timer can provide short interval timing for assembly language programs. Similar timing functions are available in BASIC.

Performance of specific I/O devices (such as diskette or printer) may also differ between the PC*jr* and the other IBM Personal Computers. You should also avoid using timing of any I/O device as a dependency for the application.

Notes:

Unequal Configurations

In designing an application to run on both the IBM
PC*jr* and the IBM Personal Computers, you need to
make sure that the required hardware configuration is
available on all machines. This means the application's
minimum requirements are met by all IBM Personal
Computers.

Compatibility

Notes:

Hardware Differences

To be able to run on either computer without change, an application utilizing a specific I/O device must have access to identical devices (or devices with identical operating characteristics and interfaces). The IBM PC*jr* and the IBM Personal Computers have very compatible I/O device capabilities.

The following table lists the hardware features and I/O devices supported by the IBM PC*jr* and the IBM Personal Computers and summarizes the differences:

Device	PC	PCXT	PC*jr*	PC*jr* Comments
Maximum User Memory	640KB	640KB	128KB	Shares user RAM with Video Buffer
Cordless Keyboard	No	No	Yes	Scan codes compatible and full 83 key capability
83 Key Keyboard	Yes	Yes	No	Compatible, but Hardware interface differences
Diskette Drive	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible, but different address and no DMA support
Hard Disk File	No	Yes	No	
Parallel Printer	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible
RS 232 Serial Port	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible, hex 2F8 address, Interrupt Level 3, Baud-Rate-Frequency divisor difference
Game Control	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible interface with potential timing differences
Cassette	Yes	No	Yes	Compatible
Internal Modem	No	No	Yes	Compatible to PC Serial Port hex 3F8 address, Interrupt Level 4, frequency divisor difference
IBM Monochrome Display	Yes	Yes	No	
Color Graphics and Display	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible, with some register differences and enchancements
Light Pen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible

PC*jr* and Personal Computers Comparison (Part 1 of 2)

4-10   Hardware Differences

Device	PC	PCXT	PC*jr*	PC*jr* Comments
Attachable Joystick	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible
8253 Timer (time of day)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible
8259 Interrupt	Yes	Yes	Yes	Some difference in interrupt levels
Internal Sound	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible but less frequency response
TI 76496 Sound	No	No	Yes	
ROM Cartridge Interface	No	No	Yes	
Future I/O ROM Architecture	Yes	Yes	Yes	Compatible

PC*jr* and Personal Computers Comparison (Part 2 of 2)

The hardware differences between the IBM PC*jr* and the IBM Personal Computers may lead to incompatibilities depending upon the specific application. Once again; if your application maintains an interface to the Personal Computer Family at the BIOS and DOS interrupt levels, then all hardware differences are handled transparently to your application. If your application goes below the BIOS level and directly addresses the hardware, then there could be an incompatibility.

User Read/Write Memory

Memory difference can be a problem even with programs written for the same computer, if the available memory is not the same from one machine to the next. Thus, the deciding factor is to state what the minimum memory requirement is for the application, and require that amount on the computer in question.

It is important to understand the memory aspects of the IBM PC*jr* in relationship to that of the IBM Personal Computers. The IBM PC*jr* can be configured for 64K bytes or 128K bytes (with memory expansion). However, this user memory is not all available to the application. The IBM PC*jr* video architecture utilizes a minimum of 16K bytes (in graphic mode) and 2K bytes (in alpha numeric mode) for the screen buffer. Therefore (in graphics mode), the IBM PC*jr* really has 48K bytes or 112K bytes (with memory expansion) available for system software. This is not the case with the IBM Personal Computers, since the color graphics adapter contains a separate 16K byte screen buffer. Thus, a 64K bytes Personal Computer with color graphics (extra 16K bytes) is an 80K byte system compared to a 64K byte IBM PC*jr*. The IBM PC*jr* also has graphic enhancements which allow more than the 16K bytes to be utilized for video screen buffers. If these enhanced features are used in an application, then even less is available for user memory.

Another aspect of available memory is the amount taken away by operating systems and language interpreters. In the case of the IBM DOS, both the IBM PC*jr* and the IBM Personal Computers support the same DOS. If your application requires the BASIC interpreter, then there may be a difference. The IBM Personal Computer Cassette BASIC resides entirely in the system ROM; taking no user memory. However, Disk BASIC or Advanced BASIC utilizes

approximately 10K bytes and 14K bytes respectively from user memory. In the IBM PC*jr*, Advanced BASIC capabilities (cartridge BASIC) reside in ROM, taking no user memory.

As you can see, many items factor into user available memory requirements. The most frequent comparison is for the assembler language or compiled application using a 16K-byte screen buffer operating under DOS 2.1. In this case, an application requiring 64K bytes of user memory on an IBM Personal Computer cannot run on the IBM PC*jr* without its expansion memory (128K byte capability). This is because of the IBM PC*jr* video usage of 16K bytes. Also, any application requiring more than 112K bytes of user memory with DOS 2.1 on the IBM Personal Computers cannot run on an IBM PC*jr*.

Diskette Capacity/Operation

Since the IBM PC*jr* maximum stand-alone configuration is one diskette drive with a maximum capacity of 360K bytes diskette storage , an IBM PC*jr* application is either limited by this diskette capacity or is impacted by the user having to change diskettes more frequently. The IBM Personal Computers can have multiple diskette drives with a capacity of 360K bytes diskette storage each or even possess hard files with a much larger disk storage capacity. This capacity difference may or may not be a concern depending upon the specific application.

In terms of diskette interfacing, the IBM PC*jr* and the IBM Personal Computers both utilize the NEC μPD765 floppy diskette controller, but with different hardware addresses, and the IBM PC*jr* does not operate through direct memory access (DMA). Since the IBM PC*jr* does not have DMA capability, application programs

Compatibility

cannot overlap diskette I/O operations. When diskette
I/O takes place, the entire system is masked (operator
keystrokes and asynchronous communications cannot
take place). Therefore, the application must insure that
asynchronous operations do not take place while
diskette I/O is active.

IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard

The Cordless Keyboard is unique to the IBM PC*jr*.
Even though it does not possess all 83 keys of the IBM
Personal Computers' keyboards, it does have the
capability to generate all of the scan codes of the
83-key keyboard.

The following shows the additional functions available
on the PC*jr*.

PC*jr* Special Functions	Required Key Combinations
Shift screen to the left	Alt + Ctrl + cursor left
Shift screen to the right	Alt + Ctrl + cursor right
Audio Feedback (System	Alt + Ctrl + Caps Lock
clicks when a key is pressed.	
Customer Diagnostics	Alt + Ctrl + Ins

PC*jr* Special Functions

For more detail see "Keyboard Encoding and Usage" in
Section 5.

Since all scan codes can be generated, any special
application requirements can be met on the Cordless
Keyboard.

The highest level of compatibility to interface to keyboards is through BIOS Interrupt hex 16 (read keystroke). Below that level is risky since there are hardware differences between the PC*jr* keyboard and the IBM Personal Computers' keyboards. The PC*jr* system utilizes the non-maskable (NMI) Interrupt to deserialize the scan codes and pass it to Interrupt hex 48 for compatible mapping to 83-key format. Interrupt level 9 remains a compatible interface for 83-key scan-code handling. It is not recommended to replace Interrupt level 9 even though a high degree of compatibility is maintained. If necessary, analyze this architecture carefully.

Color Graphics Capability

The IBM PC*jr* color graphic architecture is quite different from that of the IBM Personal Computers. The main difference (as previously discussed) is that the video buffer is taken from main user memory rather than having separate memory for video (as in the IBM Personal Computers). Normally, this would be an incompatibility since applications directly address the color graphics buffer at hex B8000. However, the IBM PC*jr* has special hardware to redirect hex B8000 addressing to any specific 16K-byte block of its user memory. The IBM PC*jr* defaults the video buffer to the high end 16K-byte block of user memory and applications can continue to address the video buffer at hex B8000. In addition all IBM Personal Computers' color graphics adapter modes are BIOS compatible and memory structure (bit map) compatible. These modes are:

Modes	Requirements
Alphanumeric: 40x25 BW 40x25 Color 80x25 Color 80x25 BW	None None Note None
Graphics: 320x200 4 Color 320x200 BW 640x200 BW	None None None
Note: PC*jr* requires the 64KB Memory and Display Expansion.	

Modes Available on the IBM Personal Computers and PC*jr*

In addition the IBM PC*jr* provides some new enhanced graphic modes which are not available to the IBM Personal Computers.

Modes	Requirements
Graphics: 320x200 16 Color 640x200 4 Color 160x200 16 Color	Note Note None
Note: PC*jr* requires the 64KB Memory and Display Expansion.	

Modes Available Only on PC*jr*

The IBM PC*jr* and IBM Personal Computers utilize the 6845 controller, but the hardware interface is not completely the same. Hardware addresses hex 3D8 and

hex 3D9 are not supported by the IBM PC*jr* video interface. Requests using these two addresses are not honored.

Also there are differences in the actual video used by the hardware. BIOS maintains compatibility by using the appropriate PC*jr* video parameters (addressed through Interrupt hex 1D) and maintains all video calls (through Interrupt hex 10). Application can still specify video parameter overrides by modifying Interrupt hex 1D to address their own parameters; however, since there are hardware differences the recommended approach is as follows:

1. Copy the original parameters from the BIOS of the system.
2. Change only those parameters desired.
3. Consider the specific video differences between systems.

Other differences to be aware of are:

*   The IBM PC*jr* defaults the colorburst mode to be off, whereas the IBM Personal Computers default colorburst to on. Thus applications should not assume either default but set colorburst mode (through BIOS call) to the desired setting.
*   The IBM PC*jr* video supports a full gray scale capability which the IBM Personal Computers do not.
*   There can be some color differences between the IBM Personal Computers and the IBM PC*jr*; especially when color mixing techniques are used.

Compatibility

Black and White Monochrome Display

The IBM PC*jr* does not support the IBM Personal
Computers black and white monochrome display.
Programs which directly address the IBM Personal
Computers monochrome display are not compatible.
For example, any direct addressing of the B&W video
buffer at hex B8000 is not redirected by the IBM PC*jr*.
Applications should support Personal Computer video
capabilities through BIOS, and the video buffer address
is either transparent to the application or the address is
provided indirectly in the BIOS data area.

RS232 Serial Port and IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem

The IBM PC*jr* serial port address is hex 2F8 and is
associated with hardware Interrupt level 3. This is
compatible with a second Asynchronous
Communications Adapter on the IBM Personal
Computers. The Internal Modem address is hex 3F8
and is associated with Interrupt level 4. This is
compatible with the first Asynchronous
Communications Adapter on the IBM Personal
Computers. It is important to note that when the IBM
PC*jr* has the Internal Modem installed it is logically
COM1 and the RS232 serial port is logically COM2 in
BIOS, DOS, and BASIC. Without the Internal Modem
installed the RS232 serial port is logically addressed as
COM1 in BIOS, DOS, and BASIC even though its
address is still hex 2F8 using Interrupt level 3. Other
hardware differences on the PC*jr* serial devices are:

- A different frequency divisor is needed to generate
  baud rate. This is transparent to applications using
  BIOS to initialize the devices (Interrupt Hex 14).
- No ring indicate capability on the RS232 serial port.

- Asynchronous communications input cannot be overlapped with IBM PC*jr* diskette I/O. Since diskette I/O operates in a non-DMA mode any asynchronous data received during diskette activity may be overrun (and lost). Thus, applications must insure that no diskette activity is active while receiving asynchronous communication data. This can be done by pacing the asynchronous device (tell it to hold from sending). The ASCII characters XOFF and XON are frequently used by some host computers for this purpose.

Summary

In summary, the IBM PC*jr* is a member of the IBM Personal Computer family by way of its strong architecture compatibility. The highest degree of application compatibility can be achieved by using a common high level language, and/ or accessing the system only through BIOS and DOS interrupts. It's not recommended to go below the BIOS level even though there are other hardware compatibilities. When it is necessary to design for particular computer differences, the application should determine at execution time which particular computer it is running on. This can be done by inspecting the ROM memory location at segment address hex F000 and offset hex FFFE for the following values

hex FF	= the IBM Personal Computer
hex FE	= the IBM Personal Computer XT
hex FD	= the IBM PC*jr*

Once determined, dual paths would handle any differences.

Notes:

SECTION 5. SYSTEM BIOS USAGE

Contents

BIOS Usage

ROM BIOS

The basic input/output system (BIOS) resides in ROM on the system board and provides device-level control for the major I/O devices in the system. Additional ROM modules may be located on option adapters to provide device level control for that option adapter. BIOS routines enable the assembly-language programmer to perform block (diskette) or character-level I/O-operations without concern for device address and operating characteristics. System services, such as time-of-day and memory-size determination, are provided by the BIOS.

The goal is to provide an operational interface to the system and relieve the programmer of the concern about the characteristics of hardware devices. The BIOS interface insulates the user from the hardware, allowing new devices to be added to the system, yet retaining the BIOS-level interface to the device. In this manner, user programs become transparent to hardware modifications and enhancements.

The IBM Personal Computer *Macro Assembler* manual and the IBM Personal Computer *Disk Operating System* (DOS) manual provide useful programming information related to this section.

BIOS Usage

Notes:

BIOS Usage

Access to BIOS is through the software interrupts.
Each BIOS entry-point is available through its own
interrupt, which can be found in "Personal Computer
BIOS Interrupt Vectors", later in this section.

The software interrupts, hex 10 through hex 1A, each
access a different BIOS-routine. For example, to
determine the amount of memory available in the
system,

INT hex 12

invokes the BIOS routine for determining memory size
and returns the value to the caller.

All parameters passed to and from the BIOS routines go
through the 8088 registers. The prologue of each BIOS
function indicates the registers used on the call and the
return. For the memory size example, no parameters
are passed. The memory size, in 1K byte increments, is
returned in the AX register.

If a BIOS function has several possible operations, the
AH register is used at input to indicate the desired
operation. For example, to set the time-of-day, the
following code is required:

```
MOV  AH,1          ;function is to set time-of-day.
MOV  CX,HIGH__COUNT     ;establish the current
MOV  DX,LOW__COUNT
INT  1AH           ;set the time.
```

To read time-of-day:
```
MOV  AH,0          ;function is to read time of day.
INT  1AH           ;read the timer.
```

Generally, the BIOS routines save all registers except for AX and the flags. Other registers are modified on return, only if they are returning a value to the caller. The exact register usage can be seen in the prologue of each BIOS function.

Address (Hex)	Interrupt Number	Name	BIOS Entry
0-3	0	Divide by Zero	D_EOI
4-7	1	Single Step	D_EOI
8-B	2	Keyboard NMI	KBDNMI
C-F	3	Breakpoint	D_EOI
10-13	4	Overflow	D_EOI
14-17	5	Print Screen	PRINT_SCREEN
18-1B	6	Reserved	D_EOI
1D-1F	7	Reserved	D_EOI
20-23	8	Time of Day	TIMER_INT
24-27	9	Keyboard	KB_INT
28-2B	A	Reserved	D_EOI
2C-2F	B	Communications	D_EOI
30-33	C	Communications	D_EOI
34-37	D	Vertical retrace	D_EOI
38-3B	E	Diskette Error Handler	DISK_INT
3C-3F	F	Printer	D_EOI
40-43	10	Video	VIDEO_IO
44-47	11	Equipment Check	EQUIPMENT
48-4B	12	Memory	MEMORY_SIZE_DETERMINE
4C-4F	13	Diskette	DISKETTE_IO
50-53	14	Communications	RS232_IO
54-57	15	Cassette	CASSETTE_IO
58-5B	16	Keyboard	KEYBOARD_IO
5C-5F	17	Printer	PRINTER_IO
60-63	18	Resident BASIC	F600:0000
64-67	19	Bootstrap	BOOT_STRAP
68-6B	1A	Time of Day	TIME_OF_DAY
6C-6F	1B	Keyboard Break	DUMMY_RETURN
70-73	1C	Timer Tick	DUMMY_RETURN
74-77	1D	Video Initialization	VIDEO_PARMS
78-7B	1E	Diskette Parameters	DISK_BASE
7C-7F	1F	Video Graphics Chars	CRT_CHARH

Personal Computer BIOS Interrupt Vectors

Vectors with Special Meanings

The following are vectors with special meanings.

Interrupt Hex 1B - Keyboard Break Address

This vector points to the code to be executed when
Break is pressed on the keyboard. The vector is
invoked while responding to the keyboard interrupt,
and control should be returned through an IRET
instruction. The POWER-ON routines initialize this
vector to an IRET instruction, so that nothing occurs
when **Break** is pressed unless the application program
sets a different value.

Control may be retained by this routine, with the
following problem. The 'Break' may have occurred
during interrupt processing, so that one or more 'End
of Interrupt' commands must be issued in case an
operation was underway at that time.

Interrupt Hex 1C - Timer Tick

This vector points to the code to be executed on every
system-clock tick. This vector is invoked while
responding to the 'timer' interrupt, and control should
be returned through an IRET instruction. The
POWER-ON routines initialize this vector to point to
an IRET instruction, so that nothing occurs unless the
application modifies the pointer. It is the responsibility
of the application to save and restore all registers that
are modified.

Interrupt Hex 1D - Video Parameters

This vector points to a data region containing the parameters required for the initialization of the 6845 CRT Controller. Note that there are four separate tables, and all four must be reproduced if all modes of operation are to be supported. The POWER-ON routines initialize this vector to point to the parameters contained in the ROM video-routines. It is recommended that if a programmer wishes to use a different parameter table, that the table contained in ROM be copied to RAM and just modify the values needed for the application.

Interrupt Hex 1E - Diskette Parameters

This vector points to a data region containing the parameters required for the diskette drive. The POWER-ON routines initialize the vector to point to the parameters contained in the ROM DISKETTE-routine. These default parameters represent the specified values for any IBM drives attached to the machine. Changing this parameter block may be necessary to reflect the specifications of the other drives attached. It is recommended that if a programmer wishes to use a different parameter table, that the table contained in ROM be copied to RAM and just modify the values needed for the application. The motor start-up-time parameter (parameter 10) is overridden by BIOS to force a 500-ms delay (value 04) if the parameter value is less than 04.

Interrupt Hex 1F and hex 44 - Graphics Character Pointers

When operating in the graphics modes, the

read/write-character interface forms the character from the ASCII code-point, using a table of dot patterns where each code point is comprised of 8 bytes of graphics information. The table of dot patterns for the first 128 code-points contained in ROM is pointed to by Interrupt Hex 44 and the second table of 128 code-points contained in ROM is pointed to by Interrupt Hex 1F. The user can change this vector to point to his own table of dot patterns. It is the responsibility of the user to restore these vectors to point to the default code-point-tables at the termination of the program.

Interrupt Hex 48 - Cordless Keyboard Translation

This vector points to the code responsible for translating keyboard scan-codes that are specific to the Cordless Keyboard. The translated scan-codes are then passed to the code pointed to by Interrupt Hex 9 which then handles the 83-key Keyboard scan codes.

Interrupt Hex 49 - Non-Keyboard Scan-Code Translation-Table Address

This interrupt contains the address of a table used to translate non-keyboard scan-codes (scan codes greater than 85 excluding 255.) If Interrupt hex 48 detects a scan code greater than 85 (excluding 255) it translates it using the table pointed to by Interrupt Hex 49. The address that Interrupt Hex 49 points to can be changed by users to point to their own table if different translations are required.

Note: It is recommended that a programmer save default pointers and restore them to their original values when the program has terminated.

Notes:

Other Read Write Memory Usage

The IBM BIOS routines use 256 bytes of memory starting at absolute hex 400 to hex 4FF. Locations hex 400 to 407 contain the base addresses of any RS-232C attachments to the system. This includes the optional IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem and the standard RS232 serial-port. Locations hex 408 to 40F contain the base addresses of any parallel printer attachments.

Memory locations hex 300 to 3FF are used as a stack area during the power-on initialization, and bootstrap, when control is passed to it from power-on. If the user desires the stack in a different area, the area must be set by the application.

The following is a list of the interrupts reserved for BIOS, DOS, and BASIC.

BIOS Usage

Address (Hex)	Interrupt (Hex)	Function
80-83	20	DOS Program Terminate
84-87	21	DOS Function Call
88-8B	22	DOS Terminate Address
8C-8F	23	DOS Ctrl Break Exit Address
90-93	24	DOS Fatal Error Vector
94-97	25	DOS Absolute Disk Read
98-9B	26	DOS Absolute Disk Write
9C-9F	27	DOS Terminate, Fix in Storage
A0-FF	28-3F	Reserved for DOS
100-115	40-43	Reserved for BIOS
116-119	44	First 128 Graphics Characters
120-131	45-47	Reserves for BIOS
132-135	48	Cordless-Keyboard Translation
136-139	49	Non-keyboard Scan-code Translation Table
140-17F	50-5F	Reserved for BIOS
100-17F	40-5F	Reserved for BIOS
180-19F	60-67	Reserved for User Software Interrupts
1A0-1FF	68-7F	Reserved
200-217	80-85	Reserved for Basic
218-3C3	86-F0	Used by Basic Interpreter while BASIC is running
3C4-3FF	F1-FF	Reserved

BIOS, BASIC, and DOS Reserved Interrupts

The following is a list of reserved memory locations.

5-14 Other Memory Usage

Address (Hex)	Mode	Function
400-48F	ROM BIOS	See BIOS Listing
490-4EF		Reserved for System Usage
500-5FF		Communication Area for any application
500	DOS	Reserved for DOS and BASIC, Print Screen Status Flag Store, O-Print Screen Not Active or Successful Print Screen Operation, 1-Print Screen In Progress, 255-Error Encountered During Print Screen Operation,
504	DOS	Single Drive Mode Status Byte
510-511	BASIC	BASIC's segment Address Store
512-515	BASIC	Clock Interrupt Vector Segment: Offset Store
516-519	BASIC	Break key Interrupt Vector Segment: Offset Store
51A-51D	BASIC	Disk Error Interrupt Vector Segment: Offset Store

Reserved Memory Locations

The following is a list of the BASIC workspace variables.

If you do DEF SEG (Default workspace segment):	Offset (Hex)	Length
Line number of current line being executed	2E	2
Line number of last error	347	2
Offset into segment of start of program text	30	2
Offset into segment of start of variables (end of program text 1-1)	358	2
Keyboard buffer contents if 0-no characters in buffer if 1-characters in buffer	6A	1
Character color in graphics mode Set to 1, 2, or 3 to get text in colors 1 to 3. Do not set to 0. (Default = 3)	4E	1

Example
100 Print Peek (&H2E) + 256*Peek (&H2F)
)   L   H
(

100	hex 64	hex 00

BASIC Workspace Variables

The following shows the mapping of the BIOS memory

Starting Address in Hex

00000	BIOS Interrupt Vectors
00400	BIOS Data Area
00500	User Read/Write Memory
A0000	Reserved for Future Video
B8000	Reserved for Video
C0000	Reserved for Future I/O ROM
D0000	Reserved for Cartridges
E0000	Reserved for Cartridges
F0000	BIOS/ Diagnostics/ Cassette and BASIC Program Area

BIOS System Map

BIOS Programming Guidelines

The BIOS code is invoked through software interrupts. The programmer should not 'hard code' BIOS addresses into applications. **The internal workings and absolute addresses within BIOS are subject to change without notice.**

If an error is reported by the diskette code, you should 'reset' the drive adapter and retry the operation. A specified number of retries should be required on diskette 'reads' to insure the problem is not due to motor start-up.

When altering I/O-port bit-values, the programmer should change only those bits which are necessary to the current task. Upon completion, the programmer should restore the original environment. Failure to adhere to this practice may be incompatible with present and future systems.

Adapter Cards with System-Accessible ROM-Modules

The ROM BIOS provides a facility to integrate adapter cards with on-board ROM-code into the system. During the Power-On Self-Test (POST), interrupt vectors are established for the BIOS calls. After the default vectors are in place, a scan for additional ROM modules takes place. At this point, a ROM routine on the adapter card may gain control. The routine may establish or intercept interrupt vectors to hook themselves into the system.

The absolute addresses hex C0000 through hex D0000 are scanned in 2K-byte blocks in search of a valid adapter card ROM. A valid ROM is defined as follows:

Byte 0:   hex 55

Byte 1:   hex AA

Byte 2:   length (multiple of 2K bytes) - A length
indicator representing the number of
512-byte blocks in the ROM
(length/512). A checksum is also done to
test the integrity of the ROM module.
Each byte in the defined ROM is summed
modulo hex 100. This sum must be 0 for
the module to be deemed valid.

When the POST identifies a valid ROM, it does a 'far
call' to byte 3 of the ROM (which should be
executable code). The adapter card may now perform
its power-on initialization-tasks. The feature ROM
should return control to the BIOS routines by executing
a 'far return'.

Notes:

Keyboard Encoding and Usage

The following explains how the keyboard interacts with BIOS and how 83-key-keyboard functions are accomplished on the Cordless Keyboard.

Cordless Keyboard Encoding

The KEYBOARD routine provided by IBM in the ROM BIOS is responsible for converting the keyboard scan-codes into what is termed "Extended ASCII."

Extended ASCII encompasses one-byte character-codes with possible values of 0 to 255, an extended code for certain extended keyboard-functions, and functions handled within the KEYBOARD routine or through interrupts.

The following is the physical layout of the IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard.

IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard Diagram

The following are charts of the scan codes for the IBM
PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard.

Key Position	Keyboard Characters	Make Code (Hex)	Break Code (Hex)
1	ESC	1	81
2	1/!	2	82
3	2/∂	3	83
4	3/#	4	84
5	4/$	5	85
6	5/%	6	86
7	6/≙	7	87
8	7/&	8	88
9	8/*	9	89
10	9/(	A	8A
11	0/)	B	8B
12	-/—	C	8C
13	=/+	D	8D
14	BS<—	E	8E
15	FN	54	D4
16	TAB	F	8F
17	q/Q	10	90
18	w/W	11	91
19	e/E	12	92
20	r/R	13	93
21	t/T	14	94
22	y/Y	15	95
23	u/U	16	96
24	i/I	17	97
25	o/O	18	98
26	p/P	19	99
27	[/{	1A	9A
28	]/}	1B	9B
29	ENTER	1C	9C
30	CTRL	1D	9D
31	a/A	1E	9E

Cordless Keyboard Maxtrix Scan Codes (Part 1 of 2)

Key Position	Keyboard Characters	Make Code (Hex)	Break Code (Hex)
32	s/S	1F	9F
33	d/D	20	A0
34	f/F	21	A1
35	g/G	22	A2
36	h/H	23	A3
37	j/J	24	A4
38	k/K	25	A5
39	l/L	26	A6
40	;/:	27	A7
41	'/"	28	A8
42	CUR.UP	48	C8
43	LF.SHIFT	2A	AA
44	z/Z	2C	AC
45	x/X	2D	AD
46	c/C	2E	AE
47	v/V	2F	AF
48	b/B	30	B0
49	n/N	31	B1
50	m/M	32	B2
51	,/<	33	B3
52	./>	34	B4
53	//?	35	B5
54	RT.SHIFT	36	B6
55	CUR.LF.	4B	CB
56	CUR.RT.	4D	CD
57	ALT.	38	B8
58	SP.BAR	39	B9
59	CAPS LOCK	3A	BA
60	INSERT	52	D2
61	DELETE	53	D3
62	CUR.DWN.	50	D0
Phantom-Key Scan Code		55	

Cordless Keyboard Matrix Scan Codes (Part 2 of 2)

The Cordless Keyboard is unique to the PC*jr*. Even though it does not possess all 83 keys of the IBM Personal Computer keyboard, it does have a way in which you can cause all of the scan codes of the 83-key keyboard. The following chart shows the mapping of functions between both keyboards:

IBM Personal Computers 83-key Keyboard Function	IBM PC*jr* Cordless Keyboard Mapping
F1-F10	Function key + 1-0 (F1-F10)
Ctrl Break	Function key + B (Break)
Ctrl PrtSc (Echo Print)	Function key + E (Echo)
Shift PrtSc (Print Screen)	Function key + P (PrtSc)
Ctrl NumLock (Pause)	Function key + Q (Pause)
Scroll Lock	Function key + S (ScLock)
Numeric keypad region:	
Num Lock (Number keypad 1 through 10 becomes key scan codes.)	Alt + Function key + N (1 through 0 becomes numeric-key scan-codes)
PgUp key	Function key + cursor left (PgUp)
PgDn key	Function key + cursor right (PgDn)
Home key	Function key + cursor up (Home)
End key	Function key + cursor down (End)
Numeric keypad – sign	Function key plus the – sign
Numeric keypad + sign	Function key + = sign
\ key	Alt + /
' key	Alt + '
! key	Alt + [
~ key	Alt +]
* with PrtSc	Alt + .
Numeric keypad .	Shift + Del
All 256 extended codes: Alt + numeric value from numeric keypad	NumLock then Alt + numeric value (1 through 0)

83-key-Keyboard Function to Cordless-Keyboard Mapping

Character Codes

The following character codes are passed through the
BIOS KEYBOARD-routine to the system or
application program. A -1 means the combination is
suppressed in the KEYBOARD routine. The codes are
returned in AL. See Appendix C, "Characters,
Keystrokes,and Color" for the exact codes.

Key Number	Base Case	Upper Case	Ctrl	Alt	Fn
1	Esc	Esc	Esc	–1	**
2	1	!	–1	*,*****	(F1) *,***
3	2	∂	Nul (000)	*,*****	(F2) *,***
4	3	#	–1	*,*****	(F3)
5	4	$	–1	*,*****	(F4) *,***
6	5	%	–1	*,*****	(F5) *,***
7	6	≙	RSO (030)	*,*****	(F6) *,***
8	7	&	–1	*,*****	(F7) *,***
9	8	*	–1	*,*****	(F8) *,***
10	9	(	–1	*,*****	(F9) *,***
11	0	)	–1	*,*****	(F10) *,***
12	—	-	US (031)	*	***
13	=	+	–1	*	***
14	Backspace (008)	Backspace (008)	DEL (127)	–1	–1
15 Fn	–1	–1	–1	–1	–1
16	—>| (009)	|<— *	–1	–1	–1
17	q	Q	DC1 (017)	*	**,*** (Pause)
18	w	W	ETB (023)	*	–1
19	e	E	ENQ (005)	*	**,*** (Echo)
20	r	R	DC2 (018)	*	–1
21	t	T	DC4 (020)	*	–1

* - Refer to "Extended Codes" in this section.
** - Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.
*** - Refer to "83-Key Keyboard functions to Cordless Keyboard Mapping Chart."
**** - Uppercase for cursor keys can be selected by pressing left or right shift or entering the Numlock state (Alt + Fn + N).
***** - When Alt is pressed and the keyboard is in the Numlock state, the upper row of digits is used to enter ASCII codes for generating any character from the extended ASCII character set.

Cordless-Keyboard Character Codes (Part 1 of 4)

Key Number	Base Case	Upper Case	Ctrl	Alt	Fn
22	y	Y	EM (025)	*	–1
23	u	U	NAK (021)	*	–1
24	i	I	HT (009)	*	–1
25	o	O	SI (015)	*	–1
26	p	P	DLE (016)	*	**,*** (PrtScreen)
27	[	{	Esc (027)	(|) ***	–1
28	]	}	GS (029)	(~) ***	–1
29	CR	CR	LF (010)	–1	–1
30 Ctrl	–1	–1	–1	–1	–1
31	a	A	SOH (001)	*	–1
32	s	S	DC3 (019)	*	**,*** (Scroll Lock)
33	d	D	EOT (004)	*	–1
34	f	F	ACK (006)	*	–1
35	g	G	BELL (007)	*	–1
36	h	H	BS (008)	*	–1
37	j	J	LF (010)	*	–1
38	k	K	VT (011)	*	–1
39	l	L	FF (012)	*	–1
40	;	:	–1	–1	–1
41	'	"	–1	(') ***	1

* - Refer to "Extended Codes" in this section.
** - Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.
*** - Refer to "83-Key Keyboard functions to Cordless Keyboard Mapping Chart."
**** - Uppercase for cursor keys can be selected by pressing left or right shift or entering the Numlock state (Alt + Fn + N).
***** - When Alt is pressed and the keyboard is in the Numlock state, the upper row of digits is used to enter ASCII codes for generating any character from the extended ASCII character set.

Cordless-Keyboard Character Codes (Part 2 of 4)

Key Number	Base Case	Upper Case	Ctrl	Alt	Fn	Alt + Ctrl
42	Cur.Up*	8 ****	–1	*	**,*** (Home)	
43 Left Shift	–1	–1	–1	–1	–1	
44	z	Z	SUB (026)	*	–1	
45	x	X	CAN (024)	*	–1	
46	c	C	EXT (003)	*	–1	
47	v	V	SYN (022)	*	–1	
48	b	B	STX (002)	*	**,*** (Break)	
49	n	N	SO (014)	*,***	***	
50	m	M	CR (013)	*	–1	
51	,	<	–1	–1	–1	
52	.	>	–1	(*) *	–1	
53	/	?	–1	\	–1	
54 Right Shift	–1	–1	–1	–1		
55	Cur.L *	4 ****	* Reverse Word	*	**,*** (PgUp)	**
56	Cur.R *	6 ****	* Advance Word	*	**,*** (PgDn)	** **

* - Refer to "Extended Codes" in this section.
** - Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.
*** - Refer to "83-Key Keyboard functions to Cordless Keyboard Mapping Chart."
**** - Uppercase for cursor keys can be selected by pressing left or right shift or entering the Numlock state (Alt + Fn + N).
***** - When Alt is pressed and the keyboard is in the Numlock state, the upper row of digits is used to enter ASCII codes for generating any character from the extended ASCII character set.

Cordless-Keyboard Character Codes (Part 3 of 4)

Key Number	Base Case	Upper Case	Ctrl	Alt	Fn	Alt + Ctrl
57 Alt	–1	–1	–1	–1	–1	
58	Space	Space	Space	Space	Space	
59 Caps Lock	–1	–1	–1	–1	–1	**
60	Ins.	0 ****	–1	*	–1	**
61	Del. *	. ****	–1	*	–1	**
62	Cur.Dn *	2 ****	–1	*	**,*** End	

* - Refer to "Extended Codes" in this section.
** - Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.
*** - Refer to "83-Key Keyboard functions to Cordless Keyboard Mapping Chart."
**** - Uppercase for cursor keys can be selected by pressing left or right shift or entering the Numlock state (Alt + Fn + N).
***** - When Alt is pressed and the keyboard is in the Numlock state, the upper row of digits is used to enter ASCII codes for generating any character from the extended ASCII character set.

Cordless-Keyboard Character Codes (Part 4 of 4)

Extended Codes

An extended code is used for certain functions that cannot be represented in the standard ASCII code. A character code of 000 (Nul) is returned in AL. This indicates that the system or application program should examine a second code that indicates the actual function. This code is returned in AH. This is the same for both the Cordless Keyboard and 83-key keyboard.

Second Code	Function
3	Null Character
15	◄—
16 through 25	Alt Q, W, E, R, T, Y, U, I, O, P
30 through 38	Alt A, S, D, F, G, H, J, K, L
44 through 50	Alt Z, X, C, V, B, N, M
59 through 68	Fn + 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0 (Functions 1 through 10)
71	Home
72	Up Arrow
73	Page Up
75	◄— (Cursor Left)
77	—► (Cursor Right)
79	End
80	Down Arrow
81	Page Down
82	Ins (Insert)
83	Del (Delete)
84 through 93	F11 through F20 (Upper Case F1 through F10)
94 through 103	F21 through F30 (Ctrl F1 through F10)
104 through 113	F31 through F40 (Alt F1 through F10)
114	Fn/E or Ctrl/Fn/P (Start/Stop Echo to Printer)
115	Ctrl ◄— (Reverse Word)
116	Ctrl —► (Advance Word)
117	Ctrl/End [Erase End of Line (EOL)]
118	Ctrl/PgDn [Erase to End of Screen (EOS)]
119	Ctrl/Home (Clear Screen and Home)
120 through 131	Alt/1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, -, = (Keys 2 through 13)
132	Ctrl/PgUp (Top 25 Lines of Text and Home Cur.)
133 through 149	Reserved
150 through 190	Reserved for Non-Keyboard Scan Codes

Cordless Keyboard Extended Functions

Shift States

Most shift states are handled within the KEYBOARD routine, transparent to the system or application

program. The current set of active shift states is available by 'calling' an entry point in the ROM KEYBOARD-routine. The following keys result in altered shift-states:

Shift

This key temporarily shifts keys 2 thru 13, 16 thru 28, 31 thru 41, and 44 thru 53 to upper case (base case if in Caps Lock state). The **Shift** key temporarily reverses the 'Num Lock' or 'non-Num-Lock' state of keys 42, 55, 56, and 60 thru 62.

Ctrl

This key temporarily shifts keys 3, 7, 12, 14, 16 thru 28, 30 thru 38, 42, 44 thru 50, 55, and 56 to the Ctrl state. The **Ctrl** key is used with the **Alt** and **Del** keys to cause the 'System Reset' function, with the Scroll Lock key to cause the 'Break' function, with the **Num Lock key** to cause the 'Pause' function, with the **Alt** and **Cursor Left** or **Right** for 'screen adjustment', with **Alt** and **Ins** to 'activate diagnostics', and with **Alt** and **CapsLock** to 'activate keyboard clicking'. These functions are described in "Special Handling" on the following pages.

Alt

The **Alt** key temporarily shifts keys 2 thru 13, 17 thru 26, 31 thru 39, and 44 thru 50 to the 'Alternate state'. The **Alt** key is used with the **Ctrl** and **Del** keys to cause the 'System Reset' function described in "Special Handling" on the following pages. The **Alt** key is also used with keys 27, 28, 41, and 53 to produce the characters under the key.

The **Alt** key has another use. This key allows the user to enter any character code from 0 to 255 into the system from the keyboard. The user must first put the keyboard in the 'Num Lock' state (concurrently press, first **Alt** then **Fn** + **n**). Then while holding down the **Alt** key type the decimal value of the character desired using keys 2 thru 11. The **Alt** key is then released. If more than three digits are typed, a modulo-256 result is created. These three digits are interpreted as a character code and are transmitted through the KEYBOARD routine to the system or application program. **Alt** is handled internal to the KEYBOARD routine.

Caps Lock

This key shifts keys 17 thru 25, 31 thru 39, and 44 thru 50 to 'upper case'. A second press of the **Caps Lock** key reverses the action. **Caps Lock** is handled internal to the KEYBOARD routine.

Shift-Key Priorities and Combinations

The following keys are listed in descending priority for translation in Interrupt Hex 48 and Interrupt hex 9 respectively:

1. Interrupt Hex 48.
   a. **Alt** key
   b. **Ctrl** key
   c. **Shift** key
2. Interrupt Hex 9
   a. **Ctrl**
   b. **Alt**
   c. **Shift**

Of the three keys listed, only **Alt** and **Ctrl** are a valid combination. If any other combination of the three keys is used, only the key with the higher priority is recognized by the system.

Special Handling

System Reset

The combination of the **Alt, Ctrl,** and **Del** keys causes the KEYBOARD routine to initiate the equivalent of a 'System Reset'.

Break

The combination of the **Fn** and **B** keys results in the KEYBOARD routine signaling Interrupt Hex 1A. The extended characters (AL = hex 00, AH = hex 00) are returned.

Pause

The combination of the **Fn** and **Q** keys causes the KEYBOARD-interrupt routine to loop, waiting for any key to be pressed. This provides a system or application-transparent method of temporarily suspending an operation such as list or print and then resuming the operation by pressing any other key. The key pressed to exit the 'Pause' mode is unused otherwise.

Print Screen

The combination of the **Fn** and **P** keys results in an interrupt, invoking the PRINT SCREEN routine. This

routine works in the alphanumeric or graphics mode, with unrecognizable characters printing as blanks.

Scroll Lock

The combination of the **Fn** and **S** key is interpreted by appropriate application programs to indicate that the cursor-control keys should cause 'windowing' over the text rather than cursor movement. Pressing the 'Scroll Lock' combination a second time reverses the action. The KEYBOARD routine simply records the current shift state of 'Scroll Lock'. It is the responsibility of the system or application program to perform the function.

Functions 1 thru 10

The combination of the **Fn** key (15) and one of keys 2 thru 11 results in the corresponding 'Function' with key 2 being 'F1' up to key 11 being 'F10'.

Function Lock

Concurrently pressing first the **Fn** key and **Shift** key, and then pressing the **Esc** key causes keys 2 thru 11 to shift to their 'Function' states and remain there until the same combination is pressed again.

Screen Adjustment

The combination of the **Alt** key, **Ctrl** key, and either the **Left** or **Right** cursor movement key causes the screen to shift one character in the corresponding direction, up to a maximum of four.

BIOS Usage

Enable/Disable Keyboard Click

The combination of the **Alt**, **Ctrl**, and **Caps Lock** keys causes the keyboard audio feedback (click) to shift between 'on' and 'off'. The Power-On default is 'off'.

Run Diagnostics

The combination of the **Alt**, **Ctrl**, and **Ins keys** causes the system diagnostics stored in ROM to be initiated.

Phantom-Key Scan-Code (Hex 55)

The Phantom-Key scan-code is generated by the keyboard when an invalid combination of three or more keys is pressed. The keys pressed that caused the Phantom-Key scan-code are not put into the keyboard buffer, and are ignored by the keyboard microprocessor. The Phantom-Key scan-code is transmitted to BIOS where it is ignored.

Other Characteristics

The keyboard buffer is large enough to support a fast typist. If a key is pressed when the buffer is full, the character generated is ignored and the 'bell' is sounded. A larger buffer can be specified by modifying words at labels 'Buffer-Start' (hex 480) and 'Buffer-End' (hex 482) to point to another offset within segment hex 40.

The KEYBOARD routine suppresses the typematic action of the following keys: **Ctrl, Shift, Alt, Caps Lock, Insert**, and **Function**.

Function	Key Combinations	Description
System Reset	Alt + Ctrl + Del	Unconditional system reset
Break	Fn + B	Breaks program execution
Pause	Fn + Q	Resumable pause in program execution
Print Screen	Fn + P	
Function Lock	Fn and Shift then Esc (Held) concurrently)	Locks the number keys as Function keys (F1-F10) and B, Q, P, E, S, and the cursor control keys to their function states
Screen Adjustment	Alt + Ctrl + cursor right or cursor left	Allows the user to adjust the display's image left or right
Keyboard Click	Alt + Ctrl + CapsLock	Enables or disables the keyboard audio feedback click
Run Diagnostics	Alt + Ctrl + Ins	Initiates system ROM diagnostics
Keyboard Adventure Game	Esc	If the first key pressed after the system comes up in Cassette BASIC is Esc (key #1) then the Keyboard Adventure Game will be activated.
Cassette Autoload	Ctrl + Esc	If this is the first key sequence after the system comes up in Cassette BASIC then the screen will display 'Load "CAS1:",R followed by a Carriage Return. This allows a cassette program to be automatically loaded.

Cordless Keyboard Special Handling

BIOS Usage

Keyboard Usage

"Keyboard Usage" is a set of guidelines of key-usage
when performing commonly-used functions.

Function	Keys	Comment
Home Cursor	Fn Home	Editors; word processors
Return to outermost menu	Fn Home	Menu driven applications
Move cursor up	Up Arrow	Full screen editor, word processor
Page up, scroll backwards 25 lines	Fn PgUp	Editors; word processors
Move cursor left	◀───	Text, command entry
Move cursor right	───▶	Text, command entry
Scroll to end of text place cursor at end of line	Fn End	Editors; word processors
Move cursor down	Down Arrow	Full screen editor, word processor
Page down, scroll forwards 25 lines and home	Fn PgDn	Editors; word processors
Start/Stop insert text at cursor, shift text right in buffer	Ins	Text, command entry

Keyboard - Commonly Used Functions (Part 1 of 3)

Function	Keys	Comment
Delete character at cursor	Del	Text, command entry
Destructive backspace	◄——— Key 14	Text, command entry
Tab forward	———►	Text entry
Tab reverse	◄———	Text entry
Clear screen and home	Ctrl Fn Home	
Scroll up	Up Arrow	In scroll lock mode
Scroll down	Down Arrow	In scroll lock mode
Scroll left	◄———	In scroll lock mode
Scroll right	———►	In scroll lock mode
Delete from cursor to EOL (end of line)	Ctrl Fn End	Text, command entry
Exit/Escape	Esc	Editor, 1 level of menu and so on
Start/Stop Echo screen to printer	Fn PrtSc	Any time
Delete from cursor to EOS (end of screen)	Ctrl Fn PgDn	Text, command entry
Advance word	Ctrl ———►	Text entry
Reverse word	Ctrl ◄———	Text entry
Window Right	Ctrl ———►	When text is too wide to fit the screen

Keyboard - Commonly Used Functions (Part 2 of 3)

BIOS Usage

Function	Keys	Comment
Window Left	Ctrl ◄──	When text is too wide to fit the screen
Enter insert mode	Ins	Line Editor
Exit insert mode	Ins	Line Editor
Cancel current line	Esc	Command entry, text entry
Suspend system (Pause)	Ctrl Fn Pause	Stop list, stop program, and so on. Resumes on any key.
Break interrupt	Fn Break	Interrupt current process
System reset	Alt Ctrl Del	Reboot
Top of document and home cursor	Ctrl Fn PgUp	Editors, word processors
Standard function keys	Shift Fn/F1 through Fn/F10	Primary function keys
Secondary function keys	Shift F1-F10 Ctrl F1-F10 Alt F1-F10	Extra function keys if 10 are not sufficient.
Extra function keys	Alt keys 2 through 13 (1 through 9, 0) (–, =)	Line Editor
Extra function keys	Alt A through Z	Used when function starts with the same letter as one of the alpha keys.

Keyboard - Commonly Used Functions (Part 3 of 3)

Function	Key
Carriage return	◢◢ (Enter)
Line feed	Ctrl ◢◢ (Enter)
Bell	Ctrl G
Home	Fn Home
Cursor up	Up Arrow
Cursor down	Down Arrow
Cursor left	◀▬
Cursor right	▬▶
Advance one word	Ctrl ◀▬
Reverse one word	Ctrl ▬▶
Insert	Ins
Delete	Del
Clear screen	Ctrl Fn Home
Freeze output	Fn Pause
Tab advance	▬▶
Stop Execution (break)	Fn Break
Delete current line	Esc
Delete to end of line	Ctrl Fn End
Position cursor to end of line	Fn End

BASIC Screen Editor Special Functions

Function	Key
Suspend	Fn Pause
Echo to printer	Fn Echo
Stop echo to printer	Fn Echo
Exit current function (break)	Fn Break
Backspace.	◄─── Key 14
Line feed	Ctrl ◢◣ (Enter)
Cancel line	Esc
Copy character	Fn F1 or ───►
Copy until match	Fn F2
Copy remaining	Fn F3
Skip character	Del
Skip until match	Fn F4
Enter insert mode	Ins
Exit insert mode	Ins
Make new line the template	Fn F5
String separator in REPLACE	Fn F6
End of file in keyboard input	Fn F6

DOS Special Functions

Non-Keyboard Scan-code Architecture

The architecture of the IBM PC*jr* BIOS is designed to also receive scan codes above those generated by the keyboard to accommodate any future device.

The keyboard generates scan codes from hex 1 to 55 and FF. Any scan codes above hex 55 (56 thru 7E for 'make' codes and D6 thru FE for 'break' codes) are processed by BIOS in the following manner:

1. If the incoming 'make' scan code falls within the range of the translate table, whose address is pointed to by BIOS Interrupt Hex 49, it is translated into the corresponding scan code. Any incoming 'break' codes above hex D5 are ignored.

2. If the new translated scan code is less than hex 56, it is processed by BIOS as a keyboard scan-code and the same data is placed in the BIOS keyboard buffer.
3. If the translated scan-code is greater than hex 55 or the incoming scan-code is outside the range of the translate table, hex 40 is added, creating a new extended-scan-code. The new extended-scan-code is then placed in the BIOS keyboard buffer with the character code of 00(null). This utilizes the range hex 96 thru BE for scan codes hex 56 thru 7E respectively.

The default translate-table maps scan codes hex 56 thru 6A to existing keyboard-values. Scan codes hex 6B thru BE are mapped (by adding hex 40) to extended codes of hex AB thru FE, since these are out side the range of the default translate-table.

Users can modify Interrupt Hex 49 to address their own translate table if mapping differences are desired.

The translate table format is:

Description

0	Length - The number of non-keyboard scan-codes that are mapped within the table (from 1 to n).
1 to n	Word with low-order byte representing the scan-code-mapped values relative to the input values in the range of hex 56 thru 7E.

─────8-Bits─────

	Length = 1 to n

1	High Byte - 0 (NUL)
	Low Byte - Scan Code
2	High Byte - 0 (NUL)
	Low Byte - Scan Code
3	High Byte - 0 (NUL)
	Low Byte - Scan Code
•	• •
	• •
•	• •
	• •
n	High Byte - 0 (NUL)
	Low Byte - Scan Code

Translate Table Format

With this architecture, all keyboard scan-codes can be
intercepted thru Interrupt Hex 9 and all non-keyboard
scan-codes can be intercepted thru Interrupt Hex 48.

The following is a chart showing the default values of
the translate table in BIOS.

Length = 20 mapped values		
Input Scan Code	Mapped Value	Keyboard Character
86	72	(cursor up)
87	73	PgUp
88	77	(cursor right)
89	81	PgDn
90	80	(cursor down)
91	79	End
92	75	(cursor left)
93	71	Home
94	57	Space
95	28	Enter
96	17	W
97	18	E
98	31	S
99	45	X
100	44	Z
101	43	\
102	30	A
103	16	Q
104	15	Tab
105	1	Esc

Translate Table Default Values

Scan Codes (Hex)	Type of Scan Code
1 - 55	Normal Keyboard Scan Code (Make)
56 - 7E	Non-Keyboard Scan Code (Make)
81 - D5	Normal Keyboard Scan Code (Break)
D6 - FE	Non-Keyboard Scan Code (Break)
FF	Keyboard Buffer Full

Scan-Code Map

Notes:

BIOS Cassette Logic

Software Algorithms - Interrupt Hex 15

The CASSETTE routine is called by the request type in AH. The address of the bytes to be 'read' from or 'written' to the tape is specified by DS:BX and the number of bytes to be 'read' or 'written' is specified by CX. The actual number of bytes 'read' is returned in DX. The read block and write block automatically turn the cassette motor on at the start and off at the end. The request types in AH and the cassette status descriptions follow:

Request Type	Function
AH = 0	Turn Cassette Motor On
AH = 1	Turn Cassette Motor Off
AH = 2	Read Tape Block
	Read CX bytes into memory starting at
	Address DS:BX
	Return actual number of bytes read in DX
	Return Cassette Status in AH
AH = 3	Write Tape Block
	Write CX bytes onto cassette starting at
	Address DS:BX
	Return Cassette Status in AH

AH Request Types

Cassette Status	Description
AH = 00	No Errors
AH = 01	Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) Error in Read Block
AH = 02	No Data Transitions
AH = 04	No Leader
AH = 80	Invalid Command
Note: The carry flag will be set on any error.	

AH Cassette Status

Cassette Write

The WRITE-BLOCK routine 'writes' a tape block onto the cassette tape. The tape block is described in "Data Record Architecture" later in this section.

The WRITE-BLOCK routine 'turns on' the cassette drive motor and 'writes' the leader (256 bytes of all 1's) to the tape, 'writes' a synchronization bit (0), and then 'writes' a synchronization byte (ASCII character hex 16). Next, the routine 'writes' the number of data bytes specified by CX. After each data block of 256 bytes, a 2-byte cyclic redundancy check (CRC) is 'written'. The data bytes are taken from the memory location 'pointed' at by DS:BX.

The WRITE-BLOCK routine 'disassembles' and 'writes' the byte a bit-at-a-time to the cassette. The method used is to 'set' Timer 2 to the period of the desired data bit. The timer is 'set' to a period of 1.0 millisecond for a 1 bit and 0.5 millisecond for a 0 bit.

The timer is 'set' to mode 3, which means the timer outputs a square wave with a period given by its count register. The timer's period is changed on the fly for each data byte 'written' to the cassette. If the number of data bytes to be 'written' is not an integral multiple of 256, then, after the last desired data byte from memory has been 'written', the data block is extended to 256 bytes of writing multiples of the last data byte. The last block is closed with two CRC bytes as usual. After the last data-block, a trailer consisting of four bytes of all 1 bits is 'written'. Finally, the cassette motor is 'turned off', if there are no errors reported by the routine. All 8259 interrupts are 'disabled' during cassette-write operations.

Cassette-Write Timing Chart

Cassette Read

The READ-BLOCK routine 'turns on' the cassette drive motor and then delays for approximately 0.5 second to allow the motor to come up to speed.

The READ-BLOCK routine then searches for the leader and must detect all 1 bits for approximately 1/4 of the leader length before it can look for the sync (0) bit. After the sync bit is detected, the sync byte

(ASCII character hex 16) is 'read'. If the sync byte is 'read' correctly, the data portion can be 'read'. If a correct sync byte is not found, the routine goes back and searches for the leader again. The data is 'read' a bit-at-a-time and 'assembled' into bytes. After each byte is 'assembled', it is 'written' into memory at location DS:BX and BX is incremented by 1.

After each multiple of 256 data bytes is 'read', the CRC is 'read' and 'compared' to the CRC generated. If a CRC error is detected, the routine exits with the carry flag 'set' to indicate an error and the status of AH 'set' to hex 01. DX contains the number of bytes 'written' into memory.

All 8259 interrupts are 'disabled' during the cassette-'read' operations.

Data Record Architecture

The WRITE-BLOCK routine uses the following format to record a tape block onto a cassette tape:

(CASSETTE TAPE BLOCK)

Leader	Sync Bit	Sync Byte	Data Block	CRC	Data Block	CRC

Motor   Motor
On   Off

Cassette Write-Block Format

Component	Description
Leader	256 Bytes (of All 1's)
Sync Bit	One 0 bit
Sync Byte	ASCII Character hex 16
Data Blocks	256 Bytes in Length
CRC	2 Bytes for each Data Block

Data Record Components

Error Detection

Error detection is handled through software. A CRC is used to detect errors. The polynomial used is $G(X) = X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$, which is the polynomial used by the synchronous data link control interface. Essentially, as bits are 'written' to or 'read' from the cassette tape they are passed through the CRC register in software. After a block of data is 'written', the complemented value of the calculated CRC register is 'written' on the tape. Upon reading the cassette data, the CRC bytes are 'read' and 'compared' to the generated CRC value. If the read CRC does not equal the generated CRC, the processor's carry flag is 'set' and the status of AH is 'set' to hex 01, which indicates a CRC error has occurred. Also, the routine is exited on a CRC error.

Notes:

Appendixes

Contents

A–2

```
;
;----------------------------------------------------------------
;  <CAVEAT EMPTOR>:
;
;       THE  BIOS ROUTINES ARE MEANT TO BE ACCESSED THROUGH
;       SOFTWARE INTERRUPTS ONLY.  ANY ADDRESSES PRESENT IN
;       THE LISTINGS  ARE INCLUDED  ONLY FOR  COMPLETENESS,
;       NOT FOR  REFERENCE.   APPLICATIONS WHICH  REFERENCE
;       ABSOLUTE  ADDRESSES  WITHIN THIS  CODE  VIOLATE THE
;       STRUCTURE AND DESIGN OF BIOS.
;----------------------------------------------------------------
;----------------------------------------
;                   EQUATES
;----------------------------------------
= 0060          PORT_A          EQU     60H     ; 8255 PORT A ADDR
= 0038          CPUREG          EQU     38H     ; MASK FOR CPU REG BITS
= 0007          CRTREG          EQU     7       ; MASK FOR CRT REG BITS
= 0061          PORT_B          EQU     61H     ; 8255 PORT B ADDR
= 0062          PORT_C          EQU     62H     ; 8255 PORT C ADDR
= 0063          CMD_PORT        EQU     63H
= 0089          MODE_8255       EQU     10001001B
= 0020          INTA00          EQU     20H     ; 8259 PORT
= 0021          INTA01          EQU     21H     ; 8259 PORT
= 0020          EOI             EQU     20H
= 0040          TIMER           EQU     40H
= 0043          TIM_CTL         EQU     43H     ; 8253 TIMER CONTROL PORT ADDR
= 0040          TIMER0          EQU     40H     ; 8253 TIMER/CNTER 0 PORT ADDR
= 0061          KB_CTL          EQU     61H     ; CONTROL BITS FOR KEYBOARD
= 03DA          VGA_CTL         EQU     3DAH    ; VIDEO GATE ARRAY CONTROL PORT
= 00A0          NMI_PORT        EQU     0A0H    ; NMI CONTROL PORT
= 00B0          PORT_B0         EQU     0B0H
= 03DF          PAGREG          EQU     03DFH   ; CRT/CPU PAGE REGISTER
= 0060          KBPORT          EQU     060H    ; KEYBOARD PORT
= 4000          DIAG_TABLE_PTR  EQU     4000H
= 2000          MINI            EQU     2000H
                ;----------------------------------------
                ;           DISKETTE EQUATES
                ;----------------------------------------
= 00F2          NEC_CTL         EQU     0F2H    ; CONTROL PORT FOR THE DISKETTE
= 0080          FDC_RESET       EQU     80H     ; RESETS THE NEC (FLOPPY DISK
                                                ;  CONTROLLER).  0 RESETS,
                                                ;  1 RELEASES THE RESET
= 0020          WD_ENABLE       EQU     20H     ; ENABLES WATCH DOG TIMER IN NEC
= 0040          WD_STROBE       EQU     40H     ; STROBES WATCHDOG TIMER
= 0001          DRIVE_ENABLE    EQU     01H     ; SELECTS AND ENABLES DRIVE

= 00F4          NEC_STAT        EQU     0F4H    ; STATUS REGISTER FOR THE NEC
= 0020          BUSY_BIT        EQU     20H     ; BIT = 0 AT END OF EXECUTION PHASE
= 0040          DIO             EQU     40H     ; INDICATES DIRECTION OF TRANSFER
= 0080          RQM             EQU     80H     ; REQUEST FOR MASTER
= 00F5          NEC_DATA        EQU     0F5H    ; DATA PORT FOR THE NEC
                ;----------------------------------------
                ;         8088 INTERRUPT LOCATIONS
                ;----------------------------------------
0000            ABSO    SEGMENT AT 0
0008                    ORG     2*4
0008            NMI_PTR         LABEL   WORD
000C                    ORG     3*4
000C            INT3_PTR        LABEL   WORD
0014                    ORG     5*4
0014            INT5_PTR        LABEL   WORD
0020                    ORG     8*4
0020            INT_PTR         LABEL   DWORD
0040                    ORG     10H*4
0040            VIDEO_INT       LABEL   WORD
0070                    ORG     1CH*4
0070            INT1C_PTR       LABEL   WORD
0074                    ORG     1DH*4
0074            PARM_PTR        LABEL   DWORD   ; POINTER TO VIDEO PARMS
0060                    ORG     18H*4
0060            BASIC_PTR       LABEL   WORD    ; ENTRY POINT FOR CASSETTE BASIC
0078                    ORG     01EH*4          ; INTERRUPT 1EH
0078            DISK_POINTER    LABEL   DWORD
007C                    ORG     01FH*4          ; LOCATION OF POINTER
007C            EXT_PTR LABEL   DWORD           ; POINTER TO EXTENSION
0110                    ORG     044H*4
0110            CSET_PTR        LABEL   DWORD   ; POINTER TO DOT PATTERNS
0120                    ORG     048H*4
0120            KEY62_PTR       LABEL   WORD    ; POINTER TO 62 KEY KEYBOARD CODE
0124                    ORG     049H*4
0124            EXST            LABEL   WORD    ; POINTER TO EXT. SCAN TABLE
0204                    ORG     081H*4
0204            INT81   LABEL   WORD
0208                    ORG     082H*4
0208            INT82   LABEL   WORD
0224                    ORG     089H*4
0224            INT89   LABEL   WORD
0400                    ORG     400H
0400            DATA_AREA       LABEL   BYTE    ; ABSOLUTE LOCATION OF DATA SEGMENT
0400            DATA_WORD       LABEL   WORD
7C00                    ORG     7C00H
7C00            BOOT_LOCN       LABEL   FAR
7C00            ABSO    ENDS
```

```
                       ;------------------------------------------------
                       ; STACK -- USED DURING INITIALIZATION ONLY
                       ;------------------------------------------------
0000                   STACK   SEGMENT AT 30H
0000    80 [                   DW      128 DUP(?)
        ????
                ]

0100                   TOS     LABEL   WORD
0100                   STACK   ENDS
                       ;---------------------------------------
                       ;       ROM BIOS DATA AREAS
                       ;---------------------------------------
0000                   DATA    SEGMENT AT 40H
0000    04 [           RS232_BASE      DW      4 DUP(?) ; ADDRESSES OF RS232 ADAPTERS
        ????
                ]

0008    04 [           PRINTER_BASE    DW      4 DUP(?) ; ADDRESSES OF PRINTERS
        ????
                ]

0010    ????           EQUIP_FLAG      DW      ?       ; INSTALLED HARDWARE
0012    ??             KBD_ERR         DB      ?       ; COUNT OF KEYBOARD TRANSMIT ERRORS
0013    ????           MEMORY_SIZE     DW      ?       ; USABLE MEMORY SIZE IN K BYTES
0015    ????           TRUE_MEM        DW      ?       ; REAL MEMORY SIZE IN K BYTES
                       ;---------------------------------------
                       ;       KEYBOARD DATA AREAS
                       ;---------------------------------------
0017    ??             KB_FLAG         DB      ?
                       ;----- SHIFT FLAG EQUATES WITHIN KB_FLAG
= 0040                 CAPS_STATE      EQU     40H     ; CAPS LOCK STATE HAS BEEN TOGGLED
= 0020                 NUM_STATE       EQU     20H     ; NUM LOCK STATE HAS BEEN TOGGLED
= 0008                 ALT_SHIFT       EQU     08H     ; ALTERNATE SHIFT KEY DEPRESSED
= 0004                 CTL_SHIFT       EQU     04H     ; CONTROL SHIFT KEY DEPRESSED
= 0002                 LEFT_SHIFT      EQU     02H     ; LEFT SHIFT KEY DEPRESSED
= 0001                 RIGHT_SHIFT     EQU     01H     ; RIGHT SHIFT KEY DEPRESSED
0018    ??             KB_FLAG_1       DB      ?       ; SECOND BYTE OF KEYBOARD STATUS
= 0080                 INS_SHIFT       EQU     80H     ; INSERT KEY IS DEPRESSED
= 0040                 CAPS_SHIFT      EQU     40H     ; CAPS LOCK KEY IS DEPRESSED
= 0020                 NUM_SHIFT       EQU     20H     ; NUM LOCK KEY IS DEPRESSED
= 0010                 SCROLL_SHIFT    EQU     10H     ; SCROLL LOCK KEY IS DEPRESSED
= 0008                 HOLD_STATE      EQU     08H     ; SUSPEND KEY HAS BEEN TOGGLED
= 0004                 CLICK_ON        EQU     04H     ; INDICATES THAT AUDIO FEEDBACK IS
                                                       ; ENABLED
= 0002                 CLICK_SEQUENCE  EQU     02H     ; OCURRNCE OF ALT-CTRL-CAPSLOCK HAS
                                                       ; OCCURED
0019    ??             ALT_INPUT       DB      ?       ; STORAGE FOR ALTERNATE KEYPAD
                                                       ; ENTRY
001A    ????           BUFFER_HEAD     DW      ?       ; POINTER TO HEAD OF KEYBOARD BUFF
001C    ????           BUFFER_TAIL     DW      ?       ; POINTER TO TAIL OF KEYBOARD BUFF
001E    10 [           KB_BUFFER       DW      16 DUP(?) ; ROOM FOR 15 ENTRIES
        ????
                ]

                       ;------ HEAD = TAIL INDICATES THAT THE BUFFER IS EMPTY
= 0045                 NUM_KEY         EQU     69      ; SCAN CODE FOR NUMBER LOCK
= 0046                 SCROLL_KEY      EQU     70      ; SCROLL LOCK KEY
= 0038                 ALT_KEY         EQU     56      ; ALTERNATE SHIFT KEY SCAN CODE
= 001D                 CTL_KEY         EQU     29      ; SCAN CODE FOR CONTROL KEY
= 003A                 CAPS_KEY        EQU     58      ; SCAN CODE FOR SHIFT LOCK
= 002A                 LEFT_KEY        EQU     42      ; SCAN CODE FOR LEFT SHIFT
= 0036                 RIGHT_KEY       EQU     54      ; SCAN CODE FOR RIGHT SHIFT
= 0052                 INS_KEY         EQU     82      ; SCAN CODE FOR INSERT KEY
= 0053                 DEL_KEY         EQU     83      ; SCAN CODE FOR DELETE KEY
                       ;---------------------------------------
                       ;       DISKETTE DATA AREAS
                       ;---------------------------------------
003E    ??             SEEK_STATUS     DB      ?       ; DRIVE RECALIBRATION STATUS
                                                       ; BIT 0 = DRIVE NEEDS RECAL BEFORE
                                                       ;   NEXT SEEK IF BIT IS = 0
003F    ??             MOTOR_STATUS    DB      ?       ; MOTOR STATUS
                                                       ; BIT 0 = DRIVE 0 IS CURRENTLY
                                                       ;   RUNNING
0040    ??             MOTOR_COUNT     DB      ?       ; TIME OUT COUNTER FOR DRIVE
                                                       ; TURN OFF
= 0025                 MOTOR_WAIT      EQU     37      ; 2 SECS OF COUNTS FOR MOTOR
                                                       ; TURN OFF
0041    ??             DISKETTE_STATUS DB      ?       ; RETURN CODE STATUS BYTE
= 0080                 TIME_OUT        EQU     80H     ; ATTACHMENT FAILED TO RESPOND
= 0040                 BAD_SEEK        EQU     40H     ; SEEK OPERATION FAILED
= 0020                 BAD_NEC         EQU     20H     ; NEC CONTROLLER HAS FAILED
= 0010                 BAD_CRC         EQU     10H     ; BAD CRC ON DISKETTE READ
= 0009                 DMA_BOUNDARY    EQU     09H     ; ATTEMPT TO DMA ACROSS 64K
                                                       ; BOUNDARY
= 0008                 BAD_DMA         EQU     08H     ; DMA OVERRUN ON OPERATION
= 0004                 RECORD_NOT_FND  EQU     04H     ; REQUESTED SECTOR NOT FOUND
= 0003                 WRITE_PROTECT   EQU     03H     ; WRITE ATTEMPTED ON WRITE
                                                       ; PROTECTED DISK
= 0002                 BAD_ADDR_MARK   EQU     02H     ; ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND
= 0001                 BAD_CMD         EQU     01H     ; BAD COMMAND GIVEN TO DISKETTE I/O
0042    07 [           NEC_STATUS      DB      7 DUP(?) ; STATUS BYTES FROM NEC
        ??
                ]

= 0020                 SEEK_END        EQU     20H
= 012C                 THRESHOLD       EQU     300     ; NUMBER OF TIMER-0 TICKS TILL
                                                       ; ENABLE
= 00AF                 PARM0           EQU     0AFH    ; PARAMETER 0 IN THE DISK_PARM
                                                       ; TABLE
= 0003                 PARM1           EQU     3       ; PARAMETER 1
= 0019                 PARM9           EQU     25      ; PARAMETER 9
= 0004                 PARM10          EQU     4       ; PARAMETER 10
```

A-4   ROM BIOS

```
                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    VIDEO DISPLAY DATA AREA
                          ;---------------------------------
0049    ??               CRT_MODE        DB      ?       ; CURRENT CRT MODE
004A    ????             CRT_COLS        DW      ?       ; NUMBER OF COLUMNS ON SCREEN
004C    ????             CRT_LEN         DW      ?       ; LENGTH OF REGEN IN BYTES
004E    ????             CRT_START       DW      ?       ; STARTING ADDRESS IN REGEN BUFFER
0050    08 [             CURSOR_POSN     DW      8 DUP(?) ; CURSOR FOR EACH OF UP TO 8 PAGES
            ????
        ]

0060    ????             CURSOR_MODE     DW      ?       ; CURRENT CURSOR MODE SETTING
0062    ??               ACTIVE_PAGE     DB      ?       ; CURRENT PAGE BEING DISPLAYED
0063    ????             ADDR_6845       DW      ?       ; BASE ADDRESS FOR ACTIVE DISPLAY
                                                         ; CARD
0065    ??               CRT_MODE_SET    DB      ?       ; CURRENT SETTING OF THE
                                                         ; CRT MODE REGISTER
0066    ??               CRT_PALLETTE    DB      ?       ; CURRENT PALETTE MASK SETTING
                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    CASSETTE DATA AREA
                          ;---------------------------------
0067    ????             EDGE_CNT        DW      ?       ; TIME COUNT AT DATA EDGE
0069    ????             CRC_REG         DW      ?       ; CRC REGISTER
006B    ??               LAST_VAL        DB      ?       ; LAST INPUT VALUE
                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    TIMER DATA AREA
                          ;---------------------------------
006C    ????             TIMER_LOW       DW      ?       ; LOW WORD OF TIMER COUNT
006E    ????             TIMER_HIGH      DW      ?       ; HIGH WORD OF TIMER COUNT
0070    ??               TIMER_OFL       DB      ?       ; TIMER HAS ROLLED OVER SINCE LAST
                                                         ; READ
                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    SYSTEM DATA AREA
                          ;---------------------------------
0071    ??               BIOS_BREAK      DB      ?       ; BIT 7=1 IF BREAK KEY HAS BEEN HIT
0072    ????             RESET_FLAG      DW      ?       ; WORD=1234H IF KEYBOARD RESET
                                                         ; UNDERWAY
                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    EXTRA DISKETTE DATA AREAS
                          ;---------------------------------
0074    ??               TRACK0          DB      ?
0075    ??               TRACK1          DB      ?
0076    ??               TRACK2          DB      ?
0077    ??               TRACK3          DB      ?
                          ;---------------------------------------------
                          ;    PRINTER AND RS232 TIME-OUT VARIABLES
                          ;---------------------------------------------
0078    04 [             PRINT_TIM_OUT   DB      4 DUP(?)
            ??
        ]

007C    04 [             RS232_TIM_OUT   DB      4 DUP(?)
            ??
        ]


                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    ADDITIONAL KEYBOARD DATA AREA
                          ;---------------------------------
0080    ????             BUFFER_START    DW      ?
0082    ????             BUFFER_END      DW      ?
0084    ??               INTR_FLAG       DB      ?       ; FLAG TO INDICATE AN INTERRUPT
                                                         ; HAPPENED
                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    62 KEY KEYBOARD DATA AREA
                          ;---------------------------------
0085    ??               CUR_CHAR        DB      ?       ; CURRENT CHARACTER FOR TYPAMATIC
0086    ??               VAR_DELAY       DB      ?       ; DETERMINES WHEN INITIAL DELAY IS
                                                         ; OVER
= 000F                   DELAY_RATE      EQU     0FH     ; INCREASES INITIAL DELAY
0087    ??               CUR_FUNC        DB      ?       ; CURRENT FUNCTION
0088    ??               KB_FLAG_2       DB      ?       ; 3RD BYTE OF KEYBOARD FLAGS
= 0004                   RANGE           EQU     4       ; NUMBER OF POSITIONS TO SHIFT
                                                         ; DISPLAY
                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    BIT ASSIGNMETS FOR KB_FLAG_2
                          ;---------------------------------
= 0080                   FN_FLAG         EQU     80H
= 0040                   FN_BREAK        EQU     40H
= 0020                   FN_PENDING      EQU     20H
= 0010                   FN_LOCK         EQU     10H
= 0008                   TYPE_OFF        EQU     08H
= 0004                   HALF_RATE       EQU     04H
= 0002                   INIT_DELAY      EQU     02H
= 0001                   PUTCHAR         EQU     01H
0089    ??               HORZ_POS        DB      ?       ; CURRENT VALUE OF HORIZONTAL
                                                         ; START PARM
008A    ??               PAGDAT          DB      ?       ; IMAGE OF DATA WRITTEN TO PAGREG
008B                     DATA    ENDS
                          ;---------------------------------
                          ;    EXTRA DATA AREA
                          ;---------------------------------
0000                     XXDATA  SEGMENT AT 50H
0000    ??               STATUS_BYTE     DB      ?
                          ; THE FOLLOWING AREA IS USED ONLY DURING DIAGNOSTICS
                          ; (POST AND ROM RESIDENT)
0001    ??               DCP_MENU_PAGE   DB      ?       ; TO CURRENT PAGE FOR DIAG. MENU
0002    ????             DCP_ROW_COL     DW      ?       ; CURRENT ROW/COLUMN COORDINATES
                                                         ; FOR DIAG MENU
0004    ??               WRAP_FLAG       DB      ?       ; INTERNAL/EXTERNAL 8250 WRAP
                                                         ; INDICATOR
```

ROM BIOS   A-5

```
0005    ??                        MFG_TST       DB    ?      ; INITIALIZATION FLAG
0006    ????                      MEM_TOT       DW    ?      ; WORD EQUIV. TO HIGHEST SEGMENT IN
                                                             ; MEMORY
0008    ????                      MEM_DONES     DW    ?      ; CURRENT SEGMENT VALUE FOR
                                                             ; BACKGROUND MEM TEST
000A    ????                      MEM_DONEO     DW    ?      ; CURRENT OFFSET VALUE FOR
                                                             ; BACKGROUND MEM TEST
000C    ????                      INT1CO        DW    ?      ; SAVE AREA FOR INTERRUPT 1C
                                                             ; ROUTINE
000E    ????                      INT1CS        DW    ?
0010    ??                        MENU_UP       DB    ?      ; FLAG TO INDICATE WHETHER MENU IS
                                                             ; ON SCREEN (FF=YES, O=NO)
0011    ??                        DONE128       DB    ?      ; COUNTER TO KEEP TRACK OF 128 BYTE
                                                             ; BLOCKS TESTED BY BGMEM
0012    ????                      KBDONE        DW    ?      ; TOTAL K OF MEMORY THAT HAS BEEN
                                                             ; TESTED BY BACKGROUND MEM TEST
                                  ;------------------------------------------
                                  ;       POST DATA AREA
                                  ;------------------------------------------
0014    ????                      IO_ROM_INIT   DW    ?      ; POINTR TO OPTIONAL I/O ROM INIT
                                                             ; ROUTINE
0016    ????                      IO_ROM_SEG    DW    ?      ; POINTER TO IO ROM SEGMENT
0018    ??                        POST_ERR      DB    ?      ; FLAG TO INDICATE ERROR OCCURRED
                                                             ; DURING POST
0019       09 [                   MODEM_BUFFER  DB    9 DUP(?) ; MODEM RESPONSE BUFFER
                    ??
                                ]
                                                             ; (MAX 9 CHARS)
0022    ????                      MFG_RTN       DW    ?      ; POINTER TO MFG. OUTPUT ROUTINE
0024    ????                                    DW    ?
                                  ;------------------------------------------
                                  ;       SERIAL PRINTER DATA
                                  ;------------------------------------------
0026    ????                      SP_FLAG       DW    ?
0028    ??                        SP_CHAR       DB    ?
                                                             ; THE FOLLOWING SIX ENTRIES ARE
                                                             ; DATA PERTAINING TO NEW STICK
0029    ????                      NEW_STICK_DATA DW   ?      ; RIGHT STICK DELAY
002B    ????                                    DW    ?      ; RIGHT BUTTON A DELAY
002D    ????                                    DW    ?      ; RIGHT BUTTON B DELAY
002F    ????                                    DW    ?      ; LEFT STICK DELAY
0031    ????                                    DW    ?      ; LEFT BUTTON A DELAY
0033    ????                                    DW    ?      ; LEFT BUTTON B DELAY
0035    ????                                    DW    ?      ; RIGHT STICK LOCATION
0037    ????                                    DW    ?      ; UNUSED
0039    ????                                    DW    ?      ; UNUSED
003B    ????                                    DW    ?      ; LEFT STICK POSTITON
003D                              XXDATA  ENDS
                                  ;------------------------------------------
                                  ;       DISKETTE DATA AREA
                                  ;------------------------------------------
0000                              DKDATA  SEGMENT AT 60H
0000    ??                        NUM_DRIVE     DB    ?
0001    ??                        DUAL          DB    ?
0002    ??                        OPERATION     DB    ?
0003    ??                        DRIVE         DB    ?
0004    ??                        TRACK         DB    ?
0005    ??                        HEAD          DB    ?
0006    ??                        SECTOR        DB    ?
0007    ??                        NUM_SECTOR    DB    ?
0008    ??                        SEC           DB    ?
                                  ;    FORMAT ID
0009       08 [                   TK_HD_SC      DB    8 DUP(0,0,0,0)  ;TRACK,HEAD,SECTOR,NUM OF
                    00
                    00
                    00
                    00
                                ]
                                                             ; SECTOR
                                  ;    BUFFER FOR READ AND WRITE OPERATION
= 0200                            DK_BUF_LEN    EQU   512       ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
0029    0200 [                    READ_BUF      DB    DK_BUF_LEN DUP(0)
                    00
                                ]
0229    0100 [                    WRITE_BUF     DB    (DK_BUF_LEN/2) DUP(6DH,0BH)
                    6D
                    0B
                                ]
                                  ;    INFO FLAGS
0429    ??                        REQUEST_IN    DB    ?      ;SELECTION CHARACTER
042A    ??                        DK_EXISTED    DB    ?
042B    ??                        DK_FLAG       DB    ?
042C    ????                      RAN_NUM       DW    ?
042E    ????                      SEED          DW    ?
                                  ;    SPEED TEST VARIABLES
0430    ????                      DK_SPEED      DW    ?
0432    ????                      TIM_1         DW    ?
0434    ????                      TIM_L_1       DW    ?
0436    ????                      TIM_2         DW    ?
0438    ????                      TIM_L_2       DW    ?
043A    ????                      FRACT_H       DW    ?
043C    ????                      FRACT_L       DW    ?
043E    ????                      PART_CYCLE    DW    ?
0440    ????                      WHOLE_CYCLE   DW    ?
0442    ????                      HALF_CYCLE    DW    ?
```

A-6   ROM BIOS

```
                                      ;          ERROR PARAMETERS
0444  ??                    DK_ER_OCCURED   DB      ?      ;ERROR HAS OCCURRED
0445  ??                    DK_ER_L1        DB      ?      ;CUSTOMER ERROR LEVEL
0446  ??                    DK_ER_L2        DB      ?      ;SERVICE ERROR LEVEL
0447  ??                    ER_STATUS_BYTE  DB      ?      ;STATUS BYTE RETURN FROM INT 13H
                            ;          LANGUAGE TABLE
0448  ??                    LANG_BYTE       DB      ?      ; PORT BO TO DETERMINE WHICH
                                                           ; LANGAGE TO USE
0449                        DKDATA  ENDS
                            ;---------------------------------------
                            ;          VIDEO DISPLAY BUFFER
                            ;---------------------------------------
0000                        VIDEO_RAM       SEGMENT AT 0B800H
0000  4000 [                                DB      16384 DUP(?)
        ??
           ]

4000                        VIDEO_RAM       ENDS
                            ;---------------------------------------
                            ;          ROM RESIDENT CODE            :
                            ;---------------------------------------
0000                        CODE    SEGMENT PAGE
                                    ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:ABSO,ES:NOTHING,SS:STACK

0000  31 35 30 34 30 33                     DB      '1504036 COPR. IBM 1981,1983'  ; COPYRIGHT NOTICE
      36 20 43 4F 50 52
      2E 20 49 42 4D 20
      31 39 38 31 2C 31
      39 38 33

001B  0149 R               Z1       DW      L12             ; RETURN POINTERS FOR RTNS CALLED
001D  0157 R                        DW      L14             ; BEFORE STACK INITIALIZED
001F  016D R                        DW      L16
0021  0186 R                        DW      L19
0023  01BA R                        DW      L24
0025  20 4B 42             F3B      DB      ' KB'
0028  0A47 R               EX_O     DW      OFFSET  EBO
002A  0A47 R                        DW      OFFSET  EBO
002C  0ABB R                        DW      OFFSET  TOTLTPO
002E  0A84 R               EX1      DW      OFFSET  MO1
                            ;---------------------------------------
                            ;          MESSAGE AREA FOR POST         :
                            ;---------------------------------------
0030  45 52 52 4F 52       ERROR_ERR       DB      'ERROR' ;GENERAL ERROR PROMPT
0035  41                   MEM_ERR         DB      'A'     ;MEMORY ERROR
0036  42                   KEY_ERR         DB      'B'     ;KEYBOARD ERROR MSG
0037  43                   CASS_ERR        DB      'C'     ;CASSETTE ERROR MESSAGE
0038  44                   COM1_ERR        DB      'D'     ;ON-BOARD SERIAL PORT ERR. MSG
0039  45                   COM2_ERR        DB      'E'     ;SERIAL PORTION OF MODEM ERROR
003A  46                   ROM_ERR         DB      'F'     ;OPTIONAL GENERIC BIOS ROM ERROR
003B  47                   CART_ERR        DB      'G'     ;CARTRIDGE ERROR
003C  48                   DISK_ERR        DB      'H'     ;DISKETTE ERR
                            ;
003D                       F4       LABEL   WORD            ; PRINTER SOURCE TABLE
003D  0378                          DW      378H
003F  0278                          DW      278H
0041                       F4E      LABEL   WORD
0041                       IMASKS   LABEL   BYTE            ; INTERRUPT MASKS FOR 8259
                                                            ; INTERRUPT CONTROLLER
0041  EF                            DB      OEFH            ; MODEM INTR MASK
0042  F7                            DB      OF7H            ; SERIAL PRINTER INTR MASK
                            ;---------------------------------------
                            ; SETUP
                            ;          DISABLE NMI, MASKABLE INTS.   :
                            ;          SOUND CHIP, AND VIDEO.        :
                            ;          TURN DRIVE O MOTOR OFF        :
                            ;---------------------------------------
                                    ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:ABSO,ES:NOTHING,SS:STACK
0043                       RESET    LABEL   FAR
0043  B0 00                START:   MOV     AL,0
0045  E6 A0                         OUT     0A0H,AL         ; DISABLES NMI
0047  FE C8                         DEC     AL              ; SEND FF TO MFG_TESTER
0049  E6 10                         OUT     10H,AL
004B  E4 A0                         IN      AL,0A0H         ; RESET NMI F/F
004D  FA                            CLI                     ; DISABLES MASKABLE INTERRUPTS
                                                            ; DISABLE ATTENUATION IN SOUND CHIP
004E  B8 108F                       MOV     AX,108FH        ; REG ADDRESS IN AH, ATTENUATOR OFF
                                                            ; IN AL
0051  BA 00C0                       MOV     DX,00C0H        ; ADDRESS OF SOUND CHIP
0054  B9 0004                       MOV     CX,4            ; 4 ATTENUATORS TO DISABLE
0057  0A C4                L1:      OR      AL,AH           ; COMBINE REG ADDRESS AND DATA
0059  EE                            OUT     DX,AL
005A  B0 C4 20                      ADD     AH,20H          ; POINT TO NEXT REG
005D  E2 F8                         LOOP    L1
005F  B0 A0                         MOV     AL,WD_ENABLE+FDC_RESET  ; TURN DRIVE O MOTOR OFF,
                                                            ; ENABLE TIMER
0061  E6 F2                         OUT     OF2H,AL
0063  BA 03DA                       MOV     DX,VGA_CTL      ; VIDEO GATE ARRAY CONTROL
0066  EC                            IN      AL,DX           ; SYNC VGA TO ACCEPT REG
0067  B0 04                         MOV     AL,4            ; SET VGA RESET REG
0069  EE                            OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT IT
006A  B0 01                         MOV     AL,1            ; SET ASYNC RESET
006C  EE                            OUT     DX,AL           ; RESET VIDEO GATE ARRAY
                            ;---------------------------------------
                            ; TEST 1                                :
                            ;          8088 PROCESSOR TEST           :
                            ; DESCRIPTION                            :
                            ;          VERIFY 8088 FLAGS, REGISTERS  :
                            ;          AND CONDITIONAL JUMPS         :
                            ;                                        :
                            ; MFG. ERROR CODE 0001H                  :
                            ;---------------------------------------
```

```
006D  B4 D5                    MOV   AH,0D5H        ; SET SF, CF, ZF, AND AF FLAGS ON
006F  9E                       SAHF
0070  73 4C                    JNC   L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF CF NOT SET
0072  75 4A                    JNZ   L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF ZF NOT SET
0074  7B 48                    JNP   L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF PF NOT SET
0076  79 46                    JNS   L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF SF NOT SET
0078  9F                       LAHF                 ; LOAD FLAG IMAGE TO AH
0079  81 05                    MOV   CL,5           ; LOAD CNT REG WITH SHIFT CNT
007B  D2 EC                    SHR   AH,CL          ; SHIFT AF INTO CARRY BIT POS
007D  73 3F                    JNC   L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF AF NOT SET
007F  B0 40                    MOV   AL,40H         ; SET THE OF FLAG ON
0081  D0 E0                    SHL   AL,1           ; SETUP FOR TESTING
0083  71 39                    JNO   L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF OF NOT SET
0085  32 E4                    XOR   AH,AH          ; SET AH = 0
0087  9E                       SAHF                 ; CLEAR SF, CF, ZF, AND PF
0088  76 34                    JBE   L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF CF ON
                                                    ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF ZF ON
008A  78 32                    JS    L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF SF ON
008C  7A 30                    JP    L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF PF ON
008E  9F                       LAHF                 ; LOAD FLAG IMAGE TO AH
008F  B1 05                    MOV   CL,5           ; LOAD CNT REG WITH SHIFT CNT
0091  D2 EC                    SHR   AH,CL          ; SHIFT 'AF' INTO CARRY BIT POS
0093  72 29                    JC    L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF ON
0095  D0 E4                    SHL   AH,1           ; CHECK THAT 'OF' IS CLEAR
0097  70 25                    JO    L4             ; GO TO ERR ROUTINE IF ON
                               ;----- READ/WRITE THE 8088 GENERAL AND SEGMENTATION REGISTERS
                               ;        WITH ALL ONE'S AND ZEROES'S.
0099  B8 FFFF                  MOV   AX,0FFFFH      ; SETUP ONE'S PATTERN IN AX
009C  F9                       STC
009D  8E D8         L2:        MOV   DS,AX          ; WRITE PATTERN TO ALL REGS
009F  8C DB                    MOV   BX,DS
00A1  8E C3                    MOV   ES,BX
00A3  8C C1                    MOV   CX,ES
00A5  8E D1                    MOV   SS,CX
00A7  8C D2                    MOV   DX,SS
00A9  8B E2                    MOV   SP,DX
00AB  8B EC                    MOV   BP,SP
00AD  8B F5                    MOV   SI,BP
00AF  8B FE                    MOV   DI,SI
00B1  73 07                    JNC   L3
00B3  33 C7                    XOR   AX,DI          ; PATTERN MAKE IT THRU ALL REGS
00B5  75 07                    JNZ   L4             ; NO - GO TO ERR ROUTINE
00B7  F8                       CLC
00B8  EB E3                    JMP   L2
00BA  0B C7         L3:        OR    AX,DI          ; ZERO PATTERN MAKE IT THRU?
00BC  74 0C                    JZ    L5             ; YES - GO TO NEXT TEST
00BE  BA 0010       L4:        MOV   DX,0010H       ; HANDLE ERROR
00C1  B0 00                    MOV   AL,0
00C3  EE                       OUT   DX,AL          ; ERROR 0001
00C4  42                       INC   DX
00C5  EE                       OUT   DX,AL
00C6  FE C0                    INC   AL
00C8  EE                       OUT   DX,AL
00C9  F4                       HLT                  ; HALT
00CA                L5:
                               ;----------------------------------------
                               ; TEST 2                                 :
                               ;      8255 INITIALIZATION AND TEST      :
                               ; DESCRIPTION                            :
                               ;      FIRST INITIALIZE 8255 PROG.       :
                               ;      PERIPHERAL INTERFACE. PORTS A&B    :
                               ;      ARE LATCHED OUTPUT                :
                               ;      BUFFERS. C IS INPUT.              :
                               ; MFG. ERR. CODE =0002H                  :
                               ;----------------------------------------
00CA  B0 FE                    MOV   AL,0FEH        ; SEND FE TO MFG
00CC  E6 10                    OUT   10H,AL
00CE  B0 89                    MOV   AL,MODE_8255
00D0  E6 63                    OUT   CMD_PORT,AL    ; CONFIGURES I/O PORTS
00D2  2B C0                    SUB   AX,AX          ; TEST PATTERN SEED = 0000
00D4  8A C4         L6:        MOV   AL,AH
00D6  E6 60                    OUT   PORT_A,AL      ; WRITE PATTERN TO PORT A
00D8  E4 60                    IN    AL,PORT_A      ; READ PATTERN FROM PORT A
00DA  E6 61                    OUT   PORT_B,AL      ; WRITE PATTERN TO PORT B
00DC  E4 61                    IN    AL,PORT_B      ; READ OUTPUT PORT
00DE  3A C4                    CMP   AL,AH          ; DATA AS EXPECTED?
00E0  75 06                    JNE   L7             ; IF NOT, SOMETHING IS WRONG
00E2  FE C4                    INC   AH             ; MAKE NEW DATA PATTERN
00E4  75 EE                    JNZ   L6             ; LOOP TILL 255 PATTERNS DONE
00E6  EB 05                    JMP   SHORT L8       ; CONTINUE IF DONE
00E8  B3 02         L7:        MOV   BL,02H         ; SET ERROR FLAG (BH=00 NOW)
00EA  E9 09BC R                JMP   E_MSG          ; GO ERROR ROUTINE
00ED  32 C0         L8:        XOR   AL,AL          ;
00EF  E6 60                    OUT   KBPORT,AL      ; CLEAR KB PORT
00F1  E4 62                    IN    AL,PORT_C      ;
00F3  24 08                    AND   AL,00001000B   ; 64K CARD PRESENT?
00F5  B0 1B                    MOV   AL,1BH         ; PORT SETTING FOR 64K SYS
00F7  75 02                    JNZ   L9             ;
00F9  B0 3F                    MOV   AL,3FH         ; PORT SETTING FOR 128K SYS
00FB  BA 03DF       L9:        MOV   DX,PAGREG      ;
00FE  EE                       OUT   DX,AL          ;
00FF  B0 0D                    MOV   AL,00001101B   ;    INITIALIZE OUTPUT PORTS
0101  E6 61                    OUT   PORT_B,AL      ;
```

A-8 ROM BIOS

```
;-----------------------------------------------------------------
; PART 3
;       SET UP VIDEO GATE ARRAY AND 6845 TO GET MEMORY WORKING
;
;-----------------------------------------------------------------
0103  B0 FD                    MOV    AL,0FDH
0105  E6 10                    OUT    10H,AL        ;
0107  BA 03D4                  MOV    DX,03D4H      ; SET ADDRESS OF 6845
010A  BB F0A4 R                MOV    BX,OFFSET VIDEO_PARMS ; POINT TO 6845 PARMS
010D  B9 0010 90               MOV    CX,M0040      ; SET PARM LEN
0111  32 E4                    XOR    AH,AH         ; AH IS REG #
0113  8A C4           L10:     MOV    AL,AH         ; GET 6845 REG #
0115  EE                       OUT    DX,AL
0116  42                       INC    DX            ; POINT TO DATA PORT
0117  FE C4                    INC    AH            ; NEXT REG VALUE
0119  2E: 8A 07                MOV    AL,CS:[BX]    ; GET TABLE VALUE
011C  EE                       OUT    DX,AL         ; OUT TO CHIP
011D  43                       INC    BX            ; NEXT IN TABLE
011E  4A                       DEC    DX            ; BACK TO POINTER REG
011F  E2 F2                    LOOP   L10
;       START VGA WITHOUT VIDEO ENABLED
0121  BA 03DA                  MOV    DX,VGA_CTL    ; SET ADDRESS OF VGA
0124  EC                       IN     AL,DX         ; BE SURE ADDR/DATA FLAG IS
                                                    ; IN THE PROPER STATE
0125  B9 0005                  MOV    CX,5          ; # OF REGISTERS
0128  32 E4                    XOR    AH,AH         ; AH IS REG COUNTER
012A  8A C4           L11:     MOV    AL,AH         ; GET REG #
012C  EE                       OUT    DX,AL         ; SELECT IT
012D  32 C0                    XOR    AL,AL         ; SET ZERO FOR DATA
012F  EE                       OUT    DX,AL
0130  FE C4                    INC    AH            ; NEXT REG
0132  E2 F6                    LOOP   L11
;-------------------------------------------------
; TEST 4                                          :
;       PLANAR BOARD ROS CHECKSUM TEST            :
; DESCRIPTION                                     :
;       A CHECKSUM TEST IS DONE FOR EACH ROS      :
;       MODULE ON THE PLANAR BOARD TO.            :
;       MFG ERROR CODE =0003H MODULE AT ADDRESS   :
;                       F000:0000 ERROR           :
;                       0004H MODULE AT ADDRESS   :
;                       F800:0000 ERROR           ;
;-------------------------------------------------
0134  B0 FC                    MOV    AL,0FCH
0136  E6 10                    OUT    10H,AL        ; MFG OUT=FC
; CHECK MODULE AT F000:0 (LENGTH 32K)
0138  33 F6                    XOR    SI,SI         ; INDEX OFFSET WITHIN SEGMENT OF
                                                    ; FIRST BYTE
013A  8C C8                    MOV    AX,CS         ; SET UP STACK SEGMENT
013C  8E D0                    MOV    SS,AX
013E  8E D8                    MOV    DS,AX         ; LOAD DS WITH SEGMENT OF ADDRESS
                                                    ; SPACE OF BIOS/BASIC
0140  B9 8000                  MOV    CX,8000H      ; NUMBER OF BYTES TO BE TESTED, 32K
0143  BC 001B R                MOV    SP,OFFSET Z1  ; SET UP STACK POINTER SO THAT
                                                    ; RETURN WILL COME HERE
0146  E9 FEEB R                JMP    ROS_CHECKSUM  ; JUMP TO ROUTINE WHICK PERFORMS
                                                    ; CRC CHECK
0149  74 06           L12:     JZ     L13           ; MODULE AT F000:0 OK, GO CHECK
                                                    ; OTHER MODULE AT F000:8000
014B  BB 0003                  MOV    BX,0003H      ; SET ERROR CODE
014E  E9 09BC R                JMP    E_MSG         ; INDICATE ERROR
0151  B9 8000         L13:     MOV    CX,8000H      ; LOAD COUNT (SI POINTING TO START
0154  E9 FEEB R                JMP    ROS_CHECKSUM  ; OF NEXT MODULE AT THIS POINT)
0157  74 06           L14:     JZ     L15           ; PROCEED IF NO ERROR
0159  BB 0004                  MOV    BX,0004H      ; INDICATE ERROR
015C  E9 09BC R                JMP    E_MSG         ;
015F                  L15:
;-------------------------------------------------
; TEST 5
;       BASE  2K READ/WRITE STORAGE TEST
; DESCRIPTION
;       WRITE/READ/VERIFY DATA PATTERNS
;       AA,55, AND OO TO 1ST 2K OF STORAGE
;       AND THE 2K JUST BELOW 64K (CRT BUFFER)
;       VERIFY STORAGE ADDRESSABILITY.
;       ON EXIT SET CRT PAGE TO 3. SET
;       TEMPORARY STACK ALSO.
;   MFG. ERROR CODE 04XX FOR SYSTEM BOARD MEM.
;                   05XX FOR 64K ATTRIB. CD. MEM
;                   06XX FOR ERRORS IN BOTH
;                   (XX= ERROR BITS)
;-------------------------------------------------:
015F  B0 FB                    MOV    AL,0FBH
0161  E6 10                    OUT    10H,AL        ; SET MFG FLAG=FB
0163  B9 0400                  MOV    CX,0400H      ; SET FOR 1K WORDS, 2K BYTES
0166  33 C0                    XOR    AX,AX
0168  8E C0                    MOV    ES,AX         ; LOAD ES WITH 0000 SEGMENT
016A  E9 0B59 R                JMP    PODSTG
016D  75 19           L16:     JNZ    L20           ; BAD STORAGE FOUND
016F  B0 FA                    MOV    AL,0FAH       ; MFG OUT=FA
0171  E6 10                    OUT    10H,AL
0173  B9 0400                  MOV    CX,0400H      ; 1024 WORDS TO BE TESTED IN THE
                                                    ; REGEN BUFFER
0176  E4 60                    IN     AL,PORT_A     ; WHERE IS THE REGEN BUFFER?
0178  3C 1B                    CMP    AL,1BH        ; TOP OF 64K?
017A  B8 0F80                  MOV    AX,0F80H      ; SET POINTER TO THERE IF IT IS
017D  74 02                    JE     L18
017F  B4 1F                    MOV    AH,1FH        ; OR SET POINTER TO TOP OF 128K
0181  8E C0           L18:     MOV    ES,AX
0183  E9 0B59 R                JMP    PODSTG        ;
0186  74 23           L19:     JZ     L23
```

```
0188  B7 04              L20:    MOV     BH,04H          ; ERROR 04....
018A  E4 62                      IN      AL,PORT_C       ; GET CONFIG BITS
018C  24 08                      AND     AL,00001000B    ; TEST FOR ATTRIB CARD PRESENT
018E  74 06                      JZ      L21             ; WORRY ABOUT ODD/EVEN IF IT IS
0190  8A D9                      MOV     BL,CL
0192  0A DD                      OR      BL,CH           ; COMBINE ERROR BITS IF IT ISN'T
0194  EB 12                      JMP     SHORT L22       ;
0196  80 FC 02          L21:    CMP     AH,02           ; EVEN BYTE ERROR? ERR 04XX
0199  8A D9                      MOV     BL,CL
019B  74 0B                      JE      L22
019D  FE C7                      INC     BH              ; MAKE INTO 05XX ERR
019F  0A DD                      OR      BL,CH           ; MOVE AND POSSIBLY COMBINE
                                                         ; ERROR BITS
01A1  80 FC 01                   CMP     AH,1            ; ODD BYTE ERROR
01A4  74 02                      JE      L22
01A6  FE C7                      INC     BH              ; MUST HAVE BEEN BOTH
                                                         ; - MAKE INTO 06XX
01A8  E9 09BC R         L22:    JMP     E_MSG           ; JUMP TO ERROR OUTPUT ROUTINE
                                ; RETEST HIGH 2K USING B8000 ADDRESS PATH
01AB  B0 F9             L23:    MOV     AL,0F9H         ; MFG OUT =F9
01AD  E6 10                      OUT     10H,AL
01AF  B9 0400                    MOV     CX,0400H        ; 1K WORDS
01B2  B8 BB80                    MOV     AX,0BB80H       ; POINT TO AREA JUST TESTED WITH
                                                         ; DIRECT ADDRESSING
01B5  8E C0                      MOV     ES,AX
01B7  E9 0B59 R                  JMP     PODSTG
01BA  74 06             L24:    JZ      L25
01BC  BB 0005                    MOV     BX,0005H        ; ERROR 0005
01BF  E9 09BC R                  JMP     E_MSG
                                ;----- SETUP STACK SEG AND SP
01C2  B8 0030           L25:    MOV     AX,0030H        ; GET STACK VALUE
01C5  8E D0                      MOV     SS,AX           ; SET THE STACK UP
01C7  BC 0100 R                  MOV     SP,OFFSET TOS   ; STACK IS READY TO GO
01CA  33 C0                      XOR     AX,AX           ; SET UP DATA SEG
01CC  8E D8                      MOV     DS,AX
                                ;----- SETUP CRT PAGE
01CE  C7 06 0462 R 0007          MOV     DATA_WORD[ACTIVE_PAGE-DATA],07
                                ;----- SET PRELIMINARY MEMORY SIZE WORD
01D4  BB 0040                    MOV     BX,64
01D7  E4 62                      IN      AL,PORT_C
01D9  24 08                      AND     AL,08H          ; 64K CARD PRESENT?
01DB  B0 1B                      MOV     AL,1BH          ; PORT SETTING FOR 64K SYSTEM
01DD  75 05                      JNZ     L26             ; SET TO 64K IF NOT
01DF  83 C3 40                   ADD     BX,64           ; ELSE SET FOR 128K
01E2  B0 3F                      MOV     AL,3FH          ; PORT SETTING FOR 128K SYSTEM
01E4  89 1E 0415 R      L26:    MOV     DATA_WORD[TRUE_MEM-DATA],BX
01E8  A2 048A R                  MOV     DATA_AREA[PAGDAT-DATA],AL
                                ;------------------------------------------------------
                                ; PART 6
                                ;       INTERRUPTS
                                ; DESCRIPTION
                                ;       32 INTERRUPTS ARE INITIALIZED TO POINT TO A
                                ;       DUMMY HANDLER. THE BIOS INTERRUPTS ARE LOADED.
                                ;       DIAGNOSTIC INTERRUPTS ARE LOADED
                                ;       SYSTEM CONFIGURATION WORD IS PUT IN MEMORY.
                                ;       THE DUMMY INTERRUPT HANDLER RESIDES HERE.
                                ;------------------------------------------------------
                                        ASSUME  DS:XXDATA
01EB  B8 ---- R                  MOV     AX,XXDATA
01EE  8E D8                      MOV     DS,AX
01F0  C6 06 0005 R F8            MOV     MFG_TST,0F8H    ; SET UP MFG CHECKPOINT FROM THIS
                                                         ; POINT
01F5  E8 E6D8 R                  CALL    MFG_UP          ; UPDATE MFG CHECKPOINT
01F8  C7 06 0022 R 0A61 R        MOV     MFG_RTN,OFFSET MFG_OUT
01FE  8C C8                      MOV     AX,CS
0200  A3 0024 R                  MOV     MFG_RTN+2,AX    ; SET DOUBLEWORD POINTER TO MFG.
                                                         ; ERROR OUTPUT ROUTINE SO DIAGS.
                                                         ; DON'T HAVE TO DUPLICATE CODE
                                        ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:ABS0
0203  B8 0000                    MOV     AX,0
0206  8E D8                      MOV     DS,AX
                                ;----- SET UP THE INTERRUPT VECTORS TO TEMP INTERRUPT
0208  B9 00FF                    MOV     CX,255          ; FILL ALL INTERRUPTS
020B  2B FF                      SUB     DI,DI           ; FIRST INTERRUPT LOCATION IS 0000
020D  8E C7                      MOV     ES,DI           ; SET ES=0000 ALSO
020F  B8 F815 R         D3:     MOV     AX,OFFSET D11   ; MOVE ADDR OF INTR PROC TO TBL
0212  AB                         STOSW
0213  8C C8                      MOV     AX,CS           ; GET ADDR OF INTR PROC SEG
0215  AB                         STOSW
0216  E2 F7                      LOOP    D3              ; VECTBLO
0218  C7 06 0124 R 109D R        MOV     EXST,OFFSET EXTAB ; SET UP EXT. SCAN TABLE
                                ; SET UP BIOS INTERRUPTS
021E  BF 0040 R                  MOV     DI,OFFSET VIDEO_INT ; SET UP VIDEO INT
0221  0E                         PUSH    CS
0222  1F                         POP     DS              ; PLACE CS IN DS
0223  BE FF03 R                  MOV     SI,OFFSET VECTOR_TABLE+16
0226  B9 0010                    MOV     CX,16
0229  A5                D4:     MOVSW                   ; MOVE INTERRUPT VECTOR TO LOW
                                                         ; MEMORY
022A  47                         INC     DI
022B  47                         INC     DI              ; POINT TO NEXT VECTOR ENTRY
022C  E2 FB                      LOOP    D4              ; REPEAT FOR ALL 16 BIOS INTERRUPTS
                                ; SET UP DIAGNOSTIC INTERRUPTS
022E  BF 0200 R                  MOV     DI,0200H        ; START WITH INT. 80H
0231  BE 4000 R                  MOV     SI,DIAG_TABLE_PTR ; POINT TO ENTRY POINT TABLE
0234  B9 0010                    MOV     CX,16           ; 16 ENTRIES
0237  A5                D5:     MOVSW                   ; MOVE INTERRUPT VECTOR TO LOW
                                                         ; MEMORY
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0238  47                          INC     DI
0239  47                          INC     DI              ; POINT TO NEXT VECTOR ENTRY
023A  E2 FB                       LOOP    D5              ; REPEAT FOR ALL 16 BIOS INTERRUPTS
023C  8E D9                       MOV     DS,CX           ; SET DS TO ZERO
023E  C7 06 0204 R 1B63 R         MOV     INT81,OFFSET LOCATEI
0244  C7 06 0208 R 1A2A R         MOV     INT82,OFFSET PRNT3
024A  C7 06 0224 R 1BA5 R         MOV     INT89,OFFSET JOYSTICK

                          ;----- SET UP DEFAULT EQUIPMENT DETERMINATION WORD
                          ;      BIT 15,14 = NUMBER OF PRINTERS ATTACHED
                          ;      BIT 13 = 1 = SERIAL PRINTER PRESENT
                          ;      BIT 12 = GAME I/O ATTACHED
                          ;      BIT 11,10,9 = NUMBER OF RS232 CARDS ATTACHED
                          ;      BIT 8 = DMA (0=DMA PRESENT, 1=NO DMA ON SYSTEM
                          ;      BIT 7,6 = NUMBER OF DISKETTE DRIVES
                          ;            00=1, 01=2, 10=3, 11=4 ONLY IF BIT 0 = 1
                          ;      BIT 5,4 = INITIAL VIDEO MODE
                          ;            00 - UNUSED
                          ;            01 - 40X25 BW USING COLOR CARD
                          ;            10 - 80X25 BW USING COLOR CARD
                          ;            11 - 80X25 BW USING BW CARD
                          ;      BIT 3,2 = PLANAR RAM SIZE (10=48K,11=64K)
                          ;      BIT 1 NOT USED
                          ;      BIT 0 = 1 (IPL DISKETTE INSTALLED)
                          ;------------------------------------------------
                                  ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:ABS0
0250  BB 1118                     MOV     BX,1118H        ;DEFAULT GAMEIO,40X25,NO DMA,48K ON
                                                          ; PLANAR
0253  E4 62                       IN      AL,PORT_C
0255  24 0B                       AND     AL,08H          ; 64K CARD PRESENT
0257  75 03                       JNZ     D55             ; NO, JUMP
0259  80 CB 04                    OR      BL,4            ; SET 64K ON PLANAR
025C  89 1E 0410 R        D55:    MOV     DATA_WORD[EQUIP_FLAG-DATA],BX
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                          ; TEST 7
                          ;         INITIALIZE AND TEST THE 8259 INTERRUPT CONTROLLER CHIP
                          ; MFG ERR. CODE 07XX (XX=00, DATA PATH OR INERNAL FAILURE,
                          ;         XX=ANY OTHER BITS ON=UNEPECTED INTERRUPTS
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
0260  E8 E6D8 R                   CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG CODE=F7
                                  ASSUME  DS:ABS0,CS:CODE
0263  B0 13                       MOV     AL,13H          ; ICW1 - RESET EDGE SENSE CIRCUIT,
                                                          ;SET SINGLE 8259 CHIP AND ICW4 READ
0265  E6 20                       OUT     INTA00,AL
0267  B0 0B                       MOV     AL,8            ; ICW2 - SET INTERRUPT TYPE 8 (8-F)
0269  E6 21                       OUT     INTA01,AL
026B  B0 09                       MOV     AL,9            ; ICW4 - SET BUFFERED MODE/SLAVE
                                                          ;     AND 8086 MODE
026D  E6 21                       OUT     INTA01,AL
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                          ;         TEST ABILITY TO WRITE/READ THE MASK REGISTER
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
026F  B0 00                       MOV     AL,0            ; WRITE ZEROES TO IMR
0271  8A D8                       MOV     BL,AL           ; PRESET ERROR INDICATOR
0273  E6 21                       OUT     INTA01,AL       ; DEVICE INTERRUPTS ENABLED
0275  E4 21                       IN      AL,INTA01       ; READ IMR
0277  0A C0                       OR      AL,AL           ; IMR = 0?
0279  75 18                       JNZ     GERROR          ; NO - GO TO ERROR ROUTINE
027B  B0 FF                       MOV     AL,0FFH         ; DISABLE DEVICE INTERRUPTS
027D  E6 21                       OUT     INTA01,AL       ; WRITE ONES TO IMR
027F  E4 21                       IN      AL,INTA01       ; READ IMR
0281  04 01                       ADD     AL,1            ; ALL IMR BITS ON?
                                                          ; (ADD SHOULD PRODUCE 0)
0283  75 0E                       JNZ     GERROR          ; NO - GO TO ERROR ROUTINE
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                          ;         CHECK FOR HOT INTERRUPTS
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                          ;         INTERRUPTS ARE MASKED OFF.  NO INTERRUPTS SHOULD OCCUR.
0285  FB                          STI                     ; ENABLE EXTERNAL INTERRUPTS
0286  B9 0050                     MOV     CX,50H
0289  E2 FE              HOT1:    LOOP    HOT1            ; WAIT FOR ANY INTERRUPTS
028B  8A 1E 0484 R                MOV     BL,DATA_AREA[INTR_FLAG-DATA]  ; DID ANY INTERRUPTS
                                                          ; OCCUR?
028F  0A DB                       OR      BL,BL
0291  74 05                       JZ      END_TESTG       ; NO - GO TO NEXT TEST
0293  B7 07              GERROR:  MOV     BH,07H          ; SET 07 SECTION OF ERROR MSG
0295  E9 09BC R                   JMP     E_MSG
0298                     END_TESTG:
                          ; FIRE THE DISKETTE WATCHDOG TIMER
0298  B0 E0                       MOV     AL,WD_ENABLE+WD_STROBE+FDC_RESET
029A  E6 F2                       OUT     0F2H,AL
029C  B0 A0                       MOV     AL,WD_ENABLE+FDC_RESET
029E  E6 F2                       OUT     0F2H,AL
                                  ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:ABS0
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                          ;         8253 TIMER CHECKOUT
                          ; DESCRIPTION
                          ;         VERIFY THAT THE TIMERS (0, 1, AND 2) FUNCTION PROPERLY.
                          ;         THIS INCLUDES CHECKING FOR STUCK BITS IN ALL THE TIMERS,
                          ;         THAT TIMER 1 RESPONDS TO TIMER 0 OUTPUTS, THAT TIMER 0
                          ;         INTERRUPTS WHEN IT SHOULD, AND THAT TIMER 2'S OUTPUT WORKS
                          ;         AS IT SHOULD.
                          ;         THERE ARE 7 POSSIBLE ERRORS DURING THIS CHECKOUT.
                          ;         BL VALUES FOR THE CALL TO E_MSG INCLUDE:
                          ;         0) STUCK BITS IN TIMER 0
                          ;         1) TIMER 1 DOES NOT RESPOND TO TIMER 0 OUTPUT
                          ;         2) TIMER 0 INTERRUPT DOES NOT OCCUR
                          ;         3) STUCK BITS IN TIMER 1
                          ;         4) TIMER 2 OUTPUT INITIAL VALUE IS NOT LOW
                          ;         5) STUCK BITS IN TIMER 2
                          ;         6) TIMER 2 OUTPUT DOES NOT GO HIGH ON TERMINAL COUNT
```

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                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       INITIALIZE TIMER 1 AND TIMER 0 FOR TEST
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
02A0  E8 E6D8 R                 CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG CKPOINT=F6
02A3  B8 0176                   MOV     AX,0176H        ; SET TIMER 1 TO MODE 3 BINARY
02A6  BB FFFF                   MOV     BX,0FFFFH       ; INITIAL COUNT OF FFFF
02A9  E8 FFE0 R                 CALL    INIT_TIMER      ; INITIALIZE TIMER 1
02AC  B8 0036                   MOV     AX,0036H        ; SET TIMER 0 TO MODE 3 BINARY
                                                        ; INITIAL COUNT OF FFFF
02AF  E8 FFE0 R                 CALL    INIT_TIMER      ; INITIALIZE TIMER 0
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       SET BIT 5 OF PORT A0 SO TIMER 1 CLOCK WILL BE PULSED BY THE
                           ;       TIMER 0 OUTPUT RATHER THAN THE SYSTEM CLOCK.
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
02B2  B0 20                     MOV     AL,00100000B
02B4  E6 A0                     OUT     0A0H,AL
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       CHECK IF ALL BITS GO ON AND OFF IN TIMER 0 (CHECK FOR STUCK
                           ;           BITS)
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
02B6  B4 00                     MOV     AH,0            ; TIMER 0
02B8  E8 036C R                 CALL    BITS_ON_OFF     ; LET SUBROUTINE CHECK IT
02BB  73 05                     JNB     TIMER1_NZ       ;NO STUCK BITS (CARRY FLAG NOT SET)
02BD  B3 00                     MOV     BL,0            ; STUCK BITS IN TIMER 0
02BF  E9 0362 R                 JMP     TIMER_ERROR
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       SINCE TIMER 0 HAS COMPLETED AT LEAST ONE COMPLETE CYCLE,
                           ;       TIMER 1 SHOULD BE NON-ZERO.  CHECK THAT THIS IS THE CASE.
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
02C2                       TIMER1_NZ:
02C2  E4 41                     IN      AL,TIMER+1      ; READ LSB OF TIMER 1
02C4  8A E0                     MOV     AH,AL           ; SAVE LSB
02C6  E4 41                     IN      AL,TIMER+1      ; READ MSB OF TIMER 1
02C8  3D FFFF                   CMP     AX,0FFFFH       ; STILL FFFF?
02CB  75 05                     JNE     TIMER0_INTR     ; NO - TIMER 1 HAS BEEN BUMPED
02CD  B3 01                     MOV     BL,1            ; TIMER 1 WAS NOT BUMPED BY TIMER 0
02CF  E9 0362 R                 JMP     TIMER_ERROR
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       CHECK FOR TIMER 0 INTERRUPT
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
02D2                       TIMER0_INTR:
02D2  FB                        STI                     ; ENABLE MASKABLE EXT INTERRUPTS
02D3  E4 21                     IN      AL,INTA01       
02D5  24 FE                     AND     AL,0FEH         ; MASK ALL INTRS EXCEPT LVL 0
02D7  20 06 0484 R              AND     DATA_AREA[INTR_FLAG-DATA],AL ; CLEAR INT RECEIVED
02DB  E6 21                     OUT     INTA01,AL       ; WRITE THE 8259 IMR
02DD  B9 FFFF                   MOV     CX,0FFFFH       ; SET LOOP COUNT
02E0                       WAIT_INTR_LOOP:
02E0  F6 06 0484 R 01           TEST    DATA_AREA[INTR_FLAG-DATA],1 ; TIMER 0 INT OCCUR?
02E5  75 06                     JNE     RESET_INTRS     ; YES - CONTINUE
02E7  E2 F7                     LOOP    WAIT_INTR_LOOP  ; WAIT FOR INTR FOR SPECIFIED TIME
02E9  B3 02                     MOV     BL,2            ; TIMER 0 INTR DIDN'T OCCUR
02EB  EB 75                     JMP     SHORT TIMER_ERROR
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       HOUSEKEEPING FOR TIMER 0 INTERRUPTS
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
02ED                       RESET_INTRS:
02ED  FA                        CLI
                           ; SET TIMER INT. TO POINT TO MFG. HEARTBEAT ROUTINE IF IN MFG MODE
02EE  BA 0201                   MOV     DX,201H
02F1  EC                        IN      AL,DX           ; GET MFG. BITS
02F2  24 F0                     AND     AL,0F0H
02F4  3C 10                     CMP     AL,10H          ; SYS TEST MODE?
02F6  74 04                     JE      D6
02F8  0A C0                     OR      AL,AL           ; OR BURN-IN MODE
02FA  75 11                     JNZ     TIME_1
02FC  C7 06 0020 R 188D R  D6:  MOV     INT_PTR,OFFSET MFG_TICK ; SET TO POINT TO MFG.
                                                        ; HEARTBEAT ROUTINE
0302  C7 06 0070 R 188D R       MOV     INT1C_PTR,OFFSET MFG_TICK ; ALSO SET USER TIMER INT
                                                        ; FOR DIAGS. USE
0308  B0 FE                     MOV     AL,0FEH
030A  E6 21                     OUT     INTA01,AL
030C  FB                        STI
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       RESET D5 OF PORT A0 SO THAT THE TIMER 1 CLOCK WILL BE
                           ;       PULSED BY THE SYSTEM CLOCK.
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
030D  B0 00                TIME_1: MOV  AL,0            ; MAKE AL = 00
030F  E6 A0                     OUT     0A0H,AL
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       CHECK FOR STUCK BITS IN TIMER 1
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
0311  B4 01                     MOV     AH,1            ; TIMER 1
0313  E8 036C R                 CALL    BITS_ON_OFF
0316  73 04                     JNB     TIMER2_INIT     ; NO STUCK BITS
0318  B3 03                     MOV     BL,3            ; STUCK BITS IN TIMER 1
031A  EB 46                     JMP     SHORT TIMER_ERROR
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       INITIALIZE TIMER 2
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
031C                       TIMER2_INIT:
031C  B8 02B6                   MOV     AX,02B6H        ; SET TIMER 2 TO MODE 3 BINARY
031F  BB FFFF                   MOV     BX,0FFFFH       ; INITIAL COUNT
0322  E8 FFE0 R                 CALL    INIT_TIMER
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       SET PB0 OF PORT_B OF 8255 (TIMER 2 GATE)
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
0325  E4 61                     IN      AL,PORT_B       ; CURRENT STATUS
0327  0C 01                     OR      AL,00000001B    ; SET BIT 0 - LEAVE OTHERS ALONE
0329  E6 61                     OUT     PORT_B,AL
```

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```
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       CHECK FOR STUCK BITS IN TIMER 2
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
032B  84 02                       MOV     AH,2             ; TIMER 2
032D  E8 036C R                   CALL    BITS_ON_OFF
0330  73 04                       JNB     REINIT_T2        ; NO STUCK BITS
0332  83 05                       MOV     BL,5             ; STUCK BITS IN TIMER 2
0334  EB 2C                       JMP     SHORT TIMER_ERROR
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       RE_INITIALIZE TIMER 2 WITH MODE 0 AND A SHORT COUNT
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
0336                       REINIT_T2:
                           ; DROP GATE TO TIMER 2
0336  E4 61                       IN      AL,PORT_B        ; CURRENT STATUS
0338  24 FE                       AND     AL,11111110B     ; RESET BIT 0 - LEAVE OTHERS ALONE
033A  E6 61                       OUT     PORT_B,AL
033C  B8 02B0                      MOV     AX,02B0H         ; SET TIMER 2 TO MODE 0 BINARY
033F  BB 000A                      MOV     BX,000AH         ; INITIAL COUNT OF 10
0342  E8 FFE0 R                   CALL    INIT_TIMER
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       CHECK PC5 OF PORT_C OF 8255 TO SEE IF THE OUTPUT OF TIMER 2
                           ;       IS LOW
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
0345  E4 62                       IN      AL,PORT_C        ; CURRENT STATUS
0347  24 20                       AND     AL,00100000B     ; MASK OFF OTHER BITS
0349  74 04                       JZ      CK2_ON           ; IT'S LOW
034B  B3 04                       MOV     BL,4             ; PC5 OF PORT_C WAS HIGH WHEN IT
034D  EB 13                       JMP     SHORT TIMER_ERROR ; SHOULD HAVE BEEN LOW
                           ; TURN GATE BACK ON
034F  E4 61              CK2_ON:   IN      AL,PORT_B        ; CURRENT STATUS
0351  0C 01                       OR      AL,00000001B     ; SET BIT 0 - LEAVE OTHERS ALONE
0353  E6 61                       OUT     PORT_B,AL
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       CHECK PC5 OF PORT_C TO SEE IF THE OUTPUT OF TIMER 2 GOES
                           ;       HIGH
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
0355  B9 000A                      MOV     CX,000AH         ; WAIT FOR OUTPUT GO HIGH, SHOULD
0358  E2 FE              CK2_LO:   LOOP    CK2_LO           ; BE LONGER THAN INITIAL COUNT
035A  E4 62                       IN      AL,PORT_C        ; CURRENT STATUS
035C  24 20                       AND     AL,00100000B     ; MASK OFF ALL OTHER BITS
035E  75 57                       JNZ     POD13_END        ; IT'S HIGH - WE'RE DONE!
0360  B3 06                       MOV     BL,6             ; TIMER 2 OUTPUT DID NOT GO HIGH
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       8253 TIMER ERROR OCCURRED.  SET BH WITH MAJOR ERROR
                           ;       INDICATOR AND CALL E_MSG TO INFORM THE SYSTEM OF THE ERROR.
                           ;       (BL ALREADY CONTAINS THE MINOR ERROR INDICATOR TO TELL
                           ;       WHICH PART OF THE TEST FAILED.)
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
0362                       TIMER_ERROR:
0362  B7 08                       MOV     BH,8             ; TIMER ERROR INDICATOR
0364  E8 09BC R                   CALL    E_MSG
0367  EB 4E                       JMP     SHORT POD13_END
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       BITS ON/OFF SUBROUTINE - USED FOR DETERMINING IF A
                           ;       PARTICULAR TIMER'S BITS GO ON AND OFF AS THEY SHOULD.
                           ;       THIS ROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE TIMER IS USING BOTH THE LSB
                           ;       AND THE MSB.
                           ;   CALLING PARAMETER:
                           ;       (AH) = TIMER NUMBER (0, 1, OR 2)
                           ;   RETURNS:
                           ;       (CF) = 1 IF FAILED
                           ;       (CF) = 0 IF PASSED
                           ;   REGISTERS AX, BX, CX, DX, DI, AND SI ARE ALTERED.
                           ;------------------------------------------------------------
0369                       LATCHES LABEL   BYTE
0369  00                          DB      00H              ; LATCH MASK FOR TIMER 0
036A  40                          DB      40H              ; LATCH MASK FOR TIMER 1
036B  80                          DB      80H              ; LATCH MASK FOR TIMER 2

036C                       BITS_ON_OFF     PROC    NEAR
036C  33 DB                       XOR     BX,BX            ; INITIALIZE BX REGISTER
036E  33 F6                       XOR     SI,SI            ; 1ST PASS - SI = 0
0370  BA 0040                      MOV     DX,TIMER         ; BASE PORT ADDRESS FOR TIMERS
0373  02 D4                       ADD     DL,AH
0375  BF 0369 R                   MOV     DI,OFFSET LATCHES ; SELECT LATCH MASK
0378  32 C0                       XOR     AL,AL            ; CLEAR AL
037A  86 C4                       XCHG    AL,AH            ; AH -> AL
037C  03 F8                       ADD     DI,AX            ; TIMER LATCH MASK INDEX
                           ; 1ST PASS - CHECKS FOR ALL BITS TO COME ON
                           ; 2ND PASS - CHECKS FOR ALL BITS TO GO OFF
037E                       OUTER_LOOP:
037E  B9 0008                      MOV     CX,8             ; OUTER LOOP COUNTER
0381                       INNER_LOOP:
0381  51                          PUSH    CX               ; SAVE OUTER LOOP COUNTER
0382  B9 FFFF                      MOV     CX,0FFFFH        ; INNER LOOP COUNTER
0385                       TST_BITS:
0385  2E: 8A 05                   MOV     AL,CS:[DI]       ; TIMER LATCH MASK
0388  E6 43                       OUT     TIM_CTL,AL       ; LATCH TIMER
038A  50                          PUSH    AX               ; PAUSE
038B  58                          POP     AX
038C  EC                          IN      AL,DX            ; READ TIMER LSB
038D  0B F6                       OR      SI,SI
038F  75 0D                       JNE     .SECOND          ; SECOND PASS
0391  0C 01                       OR      AL,01H           ; TURN LS BIT ON
0393  0A D8                       OR      BL,AL            ; TURN 'ON' BITS ON
0395  EC                          IN      AL,DX            ; READ TIMER MSB
0396  0A F8                       OR      BH,AL            ; TURN 'ON' BITS ON
0398  81 FB FFFF                  CMP     BX,0FFFFH        ; ARE ALL TIMER BITS ON?
039C  EB 07                       JMP     SHORT TST_CMP    ; DON'T CHANGE FLAGS
```

Appendix A

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039E                            SECOND:
039E  22 DB                             AND     BL,AL           ; CHECK FOR ALL BITS OFF
03A0  EC                                IN      AL,DX           ; READ MSB
03A1  22 F8                             AND     BH,AL           ; TURN OFF BITS
03A3  0B DB                             OR      BX,BX           ; ALL OFF?
03A5                            TST_CMP:
03A5  74 07                             JE      CHK_END         ; YES - SEE IF DONE
03A7  E2 DC                             LOOP    TST_BITS        ; KEEP TRYING
03A9  59                                POP     CX              ; RESTORE OUTER LOOP COUNTER
03AA  E2 D5                             LOOP    INNER_LOOP      ; TRY AGAIN
03AC  F9                                STC                     ; ALL TRIES EXHAUSTED - FAILED TEST
03AD  C3                                RET
03AE                            CHK_END:
03AE  59                                POP     CX              ; POP FORMER OUTER LOOP COUNTER
03AF  46                                INC     SI
03B0  83 FE 02                          CMP     SI,2
03B3  75 C9                             JNE     OUTER_LOOP      ; CHECK FOR ALL BITS TO GO OFF
03B5  F8                                CLC                     ; TIMER BITS ARE WORKING PROPERLY
03B6  C3                                RET
03B7                            BITS_ON_OFF     ENDP
03B7                            POD13_END:
                                ;-------------------------------------------------------
                                ;                       CRT ATTACHMENT TEST
                                ;
                                ; 1. INIT CRT TO 40X25 - BW
                                ; 2. CHECK FOR VERTICAL AND VIDEO ENABLES, AND CHECK
                                ;    TIMING OF SAME
                                ; 3. CHECK VERTICAL INTERRUPT
                                ; 4. CHECK RED, BLUE, GREEN, AND INTENSIFY DOTS
                                ; 5. INIT TO 40X25 - COLOR
                                ;    MFG. ERROR CODE 09XX (XX-SEE COMMENETS IN CODE)
                                ;-------------------------------------------------------
= A0AC                          MAVT    EQU     0A0ACH          ; MAXIMUM TIME FOR VERT/VERT
                                                                ; (NOMINAL + 10%)
= C460                          MIVT    EQU     0C460H          ; MINIMUM TIME FOR VERT/VERT
                                                                ; (NOMINAL - 10%)
                                ;  NOMINAL TIME IS B286H FOR 60 hz.
= 00C8                          EPF     EQU     200             ; NUMBER OF ENABLES PER FRAME

03B7  E8 E6D8 R                         CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG CHECKPOINT= F5
03BA  FA                                CLI
03BB  B0 70                             MOV     AL,01110000B    ; SET TIMER 1 TO MODE 0
03BD  E6 43                             OUT     TIM_CTL,AL
03BF  B9 B000                           MOV     CX,B000H
03C2  E2 FE                     Q1:     LOOP    Q1              ; WAIT FOR MODE SET TO "TAKE"
03C4  B0 00                             MOV     AL,00H
03C6  E6 41                             OUT     TIMER+1,AL      ; SEND FIRST BYTE TO TIMER
03C8  2B C0                             SUB     AX,AX           ; SET MODE 40X25 - BW
03CA  CD 10                             INT     10H
03CC  B8 0507                           MOV     AX,0507H        ; SET TO VIDEO PAGE 7
03CF  CD 10                             INT     10H
03D1  BA 03DA                           MOV     DX,03DAH        ; SET ADDRESSING TO VIDEO ARRAY
03D4  2B C9                             SUB     CX,CX
                                ; LOOK FOR VERTICAL
03D6  EC                        Q2:     IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
03D7  A8 08                             TEST    AL,00001000B    ; VERTICAL. THERE YET?
03D9  75 06                             JNE     Q3              ; CONTINUE IF IT IS
03DB  E2 F9                             LOOP    Q2              ; KEEP LOOKING TILL COUNT EXHAUSTED
03DD  B3 00                             MOV     BL,00           ;
03DF  EB 4C                             JMP     SHORT Q115      ; NO VERTICAL = ERROR 0900
                                ; GOT VERTICAL - START TIMER
03E1  32 C0                     Q3:     XOR     AL,AL           ;
03E3  E6 41                             OUT     TIMER+1,AL      ; SEND 2ND BYTE TO TIMER TO START
03E5  2B DB                             SUB     BX,BX           ; INIT. ENABLE COUNTER
                                ; WAIT FOR VERTICAL TO GO AWAY
03E7  33 C9                             XOR     CX,CX           ;
03E9  EC                        Q4:     IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
03EA  A8 08                             TEST    AL,00001000B    ; VERTICAL STILL THERE?
03EC  74 06                             JZ      Q5              ; CONTINUE IF IT'S GONE
03EE  E2 F9                             LOOP    Q4              ; KEEP LOOKING TILL COUNT EXHAUSTED
03F0  B3 01                             MOV     BL,01H          ;
03F2  EB 39                             JMP     SHORT Q115      ; VERTICAL STUCK ON = ERROR 0901
                                ; NOW START LOOKING FOR ENABLE TRANSITIONS
03F4  2B C9                     Q5:     SUB     CX,CX           ;
03F6  EC                        Q6:     IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
03F7  A8 01                             TEST    AL,00000001B    ; ENABLE ON YET?
03F9  75 0A                             JNE     Q7              ; GO ON IF IT IS
03FB  A8 08                             TEST    AL,00001000B    ; VERTICAL ON AGAIN?
03FD  75 22                             JNE     Q11             ; CONTINUE IF IT IS
03FF  E2 F5                             LOOP    Q6              ; KEEP LOOKING IF NOT
0401  B3 02                             MOV     BL,02H          ;
0403  EB 28                             JMP     SHORT Q115      ; ENABLE STUCK OFF = ERROR 0902
                                ; MAKE SURE VERTICAL WENT OFF WITH ENABLE GOING ON
0405  A8 08                     Q7:     TEST    AL,00001000B    ; VERTICAL OFF?
0407  74 04                             JZ      Q8              ; GO ON IF IT IS
0409  B3 03                             MOV     BL,03H          ;
040B  EB 20                             JMP     SHORT Q115      ; VERTICAL STUCK ON = ERROR 0903
                                ; NOW WAIT FOR ENABLE TO GO OFF
040D  2B C9                     Q8:     SUB     CX,CX           ;
040F  EC                        Q9:     IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
0410  A8 01                             TEST    AL,00000001B    ; ENABLE OFF YET?
0412  74 06                             JE      Q10             ; PROCEED IF IT IS
0414  E2 F9                             LOOP    Q9              ; KEEP LOOKING IF NOT YET LOW
0416  B3 04                             MOV     BL,04H          ;
0418  EB 13                             JMP     SHORT Q115      ; ENABLE STUCK ON = ERROR 0904
                                ; ENABLE HAS TOGGLED, BUMP COUNTER AND TEST FOR NEXT VERTICAL
041A  43                        Q10:    INC     BX              ; BUMP ENABLE COUNTER
041B  74 04                             JZ      Q11             ; IF COUNTER WRAPS, ERROR
041D  A8 08                             TEST    AL,00001000B    ; DID ENABLE GO LOW BECAUSE OF
                                                                ; VERTICAL?
041F  74 D3                             JZ      Q5              ; IF NOT, LOOK FOR ANOTHER ENABLE
                                                                ; TOGGLE
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                                    ; HAVE HAD COMPLETE VERTICAL-VERTICAL CYCLE, NOW TEST RESULTS
0421  B0 40                Q11:     MOV     AL,40H          ; LATCH TIMER1
0423  E6 43                         OUT     TIM_CTL,AL      ;
0425  81 FB 00C8                    CMP     BX,EPF          ; NUMBER OF ENABLES BETWEEN
                                                            ; VERTICALS O.K.?
0429  74 04                         JE      Q12             ;
042B  B3 05                         MOV     BL,05H          ;
042D  EB 74                Q115:    JMP     SHORT Q22       ; WRONG # ENABLES = ERROR 0905
042F  E4 41                Q12:     IN      AL,TIMER+1      ; GET TIMER VALUE LOW
0431  8A E0                         MOV     AH,AL           ; SAVE IT
0433  90                            NOP
0434  E4 41                         IN      AL,TIMER+1      ; GET TIMER HIGH
0436  86 E0                         XCHG    AH,AL           ;
0438  FB                            STI                     ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
0439  90                            NOP
043A  3D A0AC                       CMP     AX,MAVT         ;
043D  7D 04                         JGE     Q13             ;
043F  B3 06                         MOV     BL,06H          ;
0441  EB 60                         JMP     SHORT Q22       ; VERTICALS TOO FAR APART
                                                            ; = ERROR 0906
0443  3D C460              Q13:     CMP     AX,MIVT         ;
0446  7E 04                         JLE     Q14             ;
0448  B3 07                         MOV     BL,07H          ;
044A  EB 57                         JMP     SHORT Q22       ; VERTICALS TOO CLOSE TOGETHER
                                                            ; = ERROR 0907
                                    ; TIMINGS SEEM O.K., NOW CHECK VERTICAL INTERRUPT (LEVEL 5)
044C  2B C9                Q14:     SUB     CX,CX           ; SET TIMEOUT REG
044E  E4 21                         IN      AL,INTA01       ;
0450  24 DF                         AND     AL,11011111B    ; UNMASK INT. LEVEL 5
0452  E6 21                         OUT     INTA01,AL       ;
0454  20 06 0484 R                  AND     DATA_AREA[INTR_FLAG-DATA],AL
0458  FB                            STI                     ; ENABLE INTS.
0459  F6 06 0484 R 20      Q15:     TEST    DATA_AREA[INTR_FLAG-DATA],00100000B ; SEE IF INTR.
                                                            ;   5 HAPPENED YET
045E  75 06                         JNZ     Q16             ; GO ON IF IT DID
0460  E2 F7                         LOOP    Q15             ; KEEP LOOKING IF IT DIDN'T
0462  B3 08                         MOV     BL,08H          ;
0464  EB 3D                         JMP     SHORT Q22       ; NO VERTICAL INTERRUPT
                                                            ; = ERROR 0908
0466  E4 21                Q16:     IN      AL,INTA01       ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS FOR LEVEL 5
0468  0C 20                         OR      AL,00100000B    ;
046A  E6 21                         OUT     INTA01,AL       ;
                                    ; SEE IF RED, GREEN, BLUE AND INTENSIFY DOTS WORK
                                    ; FIRST, SET A LINE OF REVERSE VIDEO, INTENSIFIED BLANKS INTO VIDEO
                                    ; BUFFER
046C  B8 09DB                       MOV     AX,09DBH        ; WRITE CHARS, BLOCKS
046F  BB 077F                       MOV     BX,077FH        ; PAGE 7, REVERSE VIDEO,
                                                            ;   HIGH INTENSITY
0472  B9 0028                       MOV     CX,40           ; 40 CHARACTERS
0475  CD 10                         INT     10H             ;
0477  33 C0                         XOR     AX,AX           ; START WITH BLUE DOTS
0479  2B C9                Q17:     SUB     CX,CX           ;
047B  EE                            OUT     DX,AL           ; SET VIDEO ARRAY ADDRESS FOR DOTS
                                    ; SEE IF DOT COMES ON
047C  EC                   Q18:     IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
047D  A8 10                         TEST    AL,00010000B    ; DOT THERE?
047F  75 08                         JNZ     Q19             ; GO LOOK FOR DOT TO TURN OFF
0481  E2 F9                         LOOP    Q18             ; CONTINUE TESTING FOR DOT ON
0483  B3 10                         MOV     BL,10H          ;
0485  0A DC                         OR      BL,AH           ; OR IN DOT BEING TESTED
0487  EB 1A                         JMP     SHORT Q22       ; DOT NOT COMING ON = ERROR 091X
                                                            ; ( X=0, BLUE; X=1, GREEN;
                                                            ; X=2, RED; X=3, INTENSITY)
                                    ; SEE IF DOT GOES OFF
0489  2B C9                Q19:     SUB     CX,CX           ;
048B  EC                   Q20:     IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
048C  A8 10                         TEST    AL,00010000B    ; IS DOT STILL ON?
048E  74 08                         JE      Q21             ; GO ON IF DOT OFF
0490  E2 F9                         LOOP    Q20             ; ELSE, KEEP WAITING FOR DOT
                                                            ; TO GO OFF
0492  B3 20                         MOV     BL,20H          ;
0494  0A DC                         OR      BL,AH           ; OR IN DOT BEING TESTED
0496  EB 0B                         JMP     SHORT Q22       ; DOT STUCK ON = ERROR 092X
                                                            ; (X=0, BLUE; X=1, GREEN;
                                                            ;  X=2, RED; X=3, INTENSITY)
                                    ; ADJUST TO POINT TO NEXT DOT
0498  FE C4                Q21:     INC     AH              ;
049A  80 FC 04                      CMP     AH,4            ; ALL 4 DOTS DONE?
049D  74 09                         JE      Q23             ; GO END
049F  8A C4                         MOV     AL,AH           ;
04A1  EB D6                         JMP     Q17             ; GO LOOK FOR ANOTHER DOT
04A3  B7 09                Q22:     MOV     BH,09H          ; SET MSB OF ERROR CODE
04A5  E9 09BC R                     JMP     E_MSG           ;
                                    ; DONE WITH TEST RESET TO 40X25 - COLOR
                                    ASSUME  DS:DATA
04A8  E8 138B R            Q23:     CALL    DDS             ;
04AB  B8 0001                       MOV     AX,0001H        ; INIT TO 40X25 - COLOR
04AE  CD 10                         INT     10H             ;
04B0  B8 0507                       MOV     AX,0507H        ; SET TO VIDEO PAGE 7
04B3  CD 10                         INT     10H             ;
04B5  81 3E 0072 R 1234             CMP     RESET_FLAG,1234H ; WARM START?
04BB  74 03                         JE      Q24             ; BYPASS PUTTING UP POWER-ON SCREEN
04BD  E8 0C21 R                     CALL    PUT_LOGO        ; PUT LOGO ON SCREEN
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04BD  E8 0C21 R                      CALL    PUT_LOGO         ; PUT LOGO ON SCREEN
04C0  B0 76                   Q24:   MOV     AL,01110110B     ; RE-INIT TIMER 1
04C2  E6 43                          OUT     TIM_CTL,AL       ;
04C4  B0 00                          MOV     AL,00H           ;
04C6  E6 41                          OUT     TIMER+1,AL
04C8  90                             NOP
04C9  90                             NOP
04CA  E6 41                          OUT     TIMER+1,AL
                                     ASSUME  DS:ABS0
04CC  E8 E6D8 R                      CALL    MFG_UP           ; MFG CHECKPOINT=F4
04CF  33 C0                          XOR     AX,AX
04D1  8E D8                          MOV     DS,AX
04D3  C7 06 0008 R 0F78 R            MOV     NMI_PTR,OFFSET KBDNMI ; SET INTERRUPT VECTOR
04D9  C7 06 0120 R F068 R            MOV     KEY62_PTR,OFFSET KEY_SCAN_SAVE  ; SET VECTOR FOR
                                                                            ; POD INT HANDLER
04DF  0E                             PUSH    CS
04E0  58                             POP     AX
04E1  A3 0122 R                      MOV     KEY62_PTR+2,AX
                                     ASSUME  DS:DATA
04E4  E8 138B R                      CALL    DDS              ; SET DATA SEGMENT
04E7  BE 001E R                      MOV     SI,OFFSET KB_BUFFER ; SET KEYBOARD PARMS
04EA  89 36 001A R                   MOV     BUFFER_HEAD,SI
04EE  89 36 001C R                   MOV     BUFFER_TAIL,SI
04F2  89 36 0080 R                   MOV     BUFFER_START,SI
04F6  83 C6 20                       ADD     SI,32            ; SET DEFAULT BUFFER OF 32 BYTES
04F9  89 36 0082 R                   MOV     BUFFER_END,SI
04FD  E4 A0                          IN      AL,0A0H          ; CLEAR NMI F/F
04FF  B0 80                          MOV     AL,80H           ; ENABLE NMI
0501  E6 A0                          OUT     0A0H,AL          ;
                                ; IF A KEY IS STUCK, THE BUFFER SHOULD FILL WITH THAT KEY'S CODE
                                ; THIS WILL BE CHECKED LATER
                                ;------------------------------------------------
                                ;         MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE AND TEST
                                ; THIS ROUTINE WILL DETERMINE HOW MUCH MEM
                                ; IS ATTACHED TO THE SYSTEM (UP TO 640KB)
                                ; AND SET "MEMORY_SIZE" AND "REAL_MEMORY"
                                ; WORDS IN THE DATA AREA.
                                ;
                                ; AFTER THIS, MEMORY WILL BE EITHER TESTED
                                ; OR CLEARED, DEPENDING ON THE CONTENTS OF
                                ; "RESET_FLAG".
                                ; MFG. ERROR CODES   -0AXX PLANAR BD ERROR
                                ;                    -0BXX 64K CD ERROR
                                ;                    -0CXX ERRORS IN BOTH
                                ;                          ODD AND EVEN BYTES
                                ;                          IN A 128K SYS
                                ;                    -1YXX MEMORY ABOVE 128K
                                ;                          Y=SEGMENT HAVING TROUBLE
                                ;                          XX= ERROR BITS
                                ;------------------------------------------------
                                     ASSUME  DS:DATA
0503  E8 E6D8 R                      CALL    MFG_UP           ; MFG CHECKPOINT=F3
0506  BB 0040                        MOV     BX,64            ; START WITH BASE 64K
0509  E4 62                          IN      AL,PORT_C        ; GET CONFIG BYTE
050B  A8 08                          TEST    AL,00001000B     ; SEE IF 64K CARD INSTALLED
050D  75 03                          JNE     Q25              ; (BIT 4 WILL BE 0 IF CARD PLUGGED)
050F  83 C3 40                       ADD     BX,64            ; ADD 64K
0512  53                      Q25:   PUSH    BX               ; SAVE K COUNT
0513  83 EB 10                       SUB     BX,16            ; SUBTRACT 16K CRT REFRESH SPACE
0516  89 1E 0013 R                   MOV     [MEMORY_SIZE],BX ; LOAD "CONTIGUOUS MEMORY" WORD
051A  5B                             POP     BX
051B  BA 2000                        MOV     DX,2000H         ; SET POINTER TO JUST ABOVE 128K
051E  2B FF                          SUB     DI,DI            ; SET DI TO POINT TO BEGINNING
0520  B9 AA55                        MOV     CX,0AA55H        ; LOAD DATA PATTERN
0523  8E C2                   Q26:   MOV     ES,DX            ; SET SEGMENT TO POINT TO MEMORY
                                                              ; SPACE
0525  26: 89 0D                      MOV     ES:[DI],CX       ; SET DATA PATTERN TO MEMORY
0528  B0 0F                          MOV     AL,0FH           ; SET AL TO ODD VALUE
052A  26: 8B 05                      MOV     AX,ES:[DI]       ; GET DATA PATTERN BACK FROM MEM
052D  33 C1                          XOR     AX,CX            ; SEE IF DATA MADE IT BACK
052F  75 0C                          JNZ     Q27              ; NO? THEN END OF MEM HAS BEEN
                                                              ; REACHED
0531  81 C2 1000                     ADD     DX,1000H         ; POINT TO BEGINNING OF NEXT 64K
0535  83 C3 40                       ADD     BX,64            ; ADJUST TOTAL MEM. COUNTER
0538  80 FE A0                       CMP     DH,0A0H          ; PAST 640K YET?
053B  75 E6                          JNE     Q26              ; CHECK FOR ANOTHER BLOCK IF NOT
053D  89 1E 0015 R                   MOV     [TRUE_MEM],BX    ; LOAD "TOTAL MEMORY" WORD
                                ; SIZE HAS BEEN DETERMINED, NOW TEST OR CLEAR ALL OF MEMORY
0541  B8 0004                        MOV     AX,4             ; 4 KB KNOWN OK AT THIS POINT
0544  E8 05BC R                      CALL    Q35
0547  BA 0080                        MOV     DX,0080H         ; SET POINTER TO JUST ABOVE
                                                              ; LOWER 2K
054A  B9 7800                        MOV     CX,7800H         ; TEST 30K WORDS (60KB)
054D  8E C2                   Q28:   MOV     ES,DX
054F  51                             PUSH    CX               ;
0550  53                             PUSH    BX
0551  50                             PUSH    AX
0552  E8 0B59 R                      CALL    PODSTG           ; TEST OR FILL MEM
0555  74 03                          JZ      Q29
0557  E9 0603 R                      JMP     Q39              ; JUMP IF ERROR
055A  58                      Q29:   POP     AX
055B  5B                             POP     BX
055C  59                             POP     CX               ; RECOVER
055D  80 FD 78                       CMP     CH,78H           ; WAS THIS A 60 K PASS
0560  9C                             PUSHF
0561  05 003C                        ADD     AX,60            ; BUMP GOOD STORAGE BY 60 KB
0564  9D                             POPF
0565  74 03                          JE      Q30
0567  05 0002                        ADD     AX,2             ;ADD 2 FOR A 62K PASS
056A  E8 05BC R               Q30:   CALL    Q35
056D  3B C3                          CMP     AX,BX            ; ARE WE DONE YET?
056F  75 03                          JNE     Q31
0571  E9 0640 R                      JMP     Q43              ; ALL DONE, IF SO
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0574  3D 0080        Q31:    CMP     AX,128          ; DONE WITH 1ST 128K?
0577  74 1E                  JE      Q32             ; GO FINISH REST OF MEM.
0579  BA 0F80                MOV     DX,0F80H        ; SET POINTER TO FINISH 1ST 64 KB
057C  B9 0400                MOV     CX,0400H
057F  8E C2                  MOV     ES,DX
0581  50                     PUSH    AX
0582  53                     PUSH    BX
0583  52                     PUSH    DX
0584  E8 0B59 R              CALL    PODSTG          ; GO TEST/FILL
0587  75 7A                  JNZ     Q39             ;
0589  5A                     POP     DX
058A  5B                     POP     BX
058B  58                     POP     AX
058C  05 0002                ADD     AX,2            ; UPDATE GOOD COUNT
058F  BA 1000                MOV     DX,1000H        ; SET POINTER TO 2ND 64K BLOCK
0592  B9 7C00                MOV     CX,7C00H        ; 62K WORTH
0595  EB B6                  JMP     Q28             ; GO TEST IT
0597  BA 2000        Q32:    MOV     DX,2000H        ; POINT TO BLOCK ABOVE 128K
059A  3B D8          Q33:    CMP     BX,AX           ; COMPARE GOOD MEM TO TOTAL MEM
059C  75 03                  JNE     Q34             ;
059E  E9 0640 R              JMP     Q43             ; EXIT IF ALL DONE
05A1  B9 4000        Q34:    MOV     CX,4000H        ; SET FOR 32KB BLOCK
05A4  8E C2                  MOV     ES,DX
05A6  50                     PUSH    AX
05A7  53                     PUSH    BX
05A8  52                     PUSH    DX
05A9  E8 0B59 R              CALL    PODSTG          ; GO TEST/FILL
05AC  75 55                  JNZ     Q39             ;
05AE  5A                     POP     DX
05AF  5B                     POP     BX
05B0  58                     POP     AX
05B1  05 0020                ADD     AX,32           ; BUMP GOOD MEMORY COUNT
05B4  E8 05BC R              CALL    Q35             ; DISPLAY CURRENT GOOD MEM
05B7  80 C6 08               ADD     DH,08H          ; SET POINTER TO NEXT 32K
05BA  EB DE                  JMP     Q33             ; AND MAKE ANOTHER PASS
                    ;-----------------------------------------
                    ;    SUBROUTINE FOR PRINTING TESTED
                    ;    MEMORY OK MSG ON THE CRT
                    ;  CALL PARMS: AX = K OF GOOD MEMORY
                    ;                 (IN HEX)
                    ;-----------------------------------------
05BC               Q35      PROC     NEAR
05BC  E8 138B R              CALL    DDS             ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
05BF  81 3E 0072 R 1234      CMP     RESET_FLAG,1234H ; WARM START?
05C5  74 3B                  JE      Q35E            ; NO PRINT ON WARM START
05C7  53                     PUSH    BX
05C8  51                     PUSH    CX
05C9  52                     PUSH    DX
05CA  50                     PUSH    AX              ; SAVE WORK REGS
05CB  B4 02                  MOV     AH,2            ; SET CURSOR TOWARD THE END OF
05CD  BA 1421                MOV     DX,1421H        ; ROW 20 (ROW 20, COL. 33)
05D0  B7 07                  MOV     BH,7            ; PAGE 7
05D2  CD 10                  INT     10H
05D4  58                     POP     AX              ;
05D5  50                     PUSH    AX
05D6  BB 000A                MOV     BX,10           ; SET UP FOR DECIMAL CONVERT
05D9  B9 0003                MOV     CX,3            ; OF 3 NIBBLES
05DC  33 D2          Q36:    XOR     DX,DX           ;
05DE  F7 F3                  DIV     BX              ; DEVIDE BY 10
05E0  80 CA 30               OR      DL,30H          ; MAKE INTO ASCII
05E3  52                     PUSH    DX              ; SAVE
05E4  E2 F6                  LOOP    Q36             ;
05E6  B9 0003                MOV     CX,3            ;
05E9  58             Q37:    POP     AX              ; RECOVER A NUMBER
05EA  E8 18BA R              CALL    PRT_HEX
05ED  E2 FA                  LOOP    Q37             ;
05EF  B9 0003                MOV     CX,3            ;
05F2  BE 0025 R              MOV     SI,OFFSET F3B   ; PRINT " KB"
05F5  2E: 8A 04      Q38:    MOV     AL,CS:[SI]
05F8  46                     INC     SI
05F9  E8 18BA R              CALL    PRT_HEX
05FC  E2 F7                  LOOP    Q38             ;
05FE  58                     POP     AX
05FF  5A                     POP     DX
0600  59                     POP     CX
0601  5B                     POP     BX
0602  C3             Q35E:   RET
0603               Q35      ENDP
                    ; ON ENTRY TO MEMORY ERROR ROUTINE, CX HAS ERROR BITS
                    ; AH HAS ODD/EVEN INFO, OTHER USEFUL INFO ON THE STACK
0603  5A             Q39:    POP     DX              ; POP SEGMENT POINTER TO DX
                                                     ; (HEADING DOWNHILL, DON'T CARE
                                                     ; ABOUT STACK)
0604  81 FA 2000             CMP     DX,2000H        ; ABOVE 128K (THE SIMPLE CASE)
0608  7C 0E                  JL      Q40             ; GO DO ODD/EVEN-LESS THAN 128K
060A  8A D9                  MOV     BL,CL           ; FORM ERROR BITS ("XX")
060C  0A DD                  OR      BL,CH
060E  B1 04                  MOV     CL,4            ; ROTATE MOST SIGNIFIGANT
                                                     ; NIBBLE OF SEGMET
0610  D2 EE                  SHR     DH,CL           ; TO LOW NIBBLE OF DH
0612  B7 10                  MOV     BH,10H          ;
0614  0A FE                  OR      BH,DH           ; FORM "1Y" VALUE
0616  EB 20                  JMP     SHORT Q42       ;
0618  B7 0A          Q40:    MOV     BH,0AH          ; ERROR 0A....
061A  E4 62                  IN      AL,PORT_C       ; GET CONFIG BITS
061C  24 08                  AND     AL,00001000B    ; TEST FOR ATTRIB CARD PRESENT
061E  74 06                  JZ      Q41             ; WORRY ABOUT ODD/EVEN IF IT IS
0620  8A D9                  MOV     BL,CL           ;
0622  0A DD                  OR      BL,CH           ; COMBINE ERROR BITS IF IT ISN'T
0624  EB 12                  JMP     SHORT Q42       ;
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0626  80 FC 02            Q41:    CMP     AH,02           ; EVEN BYTE ERROR? ERR OAXX
0629  8A D9                       MOV     BL,CL
062B  74 0B                       JE      Q42
062D  FE C7                       INC     BH              ; MAKE INTO OBXX ERR
062F  0A DD                       OR      BL,CH           ; MOVE AND COMBINE ERROR BITS
0631  80 FC 01                    CMP     AH,1            ; ODD BYTE ERROR
0634  74 02                       JE      Q42
0636  FE C7                       INC     BH              ; MUST HAVE BEEN BOTH
                                                          ; - MAKE INTO OCXX
0638  BE 0035 R          Q42:     MOV     SI,OFFSET MEM_ERR
063B  E8 09BC R                   CALL    E_MSG           ; LET ERROR ROUTINE FIGURE OUT
                                                          ; WHAT TO DO
063E  FA                          CLI                     ;
063F  F4                          HLT                     ;
0640                     Q43:
                         ;-----------------------------------------------
                         ;               KEYBOARD TEST
                         ; DESCRIPTION
                         ;               NMI HAS BEEN ENABLED FOR QUITE A FEW
                         ;               SECONDS NOW. CHECK THAT NO SCAN CODES
                         ;               HAVE SHOWN UP IN THE BUFFER. (STUCK
                         ;               KEY) IF THEY HAVE, DISPLAY THEM AND
                         ;               POST ERROR.
                         ;               MFG ERR CODE
                         ;               2000 STRAY NMI INTERRUPTS OR KEYBOARD
                         ;               RECEIVE ERRORS
                         ;               21XX  CARD FAILURE
                         ;                     XX=01, KB DATA STUCK HIGH
                         ;                     XX=02, KB DATA STUCK LOW
                         ;                     XX=03, NO NMI INTERRUPT
                         ;               22XX STUCK KEY (XX=SCAN CODE)
                         ;-----------------------------------------------
                                   ASSUME  DS:DATA
                         ;----- CHECK FOR STUCK KEYS
0640  E8 E6D8 R                   CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG CODE=F2
0643  E8 138B R                   CALL    DDS             ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
0646  BB 001E R                   MOV     BX,OFFSET KB_BUFFER
0649  8A 07                       MOV     AL,[BX]         ; CHECK FOR STUCK KEYS
064B  0A C0                       OR      AL,AL           ; SCAN CODE = 0?
064D  74 06                       JE      F6_Y            ; YES - CONTINUE TESTING
064F  B7 22                       MOV     BH,22H          ; 22XX ERROR CODE
0651  8A D8                       MOV     BL,AL           ;
0653  EB 0A                       JMP     SHORT F6
0655  80 3E 0012 R 00    F6_Y:    CMP     KBD_ERR,00H     ; DID NMI'S HAPPEN WITH NO SCAN
                                                          ; CODE PASSED?
065A  74 1C                       JE      F7              ; (STRAYS) - CONTINUE IF NONE
065C  BB 2000                     MOV     BX,2000H        ; SET ERROR CODE 2000
065F  BE 0036 R          F6:      MOV     SI,OFFSET KEY_ERR ; GET MSG ADDR
0662  81 3E 0072 R 4321           CMP     RESET_FLAG,4321H ; WARM START TO DIAGS
0668  74 0B                       JE      F6_Z            ; DO NOT PUT UP MESSAGE
066A  81 3E 0072 R 1234           CMP     RESET_FLAG,1234H ; WARM SYSTEM START
0670  74 03                       JE      F6_Z            ; DO NOT PUT UP MESSAGE
0672  E8 09BC R                   CALL    E_MSG           ; PRINT MSG ON SCREEN
0675  E9 06FF R          F6_Z:    JMP     F6_X
                         ; CHECK LINK CARD, IF PRESENT
0678  BA 0201            F7:      MOV     DX,0201H
067B  EC                          IN      AL,DX           ; CHECK FOR BURN-IN MODE
067C  24 F0                       AND     AL,0F0H
067E  74 7F                       JZ      F6_X            ; BYPASS CHECK IN BURN-IN MODE
0680  E4 62                       IN      AL,PORT_C       ; GET CONFIG. PORT DATA
0682  24 80                       AND     AL,10000000B    ; KEYBOARD CABLE ATTACHED?
0684  74 79                       JZ      F6_X            ; BYPASS  TEST IF IT IS
0686  E4 61                       IN      AL,PORT_B       ;
0688  24 FC                       AND     AL,11111100B    ; DROP SPEAKER DATA
068A  E6 61                       OUT     PORT_B,AL       ;
068C  B0 B6                       MOV     AL,0B6H         ; MODE SET TIMER 2
068E  E6 43                       OUT     TIM_CTL,AL      ;
0690  B0 40                       MOV     AL,040H         ; DISABLE NMI
0692  E6 A0                       OUT     0A0H,AL         ;
0694  B0 20                       MOV     AL,32           ; LSB TO TIMER 2
                                                          ; (APPROX. 40Khz VALUE)
0696  BA 0042                     MOV     DX,TIMER+2
0699  EE                          OUT     DX,AL           ;
069A  2B C0                       SUB     AX,AX           ;
069C  8B C8                       MOV     CX,AX           ;
069E  EE                          OUT     DX,AL           ; MSB TO TIMER 2 (START TIMER)
069F  E4 61                       IN      AL,PORT_B       ;
06A1  0C 01                       OR      AL,1            ;
06A3  E6 61                       OUT     PORT_B,AL       ; ENABLE TIMER 2
06A5  E4 62              F7_0:    IN      AL,PORT_C       ; SEE IF KEYBOARD DATA ACTIVE
06A7  24 40                       AND     AL,01000000B    ;
06A9  75 06                       JNZ     F7_1            ; EXIT LOOP IF DATA SHOWED UP
06AB  E2 F8                       LOOP    F7_0            ;
06AD  B3 02                       MOV     BL,02H          ; SET NO KEYBOARD DATA ERROR
06AF  EB 49                       JMP     SHORT F6_1
06B1  06                 F7_1:    PUSH    ES              ; SAVE ES
06B2  2B C0                       SUB     AX,AX           ; SET UP SEGMENT REG
06B4  8E C0                       MOV     ES,AX           ; *
06B6  26: C7 06 0008 R F815 R     MOV     ES:[NMI_PTR],OFFSET D11 ; SET UP NEW NMI VECTOR
06BD  A2 0084 R                   MOV     INTR_FLAG,AL    ; RESET INTR FLAG
06C0  E4 61                       IN      AL,PORT_B       ; DISABLE INTERNAL BEEPER TO
06C2  0C 30                       OR      AL,00110000B    ; PREVENT ERROR BEEP
06C4  E6 61                       OUT     PORT_B,AL       ;
06C6  B0 C0                       MOV     AL,0C0H         ;
06C8  E6 A0                       OUT     0A0H,AL         ; ENABLE NMI
06CA  B9 0100                     MOV     CX,0100H        ;
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06CD  E2 FE                      F6_O:    LOOP    F6_O            ; WAIT A BIT
06CF  E4 61                               IN      AL,PORT_B       ; RE-ENABLE BEEPER
06D1  24 CF                               AND     AL,11001111B
06D3  E6 61                               OUT     PORT_B,AL
06D5  A0 0084 R                           MOV     AL,INTR_FLAG    ; GET INTR FLAG
06D8  0A C0                               OR      AL,AL           ; WILL BE NON-ZERO IF NMI HAPPENED
06DA  B3 03                               MOV     BL,03H          ; SET POSSIBLE ERROR CODE
06DC  26: C7 06 0008 R 0F78 R            MOV     ES:[NMI_PTR],OFFSET KBDNMI ; RESET NMI VECTOR
06E3  07                                  POP     ES              ; RESTORE ES
06E4  74 14                               JZ      F6_1            ; JUMP IF NO NMI
06E6  B0 00                               MOV     AL,00H          ; DISABLE FEEDBACK CKT
06E8  E6 A0                               OUT     0A0H,AL         ;
06EA  E4 61                               IN      AL,PORT_B       ;
06EC  24 FE                               AND     AL,11111110B    ; DROP GATE TO TIMER 2
06EE  E6 61                               OUT     PORT_B,AL       ;
06F0  E4 62                      F6_2:    IN      AL,PORT_C       ; SEE IF KEYBOARD DATA ACTIVE
06F2  24 40                               AND     AL,01000000B    ;
06F4  74 09                               JZ      F6_X            ; EXIT LOOP IF DATA WENT LOW
06F6  E2 F8                               LOOP    F6_2            ;
06F8  B3 01                               MOV     BL,01H          ; SET KEYBOARD DATA STUCK HIGH ERR
06FA  B7 21                      F6_1:    MOV     BH,21H          ; POST ERROR  "21XX"
06FC  E9 065F R                           JMP     F6              ;
06FF  B0 00                      F6_X:    MOV     AL,00H          ; DISABLE FEEDBACK CKT
0701  E6 A0                               OUT     0A0H,AL         ;
                                ;------------------------------------------------------
                                ;               CASSETTE INTERFACE TEST
                                ; DESCRIPTION
                                ;               TURN CASSETTE MOTOR OFF. WRITE A BIT OUT TO THE
                                ;               CASSETTE DATA BUS. VERIFY THAT CASSETTE DATA
                                ;               READ IS WITHIN A VALID RANGE.
                                ;       MFG. ERROR CODE=2300H (DATA PATH ERROR)
                                ;                       23FF (RELAY FAILED TO PICK)
                                ;------------------------------------------------------
= 0A9A                          MAX_PERIOD      EQU     0A9AH   ; NOM.+10%
= 0BAD                          MIN_PERIOD      EQU     0BADH   ; NOM -10%
                                ;----- TURN THE CASSETTE MOTOR OFF
0703  E8 E6D8 R                           CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG CODE=F1
0706  E4 61                               IN      AL,PORT_B
0708  0C 09                               OR      AL,00001001B    ; SET TIMER 2 SPK OUT, AND CASSETTE
070A  E6 61                               OUT     PORT_B,AL       ; OUT BITS ON, CASSETTE MOT OFF
                                ;----- WRITE A BIT
070C  E4 21                               IN      AL,INTA01
070E  0C 01                               OR      AL,01H          ; DISABLE TIMER INTERRUPTS
0710  E6 21                               OUT     INTA01,AL
0712  B0 B6                               MOV     AL,0B6H         ; SEL TIM 2, LSB, MSB, MD 3
0714  E6 43                               OUT     TIMER+3,AL      ; WRITE 8253 CMD/MODE REG
0716  B8 04D2                             MOV     AX,1234         ; SET TIMER 2 CNT FOR 1000 USEC
0719  E6 42                               OUT     TIMER+2,AL      ; WRITE TIMER 2 COUNTER REG
071B  8A C4                               MOV     AL,AH           ; WRITE MSB
071D  E6 42                               OUT     TIMER+2,AL      ;
071F  2B C9                               SUB     CX,CX           ; CLEAR COUNTER FOR LONG DELAY
0721  E2 FE                               LOOP    $               ; WAIT FOR COUNTER TO INIT
                                ;----- READ CASSETTE INPUT
0723  E4 62                               IN      AL,PORT_C       ; READ VALUE OF CASS IN BIT
0725  24 10                               AND     AL,10H          ; ISOLATE FROM OTHER BITS
0727  A2 006B R                           MOV     LAST_VAL,AL
072A  E8 F96F R                           CALL    READ_HALF_BIT   ; TO SET UP CONDITIONS FOR CHECK
072D  E8 F96F R                           CALL    READ_HALF_BIT
0730  E3 3E                               JCXZ    F8              ; CAS_ERR
0732  53                                  PUSH    BX              ; SAVE HALF BIT TIME VALUE
0733  E8 F96F R                           CALL    READ_HALF_BIT
0736  58                                  POP     AX              ; GET TOTAL TIME
0737  E3 37                               JCXZ    F8              ; CAS_ERR
0739  03 C3                               ADD     AX,BX
073B  3D 0A9A                             CMP     AX,MAX_PERIOD
073E  73 30                               JNC     F8              ; CAS_ERR
0740  3D 0BAD                             CMP     AX,MIN_PERIOD
0743  72 2B                               JC      F8
0745  8A 0201                             MOV     DX,201H
0748  EC                                  IN      AL,DX
0749  24 F0                               AND     AL,0F0H         ; DETERMINE MODE
074B  3C 10                               CMP     AL,00010000B    ; MFG?
074D  74 04                               JE      F9
074F  3C 40                               CMP     AL,01000000B    ; SERVICE?
0751  75 26                               JNE     T13_END         ; GO TO NEXT TEST IF NOT
                                ; CHECK THAT CASSETTE RELAY IS PICKING (CAN'T DO TEST IN NORMAL
                                ; MODE BECAUSE OF POSSIBILITY OF WRITING ON CASSETTE IF "RECORD"
                                ; BUTTON IS DEPRESSED.)
0753  E4 61                      F9:      IN      AL,PORT_B
0755  8A D0                               MOV     DL,AL           ; SAVE PORT B CONTENTS
0757  24 E5                               AND     AL,11100101B    ; SET CASSETTE MOTOR ON
0759  E6 61                               OUT     PORT_B,AL       ;
075B  33 C9                               XOR     CX,CX           ;
075D  E2 FE                      F91:     LOOP    F91             ; WAIT FOR RELAY TO SETTLE
075F  E8 F96F R                           CALL    READ_HALF_BIT
0762  E8 F96F R                           CALL    READ_HALF_BIT
0765  8A C2                               MOV     AL,DL           ; DROP RELAY
0767  E6 61                               OUT     PORT_B,AL       ;
0769  E3 0E                               JCXZ    T13_END         ; READ_HALF_BIT SHOULD TIME OUT IN
                                                                  ; THIS SITUATION
076B  BB 23FF                             MOV     BX,23FFH        ; ERROR 23FF
076E  EB 03                               JMP     SHORT F81
0770                            F8:                               ; CAS_ERR
0770  BB 2300                             MOV     BX,2300H        ; ERR. CODE 2300H
0773  BE 0037 R                  F81:     MOV     SI,OFFSET CASS_ERR ; CASSETTE WRAP FAILED
0776  E8 09BC R                           CALL    E_MSG           ; GO PRINT ERROR MSG
0779  E4 21                      T13_END: IN      AL,INTA01
077B  24 FE                               AND     AL,0FEH         ; ENABLE TIMER INTS
077D  E6 21                               OUT     INTA01,AL       ;
077F  E4 A0                               IN      AL,NMI_PORT     ; CLEAR NMI FLIP/FLOP
0781  B0 80                               MOV     AL,80H          ; ENABLE NMI INTERUPTS
0783  E6 A0                               OUT     NMI_PORT,AL
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                       ;-------------------------------------------------------------
                       ;       SERIAL PRINTER AND MODEM POWER ON DIAGNOSTIC
                       ;   DESCRIPTION:
                       ;       VERIFIES THAT THE SERIAL PRINTER UART FUNCTIONS PROPERLY.
                       ;       CHECKS IF THE MODEM CARD IS ATTACHED.  IF IT'S NOT, EXITS.
                       ;       VERIFIES THAT THE MODEM UART FUNCTIONS PROPERLY.
                       ;       ERROR CODES RETURNED BY 'UART' RANGE FROM 1 TO 1FH AND ARE
                       ;       REPORTED VIA REGISTER BL.  SEE LISTING OF 'UART' (P0D27)
                       ;       FOR POSSIBLE ERRORS.
                       ;       MFG. ERR. CODES  23XX FOR SERIAL PRINTER
                       ;                        24XX FOR MODEM
                       ;-------------------------------------------------------------
                                 ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
                       ;-------------------------------------------------------------
                       ;        TEST SERIAL PRINTER INS8250 UART
                       ;-------------------------------------------------------------
0785  E8 E6D8 R                  CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG ROUTINE INDICATOR=FO
0788  BA 02F8                    MOV     DX,02F8H        ; ADDRESS OF SERIAL PRINTER CARD
078B  E8 E831 R                  CALL    UART            ; ASYNCH. COMM. ADAPTER POD
078E  73 06                     JNC     TM              ; PASSED
0790  BE 0038 R                  MOV     SI,OFFSET COM1_ERR ; CODE FOR DISPLAY
0793  E8 09BC R                  CALL    E_MSG           ; REPORT ERROR
                       ;-------------------------------------------------------------
                       ;        TEST MODEM INS8250 UART
                       ;-------------------------------------------------------------
0796  E8 E6D8 R        TM:       CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG ROUTINE INDICATOR = EF
0799  E4 62                     IN      AL,PORT_C       ; TEST FOR MODEM CARD PRESENT
079B  24 02                     AND     AL,00000010B    ; ONLY CONCERNED WITH BIT 1
079D  75 0E                     JNE     TM1             ; IT'S NOT THERE - DONE WITH TEST
079F  BA 03F8                    MOV     DX,03F8H        ; ADDRESS OF MODEM CARD
07A2  E8 E831 R                  CALL    UART            ; ASYNCH. COMM. ADAPTER POD
07A5  73 06                     JNC     TM1             ; PASSED
07A7  BE 0039 R                  MOV     SI,OFFSET COM2_ERR ; MODEM ERROR
07AA  E8 09BC R                  CALL    E_MSG           ; REPORT ERROR
07AD               TM1:
                       ;---------------------------------------------
                       ;        SETUP HARDWARE INT. VECTOR TABLE
                       ;---------------------------------------------
                                 ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:ABSO
07AD  2B CO                     SUB     AX,AX
07AF  8E CO                     MOV     ES,AX
07B1  B9 0008                    MOV     CX,08           ; GET VECTOR CNT
07B4  0E                        PUSH    CS              ; SETUP DS SEG REG
07B5  1F                        POP     DS
07B6  BE FEF3 R                  MOV     SI,OFFSET VECTOR_TABLE
07B9  BF 0020 R                  MOV     DI,OFFSET INT_PTR
07BC  A5               F7A:      MOVSW
07BD  47                        INC     DI              ; SKIP OVER SEGMENT
07BE  47                        INC     DI
07BF  E2 FB                     LOOP    F7A
                       ;----- SET UP OTHER INTERRUPTS AS NECESSARY
                                 ASSUME  DS:ABSO
07C1  8E D9                     MOV     DS,CX
07C3  C7 06 0014 R FF54 R       MOV     INT5_PTR,OFFSET PRINT_SCREEN ; PRINT SCREEN
07C9  C7 06 0120 R 10C6 R       MOV     KEY62_PTR,OFFSET KEY62_INT ; 62 KEY CONVERSION
                                                        ; ROUTINE
07CF  C7 06 0110 R FA6E R       MOV     CSET_PTR,OFFSET CRT_CHAR_GEN ; DOT TABLE
07D5  C7 06 0060 R FFCB R       MOV     BASIC_PTR,OFFSET BAS_ENT ; CASSETTE BASIC ENTRY
07DB  0E                        PUSH    CS
07DC  58                        POP     AX
07DD  A3 0062 R                  MOV     WORD PTR BASIC_PTR+2,AX ; CODE SEGMENT FOR CASSETTE
                       ;-------------------------------------------------------------
                       ; CHECK FOR OPTIONAL ROM FROM C0000 TO F0000 IN 2K BLOCKS
                       ;        (A VALID MODULE HAS '55AA' IN THE FIRST 2 LOCATIONS,
                       ;        LENGTH INDICATOR (LENGTH/512) IN THE 3D LOCATION AND
                       ;        TEST/INIT. CODE STARTING IN THE 4TH LOCATION.)
                       ;        MFG ERR CODE 25XX (XX=MSB OF SEGMENT THAT HAS CRC CHECK)
                       ;-------------------------------------------------------------
07E0  BO 01                     MOV     AL,01H
07E2  E6 13                     OUT     13H,AL
07E4  E8 E6D8 R                  CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG ROUTINE = EE
07E7  BA C000                    MOV     DX,0C000H       ; SET BEGINNING ADDRESS
07EA               ROM_SCAN_1:
07EA  8E DA                     MOV     DS,DX
07EC  2B DB                     SUB     BX,BX           ; SET BX=0000
07EE  8B 07                     MOV     AX,[BX]         ; GET 1ST WORD FROM MODULE
07F0  53                        PUSH    BX
07F1  5B                        POP     BX              ; BUS SETTLING
07F2  3D AA55                    CMP     AX,0AA55H       ; = TO ID WORD?
07F5  75 05                     JNZ     NEXT_ROM        ; PROCEED TO NEXT ROM IF NOT
07F7  E8 EB51 R                  CALL    ROM_CHECK       ; GO CHECK OUT MODULE
07FA  EB 04                     JMP     SHORT ARE_WE_DONE ; CHECK FOR END OF ROM SPACE
07FC               NEXT_ROM:
07FC  81 C2 0080                ADD     DX,0080H        ; POINT TO NEXT 2K ADDRESS
0800               ARE_WE_DONE:
0800  81 FA F000                CMP     DX,0F000H       ; AT F0000 YET?
0804  7C E4                     JL      ROM_SCAN_1      ; GO CHECK ANOTHER ADD. IF NOT
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                           ;--------------------------------------------------------
                           ;       DISKETTE ATTACHMENT TEST
                           ; DESCRIPTION
                           ;       CHECK IF IPL DISKETTE DRIVE IS ATTACHED TO SYSTEM.  IF
                           ;       ATTACHED, VERIFY STATUS OF NEC FDC AFTER A RESET. ISSUE
                           ;       A RECAL AND SEEK CMD TO FDC AND CHECK STATUS. COMPLETE
                           ;       SYSTEM INITIALIZATION THEN PASS CONTROL TO THE BOOT
                           ;       LOADER PROGRAM.
                           ;   MFG ERR CODES: 2601 RESET TO DISKETTE CONTROLLER CD. FAILED
                           ;                  2602 RECALIBRATE TO DISKETTE DRIVE FAILED
                           ;                  2603 WATCHDOG TIMER FAILED
                           ;--------------------------------------------------------
                                   ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
0806  E8 E6DB R                    CALL    MFG_UP          ; MFG ROUTINE = ED
0809  E8 138B R                    CALL    DDS             ; POINT TO DATA AREA
080C  B0 FF                        MOV     AL,0FFH
080E  A2 0074 R                    MOV     TRACK0,AL       ; INIT DISKETTE SCRATCHPADS
0811  A2 0075 R                    MOV     TRACK1,AL
0814  A2 0076 R                    MOV     TRACK2,AL
0817  E4 62                        IN      AL,PORT_C       ; DISKETTE PRESENT?
0819  24 04                        AND     AL,00000100B
081B  74 03                        JZ      F10_0
081D  E9 08A3 R                    JMP     F15             ; NO - BYPASS DISKETTE TEST
0820  80 0E 0010 R 01      F10_0:  OR      BYTE PTR EQUIP_FLAG,01H ; SET IPL DISKETTE
                                                           ; INDICATOR IN EQUIP. FLAG
0825  83 3E 0072 R 00              CMP     RESET_FLAG,0    ; RUNNING FROM POWER-ON STATE?
082A  75 0E                        JNE     F10             ; BYPASS WATCHDOG TEST
082C  B0 0A                        MOV     AL,00001010B    ; READ INT. REQUEST REGISTER CMD
082E  E6 20                        OUT     INTA00,AL
0830  E4 20                        IN      AL,INTA00
0832  24 40                        AND     AL,01000000B    ; HAS WATCHDOG GONE OFF?
0834  75 04                        JNZ     F10             ; PROCEED IF IT HAS
0836  B3 03                        MOV     BL,03H          ; SET ERROR CODE
0838  EB 33                        JMP     SHORT F13
083A  B0 80               F10:     MOV     AL,FDC_RESET
083C  E6 F2                        OUT     0F2H,AL         ; DISABLE WATCHDOG TIMER
083E  B4 00                        MOV     AH,0            ; RESET NEC FDC
0840  BA D4                        MOV     DL,AH           ; SET FOR DRIVE 0
0842  CD 13                        INT     13H             ; VERIFY STATUS AFTER RESET
0844  F6 C4 FF                     TEST    AH,0FFH         ; STATUS OK?
0847  B3 01                        MOV     BL,01H          ; SET UP POSSIBLE ERROR CODE
0849  75 22                        JNZ     F13             ; NO - FDC FAILED
                           ;----- TURN DRIVE 0 MOTOR ON
084B  B0 81                        MOV     AL,DRIVE_ENABLE+FDC_RESET ; TURN MOTOR ON,DRIVE 0
084D  E6 F2                        OUT     0F2H,AL         ; WRITE FDC CONTROL REG
084F  2B C9                        SUB     CX,CX
0851  E2 FE               F11:     LOOP    F11             ; WAIT FOR 1 SECOND
0853  E2 FE               F12:     LOOP    F12
0855  33 D2                        XOR     DX,DX           ; SELECT DRIVE 0
0857  B5 01                        MOV     CH,1            ; SELECT TRACK 1
0859  88 16 003E R                 MOV     SEEK_STATUS,DL
085D  E8 E9FB R                    CALL    SEEK            ; RECALIBRATE DISKETTE
0860  B3 02                        MOV     BL,02H          ; ERROR CODE
0862  72 09                        JC      F13             ; GO TO ERR SUBROUTINE IF ERR
0864  B5 22                        MOV     CH,34           ; SELECT TRACK 34
0866  E8 E9FB R                    CALL    SEEK            ; SEEK TO TRACK 34
0869  73 0A                        JNC     F14             ; OK, TURN MOTOR OFF
086B  B3 02                        MOV     BL,02H
086D  B7 26               F13:     MOV     BH,26H          ; DSK_ERR:(26XX)
086F  BE 003C R                    MOV     SI,OFFSET DISK_ERR ; GET ADDR OF MSG
0872  E8 09BC R                    CALL    E_MSG           ; GO PRINT ERROR MSG
0875  B0 82               F14:     MOV     AL,FDC_RESET+02H
0877  E6 F2                        OUT     0F2H,AL
0879  E4 E2                        IN      AL,0E2H
087B  24 06                        AND     AL,00000110B
087D  3C 02                        CMP     AL,00000010B
087F  75 1E                        JNE     F14_1
0881  B0 84                        MOV     AL,FDC_RESET+04H
0883  E6 F2                        OUT     0F2H,AL
0885  E4 E2                        IN      AL,0E2H
0887  24 06                        AND     AL,00000110B
0889  3C 04                        CMP     AL,00000100B
088B  75 12                        JNE     F14_1
088D  E4 E2                        IN      AL,0E2H
088F  24 30                        AND     AL,00110000B
0891  74 0C                        JZ      F14_1
0893  3C 10                        CMP     AL,00010000B
0895  B4 40                        MOV     AH,01000000B
0897  74 02                        JE      F14_2
0899  B4 80                        MOV     AH,10000000B
089B  08 26 0010 R        F14_2:   OR      BYTE PTR EQUIP_FLAG,AH
                           ;----- TURN DRIVE 0 MOTOR OFF
089F  B0 80               F14_1:   MOV     AL,FDC_RESET    ; TURN DRIVE 0 MOTOR OFF
08A1  E6 F2                        OUT     0F2H,AL
08A3  C6 06 0084 R 00     F15:     MOV     INTR_FLAG,00H   ; SET STRAY INTERRUPT FLAG = 00
08A8  BF 0078 R                    MOV     DI,OFFSET PRINT_TIM_OUT ;SET DEFAULT PRT TIMEOUT
08AB  1E                           PUSH    DS
08AC  07                           POP     ES
08AD  B8 1414                      MOV     AX,1414H        ; DEFAULT=20
08B0  AB                           STOSW
08B1  AB                           STOSW
08B2  B8 0101                      MOV     AX,0101H        ;RS232 DEFAULT=01
08B5  AB                           STOSW
08B6  AB                           STOSW
08B7  E4 21                        IN      AL,INTA01
08B9  24 FE                        AND     AL,0FEH         ; ENABLE TIMER INT. (LVL 0)
08BB  E6 21                        OUT     INTA01,AL
                                   ASSUME  DS:XXDATA
08BD  1E                           PUSH    DS
08BE  B8  ---- R                   MOV     AX,XXDATA
08C1  8E D8                        MOV     DS,AX
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08C3  80 3E 0018 R 00           CMP     POST_ERR,00H    ; CHECK FOR "POST_ERR" NON-ZERO
                                ASSUME  DS:DATA
08C8  1F                        POP     DS
08C9  74 10                     JE      F15A_0          ; CONTINUE IF NO ERROR
08CB  B2 02                     MOV     DL,2            ; 2 SHORT BEEPS (ERROR)
08CD  E8 1A0C R                 CALL    ERR_BEEP
08D0                    ERR_WAIT:
08D0  B4 00                     MOV     AH,00
08D2  CD 16                     INT     16H             ; WAIT FOR "ENTER" KEY
08D4  80 FC 1C                  CMP     AH,1CH
08D7  75 F7                     JNE     ERR_WAIT
08D9  EB 05                     JMP     SHORT F15C
08DB  B2 01             F15A_0: MOV     DL,1            ; 1 SHORT BEEP (NO ERRORS)
08DD  E8 1A0C R                 CALL    ERR_BEEP
                        ;----- SETUP PRINTER AND RS232 BASE ADDRESSES IF DEVICE ATTACHED
08E0  BD 003D R         F15C:   MOV     BP,OFFSET F4    ; PRT_SRC_TBL
08E3  33 F6                     XOR     SI,SI
08E5                    F16:                            ; PRT_BASE:
08E5  2E: 8B 56 00              MOV     DX,CS:[BP]      ; GET PRINTER BASE ADDR
08E9  B0 AA                     MOV     AL,0AAH         ; WRITE DATA TO PORT A
08EB  EE                        OUT     DX,AL
08EC  1E                        PUSH    DS              ; BUS SETTLING
08ED  EC                        IN      AL,DX           ; READ PORT A
08EE  1F                        POP     DS
08EF  3C AA                     CMP     AL,0AAH         ; DATA PATTERN SAME
08F1  75 06                     JNE     F17             ; NO - CHECK NEXT PRT CD
08F3  89 94 0008 R              MOV     PRINTER_BASE[SI],DX ; YES - STORE PRT BASE ADDR
08F7  46                        INC     SI              ; INCREMENT TO NEXT WORD
08F8  46                        INC     SI
08F9  45                F17:    INC     BP              ; POINT TO NEXT BASE ADDR
08FA  45                        INC     BP
08FB  83 FD 41                  CMP     BP,OFFSET F4E   ; ALL POSSIBLE ADDRS CHECKED?
08FE  75 E5                     JNE     F16             ; PRT_BASE
0900  33 DB                     XOR     BX,BX           ; SET ADDRESS BASE
0902  BA 03FA                   MOV     DX,03FAH        ; POINT TO INT ID REGISTER
0905  EC                        IN      AL,DX           ; READ PORT
0906  A8 F8                     TEST    AL,0F8H         ; SEEM TO BE AN 8250
0908  75 08                     JNZ     F18
090A  C7 87 0000 R 03F8         MOV     RS232_BASE[BX],3F8H ; SETUP RS232 CD #1 ADDR
0910  43                        INC     BX
0911  43                        INC     BX
0912  C7 87 0000 R 02F8 F18:    MOV     RS232_BASE[BX],2F8H ; SETUP RS232 #2
0918  43                        INC     BX              ; (ALWAYS PRESENT)
0919  43                        INC     BX
                        ;----- SET UP EQUIP FLAG TO INDICATE NUMBER OF PRINTERS AND RS232
                        ;      CARDS
091A  8B C6                     MOV     AX,SI           ; SI HAS 2* NUMBER OF PRINTERS
091C  B1 03                     MOV     CL,3            ; SHIFT COUNT
091E  D2 C8                     ROR     AL,CL           ; ROTATE RIGHT 3 POSITIONS
0920  0A C3                     OR      AL,BL           ; OR IN THE RS232 COUNT
0922  08 06 0011 R              OR      BYTE PTR EQUIP_FLAG+1,AL ; STORE AS SECOND BYTE
                        ;----- SET EQUIP. FLAG TO INDICATE PRESENCE OF SERIAL PRINTER
                        ; ATTACHED TO ON BOARD RS232 PORT. ---ASSUMPTION--"RTS" IS TIED TO
                        ; "CARRIER DETECT" IN THE CABLE PLUG FOR THIS SPECIFIC PRINTER.
0926  8B C8                     MOV     CX,AX           ; SAVE PRINTER COUNT IN CX
0928  BB 02FE                   MOV     BX,2FEH         ; SET POINTER TO MODEM STATUS REG
092B  BA 02FC                   MOV     DX,2FCH         ; POINT TO MODEM CONTROL REG
092E  2A C0                     SUB     AL,AL
0930  EE                        OUT     DX,AL           ; CLEAR IT
0931  EB 00                     JMP     $+2             ; DELAY
0933  87 D3                     XCHG    DX,BX           ; POINT TO MODEM STATUS REG
0935  EC                        IN      AL,DX           ; CLEAR IT
0936  EB 00                     JMP     $+2             ; DELAY
0938  B0 02                     MOV     AL,02H          ; BRING UP RTS
093A  87 D3                     XCHG    DX,BX           ; POINT TO MODEM CONTROL REG
093C  EE                        OUT     DX,AL           ;
093D  EB 00                     JMP     $+2             ; DELAY
093F  87 D3                     XCHG    DX,BX           ; POINT TO MODEM STATUS REG
0941  EC                        IN      AL,DX           ; GET CONTENTS
0942  A8 08                     TEST    AL,00001000B    ; HAS CARRIER DETECT CHANGED?
0944  74 23                     JZ      F19_A           ; NO, THEN NO PRINTER
0946  A8 01                     TEST    AL,00000001B    ; DID CTS CHANGE? (AS WITH WRAP
                                                        ;   CONNECTOR INSTALLED)
0948  75 1F                     JNZ     F19_A           ; WRAP CONNECTOR ON IF IT DID
094A  2A C0                     SUB     AL,AL           ; SET RTS OFF
094C  87 D3                     XCHG    DX,BX           ; POINT TO MODEM CONTROL REG
094E  EE                        OUT     DX,AL           ; DROP RTS
094F  EB 00                     JMP     $+2             ; DELAY
0951  87 D3                     XCHG    DX,BX           ; MODEM STATUS REG
0953  EC                        IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
0954  24 08                     AND     AL,00001000B    ; HAS CARRIER DETECT CHANGED?
0956  74 11                     JZ      F19_A           ; NO, THEN NO PRINTER
                        ; CARRIER DETECT IS FOLLOWING RTS-INDICATE SERIAL PRINTER ATTACHED
0958  80 C9 20                  OR      CL,00100000B    ;
095B  F6 C1 C0                  TEST    CL,11000000B    ; CHECK FOR NO PARALLEL PRINTERS
095E  75 09                     JNZ     F19_A           ; DO NOTHING IF PARALLEL PRINTER
                                                        ;   ATTACHED
0960  80 C9 40                  OR      CL,01000000B    ; INDICATE 1 PRINTER ATTACHED
0963  C7 06 0008 R 02F8         MOV     PRINTER_BASE,2F8H ; STORE ON-BOARD RS232 BASE IN
                                                        ;   PRINTER BASE
0969  08 0E 0011 R      F19_A:  OR      BYTE PTR EQUIP_FLAG+1,CL ; STORE AS SECOND BYTE
096D  33 D2                     XOR     DX,DX           ; POINT TO FIRST SERIAL PORT
096F  F6 C1 40                  TEST    CL,040H         ; SERIAL PRINTER ATTACHED?
0972  74 18                     JZ      F19_C           ; NO, SKIP INIT
0974  81 3E 0000 R 02F8         CMP     RS232_BASE,02F8H ; PRINTER IN FIRST SERIAL PORT
097A  74 01                     JE      F19_B           ; YES, JUMP
097C  42                        INC     DX              ; NO POINT TO SECOND SERIAL PORT
097D  B8 0087           F19_B:  MOV     AX,87H          ; INIT SERIAL PRINTER
0980  CD 14                     INT     14H
0982  F6 C4 1E                  TEST    AH,1EH          ; ERROR?
0985  75 05                     JNZ     F19_C           ; YES, JUMP
0987  B8 0118                   MOV     AX,0118H        ; SEND CANCEL COMMAND TO
098A  CD 14                     INT     14H             ; ..SERIAL PRINTER
```

A-22   ROM BIOS

```
098C  BA 0201              F19_C:   MOV     DX,0201H
098F  EC                            IN      AL,DX           ; GET MFG./ SERVICE  MODE INFO
0990  24 F0                         AND     AL,0F0H         ; IS HIGH ORDER NIBBLE = 0?
0992  75 03                         JNZ     F19_1           ; (BURN-IN MODE)
0994  E9 0043 R            F19_0:   JMP     START           ; ELSE GO TO BEGINNING OF POST
0997  3C 20               F19_1:   CMP     AL,00100000B    ; SERVICE MODE LOOP?
0999  74 F9                         JE      F19_0           ; BRANCH TO START
099B  81 3E 0072 R 4321             CMP     RESET_FLAG,4321H ; DIAG. CONTROL PROGRAM RESTART?
09A1  74 0C                         JE      F19_3           ; NO, GO BOOT
09A3  3C 10                         CMP     AL,00010000B    ; MFG DCP RUN REQUEST
09A5  74 08                         JE      F19_3
09A7  C7 06 0072 R 1234             MOV     RESET_FLAG,1234H ; SET WARM START INDICATOR IN CASE
                                                            ; OF CARTRIDGE RESET
09AD  CD 19                         INT     19H             ; GO TO THE BOOT LOADER
                                    ASSUME  DS:ABS0
09AF  FA                  F19_3:   CLI
09B0  2B C0                         SUB     AX,AX
09B2  8E D8                         MOV     DS,AX           ; RESET TIMER INT.
09B4  C7 06 0020 R FEA5 R           MOV     INT_PTR,OFFSET TIMER_INT
09BA  CD 80                         INT     80H             ; ENTER DCP THROUGH INT. 80H
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                          ;         THIS SUBROUTINE IS THE GENERAL ERROR HANDLER FOR THE POST
                          ;
                          ; ENTRY REQUIREMENTS:
                          ;         SI = OFFSET(ADDRESS) OF MESSAGE BUFFER
                          ;         BX= ERROR CODE FOR MANUFACTURING OR SERVICE MODE
                          ;         REGISTERS ARE NOT PRESERVED
                          ;         LOCATION "POST_ERR" IS SET NON-ZERO IF AN ERROR OCCURS IN
                          ;         CUSTOMER MODE
                          ;         SERVICE/MANUFACTURING FLAGS AS FOLLOWS: (HIGH NIBBLE OF
                          ;         PORT 201)
                          ;         0000 = MANUFACTURING (BURN-IN) MODE
                          ;         0001 = MANUFACTURING (SYSTEM TEST) MODE
                          ;         0010 = SERVICE MODE (LOOP POST)
                          ;         0100 = SERVICE MODE (SYSTEM TEST)
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
09BC                      E_MSG    PROC    NEAR
09BC  BA 0201                      MOV     DX,201H
09BF  EC                           IN      AL,DX
09C0  24 F0                        AND     AL,0F0H         ; GET MODE BITS
09C2  75 03                        JNZ     EM0             ; ISOLATE BITS OF INTEREST
09C4  E9 0A61 R                    JMP     MFG_OUT         ; MANUFACTURING MODE (BURN-IN)
09C7  3C 10               EM0:     CMP     AL,00010000B    ;
09C9  75 03                        JNE     EM1
09CB  E9 0A61 R                    JMP     MFG_OUT         ; MFG. MODE (SYSTEM TEST)
09CE  8A F0               EM1:     MOV     DH,AL           ; SAVE MODE
09D0  80 FF 0A                     CMP     BH,0AH          ; ERROR CODE ABOVE 0AH (CRT STARTED
                                                           ; DISPLAY POSSIBLE)?
09D3  7C 63                        JL      BEEPS           ; DO BEEP OUTPUT IF BELOW 10H
09D5  53                           PUSH    BX              ; SAVE ERROR AND MODE FLAGS
09D6  56                           PUSH    SI
09D7  52                           PUSH    DX
09D8  B4 02                        MOV     AH,2            ; SET CURSOR
09DA  BA 1521                      MOV     DX,1521H        ; ROW 21, COL.33
09DD  B7 07                        MOV     BH,7            ; PAGE 7
09DF  CD 10                        INT     10H
09E1  BE 0030 R                    MOV     SI,OFFSET ERROR_ERR
09E4  B9 0005                      MOV     CX,5            ; PRINT WORD "ERROR"
09E7  2E: 8A 04           EM_0:    MOV     AL,CS:[SI]
09EA  46                           INC     SI
09EB  E8 188A R                    CALL    PRT_HEX
09EE  E2 F7                        LOOP    EM_0
                          ; LOOK FOR A BLANK SPACE TO POSSIBLY PUT CUSTOMER LEVEL ERRORS (IN
                          ; CASE OF MULTI ERROR)
09F0  B6 16                        MOV     DH,16H
09F2  B4 02               EM_1:    MOV     AH,2            ; SET CURSOR
09F4  CD 10                        INT     10H             ; ROW 22, COL33 (OR ABOVE, IF
                                                           ; MULTIPLE ERRS)
09F6  B4 08                        MOV     AH,8            ; READ CHARACTER THIS POSITION
09F8  CD 10                        INT     10H
09FA  FE C2                        INC     DL              ; POINT TO NEXT POSTION
09FC  3C 20                        CMP     AL,' '          ; BLANK?
09FE  75 F2                        JNE     EM_1            ; GO CHECK NEXT POSITION, IF NOT
0A00  5A                           POP     DX              ; RECOVER ERROR POINTERS
0A01  5E                           POP     SI
0A02  5B                           POP     BX
0A03  80 FE 20                     CMP     DH,00100000B    ; SERVICE MODE?
0A06  74 21                        JE      SERV_OUT
0A08  80 FE 40                     CMP     DH,01000000B    ;
0A0B  74 1C                        JE      SERV_OUT
0A0D  2E: 8A 04                    MOV     AL,CS:[SI]      ; GET ERROR CHARACTER
0A10  E8 188A R                    CALL    PRT_HEX         ; DISPLAY IT
0A13  80 FF 20                     CMP     BH,20H          ; ERROR BELOW 20? (MEM TROUBLE?)
0A16  7D 03                        JNL     EM_2
0A18  E9 0ABB R                    JMP     TOTLTPO         ; HALT SYSTEM IF SO.
                                    ASSUME  DS:XXDATA       ;
0A1B  1E                  EM_2:    PUSH    DS
0A1C  50                           PUSH    AX
0A1D  B8 ---- R                    MOV     AX,XXDATA
0A20  8E D8                        MOV     DS,AX
0A22  88 3E 0018 R                 MOV     POST_ERR,BH     ; SET ERROR FLAG NON-ZERO
0A26  58                           POP     AX
0A27  1F                           POP     DS
                                    ASSUME  DS:NOTHING
0A28  C3                           RET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
```

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0A29                              SERV_OUT:
0A29  8A C7                               MOV     AL,BH        ; PRINT MSB
0A2B  53                                  PUSH    BX
0A2C  E8 18A9 R                           CALL    XPC_BYTE     ; DISPLAY IT
0A2F  5B                                  POP     BX
0A30  8A C3                               MOV     AL,BL        ; PRINT LSB
0A32  E8 18A9 R                           CALL    XPC_BYTE
0A35  E9 0ABB R                           JMP     TOTLTPO
0A38  FA                       BEEPS:     CLI
0A39  8C C8                               MOV     AX,CS        ; SET CODE SEG= STACK SEG
0A3B  8E D0                               MOV     SS,AX        ; (STACK IS LOST, BUT THINGS ARE
                                                               ; OVER, ANYWAY)
0A3D  B2 02                               MOV     DL,2         ; 2 BEEPS
0A3F  BC 0028 R                           MOV     SP,OFFSET EX_0  ; SET DUMMY RETURN
0A42  B3 01                    EB:        MOV     BL,1         ; SHORT BEEP
0A44  E9 FF31 R                           JMP     BEEP         ;
0A47  E2 FE                    EB0:       LOOP    EB0          ; WAIT (BEEPER OFF)
0A49  FE CA                               DEC     DL           ; DONE YET?
0A4B  75 F5                               JNZ     EB           ; LOOP IF NOT
0A4D  80 FF 05                            CMP     BH,05H       ; 64K CARD ERROR?
0A50  75 69                               JNE     TOTLTPO      ; END IF NOT
0A52  80 FE 20                            CMP     DH,00100000B ; SERVICE MODE?
0A55  74 05                               JE      EB1
0A57  80 FE 40                            CMP     DH,01000000B ;
0A5A  75 5F                               JNE     TOTLTPO      ; END IF NOT
0A5C  B3 01                    EB1:       MOV     BL,1         ; ONE MORE BEEP FOR 64K ERROR IF IN
                                                               ; SERVICE MODE
0A5E  E9 FF31 R                           JMP     BEEP
0A61                              MFG_OUT:
0A61  FA                                  CLI
0A62  E4 61                               IN      AL,PORT_B
0A64  24 FC                               AND     AL,0FCH
0A66  E6 61                               OUT     PORT_B,AL
0A68  BA 0011                             MOV     DX,11H       ; SEND DATA TO  ADDRESSES 11,12
0A6B  8A C7                               MOV     AL,BH        ;
0A6D  EE                                  OUT     DX,AL        ; SEND HIGH BYTE
0A6E  42                                  INC     DX
0A6F  8A C3                               MOV     AL,BL        ;
0A71  EE                                  OUT     DX,AL        ; SEND LOW BYTE
                                 ; INIT. ON-BOARD RS232 PORT FOR COMMUNICATIONS W/MFG MONITOR
                                          ASSUME  DS:XXDATA
0A72  B8 ---- R                           MOV     AX,XXDATA
0A75  8E D8                               MOV     DS,AX        ; POINT TO DATA SEGMENT CONTAINING
                                                               ; CHECKPOINT #
0A77  8C C8                               MOV     AX,CS
0A79  8E D0                               MOV     SS,AX        ; SET STACK FOR RTN
0A7B  BC 002E R                           MOV     SP,OFFSET EX1
0A7E  BA 02FB                             MOV     DX,02FBH     ; LINE CONTROL REG. ADDRESS
0A81  E9 F085 R                           JMP     S8250        ; GO SET UP FOR 9600, ODD, 2 STOP
                                                               ; BITS, 8 BITS
0A84  8B CA                    MO1:       MOV     CX,DX        ; DX CAME BACK WITH XMIT REG
                                                               ; ADDRESS IN IT
0A86  BA 02FC                             MOV     DX,02FCH     ; MODEM CONTROL REG
0A89  2A C0                               SUB     AL,AL        ; SET DTR AND RTS LOW SO POSSIBLE
                                                               ; WRAP PLUG WON'T CONFUSE THINGS
0A8B  EE                                  OUT     DX,AL
0A8C  BA 02FE                             MOV     DX,02FEH     ; MODEM STATUS REG
0A8F  EC                       MO2:       IN      AL,DX
0A90  24 10                               AND     AL,00010000B ; CTS UP YET?
0A92  74 FB                               JZ      MO2          ; LOOP TILL IT IS
0A94  4A                                  DEC     DX           ; SET DX=2FD (LINE STATUS REG)
0A95  87 D1                               XCHG    DX,CX        ; POINT TO XMIT. DATA REG
0A97  A0 0005 R                           MOV     AL,MFG_TST   ; GET MFG ROUTINE ERROR INDICATOR
0A9A  EE                                  OUT     DX,AL        ; (MAY BE WRONG FOR EARLY ERRORS)
0A9B  EB 00                               JMP     $+2          ; DELAY
0A9D  87 D1                               XCHG    DX,CX        ; POINT DX=2FD
0A9F  EC                       MO3:       IN      AL,DX        ; TRANSMIT EMPTY?
0AA0  24 20                               AND     AL,00100000B
0AA2  EB 00                               JMP     $+2          ; DELAY
0AA4  74 F9                               JZ      MO3          ; LOOP TILL IT IS
0AA6  87 D1                               XCHG    DX,CX
0AA8  8A C7                               MOV     AL,BH        ; GET MSB OF ERROR WORD
0AAA  EE                                  OUT     DX,AL
0AAB  EB 00                               JMP     $+2          ; DELAY
0AAD  87 D1                               XCHG    DX,CX
0AAF  EC                       MO4:       IN      AL,DX        ; WAIT FOR XMIT EMPTY
0AB0  24 20                               AND     AL,00100000B
0AB2  EB 00                               JMP     $+2          ; DELAY
0AB4  74 F9                               JZ      MO4
0AB6  8A C3                               MOV     AL,BL        ; GET LSB OF ERROR WORD
0AB8  87 D1                               XCHG    DX,CX
0ABA  EE                                  OUT     DX,AL
0ABB                              TOTLTPO:
0ABB  FA                                  CLI                  ; DISABLE INTS.
0ABC  2A C0                               SUB     AL,AL        ;
0ABE  E6 F2                               OUT     0F2H,AL      ; STOP DISKETTE MOTOR
0AC0  E6 A0                               OUT     0A0H,AL      ; DISABLE NMI
0AC2  F4                                  HLT                  ; HALT
0AC3  C3                                  RET
0AC4                              E_MSG      ENDP
```

A-24 ROM BIOS

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;----------------------------------------------------------------
;    SUBROUTINE TO INITIALIZE INS8250 PORTS TO THE MASTER RESET
;        STATUS. THIS ROUTINE ALSO TESTS THE PORTS' PERMANENT
;        ZERO BITS.
;    EXPECTS TO BE PASSED:
;        (DX) = ADDRESS OF THE 8250 TRANSMIT/RECEIVE BUFFER
;    UPON RETURN:
;        (CF) = 1  IF ONE OF THE PORTS' PERMANENT ZERO BITS WAS NOT
;                      ZERO (ERR)
;                  (DX) = PORT ADDRESS THAT FAILED TEST
;                  (AL) = MEANINGLESS
;                  (BL) = 2  INTR ENBL REG  BITS NOT 0
;                         3  INTR ID REG BITS NOT 0
;                         4  MODEM CTRL REG  BITS NOT 0
;                         5  LINE STAT REG BITS NOT 0
;               0  IF ALL PORTS' PERMANENT ZERO BITS WERE ZERO
;                  (DX) = TRANSMIT/RECEIVE BUFFER ADDRESS
;                  (AL) = LAST VALUE READ FROM RECEIVER BUFFER
;                  (BL) = 5 (MEANINGLESS)
;        PORTS SET UP AS FOLLOWS ON ERROR-FREE RETURN:
;        XF9 - INTR ENBL REG  = 0           ALL INTERRUPTS DISABLED
;        XFA - INTR ID REG    = 00000001B   NO INTERRUPTS PENDING
;        XFB - LINE CTRL REG  = 0           ALL BITS LOW
;        XFC - MODEM CTRL REG = 0           ALL BITS LOW
;        XFD - LINE STAT REG  = 01100000B   TRANSMITTER HOLDING
;                                           REGISTER AND TRANSMITTER EMPTY ON
;        XFE - MODEM STAT REG = XXXX0000B   WHERE X 'S REPRESENT
;                                           INPUT SIGNALS
;    REGISTERS DX, AL, AND BL ARE ALTERED.  NO OTHER REGISTERS USED.
;----------------------------------------------------------------
0AC4                     I8250    PROC    NEAR
0AC4  EC                          IN      AL,DX           ; READ RECVR BUFFER BUT IGNORE
                                                          ; CONTENTS
0AC5  B3 02                       MOV     BL,2            ; ERROR INDICATOR
0AC7  E8 FE9F R                   CALL    RR2             ; READ INTR ENBL REG
0ACA  24 F0                       AND     AL,11110000B    ; BITS 4-7 OFF?
0ACC  75 28                       JNE     AT20            ; NO - ERROR
0ACE  E8 FE9A R                   CALL    RR1             ; READ INTR ID REG
0AD1  24 F8                       AND     AL,11111000B    ; BITS 3-7 OFF?
0AD3  75 21                       JNE     AT20            ; NO
0AD5  42                          INC     DX              ; LINE CTRL REG
0AD6  E8 FE9A R                   CALL    RR1             ; READ MODEM CTRL REG
0AD9  24 E0                       AND     AL,11100000B    ; BITS 5-7 OFF?
0ADB  75 19                       JNE     AT20            ; NO
0ADD  E8 FE9A R                   CALL    RR1             ; READ LINE STAT REG
0AE0  24 80                       AND     AL,10000000B    ; BIT 7 OFF?
0AE2  75 12                       JNE     AT20            ; NO
0AE4  B0 60                       MOV     AL,60H
0AE6  EE                          OUT     DX,AL
0AE7  EB 00                       JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
0AE9  42                          INC     DX              ; MODEM STAT REG
0AEA  32 C0                       XOR     AL,AL
0AEC  EE                          OUT     DX,AL           ; WIRED BITS WILL BE HIGH
0AED  E8 FEA0 R                   CALL    RR3             ; CLEAR BITS 0-3 IN CASE THEY'RE ON
                                                          ; AFTER WRITING TO STATUS REG
0AF0  83 EA 06                    SUB     DX,6            ; RECEIVER BUFFER
0AF3  EC                          IN      AL,DX           ; IN CASE WRITING TO PORTS CAUSED
                                                          ; DATA READY TO GO HIGH!
0AF4  F8                          CLC
0AF5  C3                          RET
0AF6  F9               AT20:      STC                     ; ERROR RETURN
0AF7  C3                          RET
0AF8                     I8250    ENDP
;----------------------------------------------------------------
;    SUBROUTINE TO TEST A PARTICULAR 8250 INTERRUPT.  PASS IT THE
;        (BIT # + 1) OF THE STATUS REGISTER THAT IS TO BE TESTED.
;        THIS ROUTINE SETS THAT BIT AND CHECKS TO SEE IF THE CORRECT
;        8250 INTERRUPT IS GENERATED.
;    IT EXPECTS TO BE PASSED:
;        (AH) = BIT # TO BE TESTED
;        (BL) = INTERRUPT IDENTIFIER
;               (0) = RECEIVED DATA AVAILABLE OR TRANSMITTER HOLDING
;                     REGISTER EMPTY INTERRUPT TEST
;               (1) = RECEIVER LINE STATUS OR MODEM STATUS INTERRUPT
;                     TEST
;        (BH) = BITS WHICH DETERMINE WHICH INTERRUPT IS TO BE
;               CHECKED
;               (0) = MODEM STATUS
;               (2) = TRANSMITTER HOLDING REGISTER EMPTY
;               (4) = RECEIVED DATA AVAILABLE
;               (6) = RECEIVER LINE STATUS
;        (CX) = VALUE TO SUBTRACT AND ADD IN ORDER TO REFERENCE THE
;               INTERRUPT IDENTIFICATION REGISTER
;               (3) = RECEIVED DATA AVAILABLE, TRANSMITTER HOLDING
;                     REGISTER AND RECEIVER LINE STATUS INTERRUPTS
;               (4) = MODEM STATUS INTERRUPT
;        (DX) = ADDRESS OF THE LINE STATUS OR MODEM STATUS REGISTER
;               IT RETURNS:
;        (AL) = 0FFH IF TEST FAILS - EITHER NO INTERRUPT OCCURRED OR
;               THE WRONG INTERRUPT OCCURRED
;    OR
;        (AL) = CONTENTS OF THE INTERRUPT ID REGISTER FOR RECEIVED
;               DATA AVAILABLE AND TRANSMITTER HOLDING REGISTER
;               EMPTY INTERRUPTS
;               -OR-
;               CONTENTS OF THE LINE STATUS OR MODEM STATUS REGISTER
;               DEPENDING ON WHICH ONE WAS TESTED.
;        (DX) = ADDRESS OF INTERRUPT ID REGISTER FOR RECEIVED DATA
;               AVAILABLE OR TRANSMITTER HOLDING REGISTER EMPTY
;               INTERRUPTS
;    OR
;        (DX) = ADDRESS OF THE LINE STATUS OR DATA SET STATUS
;               REGISTER (DEPENDING ON WHICH INTERRUPT WAS TESTED)
;    NO OTHER REGISTERS ARE ALTERED.
;----------------------------------------------------------------
```

Appendix A

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0AF8                            ICT     PROC    NEAR
0AF8   EC                               IN      AL,DX           ; READ STATUS REGISTER
0AF9   EB 00                            JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
0AFB   0A C4                            OR      AL,AH           ; SET TEST BIT
0AFD   EE                               OUT     DX,AL           ; WRITE IT TO THE STATUS REGISTER
0AFE   2B D1                            SUB     DX,CX           ; POINT TO INTERRUPT ID REGISTER
0B00   51                               PUSH    CX
0B01   2B C9                            SUB     CX,CX           ; WAIT FOR 8250 INTERRUPT TO OCCUR
0B03   EC                       AT21:   IN      AL,DX           ; READ INTR ID REG
0B04   A8 01                            TEST    AL,1            ; INTERRUPT PENDING?
0B06   74 02                            JE      AT22            ; YES —RETURN W/ INTERRUPT ID IN AL
0B08   E2 F9                            LOOP    AT21            ; NO – TRY AGAIN
0B0A   59                       AT22:   POP     CX              ; AL = 1 IF NO INTERRUPT OCCURRED
0B0B   3A C7                            CMP     AL,BH           ; INTERRUPT WE'RE LOOKING FOR?
0B0D   75 09                            JNE     AT23            ; NO
0B0F   0A DB                            OR      BL,BL           ; DONE WITH TEST FOR THIS INTERRUPT
0B11   74 07                            JE      AT24            ; RETURN W/ CONTENTS OF INTR ID REG
0B13   03 D1                            ADD     DX,CX           ; READ STATUS REGISTER TO CLEAR THE
0B15   EC                               IN      AL,DX           ; INTERRUPT (WHEN BL=1)
0B16   EB 02                            JMP     SHORT AT24      ; RETURN CONTENTS OF STATUS REG
0B18   B0 FF                    AT23:   MOV     AL,0FFH         ; SET ERROR INDICATOR
0B1A   C3                       AT24:   RET
0B1B                            ICT     ENDP
                                ;--- INT 19 -------------------------------------------
                                ; BOOT STRAP LOADER
                                ;          TRACK 0, SECTOR 1 IS READ INTO THE
                                ;          BOOT LOCATION (SEGMENT 0, OFFSET 7C00)
                                ;          AND CONTROL IS TRANSFERRED THERE.
                                ;
                                ;          IF THE DISKETTE IS NOT PRESENT OR HAS A
                                ;          PROBLEM LOADING (E.G., NOT READY), AN INT.
                                ;          18H IS EXECUITED. IF A CARTRIDGE HAS VECTORED
                                ;          INT. 18H TO ITSELF, CONTROL WILL BE PASSED TO
                                ;          THE CARTRIDGE.
                                ;------------------------------------------------------
                                        ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:ABSO
0B1B                            BOOT_STRAP      PROC    NEAR
0B1B   FB                               STI                     ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
0B1C   2B C0                            SUB     AX,AX           ; SET 40X25 B&W MODE ON CRT
0B1E   CD 10                            INT     10H             ;
0B20   2B C0                            SUB     AX,AX           ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
0B22   8E D8                            MOV     DS,AX
                                ;----- SEE IF DISKETTE PRESENT
0B24   E4 62                            IN      AL,PORT_C       ; GET CONFIG BITS
0B26   24 04                            AND     AL,00000100B    ; IS DISKETTE PRESENT?
0B28   75 28                            JNZ     H3              ; NO, THEN ATTEMPT TO GO TO CART.
                                ;----- RESET THE DISK PARAMETER TABLE VECTOR
0B2A   C7 06 0078 R EFC7 R              MOV     WORD PTR DISK_POINTER, OFFSET DISK_BASE
0B30   8C 0E 007A R                     MOV     WORD PTR DISK_POINTER+2,CS
                                ;----- LOAD SYSTEM FROM DISKETTE -- CX HAS RETRY COUNT
0B34   B9 0004                          MOV     CX,4            ; SET RETRY COUNT
0B37   51                       H1:     PUSH    CX              ; SAVE RETRY COUNT
0B38   B4 00                            MOV     AH,0            ; RESET THE DISKETTE SYSTEM
0B3A   CD 13                            INT     13H             ; DISKETTE_IO
0B3C   72 0F                            JC      H2              ; IF ERROR, TRY AGAIN
0B3E   B8 0201                          MOV     AX,201H         ; READ IN THE SINGLE SECTOR
0B41   2B D2                            SUB     DX,DX           ; TO THE BOOT LOCATION
0B43   8E C2                            MOV     ES,DX
0B45   BB 7C00 R                        MOV     BX,OFFSET BOOT_LOCN
                                                                ; DRIVE 0, HEAD 0
0B48   B9 0001                          MOV     CX,1            ; SECTOR 1, TRACK 0
0B4B   CD 13                            INT     13H             ; DISKETTE_IO
0B4D   59                       H2:     POP     CX              ; RECOVER RETRY COUNT
0B4E   73 04                            JNC     H3A             ; CF SET BY UNSUCCESSFUL READ
0B50   E2 E5                            LOOP    H1              ; DO IT FOR RETRY TIMES
                                ;----- UNABLE TO IPL FROM THE DISKETTE
0B52   CD 18                    H3:     INT     18H             ; GO TO BASIC OR CARTRIDGE
                                ;----- IPL WAS SUCCESSFUL
0B54   EA 7C00 ---- R           H3A:    JMP     BOOT_LOCN
0B59                            BOOT_STRAP      ENDP
                                ;------------------------------------------------------
                                ; THIS ROUTINE PERFORMS A READ/WRITE TEST ON A BLOCK OF
                                ; STORAGE (MAX. SIZE = 32KB). IF "WARM START", FILL
                                ; BLOCK WITH 0000 AND RETURN.
                                ; DATA PATTERNS USED:
                                ;       0->FF ON ONE BYTE TO TEST DATA BUS
                                ;       AAAA,5555,00FF,FF00 FOR ALL WORDS
                                ;       FILL WITH 0000 BEFORE EXIT
                                ; ON ENTRY:
                                ;    ES = ADDRESS OF STORAGE TO BE TESTED
                                ;    DS = ADDRESS OF STORAGE TO BE TESTED
                                ;    CX = WORD COUNT OF STORAGE BLOCK TO BE TESTED
                                ;          (MAX. = 8000H (32K WORDS))
                                ; ON EXIT:
                                ;    ZERO FLAG = OFF IF STORAGE ERROR
                                ;    IF ZERO FLAG = OFF, THEN CX = XOR'ED BIT PATTERN
                                ;    OF THE EXPECTED DATA PATTERN VS. THE ACTUAL DATA
                                ;    READ. (I.E., A BIT "ON" IN AL IS THE BIT IN ERROR)
                                ;    AH=03 IF BOTH BYTES OF WORD HAVE ERRORS
                                ;    AH=02 IF LOW (EVEN) BYTE HAS ERROR
                                ;    AH=01 IF HI (ODD) BYTE HAS ERROR
                                ; AX,BX,CX,DX,DI,SI ARE ALL DESTROYED.
                                ;------------------------------------------------------
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A-26   ROM BIOS

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0B59                        PODSTG  PROC    NEAR
                                    ASSUME  DS:ABSO
0B59  FC                            CLD                     ; SET DIRECTION TO INCREMENT
0B5A  2B FF                         SUB     DI,DI           ; SET DI=0000 REL. TO START OF SEG
0B5C  2B CO                         SUB     AX,AX           ; INITIAL DATA PATTERN FOR 00-FF
                                                            ; TEST
0B5E  8E D8                         MOV     DS,AX           ; SET DS TO ABSO
0B60  8B 1E 0472 R                  MOV     BX,DATA_WORD[RESET_FLAG-DATA] ; WARM START?
0B64  81 FB 1234                    CMP     BX,1234H
0B68  8C C2                         MOV     DX,ES
0B6A  8E DA                         MOV     DS,DX           ; RESTORE DS
0B6C  75 0B                         JNE     P1
0B6E  F3/ AB              P12:      REP     STOSW           ; SIMPLE FILL WITH 0 ON WARM-START
0B70  8E D8                         MOV     DS,AX
0B72  89 1E 0472 R                  MOV     DATA_WORD[RESET_FLAG-DATA],BX
0B76  8E DA                         MOV     DS,DX           ; RESTORE DS
0B78  C3                            RET                     ; AND EXIT
0B79  81 FB 4321          P1:       CMP     BX,4321H        ; DIAG. RESTART?
0B7D  74 EF                         JE      P12             ; DO FILL WITH ZEROS
0B7F  88 05               P2:       MOV     [DI],AL         ; WRITE TEST DATA
0B81  8A 05                         MOV     AL,[DI]         ; GET IT BACK
0B83  32 C4                         XOR     AL,AH           ; COMPARE TO EXPECTED
0B85  74 03                         JZ      PY
0B87  E9 0C0C R                     JMP     P8              ; ERROR EXIT IF MISCOMPARE
0B8A  FE C4               PY:       INC     AH              ; FORM NEW DATA PATTERN
0B8C  8A C4                         MOV     AL,AH           ;
0B8E  75 EF                         JNZ     P2              ; LOOP TILL ALL 256 DATA PATTERNS
                                                            ; DONE
0B90  8B E9                         MOV     BP,CX           ; SAVE WORD COUNT
0B92  B8 AAAA                       MOV     AX,0AAAAH       ; LOAD DATA PATTERN
0B95  8B D8                         MOV     BX,AX
0B97  BA 5555                       MOV     DX,05555H       ; LOAD OTHER DATA PATTERN
0B9A  F3/ AB                        REP     STOSW           ; FILL WORDS FROM LOW TO HIGH
                                                            ; WITH AAAA
0B9C  4F                            DEC     DI              ; POINT TO LAST WORD WRITTEN
0B9D  4F                            DEC     DI
0B9E  FD                            STD                     ; SET DIRECTION FLAG TO GO DOWN
0B9F  8B F7                         MOV     SI,DI           ; SET INDEX REGS. EQUAL
0BA1  8B CD                         MOV     CX,BP           ; RECOVER WORD COUNT
0BA3                      P3:                               ; GO FROM HIGH TO LOW
0BA3  AD                            LODSW                   ; GET WORD FROM MEMORY
0BA4  33 C3                         XOR     AX,BX           ; EQUAL WHAT S/B THERE?
0BA6  75 64                         JNZ     P8              ; GO ERROR EXIT IF NOT
0BA8  8B C2                         MOV     AX,DX           ; GET 55 DATA PATTERN
0BAA  AB                            STOSW                   ; STORE IT IN LOCATION JUST READ
0BAB  E2 F6                         LOOP    P3              ; LOOP TILL ALL BYTES DONE
0BAD  8B CD                         MOV     CX,BP           ; RECOVER WORD COUNT
0BAF  FC                            CLD                     ; BACK TO INCREMENT
0BB0  46                            INC     SI              ; ADJUST PTRS
0BB1  46                            INC     SI
0BB2  8B FE                         MOV     DI,SI
0BB4  8B DA                         MOV     BX,DX           ; S/B DATA PATTERN TO BX
0BB6  BA 00FF                       MOV     DX,00FFH        ; DATA FOR CHECKERBOARD PATTERN
0BB9  AD                  PX:       LODSW                   ; GET WORD FROM MEMORY
0BBA  33 C3                         XOR     AX,BX           ; EQUAL WHAT S/B THERE?
0BBC  75 4E                         JNZ     P8              ; GO ERROR EXIT IF NOT
0BBE  8B C2                         MOV     AX,DX           ; GET OTHER PATTERN
0BC0  AB                            STOSW                   ; STORE IT IN LOCATION JUST READ
0BC1  E2 F6                         LOOP    PX              ; LOOP TILL ALL BYTES DONE
0BC3  8B CD                         MOV     CX,BP           ; RECOVER WORD COUNT
0BC5  FD                            STD                     ; DECREMENT
0BC6  4E                            DEC     SI              ; ADJUST PTRS
0BC7  4E                            DEC     SI
0BC8  8B FE                         MOV     DI,SI
0BCA  8B DA                         MOV     BX,DX           ; S/B DATA PATTERN TO BX
0BCC  F7 D2                         NOT     DX              ; MAKE PATTERN FF00
0BCE  0A D2                         OR      DL,DL           ; FIRST PASS?
0BD0  74 E7                         JZ      PX
0BD2  FC                            CLD                     ; INCREMENT
0BD3  83 C6 04                      ADD     SI,4
0BD6  F7 D2                         NOT     DX
0BD8  8B FE                         MOV     DI,SI
0BDA  8B CD                         MOV     CX,BP
0BDC                      P4:                               ; LOW TO HIGH
0BDC  AD                            LODSW                   ; GET A WORD
0BDD  33 C2                         XOR     AX,DX           ; SHOULD COMPARE TO DX
0BDF  75 2B                         JNZ     P8              ; GO ERROR IF NOT
0BE1  AB                            STOSW                   ; WRITE 0000 BACK TO LOCATION
                                                            ; JUST READ
0BE2  E2 F8                         LOOP    P4              ; LOOP TILL DONE
0BE4  FD                            STD                     ; BACK TO DECREMENT
0BE5  4E                            DEC     SI              ; ADJUST POINTER DOWN TO LAST WORD
0BE6  4E                            DEC     SI              ; WRITTEN
                          ; CHECK IF IN SERVICE/MFG MODES, IF SO, PERFORM REFRESH CHECK
0BE7  BA 0201                       MOV     DX,201H
0BEA  EC                            IN      AL,DX           ; GET OPTION BITS
0BEB  24 F0                         AND     AL,0F0H         ;
0BED  3C F0                         CMP     AL,0F0H         ; ALL BITS HIGH=NORMAL MODE
0BEF  74 10                         JE      P6
0BF1  8C C9                         MOV     CX,CS
0BF3  8C D3                         MOV     BX,SS
0BF5  3B CB                         CMP     CX,BX           ; SEE IF IN PRE-STACK MODE
0BF7  74 08                         JE      P6              ; BYPASS RETENTION TEST IF SO
0BF9  B0 18                         MOV     AL,24           ; SET OUTER LOOP COUNT
                          ; WAIT ABOUT 6-8 SECONDS WITHOUT ACCESSING MEMORY
                          ; IF REFRESH IS NOT WORKING PROPERLY, THIS SHOULD
                          ; BE ENOUGH TIME FOR SOME DATA TO GO SOUR.
```

```
0BFB  E2 FE                   P5:     LOOP    P5
0BFD  FE C8                           DEC     AL
0BFF  75 FA                           JNZ     P5
0C01  8B CD                   P6:     MOV     CX,BP                   ; RECOVER WORD COUNT
0C03  AD                      P7:     LODSW                           ; GET WORD
0C04  0B C0                           OR      AX,AX                   ; = TO 0000
0C06  75 04                           JNZ     P8                      ; ERROR IF NOT
0C08  E2 F9                           LOOP    P7                      ; LOOP TILL DONE
0C0A  EB 13                           JMP     SHORT P11               ; THEN EXIT
0C0C  8B C8                   P8:     MOV     CX,AX                   ; SAVE BITS IN ERROR
0C0E  32 E4                           XOR     AH,AH
0C10  0A ED                           OR      CH,CH                   ; HIGH BYTE ERROR?
0C12  74 02                           JZ      P9
0C14  FE C4                           INC     AH                      ; SET HIGH BYTE ERROR
0C16  0A C9                   P9:     OR      CL,CL                   ; LOW BYTE ERROR?
0C18  74 03                           JZ      P10
0C1A  80 C4 02                        ADD     AH,2
0C1D  0A E4                   P10:    OR      AH,AH                   ; SET ZERO FLAG=0 (ERROR INDICATION
0C1F  FC                      P11:    CLD                             ; SET DIR FLAG BACK TO INCREMENT
0C20  C3                              RET                             ; RETURN TO CALLER
0C21                          PODSTG  ENDP
                              ;*******************************************************
                              ; PUT_LOGO PROCEDURE
                              ;       THIS PROC SETS UP POINTERS AND CALLS THE SCREEN
                              ;       OUTPUT ROUTINE SO THAT THE IBM LOGO, A MESSAGE,
                              ;       AND A COLOR BAR ARE PUT UP ON THE SCREEN.
                              ;       AX,BX, AND DX ARE DESTROYED. ALL OTHERS ARE SAVED
                              ;*******************************************************
0C21                          PUT_LOGO PROC   NEAR
0C21  1E                              PUSH    DS
0C22  55                              PUSH    BP
0C23  50                              PUSH    AX
0C24  53                              PUSH    BX
0C25  51                              PUSH    CX
0C26  52                              PUSH    DX
0C27  BD 0C4A R                       MOV     BP,OFFSET LOGO  ;
0C2A  BA 8000                         MOV     DX,8000H                ;POINT DH DL AT ROW,COLUMN 0,0
0C2D  B3 1F                           MOV     BL,00011111B            ;ATTRIBUTE OF CHARACTERS TO BE
                                                                      ;WRITTEN
0C2F  CD 82                           INT     82H                     ;CALL OUTPUT ROUTINE
0C31  B3 00                           MOV     BL,00000000B            ; INITIALIZE ATTRIBUTE
0C33  B2 00                           MOV     DL,0                    ; INITIALIZE COLUMN
0C35  B6 94                   AGAIN:  MOV     DH,94H                  ; SET LINE
0C37  BD 0CDD R                       MOV     BP,OFFSET COLOR ; OUTPUT GIVEN COLOR BAR
0C3A  CD 82                           INT     82H                     ;CALL OUTPUT ROUTINE
0C3C  FE C3                           INC     BL                      ; INCREMENT ATTRIBUTE
0C3E  80 FA 20                        CMP     DL,32                   ; IS THE COLUMN COUNTER POINTING
                                                                      ; PAST 40?
0C41  7C F2                           JL      AGAIN                   ; IF NOT, DO IT AGAIN
0C43  5A                              POP     DX
0C44  59                              POP     CX
0C45  5B                              POP     BX
0C46  58                              POP     AX
0C47  5D                              POP     BP                      ; RESTORE BP
0C48  1F                              POP     DS                      ; RESTORE DS
0C49  C3                              RET
0C4A                          PUT_LOGO ENDP
0C4A  03                      LOGO    DB      LOGO_E - LOGO
0C4B  20 DC                           DB      ' ',220
= 0C4D                        LOGO_E  =       $
0C4D  28 FB                           DB      40,-5
0C4F  28 FB                           DB      40,-5
0C51  02 07 01 09 03 04               DB      2,7,1,9,3,4,9,4,1,-5
      09 04 01 FB
0C5B  02 07 01 0A 02 05               DB      2,7,1,10,2,5,7,5,1,-5
      07 05 01 FB
0C65  02 07 01 0B 01 06               DB      2,7,1,11,1,6,5,6,1,-5
      05 06 01 FB
0C6F  04 03 05 03 03 03               DB      4,3,5,3,3,3,3,5,3,5,3,-5
      03 05 03 05 03 FB
0C7B  04 03 05 03 03 03               DB      4,3,5,3,3,3,3,6,1,6,3,-5
      03 06 01 06 03 FB
0C87  04 03 05 08 04 0D               DB      4,3,5,8,4,13,3,-5
      03 FB
0C8F  04 03 05 07 05 0D               DB      4,3,5,7,5,13,3,-5
      03 FB
0C97  04 03 05 08 04 0D               DB      4,3,5,8,4,13,3,-5
      03 FB
0C9F  04 03 05 03 03 03               DB      4,3,5,3,3,3,13,3,-5
      03 0D 03 FB
0CA9  04 03 05 03 03 03               DB      4,3,5,3,3,3,3,1,5,1,3,3,-5
      03 03 01 05 01 03
      03 FB
0CB7  02 07 01 0B 01 05               DB      2,7,1,11,1,5,2,3,2,5,1,-5
      02 03 02 05 01 FB
0CC3  02 07 01 0A 02 05               DB      2,7,1,10,2,5,3,1,3,5,1,-5
      03 01 03 05 01 FB
0CCF  02 07 01 09 03 05               DB      2,7,1,9,3,5,7,5,1,-5
      07 05 01 FB
0CD9  28 FB                           DB      40,-5
0CDB  28 FC                           DB      40,-4
0CDD  02                      COLOR   DB      COLOR_E - COLOR
0CDE  DB                              DB      219
= 0CDF                        COLOR_E =       $
0CDF  02 77 02 77 02 77               DB      2,121-2,2,121-2,2,121-2,2,121-2,2,-4
      02 77 02 FC
                                      ASSUME  DS:DATA
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A-28   ROM BIOS

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;--- INT 10 ------------------------------------------------------------
; VIDEO_IO
;        THESE ROUTINES PROVIDE THE CRT INTERFACE
;        THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS ARE PROVIDED:
;        (AH)=0  SET MODE (AL) CONTAINS MODE VALUE
;                        (AL)=0 40X25 BW (POWER ON DEFAULT)
;                        (AL)=1 40X25 COLOR
;                        (AL)=2 80X25 BW
;                        (AL)=3 80X25 COLOR
;                        GRAPHICS MODES
;                        (AL)=4  320X200 4 COLOR
;                        (AL)=5  320X200 BW 4 SHADES
;                        (AL)=6  640X200 BW 2 SHADES
;                        (AL)=7  NOT VALID
;        **** EXTENDED MODES ***
;                        (AL)=8  160X200 16 COLOR
;                        (AL)=9  320X200 16 COLOR
;                        (AL)=A  640X200 4 COLOR
;                        *** NOTE BW MODES OPERATE SAME AS COLOR MODES, BUT
;                                COLOR BURST IS NOT ENABLED
;                        *** NOTE IF HIGH ORDER BIT IN AL IS SET, THE REGEN
;                                BUFFER IS NOT CLEARED.
;        (AH)=1  SET CURSOR TYPE
;                        (CH) =  BITS 4-0 = START LINE FOR CURSOR
;                        ** HARDWARE WILL ALWAYS CAUSE BLINK
;                        ** SETTING BIT 5 OR 6 WILL CAUSE ERRATIC
;                           BLINKING OR NO CURSOR AT ALL
;                        ** IN GRAPHICS MODES, BIT 5 IS FORCED ON TO
;                           DISABLE THE CURSOR
;                        (CL) =  BITS 4-0 = END LINE FOR CURSOR
;        (AH)=2  SET CURSOR POSITION
;                        (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN  (0,0) IS UPPER LEFT
;                        (BH) = PAGE NUMBER (MUST BE 0 FOR GRAPHICS MODES)
;        (AH)=3  READ CURSOR POSITION
;                        (BH) = PAGE NUMBER (MUST BE 0 FOR GRAPHICS MODES)
;                        ON EXIT (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF CURRENT CURSOR
;                                (CH,CL) = CURSOR MODE CURRENTLY SET
;        (AH)=4  READ LIGHT PEN POSITION
;                        ON EXIT:
;                (AH) = 0 -- LIGHT PEN SWITCH NOT DOWN/NOT TRIGGERED
;                (AH) = 1 -- VALID LIGHT PEN VALUE IN REGISTERS
;                        (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF CHARACTER LP POSN
;                        (CH) = RASTER LINE (0-199)
;                        (BX) = PIXEL COLUMN (0-319,639)
;        (AH)=5  SELECT ACTIVE DISPLAY PAGE (VALID ONLY FOR
;                        ALPHA MODES)
;                        (AL)=NEW PAGE VALUE (0-7 FOR MODES 0&1, 0-3 FOR
;                                MODES 2&3)
;                        IF BIT 7 (80H) OF AL=1
;                                READ/WRITE CRT/CPU PAGE REGISTERS
;                        (AL) = 80H READ CRT/CPU PAGE REGISTERS
;                        (AL) = 81H SET CPU PAGE REGISTER
;                                (BL) = VALUE TO SET
;                        (AL) = 82H SET CRT PAGE REGISTER
;                                (BH) = VALUE TO SET
;                        (AL) = 83H SET BOTH CRT AND CPU PAGE REGISTERS
;                                (BL) = VALUE TO SET IN CPU PAGE REGISTER
;                                (BH) = VALUE TO SET IN CRT PAGE REGISTER
;                        IF BIT 7 (80H) OF AL=1
;                                ALWAYS  RETURNS (BH) = CONTENTS OF CRT PAGE REG
;                                        (BL) = CONTENTS OF CPU PAGE REG
;        (AH)=6  SCROLL ACTIVE PAGE UP
;                        (AL) = NUMBER OF LINES, INPUT LINES BLANKED AT
;                                BOTTOM OF WINDOW, AL = 0 MEANS BLANK
;                                ENTIRE WINDOW
;                        (CH,CL) = ROW,COLUMN OF UPPER LEFT CORNER OF
;                                SCROLL
;                        (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF
;                                SCROLL
;                        (BH) = ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED ON BLANK LINE
;        (AH)=7  SCROLL ACTIVE PAGE DOWN
;                        (AL) = NUMBER OF LINES, INPUT LINES BLANKED AT TOP
;                                OF WINDOW, AL=0 MEANS BLANK ENTIRE WINDOW
;                        (CH,CL) = ROW,COLUMN OF UPPER LEFT CORNER OF
;                                SCROLL
;                        (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF
;                                SCROLL
;                        (BH) = ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED ON BLANK LINE
;
;        CHARACTER HANDLING ROUTINES
;        (AH) = 8 READ ATTRIBUTE/CHARACTER AT CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
;                        (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE (VALID FOR ALPHA MODES ONLY)
;                        ON EXIT:
;                        (AL) = CHAR READ
;                        (AH) = ATTRIBUTE OF CHARACTER READ (ALPHA MODES
;                                ONLY)
;        (AH) = 9 WRITE ATTRIBUTE/CHARACTER AT CURRENT CURSOR
;                        POSITION
;                        (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE (VALID FOR ALPHA MODES ONLY)
;                        (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE
;                        (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
;                        (BL) = ATTRIBUTE OF CHARACTER (ALPHA)/COLOR OF
;                                CHARACTER (GRAPHICS). SEE NOTE ON WRITE
;                                DOT FOR BIT 7 OF BL = 1.
;        (AH) = 10 (0AH) WRITE CHARACTER ONLY AT CURRENT CURSOR
;                                POSITION
;                        (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE (VALID FOR ALPHA MODES ONLY)
;                        (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE
;                        (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
;                        (BL) = COLOR OF CHAR (GRAPHICS)
;                                SEE NOTE ON WRITE DOT FOR BIT 7 OF BL = 1.
```

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;          FOR READ/WRITE CHARACTER INTERFACE WHILE IN GRAPHICS MODE,
;                    THE CHARACTERS ARE FORMED FROM A CHARACTER
;                    GENERATOR IMAGE MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM ROM.
;                    INTERRUPT 44H (LOCATION 00110H) IS USED TO
;                    POINT TO THE 1K BYTE TABLE CONTAINING THE
;                    FIRST 128 CHARS (0-127).
;                    INTERRUPT 1FH (LOCATION 0007CH) IS USED TO
;                    POINT TO THE 1K BYTE TABLE CONTAINING THE SECOND
;                    128 CHARS (128-255).
;          FOR WRITE CHARACTER INTERFACE IN GRAPHICS MODE, THE
;                    REPLICATION FACTOR CONTAINED IN (CX) ON ENTRY WILL
;                    PRODUCE VALID RESULTS ONLY FOR CHARACTERS
;                    CONTAINED ON THE SAME ROW.  CONTINUATION TO
;                    SUCCEEDING LINES WILL NOT PRODUCE CORRECTLY.
;
;          GRAPHICS INTERFACE
;          (AH) = 11 (0BH) SET COLOR PALETTE
;                    (BH) = PALETTE COLOR ID BEING SET (0-127)
;                    (BL) = COLOR VALUE TO BE USED WITH THAT COLOR ID
;                           COLOR ID = 0 SELECTS THE BACKGROUND
;                                      COLOR (0-15)
;                           COLOR ID = 1 SELECTS THE PALETTE TO BE
;                                      USED:
;                                2 COLOR MODE:
;                                      0 = WHITE FOR COLOR 1
;                                      1 = BLACK FOR COLOR 1
;                                4 COLOR MODES:
;                                      0 = GREEN, RED, BROWN FOR
;                                          COLORS 1,2,3
;                                      1 = CYAN, MAGENTA, WHITE FOR
;                                          COLORS 1,2,3
;                               16 COLOR MODES:
;                                      ALWAYS SETS UP PALETTE AS:
;                                      BLUE FOR COLOR 1
;                                      GREEN FOR COLOR 2
;                                      CYAN FOR COLOR 3
;                                      RED FOR COLOR 4
;                                      MAGENTA FOR COLOR 5
;                                      BROWN FOR COLOR 6
;                                      LIGHT GRAY FOR COLOR 7
;                                      DARK GRAY FOR COLOR 8
;                                      LIGHT BLUE FOR COLOR 9
;                                      LIGHT GREEN FOR COLOR 10
;                                      LIGHT CYAN FOR COLOR 11
;                                      LIGHT RED FOR COLOR 12
;                                      LIGHT MAGENTA FOR COLOR 13
;                                      YELLOW FOR COLOR 14
;                                      WHITE FOR COLOR 15
;                         IN 40X25 OR 80X25 ALPHA MODES, THE VALUE SET
;                              FOR PALETTE COLOR 0 INDICATES THE BORDER
;                              COLOR TO BE USED. IN GRAPHIC MODES, IT
;                              INDICATES THE BORDER COLOR AND THE
;                              BACKGROUND COLOR.
;          (AH) = 12 (0CH) WRITE DOT
;                    (DX) = ROW NUMBER
;                    (CX) = COLUMN NUMBER
;                    (AL) = COLOR VALUE
;                         IF BIT 7 OF AL = 1, THEN THE COLOR VALUE IS
;                         EXCLUSIVE OR'D WITH THE CURRENT CONTENTS OF
;                         THE DOT
;          (AH) = 13 (0DH) READ DOT
;                    (DX) = ROW NUMBER
;                    (CX) = COLUMN NUMBER
;                    (AL) RETURNS THE DOT READ
;
; ASCII TELETYPE ROUTINE FOR OUTPUT
;          (AH) = 14 (0EH) WRITE TELETYPE TO ACTIVE PAGE
;                    (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
;                    (BL) = FOREGROUND COLOR IN GRAPHICS MODE
;                    NOTE -- SCREEN WIDTH IS CONTROLLED BY PREVIOUS
;                            MODE SET
;          (AH) = 15 (0FH) CURRENT VIDEO STATE
;                    RETURNS THE CURRENT VIDEO STATE
;                    (AL) = MODE CURRENTLY SET (SEE AH=0 FOR
;                           EXPLANATION)
;                    (AH) = NUMBER OF CHARACTER COLUMNS ON SCREEN
;                    (BH) = CURRENT ACTIVE DISPLAY PAGE
;          (AH) = 16 (10H) SET PALETTE REGISTERS
;                    (AL) = 0 SET PALETTE REGISTER
;                           (BL) = PALETTE REGISTER TO SET (00H - 0FH)
;                           (BH) = VALUE TO SET
;                    (AL) = 1 SET BORDER COLOR REGISTER
;                           (BH) = VALUE TO SET
;                    (AL) = 2 SET ALL PALETTE REGISTERS AND BORDER
;                             REGISTER
;                             ES:DX POINTS TO A 17 BYTE LIST
;                             BYTES 0 THRU 15 ARE VALUES FOR PALETTE
;                                    REGISTERS 0 THRU 15
;                             BYTE 16 IS THE VALUE FOR THE BORDER
;                                    REGISTER
;          NOTE:
;          IN MODES USING A 32K REGEN (9 AND A), ACCESS THROUGH THE CPU
;          REGISTER BY USE OF B800H SEGMENT VALUE ONLY REACHES THE
;          FIRST 16K. BIOS USES THE CONTENTS OF THE CPU PAGE REG
;          (BITS 3,4, & 5 OF PAGDAT IN BIOS DATA AREA) TO DERIVE THE
;          PROPER SEGMENT VALUE.
;
;          CS,SS,DS,ES,BX,CX,DX PRESERVED DURING CALL
;          ALL OTHERS DESTROYED
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;--------------------------------------------------------
;  VIDEO GATE ARRAY REGISTERS
;
;   PORT 3DA OUTPUT
;         REG 0   MODE CONTROL 1 REGISTER
;         01H     +HI BANDWIDTH/-LOW BANDWIDTH
;         02H     +GRAPHICS/-ALPHA
;         04H     +B&W
;         08H     +VIDEO ENABLE
;         10H     +16 COLOR GRAPHICS
;
;         REG 1   PALETTE MASK REISTER
;         01H     PALETTE MASK 0
;         02H     PALETTE MASK 1
;         04H     PALETTE MASK 2
;         08H     PALETTE MASK 3
;
;         REG 2   BORDER COLOR REGISTER
;         01H     BLUE
;         02H     GREEN
;         04H     RED
;         08H     INTENSITY
;
;         REG 3   MODE CONTROL 2 REGISTER
;         01H     RESERVED -- MUST BE ZERO
;         02H     +ENABLE BLINK
;         04H     RESERVED -- MUST BE ZERO
;         08H     +2 COLOR GRAPHICS (640X200 2 COLOR ONLY)
;
;         REG 4   RESET REGISTER
;         01H     +ASYNCHRONOUS RESET
;         02H     +SYNCHRONOUS RESET
;
;         REGS 10 TO 1F   PALETTE REGISTERS
;         01H     BLUE
;         02H     GREEN
;         04H     RED
;         08H     INTENSITY
;
;   VIDEO GATE ARRAY STATUS
;      PORT 3DA INPUT
;         01H     +DISPLAY ENABLE
;         02H     +LIGHT PEN TRIGGER SET
;         04H     -LIGHT PEN SWITCH MADE
;         08H     +VERTICAL RETRACE
;         10H     +VIDEO DOTS
                 ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA,ES:VIDEO_RAM
OCE9             M0010   LABEL   WORD   ;  TABLE OF ROUTINES WITHIN VIDEO I/O
OCE9  0DA5 R             DW      OFFSET  SET_MODE
OCEB  E45E R             DW      OFFSET  SET_CTYPE
OCED  E488 R             DW      OFFSET  SET_CPOS
OCEF  E52D R             DW      OFFSET  READ_CURSOR
OCF1  F751 R             DW      OFFSET  READ_LPEN
OCF3  E4B3 R             DW      OFFSET  ACT_DISP_PAGE
OCF5  E5D3 R             DW      OFFSET  SCROLL_UP
OCF7  E63F R             DW      OFFSET  SCROLL_DOWN
OCF9  F0E4 R             DW      OFFSET  READ_AC_CURRENT
OCFB  F113 R             DW      OFFSET  WRITE_AC_CURRENT
OCFD  F12C R             DW      OFFSET  WRITE_C_CURRENT
OCFF  E543 R             DW      OFFSET  SET_COLOR
0D01  F187 R             DW      OFFSET  WRITE_DOT
0D03  F146 R             DW      OFFSET  READ_DOT
0D05  1992 R             DW      OFFSET  WRITE_TTY
0D07  E5B1 R             DW      OFFSET  VIDEO_STATE
0D09  E685 R             DW      OFFSET  SET_PALLETTE
= 0022           M0010L  EQU     $-M0010

0D0B             VIDEO_IO   PROC   NEAR
0D0B  FB                   STI                      ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
0D0C  FC                   CLD                      ; SET DIRECTION FORWARD
0D0D  06                   PUSH   ES
0D0E  1E                   PUSH   DS                ; SAVE SEGMENT REGISTERS
0D0F  52                   PUSH   DX
0D10  51                   PUSH   CX
0D11  53                   PUSH   BX
0D12  56                   PUSH   SI
0D13  57                   PUSH   DI
0D14  50                   PUSH   AX                ; SAVE AX VALUE
0D15  8A C4                MOV    AL,AH             ; GET INTO LOW BYTE
0D17  32 E4                XOR    AH,AH             ; ZERO TO HIGH BYTE
0D19  D1 E0                SAL    AX,1              ; *2 FOR TABLE LOOKUP
0D1B  BB F0                MOV    SI,AX             ; PUT INTO SI FOR BRANCH
0D1D  3D 0022              CMP    AX,M0010L         ; TEST FOR WITHIN RANGE
0D20  72 04                JB     C1                ; BRANCH AROUND BRANCH
0D22  58                   POP    AX                ; THROW AWAY THE PARAMETER
0D23  E9 0F70 R            JMP    VIDEO_RETURN      ; DO NOTHING IF NOT IN RANGE
0D26  E8 138B R     C1:    CALL   DDS
0D29  B8 B800              MOV    AX,0B800H         ; SEGMENT FOR COLOR CARD
0D2C  80 3E 0049 R 09      CMP    CRT_MODE,9        ; IN MODE USING 32K REGEN
0D31  72 09                JC     C2                ; NO, JUMP
0D33  8A 26 008A R         MOV    AH,PAGDAT         ; GET COPY OF PAGE REGS
0D37  80 E4 38             AND    AH,CPUREG         ; ISOLATE CPU REG
0D3A  D0 EC                SHR    AH,1              ; SHIFT TO MAKE INTO SEGMENT VALUE
0D3C  8E C0         C2:    MOV    ES,AX             ; SET UP TO POINT AT VIDEO RAM AREA
0D3E  58                   POP    AX                ; RECOVER VALUE
0D3F  8A 26 0049 R         MOV    AH,CRT_MODE       ; GET CURRENT MODE INTO AH
0D43  2E: FF A4 0CE9 R     JMP    WORD PTR CS:[SI+OFFSET M0010]
0D48             VIDEO_IO   ENDP
```

```
;----------------------------------------
; SET_MODE
;       THIS ROUTINE INITIALIZES THE ATTACHMENT TO
;       THE SELECTED MODE.  THE SCREEN IS BLANKED.
; INPUT
;       (AL) = MODE SELECTED (RANGE 0-B)
; OUTPUT
;       NONE
;----------------------------------------
0D48                    M0050   LABEL   WORD                    ; TABLE OF REGEN LENGTHS
0D48  0800                      DW      2048            ; MODE 0 40X25   BW
0D4A  0800                      DW      2048            ; MODE 1 40X25   COLOR
0D4C  1000                      DW      4096            ; MODE 2 80X25   BW
0D4E  1000                      DW      4096            ; MODE 3 80X25   COLOR
0D50  4000                      DW      16384           ; MODE 4 320X200 4 COLOR
0D52  4000                      DW      16384           ; MODE 5 320X200 4 COLOR
0D54  4000                      DW      16384           ; MODE 6 640X200 BW
0D56  0000                      DW      0               ; MODE 7 INVALID
0D58  4000                      DW      16384           ; MODE 8 160X200 16 COLOR
0D5A  8000                      DW      32768           ; MODE 9 320X200 16 COLOR
0D5C  8000                      DW      32768           ; MODE A 640X200 4 COLOR
                        ;------ COLUMNS
0D5E                    M0060   LABEL   BYTE
0D5E  28 28 50 50 28 28         DB      40,40,80,80,40,40,80,0,20,40,80
      50 00 14 28 50
                        ;------- TABLE OF GATE ARRAY PARAMATERS FOR MODE SETTING
0D69                    M0070   LABEL   BYTE
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 40X25 BW      MODE 0
0D69  0C 0F 00 02               DB      0CH,0FH,0,2     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
= 0004                  M0070L  EQU     $-M0070
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 40X25 COLOR   MODE 1
0D6D  08 0F 00 02               DB      08H,0FH,0,2     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 80X25 BW      MODE 2
0D71  0D 0F 00 02               DB      0DH,0FH,0,2     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 80X25 COLOR   MODE 3
0D75  09 0F 00 02               DB      09H,0FH,0,2     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 320X200  4 COLOR    MODE 4
0D79  0A 03 00 00               DB      0AH,03H,0,0     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 320X200  BW      MODE 5
0D7D  0E 03 00 00               DB      0EH,03H,0,0     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 640X200  BW      MODE 6
0D81  0E 01 00 08               DB      0EH,01H,0,8     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR    INVALID       MODE 7
0D85  00 00 00 00               DB      00H,00H,0,0     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 160X200  16 COLOR    MODE 8
0D89  1A 0F 00 00               DB      1AH,0FH,0,0     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 320X200  16 COLOR    MODE 9
0D8D  1B 0F 00 00               DB      1BH,0FH,0,0     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;------ SET UP FOR 640X200   4 COLOR    MODE A
0D91  0B 03 00 00               DB      0BH,03H,0,0     ; GATE ARRAY PARMS
                        ;-------------- TABLES OF PALETTE COLORS FOR 2 AND 4 COLOR MODES
                        ;----- 2 COLOR, SET 0
0D95                    M0072   LABEL   BYTE
0D95  00 0F 00 00               DB      0,0FH,0,0
= 0004                  M0072L  EQU     $-M0072             ;ENTRY LENGTH
                        ;----- 2 COLOR, SET 1
0D99  0F 00 00 00               DB      0FH,0,0,0
                        ;----- 4 COLOR, SET 0
0D9D                    M0074   LABEL   BYTE
0D9D  00 02 04 06               DB      0,2,4,6
                        ;----- 4 COLOR, SET 1
0DA1                    M0075   LABEL   BYTE
0DA1  00 03 05 0F               DB      0,3,5,0FH
0DA5                    SET_MODE    PROC    NEAR
0DA5  50                         PUSH    AX              ;SAVE INPUT MODE ON STACK
0DA6  24 7F                      AND     AL,7FH          ;REMOVE CLEAR REGEN SWITCH
0DA8  3C 07                      CMP     AL,7            ;CHECK FOR VALID MODES
0DAA  74 04                      JE      C3              ;MODE 7 IS INVALID
0DAC  3C 0B                      CMP     AL,0BH
0DAE  72 02                      JC      C4              ;GREATER THAN A IS INVALID
0DB0  B0 00             C3:      MOV     AL,0            ;DEFAULT TO MODE 0
0DB2  3C 02             C4:      CMP     AL,2            ;CHECK FOR MODES NEEDING 128K
0DB4  74 08                      JE      C5
0DB6  3C 03                      CMP     AL,3
0DB8  74 04                      JE      C5
0DBA  3C 09                      CMP     AL,09H
0DBC  72 0A                      JC      C6
0DBE  81 3E 0015 R 0080 C5:      CMP     TRUE_MEM,128    ;DO WE HAVE 128K?
0DC4  73 02                      JNC     C6              ;YES, JUMP
0DC6  B0 00                      MOV     AL,0            ;NO, DEFAULT TO MODE 0
0DC8  BA 03D4           C6:      MOV     DX,03D4H        ; ADDRESS OF COLOR CARD
0DCB  8A E0                      MOV     AH,AL           ; SAVE MODE IN AH
0DCD  A2 0049 R                  MOV     CRT_MODE,AL     ; SAVE IN GLOBAL VARIABLE
0DD0  89 16 0063 R               MOV     ADDR_6845,DX    ; SAVE ADDRESS OF BASE
0DD4  8B F8                      MOV     DI,AX           ; SAVE MODE IN DI
0DD6  BA 03DA                    MOV     DX,VGA_CTL      ; POINT TO CONTROL REGISTER
0DD9  EC                         IN      AL,DX           ; SYNC CONTROL REG TO ADDRESS
0DDA  32 C0                      XOR     AL,AL           ; SET VGA REG 0
0DDC  EE                         OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT IT
0DDD  A0 0065 R                  MOV     AL,CRT_MODE_SET ; GET LAST MODE SET
0DE0  24 F7                      AND     AL,0F7H         ; TURN OFF VIDEO
0DE2  EE                         OUT     DX,AL           ; SET IN GATE ARRAY
```

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```
                              ;----- SET DEFAULT PALETTES
    0DE3  8B C7                       MOV     AX,DI          ; GET MODE
    0DE5  B4 10                       MOV     AH,10H         ; SET PALETTE REG 0
    0DE7  BB 0D95 R                   MOV     BX,OFFSET M0072 ; POINT TO TABLE ENTRY
    0DEA  3C 06                       CMP     AL,6           ; 2 COLOR MODE?
    0DEC  74 0F                       JE      C7             ; YES, JUMP
    0DEE  BB 0DA1 R                   MOV     BX,OFFSET M0075 ; POINT TO TABLE ENTRY
    0DF1  3C 05                       CMP     AL,5           ; CHECK FOR 4 COLOR MODE
    0DF3  74 08                       JE      C7             ; YES, JUMP
    0DF5  3C 04                       CMP     AL,4           ; CHECK FOR 4 COLOR MODE
    0DF7  74 04                       JE      C7             ; YES JUMP
    0DF9  3C 0A                       CMP     AL,0AH         ; CHECK FOR 4 COLOR MODE
    0DFB  75 11                       JNE     C9             ; NO, JUMP
    0DFD  B9 0004             C7:     MOV     CX,4           ; NUMBER OF REGS TO SET
    0E00  8A C4              C8:      MOV     AL,AH          ; GET REG NUMBER
    0E02  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SELECT IT
    0E03  2E: 8A 07                   MOV     AL,CS:[BX]     ; GET DATA
    0E06  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SET IT
    0E07  FE C4                       INC     AH             ; NEXT REG
    0E09  43                          INC     BX             ; NEXT TABLE VALUE
    0E0A  E2 F4                       LOOP    C8
    0E0C  EB 0B                       JMP     SHORT C11
                              ;----- SET PALETTES FOR DEFAULT 16 COLOR
    0E0E  B9 0010             C9:     MOV     CX,16          ; NUMBER OF PALETTES, AH IS REG
                                                            ; COUNTER
    0E11  8A C4              C10:     MOV     AL,AH          ; GET REG NUMBER
    0E13  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SELECT IT
    0E14  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SET PALETTE VALUE
    0E15  FE C4                       INC     AH             ; NEXT REG
    0E17  E2 F8                       LOOP    C10
                              ;----- SET UP M0 & M1 IN PAGREG
    0E19  8B C7              C11:     MOV     AX,DI          ; GET CURRENT MODE
    0E1B  32 DB                       XOR     BL,BL          ; SET UP FOR ALPHA MODE
    0E1D  3C 04                       CMP     AL,4           ; IN ALPHA MODE
    0E1F  72 08                       JC      C12            ; YES, JUMP
    0E21  B3 40                       MOV     BL,40H         ; SET UP FOR 16K REGEN
    0E23  3C 09                       CMP     AL,09H         ; MODE USE 16K
    0E25  72 02                       JC      C12            ; YES, JUMP
    0E27  B3 C0                       MOV     BL,0C0H        ; SET UP FOR 32K REGEN
    0E29  BA 03DF            C12:     MOV     DX,PAGREG      ; SET PORT ADDRESS OF PAGREG
    0E2C  A0 008A R                   MOV     AL,PAGDAT      ; GET LAST DATA OUTPUT
    0E2F  24 3F                       AND     AL,3FH         ; CLEAR M0 & M1 BITS
    0E31  0A C3                       OR      AL,BL          ; SET NEW BITS
    0E33  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; STUFF BACK IN PORT
    0E34  A2 008A R                   MOV     PAGDAT,AL      ; SAVE COPY IN RAM
                              ;----- ENABLE VIDEO AND CORRECT PORT SETTING
    0E37  8B C7                       MOV     AX,DI          ; GET CURRENT MODE
    0E39  32 E4                       XOR     AH,AH          ;    INTO AX REG
    0E3B  B9 0004                     MOV     CX,M0070L      ; SET TABLE ENTRY LENGTH
    0E3E  F7 E1                       MUL     CX             ; TIMES MODE FOR OFFSET INTO TABLE
    0E40  8B D8                       MOV     BX,AX          ; TABLE OFFSET IN BX
    0E42  B1 C3 0D69 R                ADD     BX,OFFSET M0070 ; ADD TABLE START TO OFFSET
    0E46  2E: 8A 27                   MOV     AH,CS:[BX]     ; SAVE MODE SET AND PALETTE
    0E49  2E: 8A 47 02                MOV     AL,CS:[BX + 2] ;    TILL WE CAN PUT THEM IN RAM
    0E4D  8B F0                       MOV     SI,AX
    0E4F  FA                          CLI                    ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
    0E50  E8 E675 R                   CALL    MODE_ALIVE     ; KEEP MEMORY DATA VALID
    0E53  B0 10                       MOV     AL,10H         ; DISABLE NMI AND HOLD REQUEST
    0E55  E6 A0                       OUT     NMI_PORT,AL    ;
    0E57  BA 03DA                     MOV     DX,VGA_CTL     ;
    0E5A  B0 04                       MOV     AL,4           ; POINT TO RESET REG
    0E5C  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SEND TO GATE ARRAY
    0E5D  B0 02                       MOV     AL,2           ; SET SYNCHRONOUS RESET
    0E5F  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; DO IT
                              ; WHILE THE GATE ARRAY IS IN RESET STATE, WE CANNOT ACCESS RAM
    0E60  8B C6                       MOV     AX,SI          ; RESTORE NEW MODE SET
    0E62  80 E4 F7                    AND     AH,0F7H        ; TURN OFF VIDEO ENABLE
    0E65  32 C0                       XOR     AL,AL          ; SET UP TO SELECT VGA REG 0
    0E67  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SELECT IT
    0E68  86 E0                       XCHG    AH,AL          ; AH IS VGA REG COUNTER
    0E6A  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SET MODE
    0E6B  B0 04                       MOV     AL,4           ; SET UP TO SELECT VGA REG 4
    0E6D  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SELECT IT
    0E6E  32 C0                       XOR     AL,AL          ;
    0E70  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; REMOVE RESET FROM VGA
                              ; NOW OKAY TO ACCESS RAM AGAIN
    0E71  B0 80                       MOV     AL,80H         ; ENABLE NMI AGAIN
    0E73  E6 A0                       OUT     NMI_PORT,AL    ;
    0E75  E8 E675 R                   CALL    MODE_ALIVE     ; KEEP MEMORY DATA VALID
    0E78  FB                          STI                    ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
    0E79  EB 07                       JMP     SHORT C14
    0E7B  BA C4              C13:     MOV     AL,AH          ; GET VGA REG NUMBER
    0E7D  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; SELECT REG
    0E7E  2E: 8A 07                   MOV     AL,CS:[BX]     ; GET TABLE VALUE
    0E81  EE                          OUT     DX,AL          ; PUT IN VGA REG
    0E82  43                 C14:     INC     BX             ; NEXT IN TABLE
    0E83  FE C4                       INC     AH             ; NEXT REG
    0E85  E2 F4                       LOOP    C13            ; DO ENTIRE ENTRY
                              ;---- SET UP CRT AND CPU PAGE REGS ACCORDING TO MODE & MEMORY SIZE
    0E87  BA 03DF                     MOV     DX,PAGREG      ; SET IO ADDRESS OF PAGREG
    0E8A  A0 008A R                   MOV     AL,PAGDAT      ; GET LAST DATA OUTPUT
    0E8D  24 C0                       AND     AL,0C0H        ; CLEAR REG BITS
    0E8F  B3 36                       MOV     BL,36H         ; SET UP FOR GRAPHICS MODE WITH 32K
                                                            ; REGEN
    0E91  A8 80                       TEST    AL,80H         ; IN THIS MODE?
    0E93  75 0C                       JNZ     C15            ; YES, JUMP
    0E95  B3 3F                       MOV     BL,3FH         ; SET UP FOR 16K REGEN AND 128K
                                                            ; MEMORY
    0E97  B1 3E 0015 R 0080           CMP     TRUE_MEM,128   ; DO WE HAVE 128K?
    0E9D  73 02                       JNC     C15            ; YES, JUMP
    0E9F  B3 1B                       MOV     BL,1BH         ; SET UP FOR 16K REGEN AND 64K
                                                            ; MEMORY
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OEA1  OA C3                   C15:    OR      AL,BL           ; COMBINE MODE BITS AND REG VALUES
OEA3  EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; SET PORT
OEA4  A2 008A R                       MOV     PAGDAT,AL       ; SAVE COPY IN RAM
OEA7  8B C6                           MOV     AX,SI           ; PUT MODE SET & PALETTE IN RAM
OEA9  88 26 0065 R                    MOV     CRT_MODE_SET,AH
OEAD  A2 0066 R                       MOV     CRT_PALLETTE,AL
OEB0  E4 61                           IN      AL,PORT_B       ; GET CURRENT VALUE OF 8255 PORT B
OEB2  24 FB                           AND     AL,0FBH         ; SET UP GRAPHICS MODE
OEB4  F6 C4 02                        TEST    AH,2            ; JUST SET ALPHA MODE IN VGA?
OEB7  75 02                           JNZ     C16             ; YES, JUMP
OEB9  OC 04                           OR      AL,4            ; SET UP ALPHA MODE
OEBB  E6 61           C16:    OUT     PORT_B,AL       ; STUFF BACK IN 8255
                      ;------- SET UP 6845
OEBD  1E                              PUSH    DS              ; SAVE DATA SEGMENT VALUE
OEBE  33 CO                           XOR     AX,AX           ; SET UP FOR ABS0 SEGMENT
OECO  8E D8                           MOV     DS,AX           ; ESTABLISH VECTOR TABLE ADDRESSING
                              ASSUME  DS:ABS0
OEC2  C5 1E 0074 R                    LDS     BX,PARM_PTR     ; GET POINTER TO VIDEO PARMS
                              ASSUME  DS:CODE
OEC6  8B C7                           MOV     AX,DI           ; GET CURRENT MODE IN AX
OEC8  B9 0010 90                      MOV     CX,M0040        ; LENGTH OF EACH ROW OF TABLE
OECC  80 FC 02                        CMP     AH,2            ; DETERMINE WHICH TO USE
OECF  72 10                           JC      C17             ; MODE IS 0 OR 1
OED1  03 D9                           ADD     BX,CX           ; MOVE TO NEXT ROW OF INIT TABLE
OED3  80 FC 04                        CMP     AH,4
OED6  72 09                           JC      C17             ; MODE IS 2 OR 3
OED8  03 D9                           ADD     BX,CX           ; MOVE TO GRAPHICS ROW OF
                                                              ; INIT_TABLE
OEDA  80 FC 09                        CMP     AH,9
OEDD  72 02                           JC      C17             ; MODE IS 4, 5, 6, 8, OR 9
OEDF  03 D9                           ADD     BX,CX           ; MOVE TO NEXT GRAPHICS ROW OF
                                                              ; INIT_TABLE
                      ;----- BX POINTS TO CORRECT ROW OF INITIALIZATION TABLE
OEE1  50              C17:    PUSH    AX              ; SAVE MODE IN AH
OEE2  8A 47 02                        MOV     AL,DS:[BX+2]    ; GET HORZ. SYNC POSITION
OEE5  8B 7F OA                        MOV     DI,WORD PTR DS:[BX+10]  ; GET CURSOR TYPE
OEE8  1E                              PUSH    DS
OEE9  E8 138B R                       CALL    DDS
                              ASSUME  DS:DATA
OEEC  A2 0089 R                       MOV     HORZ_POS,AL     ; SAVE HORZ. SYNC POSITION VARIABLE
OEEF  89 3E 0060 R                    MOV     CURSOR_MODE,DI  ; SAVE CURSOR MODE
OEF3  50                              PUSH    AX
OEF4  AO 0086 R                       MOV     AL,VAR_DELAY    ; SET DEFAULT OFFSET
OEF7  24 OF                           AND     AL,0FH
OEF9  A2 0086 R                       MOV     VAR_DELAY,AL
OEFC  58                              POP     AX
                              ASSUME  DS:CODE
OEFD  1F                              POP     DS
OEFE  32 E4                           XOR     AH,AH           ; AH WILL SERVE AS REGISTER NUMBER
                                                              ; DURING LOOP
OF00  BA 03D4                         MOV     DX,03D4H        ; POINT TO 6845
                      ;LOOP THROUGH TABLE, OUTPUTTING REG ADDRESS, THEN VALUE FROM TABLE
OF03  8A C4           C18:    MOV     AL,AH           ; GET 6845 REGISTER NUMBER
OF05  EE                              OUT     DX,AL
OF06  42                              INC     DX              ; POINT TO DATA PORT
OF07  FE C4                           INC     AH              ; NEXT REGISTER VALUE
OF09  8A 07                           MOV     AL,[BX]         ; GET TABLE VALUE
OF0B  EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; OUT TO CHIP
OF0C  43                              INC     BX              ; NEXT IN TABLE
OF0D  4A                              DEC     DX              ; BACK TO POINTER REGISTER
OF0E  E2 F3                           LOOP    C18             ; DO THE WHOLE TABLE
OF10  58                              POP     AX              ; GET MODE BACK
OF11  1F                              POP     DS              ; RECOVER SEGMENT VALUE
                              ASSUME  DS:DATA
                      ;------ FILL REGEN AREA WITH BLANK
OF12  33 FF                           XOR     DI,DI           ; SET UP POINTER FOR REGEN
OF14  89 3E 004E R                    MOV     CRT_START,DI    ; START ADDRESS SAVED IN GLOBAL
OF18  C6 06 0062 R 00                 MOV     ACTIVE_PAGE,0   ; SET PAGE VALUE
OF1D  5A                              POP     DX              ; GET ORIGINAL INPUT BACK
OF1E  80 E2 80                        AND     DL,80H          ; NO CLEAR OF REGEN ?
OF21  75 1C                           JNZ     C21             ; SKIP CLEARING REGEN
OF23  BA B800                         MOV     DX,0B800H       ; SET UP SEGMENT FOR 16K REGEN AREA
OF26  B9 2000                         MOV     CX,8192         ; NUMBER OF WORDS TO CLEAR
OF29  3C 09                           CMP     AL,09H          ; REQUIRE 32K BYTE REGEN ?
OF2B  72 05                           JC      C19             ; NO, JUMP
OF2D  D1 E1                           SHL     CX,1            ; SET 16K WORDS TO CLEAR
OF2F  BA 1800                         MOV     DX,1800H        ; SET UP SEGMENT FOR 32K REGEN AREA
OF32  8E C2           C19:    MOV     ES,DX           ; SET REGEN SEGMENT
OF34  3C 04                           CMP     AL,4            ; TEST FOR GRAPHICS
OF36  B8 0F20                         MOV     AX,' '+15*256   ; FILL CHAR FOR ALPHA
OF39  72 02                           JC      C20             ; NO_GRAPHICS_INIT
OF3B  33 CO                           XOR     AX,AX           ; FILL FOR GRAPHICS MODE
OF3D  F3/ AB          C20:    REP     STOSW           ; FILL THE REGEN BUFFER WITH BLANKS
                      ;----- ENABLE VIDEO
OF3F  BA 03DA         C21:    MOV     DX,VGA_CTL      ; SET PORT ADDRESS OF VGA
OF42  32 CO                           XOR     AL,AL           ;
OF44  EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT VGA REG 0
OF45  AO 0065 R                       MOV     AL,CRT_MODE_SET ; GET MODE SET VALUE
OF48  EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; SET MODE
                      ;----- DETERMINE NUMBER OF COLUMNS, BOTH FOR ENTIRE DISPLAY
                      ;----- AND THE NUMBER TO BE USED FOR TTY INTERFACE
OF49  32 FF                           XOR     BH,BH
OF4B  8A 1E 0049 R                    MOV     BL,CRT_MODE
OF4F  2E: 8A 87 0D5E R                MOV     AL,CS:[BX + OFFSET M0060]
OF54  32 E4                           XOR     AH,AH
OF56  A3 004A R                       MOV     CRT_COLS,AX     ; NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN THIS SCREEN
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                              ;----- SET CURSOR POSITIONS
0F59  D1 E3                        SHL    BX,1          ; WORD OFFSET INTO CLEAR LENGTH
                                                        ; TABLE
0F5B  2E: 8B 8F 0D48 R            MOV    CX,CS:[BX + OFFSET M0050J  ; LENGTH TO CLEAR
0F60  89 0E 004C R                MOV    CRT_LEN,CX    ; SAVE LENGTH OF CRT
0F64  B9 0008                     MOV    CX,8          ; CLEAR ALL CURSOR POSITIONS
0F67  BF 0050 R                   MOV    DI,OFFSET CURSOR_POSN
0F6A  1E                          PUSH   DS            ; ESTABLISH SEGMENT
0F6B  07                          POP    ES            ;   ADDRESSING
0F6C  33 C0                       XOR    AX,AX
0F6E  F3/ AB                      REP    STOSW         ; FILL WITH ZEROES
                              ;----- NORMAL RETURN FROM ALL VIDEO RETURNS
0F70                          VIDEO_RETURN:
0F70  5F                          POP    DI
0F71  5E                          POP    SI
0F72  5B                          POP    BX
0F73  59                    C22:  POP    CX
0F74  5A                          POP    DX
0F75  1F                          POP    DS
0F76  07                          POP    ES            ; RECOVER SEGMENTS
0F77  CF                          IRET                 ; ALL DONE
0F78                          SET_MODE   ENDP
                              ;----------------------------------------------------
                              ;
                              ;
                              ; KBDNMI - KEYBOARD NMI INTERRUPT ROUTINE
                              ;
                              ;        THIS ROUTINE OBTAINS CONTROL UPON AN NMI INTERRUPT, WHICH
                              ;        OCCURS UPON A KEYSTROKE FROM THE KEYBOARD.
                              ;
                              ;        THIS ROUTINE WILL DE-SERIALIZE THE BIT STREAM IN ORDER TO
                              ;        GET THE KEYBOARD SCAN CODE ENTERED.  IT THEN ISSUES INT 41
                              ;        PASSING THE SCAN CODE IN AL TO THE KEY PROCESSOR. UPON RETURN
                              ;        IT RE-ENABLES NMI AND RETURNS TO SYSTEM (IRET).
                              ;
                              ;----------------------------------------------------
                                         ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
0F78                          KBDNMI  PROC    FAR
                              ;----------DISABLE INTERRUPTS
0F78  FA                          CLI
                              ;----------SAVE REGS & DISABLE NMI
0F79  56                          PUSH   SI
0F7A  57                          PUSH   DI
0F7B  50                          PUSH   AX            ; SAVE REGS
0F7C  53                          PUSH   BX
0F7D  51                          PUSH   CX
0F7E  52                          PUSH   DX
0F7F  1E                          PUSH   DS
0F80  06                          PUSH   ES
                              ;----------INIT COUNTERS
0F81  BE 0008                     MOV    SI,8          ; SET UP # OF DATA BITS
0F84  32 DB                       XOR    BL,BL         ; INIT. PARITY COUNTER
                              ;----------SAMPLE 5 TIMES TO  VALIDATE START BIT
0F86  32 E4                       XOR    AH,AH
0F88  B9 0005                     MOV    CX,5          ; SET COUNTER
0F8B  E4 62                 I1:   IN     AL,PORT_C     ; GET SAMPLE
0F8D  A8 40                       TEST   AL,40H        ; TEST IF 1
0F8F  74 02                       JZ     I2            ; JMP IF 0
0F91  FE C4                       INC    AH            ; KEEP COUNT OF 1'S
0F93  E2 F6                 I2:   LOOP   I1            ; KEEP SAMPLING
0F95  80 FC 03                    CMP    AH,3          ; VALID START BIT ?
0F98  73 03                       JNB    I25           ; JUMP IF OK
0F9A  EB 5D 90                    JMP    I8            ; INVALID (SYNC ERROR) NO AUDIO
                                                       ; OUTPUT
                              ;----------VALID START BIT, LOOK FOR TRAILING EDGE
0F9D  B9 0032               I25:  MOV    CX,50         ; SET UP WATCHDOG TIMEOUT
0FA0  E4 62                 I3:   IN     AL,PORT_C     ; GET SAMPLE
0FA2  A8 40                       TEST   AL,40H        ; TEST IF 0
0FA4  74 05                       JZ     I5            ; JMP IF TRAILING EDGE FOUND
0FA6  E2 F8                       LOOP   I3            ; KEEP LOOKING FOR TRAILING EDGE
0FA8  EB 4F 90                    JMP    I8            ; SYNC ERROR (STUCK ON 1'S)
                              ;----------READ CLOCK TO SET START OF BIT TIME
0FAB  B0 40                 I5:   MOV    AL,40H        ; READ CLOCK
0FAD  E6 43                       OUT    TIM_CTL,AL    ; *
0FAF  90                          NOP                  ; *
0FB0  90                          NOP                  ; *
0FB1  E4 41                       IN     AL,TIMER+1    ; *
0FB3  8A E0                       MOV    AH,AL         ; *
0FB5  E4 41                       IN     AL,TIMER+1    ; *
0FB7  86 E0                       XCHG   AH,AL         ; *
0FB9  8B F8                       MOV    DI,AX         ; SAVE CLOCK TIME IN DI
                              ;----------VERIFY VALID TRANSITION
0FBB  B9 0004                     MOV    CX,4          ; SET COUNTER
0FBE  E4 62                 I6:   IN     AL,PORT_C     ; GET SAMPLE
0FC0  A8 40                       TEST   AL,40H        ; TEST IF 0
0FC2  75 35                       JNZ    I8            ; JMP IF INVALID TRANSITION (SYNC)
0FC4  E2 F8                       LOOP   I6            ; KEEP LOOKING FOR VALID TRANSITION
                              ;----------SET UP DISTANCE TO MIDDLE OF 1ST DATA BIT
0FC6  BA 0220                     MOV    DX,544        ; 310 USEC AWAY (.838 US / CT)
                              ;-------START LOOKING FOR TIME TO READ DATA BITS AND ASSEMBLE BYTE
0FC9  E8 1031 R             I7:   CALL   I30
0FCC  BA 020E                     MOV    DX,526        ; SET NEW DISTANCE TO NEXT HALF BIT
0FCF  50                          PUSH   AX            ; SAVE 1ST HALF BIT
0FD0  E8 1031 R                   CALL   I30
0FD3  8A C8                       MOV    CL,AL         ; PUT 2ND HALF BIT IN CL
0FD5  58                          POP    AX            ; RESTORE 1ST HALF BIT
0FD6  3A C8                       CMP    CL,AL         ; ARE THEY OPPOSITES ?
0FD8  74 2A                       JE     I9            ; NO, PHASE ERROR
```

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```
                              ;----------VALID DATA BIT, PLACE IN SCAN BYTE
OFDA  DO EF                   SHR     BH,1      ; SHIFT PREVIOUS BITS
OFDC  OA F8                   OR      BH,AL     ; OR IN NEW DATA BIT
OFDE  4E                      DEC     SI        ; DECREMENT DATA BIT COUNTER
OFDF  75 E8                   JNZ     I7        ; CONTINUE FOR MORE DATA BITS
                              ;----------WAIT FOR TIME TO SAMPLE PARITY BIT
OFE1  E8 1031 R               CALL    I30
OFE4  50                      PUSH    AX        ; SAVE 1ST HALF BIT
OFE5  E8 1031 R               CALL    I30
OFE8  8A C8                   MOV     CL,AL     ; PUT 2ND HALF BIT IN CL
OFEA  58                      POP     AX        ; RESTORE 1ST HALF BIT
OFEB  3A C8                   CMP     CL,AL     ; ARE THEY OPPOSITES ?
OFED  74 15                   JE      I9        ; NO, PHASE ERROR
                              ;----------VALID PARITY BIT, CHECK PARITY
OFEF  80 E3 01                AND     BL,1      ; CHECK IF ODD PARITY
OFF2  74 10                   JZ      I9        ; JMP IF PARITY ERROR
                              ;----------VALID CHARACTER, SEND TO CHARACTER PROCESSING
OFF4  FB                      STI               ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
OFF5  8A C7                   MOV     AL,BH     ; PLACE SCAN CODE IN AL
OFF7  CD 48                   INT     48H       ; CHARACTER PROCESSING
                              ;----------RESTORE REGS AND RE-ENABEL NMI
OFF9  07            I8:       POP     ES        ; RESTORE REGS
OFFA  1F                      POP     DS
OFFB  5A                      POP     DX
OFFC  59                      POP     CX
OFFD  5B                      POP     BX
OFFE  E4 AO                   IN      AL,0AOH   ; ENABLE NMI
1000  58                      POP     AX
1001  5F                      POP     DI
1002  5E                      POP     SI
1003  CF                      IRET              ; RETURN TO SYSTEM
                              ;----------PARITY, SYNCH OR PHASE ERROR. OUTPUT MISSED KEY BEEP
1004  E8 138B R     I9:       CALL    DDS       ; SETUP ADDRESSING
1007  83 FE 08                CMP     SI,8      ; ARE WE ON THE FIRST DATA BIT?
100A  74 ED                   JE      I8        ; NO AUDIO FEEDBACK (MIGHT BE A
                                                ; ..GLITCH)
100C  F6 06 0018 R 01         TEST    KB_FLAG_1,01H  ; CHECK IF TRANSMISSION ERRORS
                                                ; ..ARE TO BE REPORTED
1011  75 18                   JNZ     I10       ; 1=DO NOT BEEP, O=BEEP
1013  BB 0080                 MOV     BX,0080H  ; DURATION OF ERROR BEEP
1016  B9 0048                 MOV     CX,048H   ; FREQUENCY OF ERROR BEEP
1019  E8 E035 R               CALL    KB_NOISE  ; AUDIO FEEDBACK
101C  80 26 0017 R FO         AND     KB_FLAG,OFOH   ; CLEAR ALT,CLRL,LEFT AND RIGHT
                                                ; SHIFTS
1021  80 26 0018 R OF         AND     KB_FLAG_1,OFH  ; CLEAR POTENTIAL BREAK OF INS,CAPS
                                                ; NUM AND SCROLL SHIFT
1026  80 26 0088 R 1F         AND     KB_FLAG_2,1FH  ; CLEAR FUNCTION STATES
102B  FE 06 0012 R  I10:      INC     KBD_ERR   ; KEEP TRACK OF KEYBOARD ERRORS
102F  EB C8                   JMP     SHORT I8  ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
1031                KBDNMI    ENDP
1031                I30       PROC    NEAR
1031  B0 40         I31:      MOV     AL,40H    ; READ CLOCK
1033  E6 43                   OUT     TIM_CTL,AL ; *
1035  90                      NOP               ; *
1036  90                      NOP               ; *
1037  E4 41                   IN      AL,TIMER+1 ; *
1039  8A EO                   MOV     AH,AL     ; *
103B  E4 41                   IN      AL,TIMER+1 ; *
103D  86 EO                   XCHG    AH,AL     ; *
103F  8B CF                   MOV     CX,DI     ; GET LAST CLOCK TIME
1041  2B C8                   SUB     CX,AX     ; SUB CURRENT TIME
1043  3B CA                   CMP     CX,DX     ; IS IT TIME TO SAMPLE ?
1045  72 EA                   JC      I31       ; NO, KEEP LOOKING AT TIME
1047  2B CA                   SUB     CX,DX     ; UPDATE # OF COUNTS OFF
1049  8B F8                   MOV     DI,AX     ; SAVE CURRENT TIME AS LAST TIME
104B  03 F9                   ADD     DI,CX     ; ADD DIFFERENCE FOR NEXT TIME
                              ;----------START SAMPLING DATA BIT (5 SAMPLES)
104D  B9 0005                 MOV     CX,5      ; SET COUNTER
                              ;---------------------------------------------------------
                              ;
                              ; SAMPLE LINE
                              ;
                              ;    PORT_C IS SAMPLED CX TIMES AND IF THER ARE 3 OR MORE 1"S
                              ;    THEN 80H IS RETURNED IN AL, ELSE OOH IS RETURNED IN AL.
                              ;    PARITY COUNTER IS MAINTAINED IN ES.
                              ;
                              ;---------------------------------------------------------
1050  32 E4                   XOR     AH,AH     ; CLEAR COUNTER
1052  E4 62         I32:      IN      AL,PORT_C ; GET SAMPLE
1054  A8 40                   TEST    AL,40H    ; TEST IF 1
1056  74 02                   JZ      I33       ; JMP IF O
1058  FE C4                   INC     AH        ; KEEP COUNT OF 1'S
105A  E2 F6         I33:      LOOP    I32       ; KEEP SAMPLING
105C  80 FC 03                CMP     AH,3      ; VALID 1 ?
105F  72 05                   JB      I34       ; JMP IF NOT VALID 1
1061  B0 80                   MOV     AL,080H   ; RETURN 80H IN AL (1)
1063  FE C3                   INC     BL        ; INCREMENT PARITY COUNTER
1065  C3                      RET               ; RETURN TO CALLER
1066  32 CO         I34:      XOR     AL,AL     ; RETURN O IN AL (O)
1068  C3                      RET               ; RETURN TO CALLER
1069                I30       ENDP
```

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;------------------------------------------------------------------
;KEY62_INT
;            THE PURPOSE OF THIS ROUTINE IS TO TRANSLATE SCAN CODES AND
;            SCAN CODE COMBINATIONS FROM THE 62 KEY KEYBOARD TO THEIR
;            EQUIVILENTS ON THE 83 KEY KEYBOARD.  THE SCAN CODE IS
;            PASSED IN AL.  EACH SCAN CODE PASSED EITHER TRIGGERS ONE OR
;            MORE CALLS TO INTERRUPT 9 OR SETS FLAGS TO RETAIN KEYBOARD
;            STATUS.  WHEN INTERRUPT 9 IS CALLED THE TRANSLATED SCAN
;            CODES ARE PASSED TO IT IN AL.  THE INTENT OF THIS CODE WAS
;            TO KEEP INTERRUPT 9 INTACT FROM ITS ORIGIN IN THE PC FAMILY
;            THIS ROUTINE IS IN THE FRONT END OF INTERRUPT 9 AND
;            TRANSFORMS A 62 KEY KEYBOARD TO LOOK AS IF IT WERE AN 83
;            KEY VERSION.
;            IT IS ASSUMED THAT THIS ROUTINE IS CALLED FROM THE NMI
;            DESERIALIZATION ROUTINE AND THAT ALL REGISTERS WERE SAVED
;            IN THE CALLING ROUTINE.  AS A CONSEQUENCE ALL REGISTERS ARE
;            DESTROYED.
;------------------------------------------------------------------
;EQUATES
= 0080          BREAK_BIT       EQU     80H
= 0054          FN_KEY          EQU     54H
= 0055          PHK             EQU     FN_KEY+1
= 0056          EXT_SCAN        EQU     PHK+1   ; BASE CODE FOR SCAN CODES
                                               ; EXTENDING BEYOND 83
= 00FF          AND_MASK        EQU     0FFH    ; USED TO SELECTIVELY REMOVE BITS
= 001F          CLEAR_FLAGS     EQU     AND_MASK - (FN_FLAG+FN_BREAK+FN_PENDING)
;SCAN CODES
= 0030          B_KEY           EQU     48
= 0010          Q_KEY           EQU     16
= 0019          P_KEY           EQU     25
= 0012          E_KEY           EQU     18
= 001F          S_KEY           EQU     31
= 0031          N_KEY           EQU     49
= 0048          UP_ARROW        EQU     72
= 0050          DOWN_ARROW      EQU     80
= 004B          LEFT_ARROW      EQU     75
= 004D          RIGHT_ARROW     EQU     77
= 000C          MINUS           EQU     12
= 000D          EQUALS          EQU     13
= 000B          NUM_0           EQU     11
;NEW TRANSLATED SCAN CODES
;-----------------------------------------------------
;NOTE:
;       BREAK, PAUSE, ECHO, AND PRT_SCREEN ARE USED AS OFFSETS
;       INTO THE TABLE 'SCAN'. OFFSET = TABLE POSITION + 1.
;-----------------------------------------------------
= 0001          ECHO            EQU     01
= 0002          BREAK           EQU     02
= 0003          PAUSE           EQU     03
= 0004          PRT_SCREEN      EQU     04
= 0046          SCROLL_LOCK     EQU     70
= 0045          NUM_LOCK        EQU     69
= 0047          HOME            EQU     71
= 004F          END_KEY         EQU     79
= 0049          PAGE_UP         EQU     73
= 0051          PAGE_DOWN       EQU     81
= 004A          KEYPAD_MINUS    EQU     74
= 004E          KEYPAD_PLUS     EQU     78
                                ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
                ; ----TABLE OF VALID SCAN CODES
1069            KB0     LABEL   BYTE
1069 30 10 12 19 1F 31          DB B_KEY, Q_KEY, E_KEY, P_KEY, S_KEY, N_KEY
106F 48 50 4B 4D 0C             DB UP_ARROW, DOWN_ARROW, LEFT_ARROW, RIGHT_ARROW, MINUS
1074 0D                         DB EQUALS
= 000C          KB0LEN          EQU $ - KB0
                ; ----TABLE OF NEW SCAN CODES
1075            KB1     LABEL   BYTE
1075 02 03 01 04 46 45          DB BREAK, PAUSE, ECHO, PRT_SCREEN, SCROLL_LOCK, NUM_LOCK
107B 47 4F 49 51 4A 4E          DB HOME,END_KEY,PAGE_UP,PAGE_DOWN,KEYPAD_MINUS,KEYPAD_PLUS
                ;-----------------------------------------------
                ;NOTE:  THERE IS A ONE TO ONE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN
                ;       THE SIZE OF KB0 AND KB1.
                ;-----------------------------------------------
                ;TABLE OF NUMERIC KEYPAD SCAN CODES
                ;       THESE SCAN CODES WERE NUMERIC KEYPAD CODES ON
                ;       THE 83 KEY KEYBOARD.
                ;---------------------------------------------
1081            NUM_CODES LABEL BYTE
1081 4F 50 51 4B 4C 4D          DB 79,80,81,75,76,77,71,72,73,82
     47 48 49 52

                ;---------------------------------------------------
                ;TABLE OF SIMULATED KEYSTROKES
                ;       THIS TABLE REPRESENTS A 4*2 ARRAY.  EACH ROW
                ;       CONSISTS OF A SEQUENCE OF SCAN CODES WHICH
                ;       WOULD HAVE BEEN GENERATED ON AN 83 KEY KEYBOARD
                ;       TO CAUSE THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS:
                ;               ROW 1=ECHO CRT OUTPUT TO THE PRINTER
                ;               ROW 2=BREAK
                ;       THE TABLE HAS BOTH MAKE AND BREAK SCAN CODES.
                ;---------------------------------------------------
108B            SCAN    LABEL   BYTE
108B 1D 37 B7 9D                DB 29,55,183,157        ; CTRL + PRTSC
108F 1D 46 C6 9D                DB 29,70,198,157        ; CTRL + SCROLL-LOCK
```

```
                              ;--------------------------------------------------
                              ;TABLE OF VALID ALT SHIFT SCAN CODES
                              ;        THIS TABLE CONTAINS SCAN CODES FOR KEYS ON THE
                              ;        62 KEY KEYBOARD.  THESE CODES ARE USED IN
                              ;        COMBINATION WITH THE ALT KEY TO PRODUCE SCAN CODES
                              ;        FOR KEYS NOT FOUND ON THE 62 KEY KEYBOARD.
                              ;--------------------------------------------------
1093                          ALT_TABLE      LABEL   BYTE
1093  35 28 34 1A 1B              DB    53,40,52,26,27
= 0005                        ALT_LEN  EQU $ - ALT_TABLE
                              ;--------------------------------------------------
                              ;TABLE OF TRANSLATED SCAN CODES WITH ALT SHIFT
                              ;        THIS TABLE CONTAINS THE SCAN CODES FOR THE
                              ;        KEYS WHICH ARE NOT ON THE 62 KEY KEYBOARD AND
                              ;        WILL BE TRANSLATED WITH ALT SHIFT.  THERE IS A
                              ;        ONE TO ONE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE SIZES
                              ;        OF ALT_TABLE AND NEW_ALT.
                              ;        THE FOLLOWING TRANSLATIONS ARE MADE:
                              ;                ALT+ / = \
                              ;                ALT+ ' = `
                              ;                ALT+ [ = {
                              ;                ALT+ ] = ~
                              ;                ALT+ . = *
                              ;--------------------------------------------------
1098                          NEW_ALT LABEL BYTE
1098  2B 29 37 2B 29              DB  43,41,55,43,41
                              ;--------------------------------------------------
                              ;EXTAB
                              ;        TABLE OF SCAN CODES FOR MAPPING EXTENDED SET
                              ;        OF SCAN CODES (SCAN CODES > 85).  THIS TABLE
                              ;        ALLOWS OTHER DEVICES TO USE THE KEYBOARD INTERFACE.
                              ;        IF THE DEVICE GENERATES A SCAN CODE > 85 THIS TABLE
                              ;        CAN BE USED TO MAP THE DEVICE TO THE KEYBOARD.  THE
                              ;        DEVICE ALSO HAS THE OPTION OF HAVING A UNIQUE SCAN
                              ;        CODE PUT IN THE KEYBOARD BUFFER (INSTEAD OF MAPPING
                              ;        TO THE KEYBOARD). THE EXTENDED SCAN CODE PUT IN THE
                              ;        BUFFER WILL BE CONTINUOUS BEGINNING AT 150.  A ZERO
                              ;        WILL BE USED IN PLACE OF AN ASCII CODE. (E.G. A
                              ;        DEVICE GENERATING SCAN CODE 86 AND NOT MAPPING 86
                              ;        TO THE KEYBOARD WILL HAVE A [150,0] PUT IN THE
                              ;        KEYBOARD BUFFER)
                              ;        TABLE FORMAT:
                              ;        THE FIRST BYTE IS A LENGTH INDICATING THE NUMBER
                              ;        OF SCAN CODES MAPPED TO THE KEYBOARD.  THE REMAINING
                              ;        ENTRIES ARE WORDS. THE FIRST BYTE (LOW BYTE) IS A
                              ;        SCAN CODE AND THE SECOND BYTE (HIGH BYTE) IS ZERO.
                              ;        A DEVICE GENERATING N SCAN CODES IS ASSUMED TO GENERATE THE
                              ;        FOLLOWING STREAM 86,87,88,...,86+(N-1). THE SCAN CODE BYTES
                              ;        IN THE TABLE CORRESPOND TO THIS SET WITH THE FIRST DATA
                              ;        BYTE MATCHING 86, THE SECOND MATCHING 87 ETC.
                              ;   NOTES:
                              ;        (1) IF A DEVICE GENERATES A BREAK CODE, NOTHING IS
                              ;            PUT IN THE BUFFER.
                              ;        (2) A LENGTH OF 0 INDICATES THAT ZERO SCAN CODES HAVE BEEN
                              ;            MAPPED TO THE KEYBOARD AND ALL EXTENDED SCAN CODES WILL
                              ;            BE USED.
                              ;        (3) A DEVICE CAN MAP SOME OF ITS SCAN CODES TO THE KEYBOARD
                              ;            AND HAVE SOME ITS SCAN CODES IN THE EXTENDED SET.
                              ;--------------------------------------------------
109D                          EXTAB   LABEL BYTE
109D  14                          DB       20          ; LENGTH OF TABLE
109E  0048 0049 004D 0051         DW       72,73,77,81,80,79,75,71,57,28
      0050 004F 004B 0047
      0039 001C
10B2  0011 0012 001F 002D         DW       17,18,31,45,44,43,30,16,15,1
      002C 002B 001E 0010
      000F 0001
10C6                          KEY62_INT PROC FAR
10C6  FB                          STI
10C7  FC                          CLD
10C8  E8 138B R                   CALL    DDS         ; FORWARD DIRECTION
10CB  8A E0                       MOV     AH,AL       ; SET UP ADDRESSING
10CD  E8 131E R                   CALL    TPM         ; SAVE SCAN CODE
                                                      ; ADJUST OUTPUT FOR USER
                                                      ; MODIFICATION
10D0  73 01                       JNC     KBX0        ; JUMP IF OK TO CONTINUE
10D2  CF                          IRET                ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT.
                              ;----EXTENDED SCAN CODE CHECK
10D3  3C FF                   KBX0:   CMP    AL,0FFH   ; IS THIS AN OVERRUN CHAR?
10D5  74 6C                       JE      KB0_1       ; PASS IT TO INTERRUPT 9
10D7  24 7F                       AND     AL,AND_MASK-BREAK_BIT ; TURN OFF BREAK BIT
10D9  3C 56                       CMP     AL,EXT_SCAN  ; IS THIS A SCAN CODE > 83
10DB  7C 5F                       JL      KBX4        ; REPLACE BREAK BIT
                              ;----SCAN CODE IS IN EXTENDED SET
10DD  1E                          PUSH    DS
10DE  33 F6                       XOR     SI,SI
10E0  8E DE                       MOV     DS,SI
                                  ASSUME  DS:ABS0
10E2  C4 3E 0124 R                LES     DI,DWORD PTR EXST ; GET THE POINTER TO THE EXTENDED
                                                      ; SET
10E6  26: 8A 0D                   MOV     CL,BYTE PTR ES:[DI] ; GET LENGTH BYTE
10E9  1F                          POP     DS
                                  ASSUME  DS:DATA
                              ;----DOES SCAN CODE GET MAPPED TO KEYBOARD OR TO NEW EXTENDED SCAN
                              ;    CODES?
10EA  2C 56                       SUB     AL,EXT_SCAN  ; CONVERT TO BASE OF NEW SET
10EC  FE C9                       DEC     CL          ; LENGTH - 1
10EE  3A C1                       CMP     AL,CL       ; IS CODE IN TABLE?
10F0  7F 10                       JG      KBX1        ; JUMP IF SCAN CODE IS NOT IN TABLE
```

```
                          ;----GET SCAN CODE FROM TABLE
10F2   47                         INC      DI              ; POINT DI PAST LENGTH BYTE
10F3   8B D8                      MOV      BX,AX
10F5   32 FF                      XOR      BH,BH           ; PREPARE FOR ADDING TO 16 BIT
                                                           ; REGISTER
10F7   D1 E3                      SHL      BX,1
10F9   03 FB                      ADD      DI,BX           ; OFFSET TO CORRECT TABLE ENTRY
10FB   26: 8A 05                  MOV      AL,BYTE PTR ES:[DI] ; TRANSLATED SCAN CODE IN AL
10FE   3C 56                      CMP      AL,EXT_SCAN     ; IS CODE IN KEYBOARD SET?
1100   7C 3A                      JL       KBX4            ; IN KEYBOARD SET, CHECK FOR BREAK
                          ;----SCAN CODE GETS MAPPED TO EXTENDED SCAN CODES
1102   F6 C4 80           KBX1:   TEST     AH,BREAK_BIT    ; IS THIS A BREAK CODE?
1105   74 01                      JZ       KBX2            ; MAKE CODE, PUT IN BUFFER
1107   CF                         IRET                     ; BREAK CODE, RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
1108   80 C4 40           KBX2:   ADD      AH,64           ; EXTENDED SET CODES BEGIN AT 150
110B   32 C0                      XOR      AL,AL           ; ZERO OUT ASCII VALUE (NUL)
110D   8B 1E 001C R               MOV      BX,BUFFER_TAIL  ; GET TAIL POINTER
1111   8B F3                      MOV      SI,BX           ; SAVE POINTER TO TAIL
1113   E8 144F R                  CALL     K4              ; INCREMENT TAIL VALUE
1116   3B 1E 001A R               CMP      BX,BUFFER_HEAD  ; IS BUFFER FULL?
111A   75 19                      JNE      KBX3            ; PUT CONTENTS OF AX IN BUFFER
                          ;----BUFFER IS FULL, BEEP AND CLEAR FLAGS
111C   BB 0080                    MOV      BX,80H          ; FREQUENCY OF BEEP
111F   B9 0048                    MOV      CX,48H          ; DURATION OF BEEP
1122   E8 E035 R                  CALL     KB_NOISE        ; BUFFER FULL BEEP
1125   80 26 0017 R F0            AND      KB_FLAG,0F0H    ; CLEAR ALT, CTRL, LEFT AND RIGHT
                                                           ; SHIFTS
112A   80 26 0018 R 0F            AND      KB_FLAG_1,0FH   ; CLEAR MAKE OF INS,CAPS_LOCK,NUM
                                                           ; AND SCROLL
112F   80 26 0088 R 1F            AND      KB_FLAG_2,1FH   ; CLEAR FUNCTION STATES
1134   CF                         IRET                     ; DONE WITH INTERRUPT
1135   89 04             KBX3:    MOV      [SI],AX         ; PUT CONTENTS OF AX IN BUFFER
1137   89 1E 001C R               MOV      BUFFER_TAIL,BX  ; ADVANCE BUFFER TAIL
113B   CF                         IRET                     ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
113C   80 E4 80          KBX4:    AND      AH,BREAK_BIT    ; MASK BREAK BIT ON ORIGINAL SCAN
113F   0A C4                      OR       AL,AH           ; UPDATE NEW SCAN CODE
1141   8A E0                      MOV      AH,AL           ; SAVE AL IN AH AGAIN
                          ;----83 KEY KEYBOARD FUNCTIONS SHIFT+PRTSC AND CTRL+NUMLOCK
1143   3C 45             KB0_1:   CMP      AL,NUM_KEY      ; IS THIS A NUMLOCK?
1145   75 14                      JNE      KB0_3           ; CHECK FOR PRTSC
1147   F6 06 0017 R 04            TEST     KB_FLAG,CTL_SHIFT ; IS CTRL KEY BEING HELD DOWN?
114C   74 0A                      JZ       KB0_2           ; NUMLOCK WITHOUT CTRL, CONTINUE
114E   F6 06 0017 R 08            TEST     KB_FLAG,ALT_SHIFT ; IS ALT KEY HELD CONCURRENTLY?
1153   75 03                      JNZ      KB0_2           ; PASS IT ON
1155   E9 12EB R                  JMP      KB16_1          ; PUT KEYBOARD IN HOLD STATE
1158   E9 125C R         KB0_2:   JMP      CONT_INT        ; CONTINUE WITH INTERRUPT 48H
                          ;----CHECK FOR PRTSC
115B   3C 37             KB0_3:   CMP      AL,55           ; IS THIS A PRTSC KEY?
115D   75 11                      JNZ      KB1_1           ; NOT A PRTSC KEY
115F   F6 06 0017 R 03            TEST     KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; EITHER SHIFT
                                                           ; ACTIVE?
1164   74 F2                      JZ       KB0_2           ; PROCESS SCAN IN INT9
1166   F6 06 0017 R 04            TEST     KB_FLAG,CTL_SHIFT ; IS THE CTRL KEY PRESSED?
116B   75 EB                      JNZ      KB0_2           ; NOT A VALID PRTSC (PC COMPATIBLE)
116D   E9 1301 R                  JMP      PRTSC           ; HANDLE THE PRINT SCREEN FUNCTION
                          ;----ALTERNATE SHIFT TRANSLATIONS
1170   8A E0             KB1_1:   MOV      AH, AL          ; SAVE CHARACTER
1172   24 7F                      AND      AL, AND_MASK - BREAK_BIT ; MASK BREAK BIT
1174   F6 06 0017 R 08            TEST     KB_FLAG,ALT_SHIFT ; IS THIS A POTENTIAL TRANSLATION
1179   74 39                      JZ       KB2
                          ;----TABLE LOOK UP
117B   0E                         PUSH     CS
117C   07                         POP      ES              ; INITIALIZE SEGMENT FOR TABLE LOOK
                                                           ; UP
117D   BF 1093 R                  MOV      DI,OFFSET ALT_TABLE
1180   B9 0005                    MOV      CX,ALT_LEN      ; GET READY FOR TABLE LOOK UP
1183   F2/ AE                     REPNE    SCASB           ; SERACH TABLE
1185   75 2D                      JNE      KB2             ; JUMP IF MATCH IS NOT FOUND
1187   B9 1094 R                  MOV      CX,OFFSET ALT_TABLE + 1
118A   2B F9                      SUB      DI,CX           ; UPDATE DI TO INDEX SCAN CODE
118C   2E: 8A 85 1098 R           MOV      AL,CS:NEW_ALT[DI] ; TRANSLATE SCAN CODE
                          ;----CHECK FOR BREAK CODE
1191   8A 1E 0017 R               MOV      BL,KB_FLAG      ; SAVE KB_FLAG STATUS
1195   80 36 0017 R 08            XOR      KB_FLAG,ALT_SHIFT ; MASK OFF ALT SHIFT
119A   F6 C4 80                   TEST     AH,BREAK_BIT    ; IS THIS A BREAK CHARACTER?
119D   74 02                      JZ       KB1_2           ; JUMP IF SCAN IS A MAKE
119F   0C 80                      OR       AL,BREAK_BIT    ; SET BREAK BIT
                          ;----MAKE CODE, CHECK FOR SHIFT SEQUENCE
11A1   83 FF 03          KB1_2:   CMP      DI,3            ; IS THIS A SHIFT SEQUENCE
11A4   7C 05                      JL       KB1_3           ; JUMP IF NOT SHIFT SEQUENCE
11A6   80 0E 0017 R 02            OR       KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT ; TURN ON SHIFT FLAG
11AB   E6 60             KB1_3:   OUT      KBPORT,AL
11AD   CD 09                      INT      9H              ; ISSUE INT TO PROCESS SCAN CODE
11AF   88 1E 0017 R               MOV      KB_FLAG,BL      ; RESTORE ORIGINAL FLAG STATES
11B3   CF                         IRET
                          ;----FUNCTION KEY HANDLER
11B4   3C 54             KB2:     CMP      AL, FN_KEY      ; CHECK FOR FUNCTION KEY
11B6   75 23                      JNZ      KB4             ; JUMP IF NOT FUNCTION KEY
11B8   F6 C4 80                   TEST     AH, BREAK_BIT   ; IS THIS A FUNCTION BREAK
11BB   75 0B                      JNZ      KB3             ; JUMP IF FUNCTION BREAK
11BD   80 26 0088 R 1F            AND      KB_FLAG_2,CLEAR_FLAGS ; CLEAR ALL PREVIOUS
                                                           ; FUNCTIONS
11C2   80 0E 0088 R A0            OR       KB_FLAG_2, FN_FLAG + FN_PENDING
11C7   CF                         IRET                     ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
                          ;----FUNCTION BREAK
11C8   F6 06 0088 R 20   KB3:     TEST     KB_FLAG_2,FN_PENDING
11CD   75 06                      JNZ      KB3_1           ; JUMP IF FUNCTION IS PENDING
11CF   80 26 0088 R 1F            AND      KB_FLAG_2,CLEAR_FLAGS ; CLEAR ALL FLAGS
11D4   CF                         IRET
11D5   80 0E 0088 R 40   KB3_1:   OR       KB_FLAG_2,FN_BREAK ; SET BREAK FLAG
11DA   CF                KB3_2:   IRET                     ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
```

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```
                              ;----CHECK IF FUNCTION FLAG ALREADY SET
11DB  3C 55            KB4:    CMP     AL,PHK            ; IS THIS A PHANTOM KEY?
11DD  74 FB                    JZ      KB3_2             ; JUMP IF PHANTOM SEQUENCE
11DF  F6 06 0088 R 90  KB4_0:  TEST    KB_FLAG_2,FN_FLAG+FN_LOCK ; ARE WE IN FUNCTION
                                                         ; STATE?
11E4  75 21                    JNZ     KB5
                              ;----CHECK IF NUM_STATE IS ACTIVE
11E6  F6 06 0017 R 20          TEST    KB_FLAG,NUM_STATE
11EB  74 16                    JZ      KB4_1             ; JUMP IF NOT IN NUM_STATE
11ED  3C 0B                    CMP     AL,NUM_0          ; ARE WE IN NUMERIC KEYPAD REGION?
11EF  77 12                    JA      KB4_1             ; JUMP IF NOT IN KEYPAD
11F1  FE C8                    DEC     AL                ; CHECK LOWER BOUND OF RANGE
11F3  74 0E                    JZ      KB4_1             ; JUMP IF NOT IN RANGE (ESC KEY)
                              ;----TRANSLATE SCAN CODE TO NUMERIC KEYPAD
11F5  FE C8                    DEC     AL                ; AL IS OFFSET INTO TABLE
11F7  BB 1081 R               MOV     BX,OFFSET NUM_CODES
11FA  2E: D7                   XLAT    CS:NUM_CODES      ; NEW SCAN CODE IS IN AL
11FC  80 E4 80                 AND     AH,BREAK_BIT      ; ISOLATE BREAK BIT ON ORIGINAL
                                                         ; SCAN CODE
11FF  0A C4                    OR      AL,AH             ; UPDATE KEYPAD SCAN CODE
1201  EB 59                    JMP     SHORT CONT_INT    ; CONTINUE WITH INTERRUPT
1203  8A C4            KB4_1:  MOV     AL,AH             ; GET BACK BREAK BIT IF SET
1205  EB 55                    JMP     SHORT CONT_INT
                              ;----CHECK FOR VALID FUNCTION KEY
1207  3C 0B            KB5:    CMP     AL, NUM_0         ; CHECK FOR RANGE OF INTEGERS
1209  77 2D                    JA      KB7               ; JUMP IF NOT IN RANGE
120B  FE C8                    DEC     AL                ; CHECK FOR ESC KEY (=1)
120D  75 25                    JNZ     KB6               ; NOT ESCAPE KEY, RANGE OF INTEGERS
                              ;----ESCAPE KEY, LOCK KEYBOARD IN FUNCTION LOCK
120F  F6 C4 80                 TEST    AH,BREAK_BIT      ; IS THIS A BREAK CODE?
1212  75 30                    JNZ     KB8               ; NO PROCESSING FOR BREAK
1214  F6 06 0088 R 80          TEST    KB_FLAG_2,FN_FLAG ; TOGGLES ONLY WHEN FN HELD
                                                         ; CONCURRENTLY
1219  74 29                    JZ      KB8               ; NOT HELD CONCURRENTLY
121B  F6 06 0088 R 40          TEST    KB_FLAG_2,FN_BREAK ; HAS THE FUNCTION KEY BEEN
                                                          ; RELEASED?
1220  75 22                    JNZ     KB8               ; CONTINUE IF RELEASED.  PROCESS AS
                                                         ; ESC
1222  F6 06 0017 R 03          TEST    KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; EITHER SHIFT?
1227  74 1B                    JZ      KB8               ; NOT HELD DOWN
1229  80 36 0088 R 10          XOR     KB_FLAG_2,FN_LOCK ; TOGGLE STATE
122E  80 26 0088 R 1F          AND     KB_FLAG_2,CLEAR_FLAGS ; TURN OFF OTHER STATES
1233  CF                       IRET                      ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
                              ;----SCAN CODE IN RANGE 1 -> 0
1234  04 3A            KB6:    ADD     AL, 58            ; GENERATE CORRECT SCAN CODE
1236  EB 3E                    JMP     SHORT KB12        ; CLEAN-UP BEFORE RETURN TO KB_INT
                              ;----CHECK TABLE FOR OTHER VALID SCAN CODES
1238  0E               KB7:    PUSH    CS
1239  07                       POP     ES                ; ESTABLISH ADDRESS OF TABLE
123A  BF 1069 R                MOV     DI, OFFSET KB0     ; BASE OF TABLE
123D  B9 000C                  MOV     CX, KBOLEN         ; LENGTH OF TABLE
1240  F2/ AE                   REPNE   SCASB              ; SEARCH TABLE FOR A MATCH
1242  74 1D                    JE      KB10               ; JUMP IF MATCH
                              ;----ILLEGAL CHARACTER
1244  F6 06 0088 R 40  KB8:    TEST    KB_FLAG_2,FN_BREAK ; HAS BREAK OCCURED?
1249  74 0F                    JZ      KB9                ; FUNCTION KEY HAS NOT BEEN
                                                          ; RELEASED
124B  F6 C4 80                 TEST    AH,BREAK_BIT       ; IS THIS A BREAK OF AN ILLEGAL
124E  75 0A                    JNZ     KB9                ; DON'T RESET FLAGS ON ILLEGAL
                                                          ; BREAK
1250  80 26 0088 R 1F  KB85:   AND     KB_FLAG_2,CLEAR_FLAGS ; NORMAL STATE
1255  C6 06 0087 R 00          MOV     CUR_FUNC,0         ; RETRIEVE ORIGINAL SCAN CODE
                              ;----FUNCTION BREAK IS NOT SET
125A  8A C4            KB9:    MOV     AL,AH              ; RETRIEVE ORIGINAL SCAN CODE
125C                   CONT_INT:
125C  E6 60                    OUT     KBPORT,AL
125E  CD 09                    INT     9H                 ; ISSUE KEYBOARD INTERRUPT
1260                   RET_INT:
1260  CF                       IRET
                              ;----BEFORE TRANSLATION CHECK FOR ALT+FN+N_KEY AS NUM LOCK
1261  3C 31            KB10:   CMP     AL,N_KEY           ; IS THIS A POTENTIAL NUMLOCK?
1263  75 07                    JNE     KB10_1             ; NOT A NUMKEY, TRANSLATE IT
1265  F6 06 0017 R 08          TEST    KB_FLAG,ALT_SHIFT  ; ALT HELD DOWN ALSO?
126A  74 D8                    JZ      KB8                ; TREAT AS ILLEGAL COMBINATION
126C  B9 106A R        KB10_1: MOV     CX, OFFSET KB0 + 1 ; GET OFFSET TO TABLE
126F  2B F9                    SUB     DI, CX             ; UPDATE INDEX TO NEW SCAN CODE
                                                          ; TABLE
1271  2E: 8A 85 1075 R         MOV     AL, CS:KB1[DI]     ; MOV NEW SCAN CODE INTO REGISTER
                              ;----TRANSLATED CODE IN AL OR AN OFFSET TO THE TABLE "SCAN"
1276  F6 C4 80         KB12:   TEST    AH,BREAK_BIT       ; IS THIS A BREAK CHAR?
1279  74 35                    JZ      KB13               ; JUMP IF MAKE CODE
                              ;----CHECK FOR TOGGLE KEY
127B  3C 45                    CMP     AL,NUM_LOCK        ; IS THIS A NUM LOCK?
127D  74 04                    JZ      KB12_1             ; JUMP IF TOGGLE KEY
127F  3C 46                    CMP     AL,SCROLL_LOCK     ; IS THIS A SCROLL LOCK?
1281  75 08                    JNZ     KB12_2             ; JUMP IF NOT A TOGGLE KEY
1283  0C 80            KB12_1: OR      AL,80H             ; TURN ON BREAK BIT
1285  E6 60                    OUT     KBPORT,AL
1287  CD 09                    INT     9H                 ; TOGGLE STATE
1289  24 7F                    AND     AL,AND_MASK-BREAK_BIT ; TURN OFF BREAK BIT
128B  F6 06 0088 R 40  KB12_2: TEST    KB_FLAG_2,FN_BREAK ; HAS FUNCTION BREAK OCCURED?
1290  74 11                    JZ      KB12_3             ; JUMP IF BREAK HAS NOT OCCURED
1292  3A 06 0087 R             CMP     AL,CUR_FUNC        ; IS THIS A BREAK OF OLD VALID
                                                          ; FUNCTION
1296  75 C8                    JNE     RET_INT            ; ALLOW FURTHER CURRENT FUNCTIONS
1298  80 26 0088 R 1F          AND     KB_FLAG_2,CLEAR_FLAGS
129D                   KB12_20:
129D  C6 06 0087 R 00          MOV     CUR_FUNC,0         ; CLEAR CURRENT FUNCTION
12A2  CF                       IRET                       ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
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12A3  3A 06 0087 R         KB12_3: CMP     AL,CUR_FUNC     ; IS THIS BREAK OF FIRST FUNCTION?
12A7  75 B7                        JNE     RET_INT         ; IGNORE
12A9  80 26 0088 R DF              AND     KB_FLAG_2,AND_MASK-FN_PENDING ; TURN OFF PENDING
                                                           ; FUNCTION
12AE  EB ED                        JMP     KB12_20         ; CLEAR CURRENT FUNCTION AND RETURN
                              ;----VALID MAKE KEY HAS BEEN PRESSED
12B0  F6 06 0088 R 40       KB13:   TEST    KB_FLAG_2,FN_BREAK ; CHECK IF FUNCTION KEY HAS BEEN
                                                           ; PRESSED
12B5  74 0D                        JZ      KB14_1          ; JUMP IF NOT SET
                              ;----FUNCTION BREAK HAS ALREADY OCCURED
12B7  80 3E 0087 R 00              CMP     CUR_FUNC,0      ; IS THIS A NEW FUNCTION?
12BC  74 06                        JZ      KB14_1          ; INITIALIZE NEW FUNCTION
12BE  38 06 0087 R                 CMP     CUR_FUNC,AL     ; IS THIS NON-CURRENT FUNCTION
12C2  75 8C                        JNZ     KB85            ;JUMP IF NO FUNCTION IS PENDING
                                                           ; ..TO RETRIEVE ORIGINAL SCAN CODE
                              ;----CHECK FOR SCAN CODE GENERATION SEQUENCE
12C4  A2 0087 R             KB14_1: MOV     CUR_FUNC,AL     ; INITIALIZE CURRENT FN
12C7  3C 04                KB16:   CMP     AL,PRT_SCREEN   ; IS THIS A SIMULATED SEQUENCE?
12C9  7F 91                        JG      CONT_INT        ; JUMP IF THIS IS A SIMPLE
                                                           ; TRANSLATION
12CB  74 34                        JZ      PRTSC           ; DO THE PRINT SCREEN FUNCTION
12CD  3C 03                        CMP     AL,PAUSE        ; IS THIS THE HOLD FUNCTION?
12CF  74 1A                        JZ      KB16_1          ; DO THE PAUSE FUNCTION
                              ;----BREAK OR ECHO
12D1  FE C8                        DEC     AL              ; POINT AT BASE
12D3  D0 E0                        SHL     AL,1
12D5  D0 E0                        SHL     AL,1            ; MULTIPLY BY 4
12D7  98                           CBW
12D8  2E: 8D 36 108B R             LEA     SI,SCAN         ; ADDRESS SEQUENCE OF SIMULATED
                                                           ; KEYSTROKES
12DD  03 F0                        ADD     SI,AX           ; UPDATE TO POINT AT CORRECT SET
12DF  B9 0004                      MOV     CX,4            ; LOOP COUNTER
12E2                       GENERATE:
12E2  2E: AC                       LODS    SCAN            ; GET SCAN CODE FROM TABLE
12E4  E6 60                        OUT     KBPORT,AL
12E6  CD 09                        INT     9H              ; PROCESS IT
12E8  E2 F8                        LOOP    GENERATE        ; GET NEXT
12EA  CF                           IRET
                              ;----PUT KEYBOARD IN HOLD STATE
12EB  F6 06 0018 R 08       KB16_1: TEST    KB_FLAG_1,HOLD_STATE ; CANNOT GO IN HOLD STATE IF
                                                           ; ITS ACTIVE
12F0  75 0E                        JNZ     KB16_2          ; DONE WITH INTERRUPT
12F2  80 0E 0018 R 08              OR      KB_FLAG_1,HOLD_STATE ; TURN ON HOLD FLAG
12F7  E4 A0                        IN      AL,NMI_PORT     ; RESET KEYBOARD LATCH
12F9  F6 06 0018 R 08       HOLD:   TEST    KB_FLAG_1,HOLD_STATE ; STILL IN HOLD STATE?
12FE  75 F9                        JNZ     HOLD            ; CONTINUE LOOPING UNTIL KEY IS
                                                           ; PRESSED
1300  CF                   KB16_2: IRET                    ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT 48H
                              ;----PRINT SCREEN FUNCTION
1301  F6 06 0018 R 08       PRTSC:  TEST    KB_FLAG_1,HOLD_STATE ; IS HOLD STATE IN PROGRESS?
1306  74 06                        JZ      KB16_3          ; OK TO CONTINUE WITH PRTSC
1308  80 26 0018 R F7              AND     KB_FLAG_1,0FFH-HOLD_STATE ; TURN OFF FLAG
130D  CF                           IRET
130E  83 C4 06             KB16_3: ADD     SP,3*2          ; GET RID OF CALL TO INTERRUPT 48H
1311  07                           POP     ES              ; POP REGISTERS THAT AREN'T
                                                           ; MODIFIED IN INT5
1312  1F                           POP     DS
1313  5A                           POP     DX
1314  59                           POP     CX
1315  5B                           POP     BX
1316  E4 A0                        IN      AL,NMI_PORT     ; RESET KEYBOARD LATCH
1318  CD 05                        INT     5H              ; ISSUE INTERRUPT
131A  58                           POP     AX
131B  5F                           POP     DI
131C  5E                           POP     SI              ; POP THE REST
131D  CF                           IRET
131E                       KEY62_INT ENDP
                           ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;TYPAMATIC
                           ;        THIS ROUTINE WILL CHECK KEYBOARD STATUS BITS IN KB_FLAG_2
                           ;        AND DETERMINE WHAT STATE THE KEYBOARD IS IN.  APPROPRIATE
                           ;        ACTION WILL BE TAKEN.
                           ;INPUT
                           ;        AL= SCAN CODE OF KEY WHICH TRIGGERED NON-MASKABLE INTERRUPT
                           ;OUTPUT
                           ;        CARRY BIT = 1 IF NO ACTION IS TO BE TAKEN.
                           ;        CARRY BIT = 0 MEANS SCAN CODE IN AL SHOULD BE PROCESSED
                           ;            FURTHER.
                           ;        MODIFICATIONS TO THE VARIABLES CUR_CHAR AND VAR_DELAY ARE
                           ;        MADE.  ALSO THE PUTCHAR BIT IN KB_FLAG_2 IS TOGGLED WHEN
                           ;        THE KEYBOARD IS IN HALF RATE MODE.
                           ;----------------------------------------------------------------
131E                       TPM     PROC    NEAR
131E  53                           PUSH    BX
131F  38 06 0085 R                 CMP     CUR_CHAR,AL     ; IS THIS A NEW CHARACTER?
1323  74 31                        JZ      TP2             ; JUMP IF SAME CHARACTER
                              ;----NEW CHARACTER CHECK FOR BREAK SEQUENCES
1325  A8 80                        TEST    AL,BREAK_BIT    ; IS THE NEW KEY A BREAK KEY?
1327  74 12                        JZ      TP0             ; JUMP IF NOT A BREAK
1329  24 7F                        AND     AL,07FH         ; CLEAR BREAK BIT
132B  38 06 0085 R                 CMP     CUR_CHAR,AL     ; IS NEW CHARACTER THE BREAK OF
                                                           ; LAST MAKE?
132F  8A C4                        MOV     AL,AH           ; RETRIEVE ORIGINAL CHARACTER
1331  75 05                        JNZ     TP              ; JUMP IF NOT THE SAME CHARACTER
1333  C6 06 0085 R 00              MOV     CUR_CHAR,00     ; CLEAR CURRENT CHARACTER
1338  F8                   TP:     CLC                     ; CLEAR CARRY BIT
1339  5B                           POP     BX
133A  C3                           RET                     ; RETURN
```

```
                              ;----INITIALIZE A NEW CHARACTER
133B  A2 0085 R       TP0:    MOV     CUR_CHAR,AL      ; SAVE NEW CHARACTER
133E  80 26 0086 R F0         AND     VAR_DELAY,0F0H   ; CLEAR VARIABLE DELAY
1343  80 26 0088 R FE         AND     KB_FLAG_2,0FEH   ; INITIAL PUTCHAR BIT AS ZERO
1348  F6 06 0088 R 02         TEST    KB_FLAG_2,INIT_DELAY ; ARE WE INCREASING THE
                                                       ; INITIAL DELAY?
134D  74 E9                   JZ      TP               ; DEFAULT DELAY
134F  80 0E 0086 R 0F         OR      VAR_DELAY,DELAY_RATE ; INCREASE DELAY BY 2X
1354  EB E2                   JMP     SHORT TP
                              ;----CHECK IF WE ARE IN TYPAMATIC MODE AND IF DELAY IS OVER
1356  F6 06 0088 R 08 TP2:    TEST    KB_FLAG_2,TYPE_OFF ; IS TYPAMATIC TURNED OFF?
135B  75 2B                   JNZ     TP4              ; JUMP IF TYPAMATIC RATE IS OFF
135D  8A 1E 0086 R            MOV     BL,VAR_DELAY     ; GET VAR_DEALY
1361  80 E3 0F                AND     BL,0FH           ; MASK OFF HIGH ORDER(SCREEN RANGE)
1364  0A DB                   OR      BL,BL            ; IS INITIAL DELAY OVER?
1366  74 0D                   JZ      TP3              ; JUMP IF DELAY IS OVER
1368  FE CB                   DEC     BL               ; DECREASE DELAY WAIT BY ANOTHER
                                                       ; CHARACTER
136A  80 26 0086 R F0         AND     VAR_DELAY,0F0H
136F  08 1E 0086 R            OR      VAR_DELAY,BL
1373  EB 13                   JMP     SHORT TP4
                              ;----CHECK IF TIME TO OUTPUT CHAR
1375  F6 06 0088 R 04 TP3:    TEST    KB_FLAG_2,HALF_RATE ; ARE WE IN HALF RATE MODE
137A  74 BC                   JZ      TP               ; JUMP IF WE ARE IN NORMAL MODE
137C  80 36 0088 R 01         XOR     KB_FLAG_2,PUTCHAR ; TOGGLE BIT
1381  F6 06 0088 R 01         TEST    KB_FLAG_2,PUTCHAR ; IS IT TIME TO PUT OUT A CHAR
1386  75 B0                   JNZ     TP               ; NOT TIME TO OUTPUT CHARACTER
1388                  TP4:                             ; SKIP THIS CHARACTER
1388  F9                      STC                      ; SET CARRY FLAG
1389  5B                      POP     BX
138A  C3                      RET
138B                  TPM     ENDP
                      ;---------------------------------------------------------------
                      ; THIS SUBROUTINE SETS DS TO POINT TO THE BIOS DATA AREA
                      ; INPUT: NONE
                      ; OUTPUT: DS IS SET
                      ;---------------------------------------------------------------
138B                  DDS     PROC    NEAR
138B  50                      PUSH    AX
138C  B8 0040                 MOV     AX,40H
138F  8E D8                   MOV     DS,AX
1391  58                      POP     AX
1392  C3                      RET
1393                  DDS     ENDP
                      ;--- INT 1A -----------------------------------------------------
                      ; TIME_OF_DAY/SOUND SOURCE SELECT
                      ;           THIS ROUTINE ALLOWS THE CLOCK TO BE SET/READ.
                      ;           AN INTERFACE FOR SETTING THE MULTIPLEXER FOR
                      ;           AUDIO SOURCE IS ALSO PROVIDED
                      ;
                      ; INPUT
                      ;   (AH) = 0    READ THE CURRENT CLOCK SETTING
                      ;               RETURNS CX = HIGH PORTION OF COUNT
                      ;                       DX = LOW PORTION OF COUNT
                      ;                       AL = 0 IF TIMER HAS NOT PASSED 24 HOURS
                      ;                       SINCE LAST READ. <> 0 IF ON ANOTHER DAY
                      ;   (AH) = 1    SET THE CURRENT CLOCK
                      ;               CX = HIGH PORTION OF COUNT
                      ;               DX = LOW PORTION OF COUNT
                      ;   (AH) = 80H  SET UP SOUND MULTIPLEXER
                      ;               AL =(SOURCE OF SOUND) --> "AUDIO OUT" OR RF MODULATOR
                      ;                       00 = 8253 CHANNEL 2
                      ;                       01 = CASSETTE INPUT
                      ;                       02 = "AUDIO IN" LINE ON I/O CHANNEL
                      ;                       03 = COMPLEX SOUND GENERATOR CHIP
                      ;
                      ; NOTE: COUNTS OCCUR AT THE RATE OF 1193180/65536 COUNTS/SEC
                      ;           (OR ABOUT 18.2 PER SECOND -- SEE EQUATES BELOW)
                      ;---------------------------------------------------------------
                              ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
1393                  TIME_OF_DAY   PROC    FAR
1393  FB                      STI                      ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
1394  1E                      PUSH    DS               ; SAVE SEGMENT
1395  E8 138B R               CALL    DDS
1398  80 FC 80                CMP     AH,80H           ; AH=80
139B  74 2E                   JE      T4A              ; MUX_SET-UP
139D  0A E4                   OR      AH,AH            ; AH=0
139F  74 07                   JZ      T2               ; READ_TIME
13A1  FE CC                   DEC     AH               ; AH=1
13A3  74 16                   JZ      T3               ; SET_TIME
13A5  FB            T1:       STI                      ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
13A6  1F                      POP     DS               ; RECOVER SEGMENT
13A7  CF                      IRET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
13A8  FA            T2:       CLI                      ; NO TIMER INTERRUPTS WHILE READING
13A9  A0 0070 R               MOV     AL,TIMER_OFL
13AC  C6 06 0070 R 00         MOV     TIMER_OFL,0      ; GET OVERFLOW, AND RESET THE FLAG
13B1  8B 0E 006E R            MOV     CX,TIMER_HIGH
13B5  8B 16 006C R            MOV     DX,TIMER_LOW
13B9  EB EA                   JMP     T1               ; TOD_RETURN
13BB  FA            T3:       CLI                      ; NO INTERRUPTS WHILE WRITING
13BC  89 16 006C R            MOV     TIMER_LOW,DX
13C0  89 0E 006E R            MOV     TIMER_HIGH,CX    ; SET THE TIME
13C4  C6 06 0070 R 00         MOV     TIMER_OFL,0      ; RESET OVERFLOW
13C9  EB DA                   JMP     T1               ; TOD_RETURN
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13CB  51              T4A:      PUSH    CX              ;
13CC  B1 05                     MOV     CL,5            ;
13CE  D2 E0                     SAL     AL,CL           ; SHIFT PARM BITS LEFT 5 POSITIONS
13D0  86 C4                     XCHG    AL,AH           ; SAVE PARM
13D2  E4 61                     IN      AL,PORT_B       ; GET CURRENT PORT SETTINGS
13D4  24 9F                     AND     AL,10011111B    ; ISOLATE MUX BITS
13D6  0A C4                     OR      AL,AH           ; COMBINE PORT BITS/PARM BITS
13D8  E6 61                     OUT     PORT_B,AL       ; SET PORT TO NEW VALUE
13DA  59                        POP     CX              ;
13DB  EB C8                     JMP     T1              ; TOD_RETURN
13DD              TIME_OF_DAY   ENDP
                  ;---- INT 16 ------------------------------------------------------
                  ; KEYBOARD I/O
                  ;         THESE ROUTINES PROVIDE KEYBOARD SUPPORT
                  ; INPUT
                  ;         (AH)=0   READ THE NEXT ASCII CHARACTER STRUCK FROM THE
                  ;                  KEYBOARD, RETURN THE RESULT IN (AL), SCAN CODE IN
                  ;                  (AH)
                  ;         (AH)=1   SET THE Z FLAG TO INDICATE IF AN ASCII CHARACTER IS
                  ;                  AVAILABLE TO BE READ.
                  ;                  (ZF)=1 -- NO CODE AVAILABLE
                  ;                  (ZF)=0 -- CODE IS AVAILABLE
                  ;                  IF ZF = 0, THE NEXT CHARACTER IN THE BUFFER TO BE
                  ;                  READ IS IN AX, AND THE ENTRY REMAINS IN THE BUFFER
                  ;         (AH)=2   RETURN THE CURRENT SHIFT STATUS IN AL REGISTER
                  ;                  THE BIT SETTINGS FOR THIS CODE ARE INDICATED IN THE
                  ;                  THE EQUATES FOR KB_FLAG
                  ;         (AH)=3   SET TYPAMATIC RATES.   THE TYPAMATIC RATE CAN BE
                  ;                  CHANGED USING THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS:
                  ;                  (AL)=0      RETURN TO DEFAULT.   RESTORES ORIGINAL
                  ;                              STATE. I.E. TYPAMATIC ON, NORMAL INITIAL
                  ;                              DELAY, AND NORMAL TYPAMATIC RATE.
                  ;                  (AL)=1      INCREASE INITIAL DELAY.   THIS IS THE
                  ;                              DELAY BETWEEN THE FIRST CHARACTER AND
                  ;                              THE BURST OF TYPAMATIC CHARS.
                  ;                  (AL)=2      HALF_RATE.   SLOWS TYPAMATIC CHARACTERS
                  ;                              BY ONE HALF.
                  ;                  (AL)=3      COMBINES AL=1 AND AL=2.   INCREASES
                  ;                              INITIAL DELAY AND SLOWS TYPAMATIC
                  ;                              CHARACTERS BY ONE HALF.
                  ;                  (AL)=4      TURN OFF TYPAMATIC CHARACTERS.   ONLY THE
                  ;                              FIRST CHARACTER IS HONORED.   ALL OTHERS
                  ;                              ARE IGNORED.
                  ;                  AL IS RANGE CHECKED.   IF AL<0 OR AL>4 THE STATE
                  ;                  REMAINS THE SAME.
                  ;                  ***NOTE***   EACH TIME THE TYPAMATIC RATES ARE
                  ;                  CHANGED ALL PREVIOUS STATES ARE REMOVED.   I.E. IF
                  ;                  THE KEYBOARD IS IN THE HALF RATE MODE AND YOU WANT
                  ;                  TO ADD AN INCREASE IN TYPAMATIC DELAY, YOU MUST
                  ;                  CALL THIS ROUTINE WITH AH=3 AND AL=3.
                  ;         (AH)=4   ADJUST KEYBOARD BY THE VALUE IN AL AS FOLLOWS:
                  ;                  (AL)=0      TURN OFF KEYBOARD CLICK.
                  ;                  (AL)=1      TURN ON KEYBOARD CLICK.
                  ;                  AL IS RANGE CHECKED.   THE STATE IS UNALTERED IF
                  ;                  AL <> 1,0.
                  ; OUTPUT
                  ;         AS NOTED ABOVE, ONLY AX AND FLAGS CHANGED
                  ;         ALL REGISTERS RETAINED
                  ;-----------------------------------------------------------------
13DD              KEYBOARD_IO   PROC    FAR
                  ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
13DD  FB                        STI                     ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
13DE  1E                        PUSH    DS              ; SAVE CURRENT DS
13DF  53                        PUSH    BX              ; SAVE BX TEMPORARILY
13E0  E8 138B R                 CALL    DDS             ; POINT DS AT BIOS DATA SEGMENT
13E3  0A E4                     OR      AH,AH           ; AH=0
13E5  74 0A                     JZ      K1              ; ASCII_READ
13E7  FE CC                     DEC     AH              ; AH=1
13E9  74 1E                     JZ      K2              ; ASCII_STATUS
13EB  FE CC                     DEC     AH              ; AH=2
13ED  74 2B                     JZ      K3              ; SHIFT_STATUS
13EF  EB 2E                     JMP     SHORT   K3_1
                  ;------ READ THE KEY TO FIGURE OUT WHAT TO DO
13F1              K1:                                   ; ASCII READ
13F1  FB                        STI                     ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON DURING LOOP
13F2  90                        NOP                     ; ALLOW AN INTERRUPT TO OCCUR
13F3  FA                        CLI                     ; INTERRUPTS BACK OFF
13F4  8B 1E 001A R              MOV     BX,BUFFER_HEAD  ; GET POINTER TO HEAD OF BUFFER
13F8  3B 1E 001C R              CMP     BX,BUFFER_TAIL  ; TEST END OF BUFFER
13FC  74 F3                     JZ      K1              ; LOOP UNTIL SOMETHING IN BUFFER
13FE  8B 07                     MOV     AX,[BX]         ; GET SCAN CODE AND ASCII CODE
1400  E8 144F R                 CALL    K4              ; MOVE POINTER TO NEXT POSITION
1403  89 1E 001A R              MOV     BUFFER_HEAD,BX  ; STORE VALUE IN VARIABLE
1407  EB 43                     JMP     SHORT   RET_INT16
                  ;------ ASCII STATUS
1409              K2:           CLI                     ; INTERRUPTS OFF
140A  8B 1E 001A R              MOV     BX,BUFFER_HEAD  ; GET HEAD POINTER
140E  3B 1E 001C R              CMP     BX,BUFFER_TAIL  ; IF EQUAL (Z=1) THEN NOTHING THERE
1412  8B 07                     MOV     AX,[BX]         ;
1414  FB                        STI                     ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
1415  5B                        POP     BX              ; RECOVER REGISTER
1416  1F                        POP     DS              ; RECOVER SEGMENT
1417  CA 0002                   RET     2               ; THROW AWAY FLAGS
                  ;------ SHIFT STATUS
141A  A0 0017 R     K3:         MOV     AL,KB_FLAG      ; GET THE SHIFT STATUS FLAGS
141D  EB 2D                     JMP     SHORT   RET_INT16
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```
                              ;------ ADJUST KEY CLICK
141F  FE CC                   K3_1:    DEC     AH
1421  74 1A                            JZ      K3_3          ; AH=3, ADJUST TYPAMATIC
1423  FE CC                            DEC     AH            ; RANGE CHECK FOR AH=4
1425  75 25                            JNZ     RET_INT16     ; ILLEGAL FUNCTION CALL
1427  0A C0                            OR      AL,AL         ; TURN OFF KEYBOARD CLICK?
1429  75 07                            JNZ     K3_2          ; JUMP FOR RANGE CHECK
142B  80 26 0018 R FB                  AND     KB_FLAG_1,AND_MASK-CLICK_ON ; TURN OFF CLICK
1430  EB 1A                            JMP     SHORT RET_INT16
1432  3C 01                   K3_2:    CMP     AL,1          ; RANGE CHECK
1434  75 16                            JNE     RET_INT16     ; NOT IN RANGE, RETURN
1436  80 0E 0018 R 04                  OR      KB_FLAG_1,CLICK_ON ; TURN ON KEYBOARD CLICK
143B  EB 0F                            JMP     SHORT   RET_INT16
                              ;------ SET TYPAMATIC
143D  3C 04                   K3_3:    CMP     AL,4          ; CHECK FOR CORRECT RANGE
143F  7F 0B                            JG      RET_INT16     ; IF ILLEGAL VALUE IN AL IGNORE
1441  80 26 0088 R F1                  AND     KB_FLAG_2,0F1H ; MASK OFF ANY OLD TYPAMATIC STATES
1446  D0 E0                            SHL     AL,1          ; SHIFT TO PROPER POSITION
1448  08 06 0088 R                     OR      KB_FLAG_2,AL
144C                          RET_INT16:
144C  5B                               POP     BX            ; RECOVER REGISTER
144D  1F                               POP     DS            ; RECOVER REGISTER
144E  CF                               IRET                  ; RETURN TO CALLER
144F                          KEYBOARD_IO   ENDP
                              ;------ INCREMENT A BUFFER POINTER
144F                          K4       PROC    NEAR
144F  43                               INC     BX            ; MOVE TO NEXT WORD IN LIST
1450  43                               INC     BX
1451  3B 1E 0082 R                     CMP     BX,BUFFER_END   ; AT END OF BUFFER?
1455  75 04                            JNE     K5              ; NO, CONTINUE
1457  8B 1E 0080 R                     MOV     BX,BUFFER_START ; YES, RESET TO BUFFER BEGINNING
145B  C3                      K5:      RET
145C                          K4       ENDP
                              ;------ TABLE OF SHIFT KEYS AND MASK VALUES
145C                          K6       LABEL   BYTE
145C  52                               DB      INS_KEY         ; INSERT KEY
145D  3A 45 46 38 1D                   DB      CAPS_KEY,NUM_KEY,SCROLL_KEY,ALT_KEY,CTL_KEY
1462  2A 36                            DB      LEFT_KEY,RIGHT_KEY
= 0008                        K6L      EQU     $-K6
                              ;------ SHIFT_MASK_TABLE
1464                          K7       LABEL   BYTE
1464  80                               DB      INS_SHIFT       ; INSERT MODE SHIFT
1465  40 20 10 08 04                   DB      CAPS_SHIFT,NUM_SHIFT,SCROLL_SHIFT,ALT_SHIFT,CTL_SHIFT
146A  02 01                            DB      LEFT_SHIFT,RIGHT_SHIFT
                              ;------ SCAN CODE TABLES
146C  1B FF 00 FF FF FF       K8       DB      27,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,30,-1
      1E FF
1474  FF FF FF 1F FF 7F               DB      -1,-1,-1,31,-1,127,-1,17
      FF 11
147C  17 05 12 14 19 15               DB      23,5,18,20,25,21,9,15
      09 0F
1484  10 1B 1D 0A FF 01               DB      16,27,29,10,-1,1,19
      13
148B  04 06 07 08 0A 0B               DB      4,6,7,8,10,11,12,-1,-1
      0C FF FF
1494  FF FF 1C 1A 18 03               DB      -1,-1,28,26,24,3,22,2
      16 02
149C  0E 0D FF FF FF FF               DB      14,13,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1
      FF FF
14A4  20 FF                           DB      ' ',-1
                              ;-------- CTL TABLE SCAN
14A6                          K9       LABEL   BYTE
14A6  5E 5F 60 61 62 63               DB      94,95,96,97,98,99,100,101
      64 65
14AE  66 67 FF FF 77 FF               DB      102,103,-1,-1,119,-1,132,-1
      84 FF
14B6  73 FF 74 FF 75 FF               DB      115,-1,116,-1,117,-1,118,-1
      76 FF
14BE  FF                              DB      -1
                              ;-------- LC TABLE
14BF                          K10      LABEL   BYTE
14BF  1B 31 32 33 34 35               DB      01BH,'1234567890-=',08H,09H
      36 37 38 39 30 2D
      3D 08 09
14CE  71 77 65 72 74 79               DB      'qwertyuiop[]',0DH,-1,'asdfghjkl;',027H
      75 69 6F 70 5B 5D
      0D FF 61 73 64 66
      67 68 6A 6B 6C 3B
      27
14E7  60 FF 5C 7A 78 63               DB      60H,-1,5CH,'zxcvbnm,./',-1,'*',-1,' '
      76 62 6E 6D 2C 2E
      2F FF 2A FF 20
14F8  FF                              DB      -1
                              ;------ UC TABLE
14F9                          K11      LABEL   BYTE
14F9  1B 21 40 23 24 25               DB      27,'!@#$',37,05EH,'&*()_+',08H,0
      5E 26 2A 28 29 5F
      2B 08 00
1508  51 57 45 52 54 59               DB      'QWERTYUIOP{}',0DH,-1,'ASDFGHJKL:"'
      55 49 4F 50 7B 7D
      0D FF 41 53 44 46
      47 48 4A 4B 4C 3A
      22
1521  7E FF 7C 5A 58 43               DB      07EH,-1,':ZXCVBNM<>?',-1,0,-1,' ',-1
      56 42 4E 4D 3C 3E
      3F FF 00 FF 20 FF
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                              ;------ UC TABLE SCAN
1533                          K12     LABEL   BYTE
1533   54 55 56 57 58 59              DB          84,85,86,87,88,89,90
       5A
153A   5B 5C 5D                       DB          91,92,93
                              ;------ ALT TABLE SCAN
153D                          K13     LABEL   BYTE
153D   68 69 6A 6B 6C                 DB          104,105,106,107,108
1542   6D 6E 6F 70 71                 DB          109,110,111,112,113
                              ;------ NUM STATE TABLE
1547                          K14     LABEL   BYTE
1547   37 38 39 2D 34 35              DB          '789-456+1230.'
       36 2B 31 32 33 30
       2E
                              ;------ BASE CASE TABLE
1554                          K15     LABEL   BYTE
1554   47 48 49 FF 4B FF              DB          71,72,73,-1,75,-1,77
       4D
155B   FF 4F 50 51 52 53              DB          -1,79,80,81,82,83
                              ;------ KEYBOARD INTERRUPT ROUTINE
1561                          KB_INT  PROC    FAR
1561   FB                            STI                       ; ALLOW FURTHER INTERRUPTS
1562   50                            PUSH    AX
1563   53                            PUSH    BX
1564   51                            PUSH    CX
1565   52                            PUSH    DX
1566   56                            PUSH    SI
1567   57                            PUSH    DI
1568   1E                            PUSH    DS
1569   06                            PUSH    ES
156A   FC                            CLD                       ; FORWARD DIRECTION
156B   E8 138B R                     CALL    DDS
156E   8A E0                         MOV     AH,AL             ; SAVE SCAN CODE IN AH
                              ;------ TEST FOR OVERRUN SCAN CODE FROM KEYBOARD
1570   3C FF                         CMP     AL,0FFH           ; IS THIS AN OVERRUN CHAR?
1572   75 1B                         JNZ     K16               ; NO, TEST FOR SHIFT KEY
1574   BB 0080                       MOV     BX,80H            ; DURATION OF ERROR BEEP
1577   B9 0048                       MOV     CX,48H            ; FREQUENCY OF TONE
157A   E8 E035 R                     CALL    KB_NOISE          ; BUFFER FULL BEEP
157D   80 26 0017 R F0               AND     KB_FLAG,0F0H      ; CLEAR ALT,CLRL,LEFT AND RIGHT
                                                               ; SHIFTS
1582   80 26 0018 R 0F               AND     KB_FLAG_1,0FH     ; CLEAR POTENTIAL BREAK OF INS,CAPS
                                                               ; ,NUM AND SCROLL SHIFT
1587   80 26 0088 R 1F               AND     KB_FLAG_2,1FH     ; CLEAR FUNCTION STATES
158C   E9 164A R                     JMP     K26               ; END OF INTERRUPT
                              ;------ TEST FOR SHIFT KEYS
158F                          K16:                             ; TEST_SHIFT
158F   24 7F                         AND     AL,07FH           ; TURN OFF THE BREAK BIT
1591   0E                            PUSH    CS
1592   07                            POP     ES                ; ESTABLISH ADDRESS OF SHIFT TABLE
1593   BF 145C R                     MOV     DI,OFFSET K6      ; SHIFT KEY TABLE
1596   B9 0008                       MOV     CX,K6L            ; LENGTH
1599   F2/ AE                        REPNE   SCASB             ; LOOK THROUGH THE TABLE FOR A
                                                               ; MATCH
159B   8A C4                         MOV     AL,AH             ; RECOVER SCAN CODE
159D   74 03                         JE      K17               ; JUMP IF MATCH FOUND
159F   E9 163A R                     JMP     K25               ; IF NO MATCH, THEN SHIFT NOT FOUND
                              ;------ SHIFT KEY FOUND
15A2   81 EF 145D R           K17:    SUB     DI,OFFSET K6+1    ; ADJUST PTR TO SCAN CODE MATCH
15A6   2E: 8A A5 1464 R               MOV     AH,CS:K7[DI]      ; GET MASK INTO AH
15AB   A8 80                         TEST    AL,80H            ; TEST FOR BREAK KEY
15AD   75 51                         JNZ     K23               ; BREAK_SHIFT_FOUND
                              ;------ SHIFT MAKE FOUND, DETERMINE SET OR TOGGLE
15AF   80 FC 10                      CMP     AH,SCROLL_SHIFT
15B2   73 07                         JAE     K18               ; IF SCROLL SHIFT OR ABOVE, TOGGLE
                                                               ; KEY
                              ;------ PLAIN SHIFT KEY, SET SHIFT ON
15B4   08 26 0017 R                  OR      KB_FLAG,AH        ; TURN ON SHIFT BIT
15B8   E9 164A R                     JMP     K26               ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
                              ;------ TOGGLED SHIFT KEY, TEST FOR 1ST MAKE OR NOT
15BB                          K18:                             ; SHIFT-TOGGLE
15BB   F6 06 0017 R 04               TEST    KB_FLAG,CTL_SHIFT ; CHECK CTL SHIFT STATE
15C0   75 78                         JNZ     K25               ; JUMP IF CTL STATE
15C2   3C 52                         CMP     AL,INS_KEY        ; CHECK FOR INSERT KEY
15C4   75 22                         JNZ     K22               ; JUMP IF NOT INSERT KEY
15C6   F6 06 0017 R 08               TEST    KB_FLAG,ALT_SHIFT ; CHECK FOR ALTERNATE SHIFT
15CB   75 6D                         JNZ     K25               ; JUMP IF ALTERNATE SHIFT
15CD   F6 06 0017 R 20               TEST    KB_FLAG,NUM_STATE ; CHECK FOR BASE STATE
15D2   75 0D                         JNZ     K21               ; JUMP IF NUM LOCK IS ON
15D4   F6 06 0017 R 03               TEST    KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT+ RIGHT_SHIFT ;
15D9   74 0D                         JZ      K22               ; JUMP IF BASE STATE
15DB                          K20:                             ; NUMERIC ZERO, NOT INSERT KEY
15DB   B8 5230                       MOV     AX, 5230H         ; PUT OUT AN ASCII ZERO
15DE   E9 17EC R                     JMP     K57               ; BUFFER_FILL
15E1                          K21:                             ; MIGHT BE NUMERIC
15E1   F6 06 0017 R 03               TEST    KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT+ RIGHT_SHIFT
15E6   74 F3                         JZ      K20               ; JUMP NUMERIC, NOT INSERT
15E8                          K22:                             ; SHIFT TOGGLE KEY HIT; PROCESS IT
15E8   84 26 0018 R                  TEST    AH,KB_FLAG_1      ; IS KEY ALREADY DEPRESSED
15EC   75 5C                         JNZ     K26               ; JUMP IF KEY ALREADY DEPRESSED
15EE   08 26 0018 R                  OR      KB_FLAG_1,AH      ; INDICATE THAT THE KEY IS
                                                               ; DEPRESSED
15F2   30 26 0017 R                  XOR     KB_FLAG,AH        ; TOGGLE THE SHIFT STATE
15F6   3C 52                         CMP     AL,INS_KEY        ; TEST FOR 1ST MAKE OF INSERT KEY
15F8   75 50                         JNE     K26               ; JUMP IF NOT INSERT KEY
15FA   B8 5200                       MOV     AX,INS_KEY*256    ; SET SCAN CODE INTO AH, 0 INTO AL
15FD   E9 17EC R                     JMP     K57               ; PUT INTO OUTPUT BUFFER
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                                    ;------ BREAK SHIFT FOUND
1600                         K23:                     ; BREAK-SHIFT-FOUND
1600 80 FC 10                       CMP     AH,SCROLL_SHIFT ; IS THIS A TOGGLE KEY
1603 73 1A                          JAE     K24         ; YES, HANDLE BREAK TOGGLE
1605 F6 D4                          NOT     AH          ; INVERT MASK
1607 20 26 0017 R                   AND     KB_FLAG,AH  ; TURN OFF SHIFT BIT
160B 3C B8                          CMP     AL,ALT_KEY+80H ; IS THIS ALTERNATE SHIFT RELEASE
160D 75 3B                          JNE     K26         ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
                                    ;------ ALTERNATE SHIFT KEY RELEASED, GET THE VALUE INTO BUFFER
160F A0 0019 R                      MOV     AL,ALT_INPUT
1612 32 E4                          XOR     AH,AH       ; SCAN CODE OF O
1614 88 26 0019 R                   MOV     ALT_INPUT,AH ; ZERO OUT THE FIELD
1618 0A C0                          OR      AL,AL       ; WAS THE INPUT=0?
161A 74 2E                          JE      K26         ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
161C E9 17F5 R                      JMP     K58         ; IT WASN'T, SO PUT IN BUFFER
161F                         K24:                        ; BREAK-TOGGLE
161F 3C BA                          CMP     AL,CAPS_KEY+BREAK_BIT ; SPECIAL CASE OF TOGGLE KEY
1621 75 0F                          JNE     K24_1       ; JUMP AROUND POTENTIAL UPDATE
1623 F6 06 0018 R 02                TEST    KB_FLAG_1,CLICK_SEQUENCE
1628 74 08                          JZ      K24_1       ; JUMP IF NOT SPECIAL CASE
162A 80 26 0018 R FD                AND     KB_FLAG_1,AND_MASK-CLICK_SEQUENCE ; MASK OFF MAKE
                                                        ; OF CLICK
162F EB 19 90                       JMP     K26         ; INTERRUPT IS OVER
                                    ;------ BREAK OF NORMAL TOGGLE
1632 F6 D4                   K24_1:  NOT     AH          ; INVERT MASK
1634 20 26 0018 R                   AND     KB_FLAG_1,AH ; INDICATE NO LONGER DEPRESSED
1638 EB 10                          JMP     SHORT K26   ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
                                    ;------ TEST FOR HOLD STATE
163A                         K25:                        ; NO-SHIFT-FOUND
163A 3C 80                          CMP     AL,80H      ; TEST FOR BREAK KEY
163C 73 0C                          JAE     K26         ; NOTHING FOR BREAK CHARS FROM HERE
                                                        ; ON
163E F6 06 0018 R 08                TEST    KB_FLAG_1,HOLD_STATE ; ARE WE IN HOLD STATE?
1643 74 0E                          JZ      K28         ; BRANCH AROUND TEST IF NOT
1645 80 26 0018 R F7                AND     KB_FLAG_1,NOT HOLD_STATE ; TURN OFF THE HOLD STATE
                                                        ; BIT
164A                         K26:                        ; INTERRUPT-RETURN
164A 07                              POP     ES
164B 1F                              POP     DS
164C 5F                              POP     DI
164D 5E                              POP     SI
164E 5A                              POP     DX
164F 59                              POP     CX
1650 5B                              POP     BX
1651 58                              POP     AX          ; RESTORE STATE
1652 CF                              IRET                ; RETURN, INTERRUPTS BACK ON WITH
                                                        ; FLAG CHANGE
                                    ;------ NOT IN HOLD STATE, TEST FOR SPECIAL CHARS
1653                         K28:                        ; NO-HOLD-STATE
1653 F6 06 0017 R 08                TEST    KB_FLAG,ALT_SHIFT ; ARE WE IN ALTERNATE SHIFT
1658 75 03                          JNZ     K29         ; JUMP IF ALTERNATE SHIFT
165A E9 1749 R                      JMP     K38         ; JUMP IF NOT ALTERNATE
                                    ;------ TEST FOR ALT+CTRL KEY SEQUENCES
165D                         K29:                        ; TEST-RESET
165D F6 06 0017 R 04                TEST    KB_FLAG,CTL_SHIFT ; ARE WE IN CONTROL SHIFT ALSO
1662 74 69                          JZ      K31         ; NO_RESET
1664 3C 53                          CMP     AL,DEL_KEY  ; SHIFT STATE IS THERE, TEST KEY
1666 75 09                          JNE     K29_1       ; NO_RESET
                                    ;------ CTL-ALT-DEL HAS BEEN FOUND, DO I/O CLEANUP
1668 C7 06 0072 R 1234              MOV     RESET_FLAG,1234H ; SET FLAG FOR RESET FUNCTION
166E E9 0043 R                      JMP     NEAR PTR RESET ; JUMP TO POWER ON DIAGNOSTICS
1671 3C 52                   K29_1:  CMP     AL,INS_KEY  ; CHECK FOR RESET WITH DIAGNOSTICS
1673 75 09                          JNE     K29_2       ; CHECK FOR OTHER
                                                        ; ALT-CTRL-SEQUENCES
                                    ;------ ALT-CTRL-INS HAS BEEN FOUND
1675 C7 06 0072 R 4321              MOV     RESET_FLAG,4321H ; SET FLAG FOR DIAGNOSTICS
167B E9 0043 R                      JMP     NEAR PTR RESET ; LEVEL 1 DIAGNOSTICS
167E 3C 3A                   K29_2:  CMP     AL,CAPS_KEY ; CHECK FOR KEYBORAD CLICK TOGGLE
1680 75 13                          JNE     K29_3       ; CHECK FOR SCREEN ADJUSTMENT
                                    ;------ ALT+CTRL+CAPSLOCK HAS BEEN FOUND
1682 F6 06 0018 R 02                TEST    KB_FLAG_1,CLICK_SEQUENCE
1687 75 C1                          JNZ     K26         ; JUMP IF SEQUENCE HAS ALREADY
                                                        ; OCCURED
1689 80 36 0018 R 04                XOR     KB_FLAG_1,CLICK_ON ; TOGGLE BIT FOR AUDIO KEYSTROKE
                                                        ; FEEDBACK
168E 80 0E 0018 R 02                OR      KB_FLAG_1,CLICK_SEQUENCE ; SET CLICK_SEQUENCE STATE
1693 EB B5                          JMP     SHORT K26   ; INTERRUPT IS OVER
1695 3C 4D                   K29_3:  CMP     AL,RIGHT_ARROW ; ADJUST SCREEN TO THE RIGHT?
1697 75 12                          JNE     K29_4       ; LOOK FOR RIGHT ADJUSTMENT
1699 E8 186E R                      CALL    GET_POS     ; GET THE # OF POSITIONS SCREEN IS
                                                        ; SHIFTED
169C 3C FC                          CMP     AL,O-RANGE  ; IS SCREEN SHIFTED AS FAR AS
                                                        ; POSSIBLE?
169E 7C AA                          JL      K26         ; OUT OF RANGE
16A0 FE 0E 0089 R                   DEC     HORZ_POS    ; SHIFT VALUE TO THE RIGHT
16A4 FE CB                          DEC     AL          ; DECREASE RANGE VALUE
16A6 E8 187A R                      CALL    PUT_POS     ; RESTORE STORAGE LOCATION
16A9 EB 14                          JMP     SHORT K29_5 ; ADJUST
16AB 3C 4B                   K29_4:  CMP     AL,LEFT_ARROW ; ADJUST SREEN TO THE LEFT?
16AD 75 1E                          JNE     K31         ; NOT AN ALT_CTRL SEQUENCE
16AF E8 186E R                      CALL    GET_POS     ; GET NUMBER OF POSITIONS SCREEN IS
                                                        ; SHIFTED
16B2 3C 04                          CMP     AL,RANGE    ; IS SCREEN SHIFTED AS FAR AS
                                                        ; POSSIBLE?
16B4 7F 94                          JG      K26
16B6 FE 06 0089 R                   INC     HORZ_POS    ; SHIFT SCREEN TO THE LEFT
16BA FE C0                          INC     AL          ; INCREASE NUMBER OF POSITIONS
                                                        ; SCREEN IS SHIFTED
16BC E8 187A R                      CALL    PUT_POS     ; PUT POSTION BACK IN STORAGE
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16BF  B0 02                  K29_5:  MOV     AL,2            ; ADJUST
16C1  BA 03D4                        MOV     DX,3D4H         ; ADDRESS TO CRT CONTROLLER
16C4  EE                             OUT     DX,AL
16C5  A0 0089 R                      MOV     AL,HORZ_POS     ; COLUMN POSITION
16C8  42                             INC     DX              ; POINT AT DATA REGISTER
16C9  EE                             OUT     DX,AL           ; MOV POSITION
16CA  E9 164A R                      JMP     K26
                             ;------ IN ALTERNATE SHIFT, RESET NOT FOUND
16CD                         K31:                            ; NO-RESET
16CD  3C 39                          CMP     AL,57           ; TEST FOR SPACE KEY
16CF  75 29                          JNE     K32             ; NOT THERE
16D1  B0 20                          MOV     AL,' '          ; SET SPACE CHAR
16D3  E9 17EC R                      JMP     K57             ; BUFFER_FILL
                             ;----- ALT-INPUT-TABLE
16D6                         K30     LABEL   BYTE
16D6  52 4F 50 51 4B 4C              DB      82,79,80,81,75,76,77
      4D
16DD  47 48 49                       DB      71,72,73        ; 10 NUMBERS ON KEYPAD
                             ;------ SUPER-SHIFT-TABLE
16E0  10 11 12 13 14 15              DB      16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23 ; A-Z TYPEWRITER CHARS
      16 17
16E8  18 19 1E 1F 20 21              DB      24,25,30,31,32,33,34,35
      22 23
16F0  24 25 26 2C 2D 2E              DB      36,37,38,44,45,46,47,48
      2F 30
16F8  31 32                          DB      49,50
                             ;------ LOOK FOR KEY PAD ENTRY
16FA                         K32:                            ; ALT-KEY-PAD
16FA  BF 16D6 R                      MOV     DI,OFFSET K30   ; ALT-INPUT-TABLE
16FD  B9 000A                        MOV     CX,10           ; LOOK FOR ENTRY USING KEYPAD
1700  F2/ AE                         REPNE   SCASB           ; LOOK FOR MATCH
1702  75 13                          JNE     K33             ; NO_ALT_KEYPAD
1704  81 EF 16D7 R                   SUB     DI,OFFSET K30+1 ; DI NOW HAS ENTRY VALUE
1708  A0 0019 R                      MOV     AL,ALT_INPUT    ; GET THE CURRENT BYTE
170B  B4 0A                          MOV     AH,10           ; MULTIPLY BY 10
170D  F6 E4                          MUL     AH
170F  03 C7                          ADD     AX,DI           ; ADD IN THE LATEST ENTRY
1711  A2 0019 R                      MOV     ALT_INPUT,AL    ; STORE IT AWAY
1714  E9 164A R                      JMP     K26             ; THROW AWAY THAT KEYSTROKE
                             ;------ LOOK FOR SUPERSHIFT ENTRY
1717                         K33:                            ; NO-ALT-KEYPAD
1717  C6 06 0019 R 00                MOV     ALT_INPUT,0     ; ZERO ANY PREVIOUS ENTRY INTO
                                                             ; INPUT
171C  B9 001A                        MOV     CX,26           ; DI,ES ALREADY POINTING
171F  F2/ AE                         REPNE   SCASB           ; LOOK FOR MATCH IN ALPHABET
1721  75 05                          JNE     K34             ; NOT FOUND, FUNCTION KEY OR OTHER
1723  32 C0                          XOR     AL,AL           ; ASCII CODE OF ZERO
1725  E9 17EC R                      JMP     K57             ; PUT IT IN THE BUFFER
                             ;------ LOOK FOR TOP ROW OF ALTERNATE SHIFT
1728                         K34:                            ; ALT-TOP-ROW
1728  3C 02                          CMP     AL,2            ; KEY WITH '1' ON IT
172A  72 0C                          JB      K35             ;   NOT ONE OF INTERESTING KEYS
172C  3C 0E                          CMP     AL,14           ;   IS IT IN THE REGION?
172E  73 08                          JAE     K35             ;   ALT-FUNCTION
1730  80 C4 76                       ADD     AH,118          ; CONVERT PSUEDO SCAN CODE TO
                                                             ; RANGE
1733  32 C0                          XOR     AL,AL           ;   INDICATE AS SUCH
1735  E9 17EC R                      JMP     K57             ;   BUFFER_FILL
                             ;------ TRANSLATE ALTERNATE SHIFT PSEUDO SCAN CODES
1738                         K35:                            ; ALT-FUNCTION
1738  3C 3B                          CMP     AL,59           ; TEST FOR IN TABLE
173A  73 03                          JAE     K37             ; ALT-CONTINUE
173C                         K36:                            ; CLOSE-RETURN
173C  E9 164A R                      JMP     K26             ; IGNORE THE KEY
173F                         K37:                            ; ALT-CONTINUE
173F  3C 47                          CMP     AL,71           ; IN KEYPAD REGION
1741  73 F9                          JAE     K36             ; IF SO, IGNORE
1743  BB 153D R                      MOV     BX,OFFSET K13   ; ALT SHIFT PSEUDO SCAN TABLE
1746  E9 1863 R                      JMP     K63             ; TRANSLATE THAT
                             ;------ NOT IN ALTERNATE SHIFT
1749                         K38:                            ; NOT-ALT-SHIFT
1749  F6 06 0017 R 04                TEST    KB_FLAG,CTL_SHIFT ; ARE WE IN CONTROL SHIFT?
174E  74 34                          JZ      K44             ; NOT-CTL-SHIFT
                             ;------ CONTROL SHIFT, TEST SPECIAL CHARACTERS
                             ;------ TEST FOR BREAK AND PAUSE KEYS
1750  3C 46                          CMP     AL,SCROLL_KEY   ; TEST FOR BREAK
1752  75 19                          JNE     K41             ; NO-BREAK
1754  8B 1E 001A R                   MOV     BX,BUFFER_HEAD  ; GET CURRENT BUFFER HEAD
1758  C6 06 0071 R 80                MOV     BIOS_BREAK,80H  ; TURN ON BIOS_BREAK BIT
175D  CD 1B                          INT     1BH             ; BREAK INTERRUPT VECTOR
175F  2B C0                          SUB     AX,AX           ; PUT OUT DUMMY CHARACTER
1761  89 07                          MOV     [BX],AX         ; PUT DUMMY CHAR AT BUFFER HEAD
1763  E8 144F R                      CALL    K4              ; UPDATE BUFFER POINTER
1766  89 1E 001C R                   MOV     BUFFER_TAIL,BX  ; UPDATE TAIL
176A  E9 164A R                      JMP     K26             ; DONE WITH INTERUPT
176D                         K41:                            ; NO-PAUSE
                             ;------ TEST SPECIAL CASE KEY 55
176D  3C 37                          CMP     AL,55
176F  75 06                          JNE     K42             ; NOT-KEY-55
1771  B8 7200                        MOV     AX,114*256      ; START/STOP PRINTING SWITCH
1774  EB 76 90                       JMP     K57             ; BUFFER_FILL
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                              ;------ SET UP TO TRANSLATE CONTROL SHIFT
1777                          K42:                      ; NOT-KEY-55
1777  BB 146C R                       MOV     BX,OFFSET K8    ; SET UP TO TRANSLATE CTL
177A  3C 3B                           CMP     AL,59           ; IS IT IN TABLE?
177C  72 6A                           JB      K56             ; YES, GO TRANSLATE CHAR
                                                              ; CTL-TABLE-TRANSLATE
177E  BB 14A6 R                       MOV     BX,OFFSET K9    ; CTL TABLE SCAN
1781  E9 1863 R                       JMP     K63             ; TRANSLATE_SCAN
                              ;------ NOT IN CONTROL SHIFT
1784                          K44:                      ; NOT-CTL-SHIFT
1784  3C 47                           CMP     AL,71           ; TEST FOR KEYPAD REGION
1786  73 1F                           JAE     K48             ; HANDLE KEYPAD REGION
1788  F6 06 0017 R 03                 TEST    KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT
178D  74 4E                           JZ      K54             ; TEST FOR SHIFT STATE
                              ;------ UPPER CASE, HANDLE SPECIAL CASES
178F  3C 0F                           CMP     AL,15           ; BACK TAB KEY
1791  75 05                           JNE     K46             ; NOT-BACK-TAB
1793  B8 0F00                         MOV     AX,15*256       ; SET PSEUDO SCAN CODE
1796  EB 54                           JMP     SHORT K57       ; BUFFER_FILL
1798                          K46:                      ; NOT-PRINT-SCREEN
1798  3C 3B                           CMP     AL,59           ; FUNCTION KEYS
179A  72 06                           JB      K47             ; NOT-UPPER-FUNCTION
179C  BB 1533 R                       MOV     BX,OFFSET K12   ; UPPER CASE PSEUDO SCAN CODES
179F  E9 1863 R                       JMP     K63             ; TRANSLATE_SCAN
17A2                          K47:                      ; NOT-UPPER-FUNCTION
17A2  BB 14F9 R                       MOV     BX,OFFSET K11   ; POINT TO UPPER CASE TABLE
17A5  EB 41                           JMP     SHORT K56       ; OK, TRANSLATE THE CHAR
                              ;------ KEYPAD KEYS, MUST TEST NUM LOCK FOR DETERMINATION
17A7                          K48:                      ; KEYPAD-REGION
17A7  F6 06 0017 R 20                 TEST    KB_FLAG,NUM_STATE ; ARE WE IN NUM_LOCK?
17AC  75 21                           JNZ     K52             ; TEST FOR SURE
17AE  F6 06 0017 R 03                 TEST    KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; ARE WE IN SHIFT
                                                              ; STATE
17B3  75 21                           JNZ     K53             ; IF SHIFTED, REALLY NUM STATE
                              ;------ BASE CASE FOR KEYPAD
17B5                          K49:                      ; BASE-CASE
17B5  3C 4A                           CMP     AL,74           ; SPECIAL CASE FOR A COUPLE OF KEYS
17B7  74 0C                           JE      K50             ; MINUS
17B9  3C 4E                           CMP     AL,78
17BB  74 0D                           JE      K51
17BD  2C 47                           SUB     AL,71           ; CONVERT ORIGIN
17BF  BB 1554 R                       MOV     BX,OFFSET K15   ; BASE CASE TABLE
17C2  E9 1865 R                       JMP     K64             ; CONVERT TO PSEUDO SCAN
17C5  B8 4A2D                 K50:    MOV     AX,74*256+'-'   ; MINUS
17C8  EB 22                           JMP     SHORT K57       ; BUFFER_FILL
17CA  B8 4E2B                 K51:    MOV     AX,78*256+'+'   ; PLUS
17CD  EB 1D                           JMP     SHORT K57       ; BUFFER_FILL
                              ;------ MIGHT BE NUM LOCK, TEST SHIFT STATUS
17CF                          K52:                      ; ALMOST-NUM-STATE
17CF  F6 06 0017 R 03                 TEST    KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT
17D4  75 DF                           JNZ     K49             ; SHIFTED TEMP OUT OF NUM STATE
17D6                          K53:                      ; REALLY_NUM_STATE
17D6  2C 46                           SUB     AL,70           ; CONVERT ORIGIN
17D8  BB 1547 R                       MOV     BX,OFFSET K14   ; NUM STATE TABLE
17DB  EB 0B                           JMP     SHORT K56       ; TRANSLATE_CHAR
                              ;------ PLAIN OLD LOWER CASE
17DD                          K54:                      ; NOT-SHIFT
17DD  3C 3B                           CMP     AL,59           ; TEST FOR FUNCTION KEYS
17DF  72 04                           JB      K55             ; NOT-LOWER-FUNCTION
17E1  32 C0                           XOR     AL,AL           ; SCAN CODE IN AH ALREADY
17E3  EB 07                           JMP     SHORT K57       ; BUFFER_FILL
17E5                          K55:                      ; NOT-LOWER-FUNCTION
17E5  BB 14BF R                       MOV     BX,OFFSET K10   ; LC TABLE
                              ;------ TRANSLATE THE CHARACTER
17E8                          K56:                      ; TRANSLATE-CHAR
17E8  FE C8                           DEC     AL              ; CONVERT ORIGIN
17EA  2E: D7                          XLAT    CS:K11          ; CONVERT THE SCAN CODE TO ASCII
                              ;------ PUT CHARACTER INTO BUFFER
17EC                          K57:                      ; BUFFER-FILL
17EC  3C FF                           CMP     AL,-1           ; IS THIS AN IGNORE CHAR?
17EE  74 1F                           JE      K59             ; YES, DO NOTHING WITH IT
17F0  80 FC FF                        CMP     AH,-1           ; LOOK FOR -1 PSEUDO SCAN
17F3  74 1A                           JE      K59             ; NEAR_INTERRUPT_RETURN
                              ;------ HANDLE THE CAPS LOCK PROBLEM
17F5                          K58:                      ; BUFFER-FILL-NOTEST
17F5  F6 06 0017 R 40                 TEST    KB_FLAG,CAPS_STATE ; ARE WE IN CAPS LOCK STATE?
17FA  74 20                           JZ      K61             ; SKIP IF NOT
                              ;------ IN CAPS LOCK STATE
17FC  F6 06 0017 R 03                 TEST    KB_FLAG,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; TEST FOR SHIFT
                                                              ; STATE
1801  74 0F                           JZ      K60             ; IF NOT SHIFT, CONVERT LOWER TO
                                                              ; UPPER
                              ;------ CONVERT ANY UPPER CASE TO LOWER CASE
1803  3C 41                           CMP     AL,'A'          ; FIND OUT IF ALPHABETIC
1805  72 15                           JB      K61             ; NOT_CAPS_STATE
1807  3C 5A                           CMP     AL,'Z'
1809  77 11                           JA      K61             ; NOT_CAPS_STATE
180B  04 20                           ADD     AL,'a'-'A'      ; CONVERT TO LOWER CASE
180D  EB 0D                           JMP     SHORT K61       ; NOT_CAPS_STATE
180F                          K59:                      ; NEAR-INTERRUPT-RETURN
180F  E9 164A R                       JMP     K26             ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
                              ;------ CONVERT ANY LOWER CASE TO UPPER CASE
1812                          K60:                      ; LOWER-TO-UPPER
1812  3C 61                           CMP     AL,'a'          ; FIND OUT IF ALPHABETIC
1814  72 06                           JB      K61             ; NOT_CAPS_STATE
1816  3C 7A                           CMP     AL,'z'
1818  77 02                           JA      K61             ; NOT_CAPS_STATE
181A  2C 20                           SUB     AL,'a'-'A'      ; CONVERT TO UPPER CASE
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181C                             K61:                      ; NOT-CAPS-STATE
181C  8B 1E 001C R                       MOV     BX,BUFFER_TAIL  ; GET THE END POINTER TO THE BUFFER
1820  8B F3                              MOV     SI,BX           ; SAVE THE VALUE
1822  E8 144F R                          CALL    K4              ; ADVANCE THE TAIL
1825  3B 1E 001A R                       CMP     BX,BUFFER_HEAD  ; HAS THE BUFFER WRAPPED AROUND?
1829  75 1D                              JNE     K61_1           ; BUFFER_FULL_BEEP
182B  53                                 PUSH    BX              ; SAVE BUFFER_TAIL
182C  BB 0080                            MOV     BX,080H         ; DURATION OF ERROR BEEP
182F  B9 0048                            MOV     CX,48H          ; FREQUENCY OF ERROR BEEP HALF TONE
1832  E8 E035 R                          CALL    KB_NOISE        ; OUTPUT NOISE
1835  80 26 0017 R F0                    AND     KB_FLAG,0F0H    ; CLEAR ALT,CLRL,LEFT AND RIGHT
                                                                 ;   SHIFTS
183A  80 26 0018 R 0F                    AND     KB_FLAG_1,0FH   ; CLEAR POTENTIAL BREAK OF INS,CAPS
                                                                 ;   ,NUM AND SCROLL SHIFT
183F  80 26 0088 R 1F                    AND     KB_FLAG_2,1FH   ; CLEAR FUNCTION STATES
1844  5B                                 POP     BX              ; RETRIEVE BUFFER TAIL
1845  E9 164A R                          JMP     K26             ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
1848  F6 06 0018 R 04            K61_1:  TEST    KB_FLAG_1,CLICK_ON ; IS AUDIO FEEDBACK ENABLED?
184D  74 0B                              JZ      K61_2           ; NO, JUST PUT IN BUFFER
184F  53                                 PUSH    BX              ; SAVE BUFFER_TAIL VALUE
1850  BB 0001                            MOV     BX,1H           ; DURATION OF CLICK
1853  B9 0010                            MOV     CX,10H          ; FREQUENCY OF CLICK
1856  E8 E035 R                          CALL    KB_NOISE        ; OUTPUT AUDIO FEEDBACK OF KEY
                                                                 ;   STROKE
1859  5B                                 POP     BX              ; RETRIEVE BUFFER_TAIL VALUE
185A  89 04                     K61_2:   MOV     [SI],AX         ; STORE THE VALUE
185C  89 1E 001C R                       MOV     BUFFER_TAIL,BX  ; MOVE THE POINTER UP
1860  E9 164A R                          JMP     K26             ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
                                 ;------ TRANSLATE SCAN FOR PSEUDO SCAN CODES
1863                             K63:                      ; TRANSLATE-SCAN
1863  2C 3B                              SUB     AL,59           ; CONVERT ORIGIN TO FUNCTION KEYS
1865                             K64:                      ; TRANSLATE-SCAN-ORGD
1865  2E: D7                             XLAT    CS:K9           ; CTL TABLE SCAN
1867  8A E0                              MOV     AH,AL           ; PUT VALUE INTO AH
1869  32 C0                              XOR     AL,AL           ; ZERO ASCII CODE
186B  E9 17EC R                          JMP     K57             ; PUT IT INTO THE BUFFER
186E                             KB_INT  ENDP
                                 ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                                 ;GET_POS
                                 ;       THIS ROUTINE WILL SHIFT THE VALUE STORED IN THE HIGH NIBBLE
                                 ;       OF THE VARIABLE VAR_DELAY TO THE LOW NIBBLE.
                                 ;INPUT
                                 ;       NONE.   IT IS ASSUMED THAT DS POINTS AT THE BIOS DATA AREA
                                 ;OUTPUT
                                 ;       AL CONTAINS THE SHIFTED VALUE.
                                 ;------------------------------------------------------------------
186E                             GET_POS PROC    NEAR
186E  51                                 PUSH    CX              ; SAVE SHIFT REGISTER
186F  A0 0086 R                          MOV     AL,BYTE PTR VAR_DELAY ; GET STORAGE LOCATION
1872  24 F0                              AND     AL,0F0H         ; MASK OFF LOW NIBBLE
1874  B1 04                              MOV     CL,4            ; SHIFT OF FOUR BIT POSITIONS
1876  D2 F8                              SAR     AL,CL           ; SHIFT THE VALUE SIGN EXTENDED
1878  59                                 POP     CX              ; RESTORE THE VALUE
1879  C3                                 RET
187A                             GET_POS ENDP
                                 ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                                 ;PUT_POS
                                 ;       THIS ROUTINE WILL TAKE THE VALUE IN LOW ORDER NIBBLE IN
                                 ;       AL AND STORE IT IN THE HIGH ORDER OF VAR_DELAY
                                 ;INPUT
                                 ;       AL CONTAINS THE VALUE FOR STORAGE
                                 ;OUTPUT
                                 ;       NONE.
                                 ;------------------------------------------------------------------
187A                             PUT_POS PROC    NEAR
187A  51                                 PUSH    CX              ; SAVE REGISTER
187B  B1 04                              MOV     CL,4            ; SHIFT COUNT
187D  D2 E0                              SHL     AL,CL           ; PUT IN HIGH ORDER NIBBLE
187F  8A 0E 0086 R                       MOV     CL,BYTE PTR VAR_DELAY ; GET DATA BYTE
1883  80 E1 0F                           AND     CL,0FH          ; CLEAR OLD VALUE IN HIGH NIBBLE
1886  0A C1                              OR      AL,CL           ; COMBINE HIGH AND LOW NIBBLES
1888  A2 0086 R                          MOV     BYTE PTR VAR_DELAY,AL ; PUT IN POSITION
188B  59                                 POP     CX              ; RESTORE REGISTER
188C  C3                                 RET
188D                             PUT_POS ENDP
                                 ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                                 ; MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY SIGNAL ROUTINE - INVOKED THROUGH THE TIMER
                                 ; TICK ROUTINE DURING MANUFACTRUING ACTIVITIES . (ACCESSED THROUGH
                                 ; INT 1CH)
                                 ;------------------------------------------------------------------
188D                             MFG_TICK        PROC    FAR
188D  50                                 PUSH    AX
188E  2B C0                              SUB     AX,AX           ; SEND A 00 TO PORT 13 AS A
                                                                 ; ACTIVITY SIGNAL
1890  E6 13                              OUT     13H,AL
1892  E4 61                              IN      AL,PORT_B       ; FLIP SPEAKER DATA TO OPPOSITE
                                                                 ; SENSE
1894  8A E0                              MOV     AH,AL           ; SAVE ORIG SETTING
1896  80 E4 9D                           AND     AH,10011101B    ; MAKE SURE MUX IS -> RIGHT AND
                                                                 ; ISOLATE SPEAKER BIT
1899  F6 D0                              NOT     AL              ; FLIP ALL BITS
189B  24 02                              AND     AL,00000010B    ; ISOLATE SPEAKER DATA BIT (NOW IN
                                                                 ; OPPOSITE SENSE)
189D  0A C4                              OR      AL,AH           ; COMBINE WITH ORIG. DATA FROM
                                                                 ; PORT B
189F  0C 10                              OR      AL,00010000B    ; AND DISABLE INTERNAL SPEAKER
18A1  E6 61                              OUT     PORT_B,AL
18A3  B0 20                              MOV     AL,20H          ; EOI TO INTR. CHIP
18A5  E6 20                              OUT     20H,AL
18A7  58                                 POP     AX
18A8  CF                                 IRET
18A9                             MFG_TICK        ENDP
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                                ;-----------------------------------------------------------------
                                ;       CONVERT AND PRINT ASCII CODE
                                ;
                                ;       AL MUST CONTAIN NUMBER TO BE CONVERTED.
                                ;       AX AND BX DESTROYED.
                                ;-----------------------------------------------------------------
18A9                            XPC_BYTE        PROC    NEAR
18A9   50                               PUSH    AX              ; SAVE FOR LOW NIBBLE DISPLAY
18AA   B1 04                            MOV     CL,4            ; SHIFT COUNT
18AC   D2 E8                            SHR     AL,CL           ; NIBBLE SWAP
18AE   E8 18B4 R                        CALL    XLAT_PR         ; DO THE HIGH NIBBLE DISPLAY
18B1   58                               POP     AX              ; RECOVER THE NIBBLE
18B2   24 0F                            AND     AL,0FH          ; ISOLATE TO LOW NIBBLE
                                                                ; FALL INTO LOW NIBBLE CONVERSION
18B4                            XLAT_PR PROC    NEAR            ; CONVERT 00-0F TO ASCII CHARACTER
18B4   04 90                            ADD     AL,090H         ; ADD FIRST CONVERSION FACTOR
18B6   27                               DAA                     ; ADJUST FOR NUMERIC AND ALPHA
                                                                ; RANGE
18B7   14 40                            ADC     AL,040H         ; ADD CONVERSION AND ADJUST LOW
                                                                ; NIBBLE
18B9   27                               DAA                     ; ADJUST HIGH NIBBLE TO ASCII RANGE
18BA                            PRT_HEX PROC    NEAR
18BA   53                               PUSH    BX
18BB   B4 0E                            MOV     AH,14           ; DISPLAY CHARACTER IN AL
18BD   B7 00                            MOV     BH,0
18BF   CD 10                            INT     10H             ; CALL VIDEO_IO
18C1   5B                               POP     BX
18C2   C3                               RET
18C3                            PRT_HEX ENDP
18C3                            XLAT_PR ENDP
18C3                            XPC_BYTE        ENDP
                                ;CONTROL IS PASSED HERE WHEN THERE ARE NO PARALLEL PRINTERS
                                ;ATTACHED. CX HAS EQUIPMENT FLAG,DS POINTS AT DATA (40H)
                                ;DETERMINE WHICH RS232 CARD (0,1) TO USE
18C3                            REPRINT PROC NEAR
18C3   2B D2                    B1_A:   SUB     DX,DX           ;ASSUME TO USE CARD 0
18C5   F6 C5 04                         TEST    CH,00000100B    ;UNLESS THERE ARE TWO CARDS
18C8   74 01                            JE      B10_1           ;IN WHICH CASE,
18CA   42                               INC     DX              ;USE CARD 1
                                ;DETERMINE WHICH FUNCTION IS BEING CALLED
18CB   0A E4                    B10_1:  OR      AH,AH           ;TEST FOR AH = 0
18CD   74 41                            JZ      B12             ;GO PRINT CHAR
18CF   FE CC                            DEC     AH              ;TEST FOR AH = 1
18D1   74 1D                            JZ      B11             ;GO DO INIT
18D3   FE CC                            DEC     AH              ;TEST FOR AH = 2
18D5   75 16                            JNZ     SHORT B10_3     ;IF NOT VALID, RETURN
                                                                ;ELSE...
                                ;GET STATUS FROM RS232 PORT
18D7   50                               PUSH    AX              ;SAVE AL
18D8   B4 03                            MOV     AH,03H          ;USE THE GET COMMO PORT
18DA   CD 14                            INT     014H            ;STATUS FUNCTION OF INT14
18DC   E8 1925 R                        CALL    FAKE            ;FAKE WILL MAP ERROR BITS FROM
                                                                ;RS232 TO CORRESPONDING ONES
                                                                ;FOR THE PRINTER
18DF   58                               POP     AX              ;RESTORE AL
18E0   0A F6                            OR      DH,DH           ;CHECK IF ANY FLAGS WERE SET
18E2   74 07                            JZ      B10_2
18E4   8A E6                            MOV     AH,DH           ;MOVE FAKED ERROR CONDITION TO AH
18E6   80 E4 FE                         AND     AH,0FEH
18E9   EB 02                            JMP     SHORT B10_3     ;THEN RETURN
18EB   B4 90                    B10_2:  MOV     AH,090H         ;MOVE IN STATUS FOR 'CORRECT'
                                                                ; RETURN
18ED   E9 F00D R                B10_3:  JMP     B1
                                ;INIT COMMO PORT    --- DX HAS WHICH CARD TO INIT.
                                ;MOVE TIME OUT VALUE FROM PRINTER TO RS232 TIME OUT VALUE
18F0   8B F2                    B11:    MOV     SI,DX           ;SI GETS OFFSET INTO THE TABLE
18F2   A0 0078 R                        MOV     AL,PRINT_TIM_OUT
18F5   04 0A                            ADD     AL,0AH          ; INCREASE DELAY
18F7   88 84 007C R                     MOV     RS232_TIM_OUT[SI],AL
18FB   50                               PUSH    AX              ;SAVE AL
18FC   B0 87                            MOV     AL,087H         ;SET INIT FOR: 1200 BAUD
                                                                ;              8 BIT WRD LNG
                                                                ;              NO PARITY
                                                                ;              2 STOP BITS
18FE   2A E4                            SUB     AH,AH           ;AH=0 IS COMMO INIT FUNCTION
1900   CD 14                            INT     014H            ;DO INIT
1902   E8 1925 R                        CALL    FAKE            ;FAKE WILL MAP ERROR BITS FROM
                                                                ;RS232 TO CORRESPONDING ONES
                                                                ;FOR THE PRINTER
1905   58                               POP     AX              ;RESTORE AL
1906   8A E6                            MOV     AH,DH           ;IF DH IS RETURNED ZERO, MEANING
1908   0A E4                            OR      AH,AH           ;NO ERRORS RETURN IT FOR THAT'S THE
                                                                ; 'CORRECT' RETURN FROM AN ERROR
                                                                ; FREE INIT
190A   74 E1                            JE      B10_3
190C   B4 A8                            MOV     AH,0A8H
190E   EB DD                            JMP     SHORT B10_3     ;THEN RETURN
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                          ;PRINT CHAR TO SERIAL PORT
                          ;DX = RS232 CARD TO BE USED: AL HAS CHAR TO BE PRINTED
1910  50                  B12:    PUSH    AX              ;SAVE AL
1911  B4 01                       MOV     AH,01           ;1 IS SEND A CHAR DOWN COMMO LINE
1913  CD 14                       INT     014H            ;SEND THE CHAR
1915  E8 1925 R                   CALL    FAKE            ;FAKE WILL MAP ERROR BITS FROM
                                                          ;RS232 TO CORRESPONDING ONES
                                                          ;FOR THE PRINTER
1918  58                          POP     AX              ;RESTORE AL
1919  0A F6                       OR      DH,DH           ;SEE IF NO ERRORS WERE RETURNED
191B  74 04                       JZ      B12_1
191D  8A E6                       MOV     AH,DH           ;IF THERE WERE ERRORS, RETURN THEM
191F  EB CC                       JMP     SHORT B10_3     ;AND RETURN
1921  B4 10             B12_1:    MOV     AH,010H         ;PUT 'CORRECT' RETURN STATUS IN AH
1923  EB C8                       JMP     SHORT B10_3     ;AND RETURN
1925                      REPRINT ENDP
                          ;THIS PROC MAPS THE ERRORS RETURNED FROM A BIOS INT14 CALL
                          ;TO THOSE 'LIKE THAT' OF AN INT17 CALL
                          ;BREAK,FRAMING,PARITY,OVERRUN ERRORS ARE LOGGED AS I/O
                          ;ERRORS AND A TIME OUT IS MOVED TO THE APPROPIATE BIT
1925                      FAKE    PROC NEAR
1925  32 F6                       XOR     DH,DH           ;CLEAR FAKED STATUS FLAGS
1927  F6 C4 1E                    TEST    AH,011110B      ;CHECK FOR BREAK,FRAMING,PARITY
                                                          ;OVERRUN
192A  74 03                       JZ      B13_1           ;ERRORS. IF NOT THEN CHECK FOR
                                                          ; TIME OUT.
192C  B6 08                       MOV     DH,01000B       ;SET BIT 3 TO INDICATE 'I/O ERROR'
192E  C3                          RET                     ;AND RETURN
192F  F6 C4 80          B13_1:    TEST    AH,080H         ;TEST FOR TIME OUT ERROR RETURNED
1932  74 02                       JZ      B13_2           ;IF NOT TIME OUT, RETURN
1934  B6 09                       MOV     DH,09H          ;IF TIME OUT
1936  C3                B13_2:    RET
1937                      FAKE    ENDP
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                          ;NEW_INT9
                          ;           THIS ROUTINE IS THE INTERRUPT 9 HANDLER WHEN THE MACHINE IS
                          ;           FIRST POWERED ON AND CASSETTE BASIC IS GIVEN CONTROL. IT
                          ;           HANDLES THE FIRST KEYSTROKES ENTERED FROM THE KEYBOARD AND
                          ;           PERFORMS "SPECIAL" ACTIONS AS FOLLOWS:
                          ;                   IF ESC IS THE FIRST KEY ENETERED MINI-WELCOME IS
                          ;                       EXECUTED
                          ;                   IF CTRL-ESC IS THE FIRST SEQUENCE "LOAD CAS1:,R" IS
                          ;                       EXECUTED GIVING THE USER THE ABILITY TO BOOT
                          ;                       FROM CASSETTE
                          ;           AFTER THESE KEYSTROKES OR AFTER ANY OTHER KEYSTROKES THE
                          ;           INTERRUPT 9 VECTOR IS CHANGED TO POINT AT THE REAL
                          ;           INTERRUPT 9 ROUTINE.
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
1937                      NEW_INT_9  PROC FAR
1937  3C 01                       CMP     AL,1            ; IS THIS AN ESCAPE KEY?
1939  74 10                       JE      ESC_KEY         ; JUMP IF AL=ESCAPE KEY
193B  3C 1D                       CMP     AL,29           ; ELSE, IS THIS A CONTROL KEY?
193D  74 06                       JE      CTRL_KEY        ; JUMP IF AL=CONTROL KEY
193F  E8 E01B R                   CALL    REAL_VECTOR_SETUP ; OTHERWISE, INITIALIZE REAL
                                                          ; INT 9 VECTOR
1942  CD 09                       INT     9H              ; PASS THE SCAN CODE IN AL
1944  CF                          IRET                    ; RETURN TO INTERRUPT 48H
1945                      CTRL_KEY:
1945  80 0E 0017 R 04             OR      KB_FLAG,04H     ; TURN ON CTRL SHIFT IN KB_FLAG
194A  CF                          IRET                    ; RETURN TO INTERRUPT
194B                      ESC_KEY:
194B  F6 06 0017 R 04             TEST    KB_FLAG,04H     ; HAS CONTROL SHIFT OCCURED?
1950  74 29                       JE      ESC_ONLY        ; NO.  ESCAPE ONLY
                          ;CONTROL ESCAPE HAS OCCURED, PUT MESSAGE IN BUFFER FOR CASSETTE
                          ; LOAD
1952  C6 06 0017 R 00             MOV     KB_FLAG,0       ; ZERO OUT CONTROL STATE
1957  1E                          PUSH    DS
1958  07                          POP     ES              ; INITIALIZE ES FOR BIOS DATA
1959  1E                          PUSH    DS              ; SAVE OLD DS
195A  0E                          PUSH    CS              ; POINT DS AT CODE SEGMENT
195B  1F                          POP     DS
195C  BE 1983 R                   MOV     SI,OFFSET CAS_LOAD ; GET MESSAGE
195F  BF 001E R                   MOV     DI,OFFSET KB_BUFFER ; POINT AT KEYBOARD BUFFER
1962  B9 000F 90                  MOV     CX,CAS_LENGTH   ; LENGTH OF CASSETTE MESSAGE
1966  AC                T_LOOP: LODSB                     ; GET ASCII CHARACTER FROM MESSAGE
1967  AB                          STOSW                   ; PUT IN KEYBOARD BUFFER
1968  E2 FC                       LOOP    T_LOOP
196A  1F                          POP     DS              ; RETRIEVE BIOS DATA SEGMENT
                          ;------ INITIALIZE QUEUE SO MESSAGE WILL BE REMOVED FROM BUFFER
196B  C7 06 001A R 001E R         MOV     BUFFER_HEAD,OFFSET KB_BUFFER
1971  C7 06 001C R 003C R         MOV     BUFFER_TAIL,OFFSET KB_BUFFER+(CAS_LENGTH*2)
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                          ;***NOTE***
                          ;           IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE LENGTH OF THE CASSETTE MESSAGE IS
                          ;           LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO THE LENGTH OF THE BUFFER.  IF THIS IS
                          ;           NOT THE CASE THE BUFFER WILL EVENTUALLY CONSUME MEMORY.
                          ;----------------------------------------------------------------
1977  E8 E01B R                   CALL    REAL_VECTOR_SETUP
197A  CF                          IRET
197B                      ESC_ONLY:
197B  E8 E01B R                   CALL    REAL_VECTOR_SETUP
197E  B9 2000                     MOV     CX,MINI
1981  FF E1                       JMP     CX              ; ENTER THE WORLD OF KEYBOARD CAPER
                          ;------ MESSAGE FOR OUTPUT WHEN CONTROL-ESCAPE IS ENTERED AS FIRST
                          ;           KEY SEQUENCE
1983                      CAS_LOAD        LABEL   BYTE
1983  4C 4F 41 44 20 22          DB 'LOAD "CAS1:",R'
      43 41 53 31 3A 22
      2C 52
1991  0D                          DB 13
= 000F                    CAS_LENGTH EQU $ - CAS_LOAD
1992                      NEW_INT_9   ENDP
```

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                    ;--------------------------------------------------
                    ; WRITE_TTY
                    ; THIS INTERFACE PROVIDES A TELETYPE LIKE INTERFACE TO THE
                    ;    VIDEO CARD.  THE INPUT CHARACTER IS WRITTEN TO THE CURRENT
                    ;    CURSOR POSITION, AND THE CURSOR IS MOVED TO THE NEXT POSITION.
                    ;    IF THE CURSOR LEAVES THE LAST COLUMN OF THE FIELD, THE COLUMN
                    ;    IS SET TO ZERO, AND THE ROW VALUE IS INCREMENTED.  IF THE ROW
                    ;    ROW VALUE LEAVES THE FIELD, THE CURSOR IS PLACED ON THE LAST
                    ;    ROW, FIRST COLUMN, AND THE ENTIRE SCREEN IS SCROLLED UP ONE
                    ;    LINE. WHEN THE SCREEN IS SCROLLED UP, THE ATTRIBUTE FOR FILLING
                    ;    THE NEWLY BLANKED LINE IS READ FROM THE CURSOR POSITION ON THE
                    ;    PREVIOUS LINE BEFORE THE SCROLL, IN CHARACTER MODE.  IN
                    ;    GRAPHICS MODE, THE O COLOR IS USED.
                    ; ENTRY --
                    ;    (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
                    ;    (AL) = CHARACTER TO BE WRITTEN
                    ;          NOTE THAT BACK SPACE, CAR RET, BELL AND LINE FEED ARE
                    ;          HANDLED AS COMMANDS RATHER THAN AS DISPLAYABLE GRAPHICS
                    ;    (BL) = FOREGROUND COLOR FOR CHAR WRITE IF CURRENTLY IN A
                    ;          GRAPHICS MODE
                    ; EXIT --
                    ;    ALL REGISTERS SAVED
                    ;--------------------------------------------------
                             ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
1992                WRITE_TTY        PROC    NEAR
1992  50                     PUSH    AX              ; SAVE REGISTERS
1993  50                     PUSH    AX              ; SAVE CHAR TO WRITE
1994  8A 3E 0062 R           MOV     BH,ACTIVE_PAGE  ; GET CURRENT PAGE SETTING
1998  53                     PUSH    BX              ; SAVE IT
1999  8A DF                  MOV     BL,BH           ; IN BL
199B  32 FF                  XOR     BH,BH
199D  D1 E3                  SAL     BX,1            ; CONVERT TO WORD OFFSET
199F  8B 97 0050 R           MOV     DX,[BX+OFFSET CURSOR_POSN] ; GET CURSOR POSITION
19A3  5B                     POP     BX              ; RECOVER CURRENT PAGE
19A4  58                     POP     AX              ; RECOVER CHAR
                    ;----- DX NOW HAS THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
19A5  3C 08                  CMP     AL,8            ; IS IT A BACKSPACE?
19A7  74 50                  JE      U8              ; BACK_SPACE
19A9  3C 0D                  CMP     AL,0DH          ; IS IT A CARRIAGE RETURN?
19AB  74 54                  JE      U9              ; CAR_RET
19AD  3C 0A                  CMP     AL,0AH          ; IS IT A LINE FEED
19AF  74 15                  JE      U10             ; LINE_FEED
19B1  3C 07                  CMP     AL,07H          ; IS IT A BELL
19B3  74 50                  JE      U11             ; BELL
                    ;----- WRITE THE CHAR TO THE SCREEN
19B5  B4 0A                  MOV     AH,10           ; WRITE CHAR ONLY
19B7  B9 0001                MOV     CX,1            ; ONLY ONE CHAR
19BA  CD 10                  INT     10H             ; WRITE THE CHAR
                    ;----- POSITION THE CURSOR FOR NEXT CHAR
19BC  FE C2                  INC     DL
19BE  3A 16 004A R           CMP     DL,BYTE PTR CRT_COLS ; TEST FOR COLUMN OVERFLOW
19C2  75 31                  JNZ     U7              ; SET_CURSOR
19C4  32 D2                  XOR     DL,DL           ; COLUMN FOR CURSOR
                    ;---- LINE FEED
19C6                U10:
19C6  80 FE 18               CMP     DH,24
19C9  75 28                  JNZ     U6              ; SET_CURSOR_INC
                    ;----- SCROLL REQUIRED
19CB  B4 02                  MOV     AH,2
19CD  CD 10                  INT     10H             ; SET THE CURSOR
                    ;----- DETERMINE VALUE TO FILL WITH DURING SCROLL
19CF  A0 0049 R              MOV     AL,CRT_MODE     ; GET THE CURRENT MODE
19D2  3C 04                  CMP     AL,4
19D4  72 04                  JC      U2              ; READ-CURSOR
19D6  32 FF                  XOR     BH,BH           ; FILL WITH BACKGROUND
19D8  EB 06                  JMP     SHORT U3        ; SCROLL-UP
19DA  B4 08                  MOV     AH,8
19DC  CD 10                  INT     10H             ; READ CHAR/ATTR AT CURRENT CURSOR
19DE  8A FC                  MOV     BH,AH           ; STORE IN BH
19E0  B8 0601                MOV     AX,601H         ; SCROLL ONE LINE
19E3  2B C9                  SUB     CX,CX           ; UPPER LEFT CORNER
19E5  B6 18                  MOV     DH,24           ; LOWER RIGHT ROW
19E7  8A 16 004A R           MOV     DL,BYTE PTR CRT_COLS ; LOWER RIGHT COLUMN
19EB  FE CA                  DEC     DL
19ED  CD 10         U4:      INT     10H             ; SCROLL UP THE SCREEN
19EF  58            U5:      POP     AX              ; RESTORE THE CHARACTER
19F0  E9 0F70 R              JMP     VIDEO_RETURN    ; RETURN TO CALLER
19F3  FE C6         U6:      INC     DH              ; NEXT ROW
19F5  B4 02         U7:      MOV     AH,2
19F7  EB F4                  JMP     U4              ; ESTABLISH THE NEW CURSOR
                    ;----- BACK SPACE FOUND
19F9  0A D2         U8:      OR      DL,DL           ; ALREADY AT END OF LINE
19FB  74 F8                  JE      U7              ; SET_CURSOR
19FD  FE CA                  DEC     DL              ; NO -- JUST MOVE IT BACK
19FF  EB F4                  JMP     U7              ; SET_CURSOR
                    ;----- CARRIAGE RETURN FOUND
1A01  32 D2         U9:      XOR     DL,DL           ; MOVE TO FIRST COLUMN
1A03  EB F0                  JMP     U7              ; SET_CURSOR
                    ;----- BELL FOUND
1A05  B3 02         U11:     MOV     BL,2            ; SET UP COUNT FOR BEEP
1A07  E8 FF31 R              CALL    BEEP            ; SOUND THE POD BELL
1A0A  EB E3                  JMP     U5              ; TTY_RETURN
1A0C                WRITE_TTY        ENDP
```

```
                        ;---------------------------------------------------------------
                        ;        THIS PROCEDURE WILL ISSUE SHORT TONES TO INDICATE FAILURES
                        ;        THAT  1: OCCUR BEFORE THE CRT IS STARTED, 2: TO CALL THE
                        ;        OPERATORS ATTENTION TO AN ERROR AT THE END OF POST, OR
                        ;        3: TO SIGNAL THE SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF POST
                        ; ENTRY PARAMETERS:
                        ;        DL = NUMBER OF APPROX. 1/2 SEC TONES TO SOUND
                        ;---------------------------------------------------------------
1A0C                    ERR_BEEP   PROC  NEAR
1A0C  9C                           PUSHF                ; SAVE FLAGS
1A0D  53                           PUSH  BX
1A0E  FA                           CLI                  ; DISABLE SYSTEM INTERRUPTS
1A0F                    G3:                              ; SHORT_BEEP:
1A0F  B3 01                        MOV   BL,1            ; COUNTER FOR A SHORT BEEP
1A11  E8 FF31 R                    CALL  BEEP            ; DO THE SOUND
1A14  E2 FE             G4:        LOOP  G4              ; DELAY BETWEEN BEEPS
1A16  FE CA                        DEC   DL              ; DONE WITH SHORTS
1A18  75 F5                        JNZ   G3              ; DO SOME MORE
1A1A  E2 FE             G5:        LOOP  G5              ; LONG DELAY BEFORE RETURN
1A1C  E2 FE             G6:        LOOP  G6
1A1E  5B                           POP   BX              ; RESTORE ORIG CONTENTS OF BX
1A1F  9D                           POPF                  ; RESTORE FLAGS TO ORIG SETTINGS
1A20  C3                           RET                   ; RETURN TO CALLER
1A21                    ERR_BEEP          ENDP
                        LIST
                                   ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
E000                               ORG   0E000H
E000  31 35 30 34 30 33            DB    '1504037 COPR. IBM 1981,1983'  ; COPYRIGHT NOTICE
      37 20 43 4F 50 52
      2E 20 49 42 4D 20
      31 39 38 31,2C 31
      39 38 33
                        ;---------------------------------------------------------------
                        ;REAL_VECTOR_SETUP
                        ;
                        ;        THIS ROUTINE WILL INITIALIZE THE INTERRUPT 9 VECTOR TO
                        ;        POINT AT THE REAL INTERRUPT ROUTINE.
                        ;---------------------------------------------------------------
E01B                    REAL_VECTOR_SETUP          PROC     NEAR
E01B  50                           PUSH  AX              ; SAVE THE SCAN CODE
E01C  53                           PUSH  BX
E01D  06                           PUSH  ES
E01E  33 C0                        XOR   AX,AX           ; INITIALIZE TO POINT AT VECTOR
                                                         ; SECTOR(0)
E020  8E C0                        MOV   ES,AX
E022  BB 0024                      MOV   BX,9H*4H        ; POINT AT INTERRUPT 9
E025  26: C7 07 1561 R             MOV   WORD PTR ES:[BX],OFFSET KB_INT ; MOVE IN OFFSET OF
                                                         ; ROUTINE
E02A  43                           INC   BX              ; ADD 2 TO BX
E02B  43                           INC   BX
E02C  0E                           PUSH  CS              ; GET CODE SEGMENT OF BIOS (SEGMENT
                                                         ; RELOCATEABLE)
E02D  58                           POP   AX
E02E  26: 89 07                    MOV   WORD PTR ES:[BX],AX ; MOVE IN SEGMENT OF ROUTINE
E031  07                           POP   ES
E032  5B                           POP   BX
E033  58                           POP   AX
E034  C3                           RET
E035                    REAL_VECTOR_SETUP       ENDP
                        ;---------------------------------------------------------------
                        ;KB_NOISE
                        ;        THIS ROUTINE IS CALLED WHEN GENERAL BEEPS ARE REQUIRED FROM
                        ;        THE SYSTEM.
                        ;INPUT
                        ;        BX=LENGH OF THE TONE
                        ;        CX=CONTAINS THE FREQUENCY
                        ;OUTPUT
                        ;        ALL REGISTERS ARE MAINTAINED.
                        ;HINTS
                        ;        AS CX GETS LARGER THE TONE PRODUCED GETS LOWER IN PITCH.
                        ;
                        ;---------------------------------------------------------------
E035                    KB_NOISE           PROC  NEAR
E035  FB                           STI
E036  50                           PUSH  AX
E037  53                           PUSH  BX
E038  51                           PUSH  CX
E039  E4 61                        IN    AL,061H         ; GET CONTROL INFO
E03B  50                           PUSH  AX              ; SAVE
E03C                    LOOP01:
E03C  24 FC                        AND   AL,0FCH         ; TURN OFF TIMER GATE AND SPEAKER
                                                         ; DATA
E03E  E6 61                        OUT   061H,AL         ; OUTPUT TO CONTROL
E040  51                           PUSH  CX              ; HALF CYCLE TIME FOR TONE
E041  E2 FE             LOOP02:    LOOP  LOOP02          ; SPEAKER OFF
E043  0C 02                        OR    AL,2            ; TURN ON SPEAKER BIT
E045  E6 61                        OUT   061H,AL         ; OUTPUT TO CONTROL
E047  59                           POP   CX              ; RETRIEVE FREQUENCY
E048  51                           PUSH  CX              ; RETRIEVE FREQUENCY
E049  E2 FE             LOOP03:    LOOP  LOOP03          ; ANOTHER HALF CYCLE
E04B  4B                           DEC   BX              ; TOTAL TIME COUNT
E04C  59                           POP   CX              ; RETRIEVE  FREQ.
E04D  75 ED                        JNZ   LOOP01          ; DO ANOTHER CYCLE
E04F  58                           POP   AX              ; RECOVER CONTROL
E050  E6 61                        OUT   061H,AL         ; OUTPUT THE CONTROL
E052  59                           POP   CX
E053  5B                           POP   BX
E054  58                           POP   AX
E055  C3                           RET
E056                    KB_NOISE              ENDP
E05B                               ORG   0E05BH
E05B  E9 0043 R                    JMP   NEAR PTR RESET
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ROM BIOS   A-53

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;---------------------------------------------------------------
;          CHARACTER GENERATOR GRAPHICS FOR 320X200 AND 640X200
;          GRAPHICS FOR CHARACTERS 80H THROUGH FFH
;---------------------------------------------------------------

                        CRT_CHARH         LABEL   BYTE
E05E  78 CC C0 CC 78 18         DB        078H,0CCH,0C0H,0CCH,078H,018H,00CH,078H  ; D_80
      0C 78
E066  00 CC 00 CC CC CC         DB        000H,0CCH,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,07EH,000H  ; D_81
      7E 00
E06E  1C 00 78 CC FC C0         DB        01CH,000H,078H,0CCH,0FCH,0C0H,078H,000H  ; D_82
      78 00
E076  7E C3 3C 06 3E 66         DB        07EH,0C3H,03CH,006H,03EH,066H,03FH,000H  ; D_83
      3F 00
E07E  CC 00 78 0C 7C CC         DB        0CCH,000H,078H,00CH,07CH,0CCH,07EH,000H  ; D_84
      7E 00
E086  E0 00 78 0C 7C CC         DB        0E0H,000H,078H,00CH,07CH,0CCH,07EH,000H  ; D_85
      7E 00
E08E  30 30 78 0C 7C CC         DB        030H,030H,078H,00CH,07CH,0CCH,07EH,000H  ; D_86
      7E 00
E096  00 00 78 C0 C0 78         DB        000H,000H,078H,0C0H,0C0H,078H,00CH,038H  ; D_87
      0C 38
E09E  7E C3 3C 66 7E 60         DB        07EH,0C3H,03CH,066H,07EH,060H,03CH,000H  ; D_88
      3C 00
E0A6  CC 00 78 CC FC C0         DB        0CCH,000H,078H,0CCH,0FCH,0C0H,078H,000H  ; D_89
      78 00
E0AE  E0 00 78 CC FC C0         DB        0E0H,000H,078H,0CCH,0FCH,0C0H,078H,000H  ; D_8A
      78 00
E0B6  CC 00 70 30 30 30         DB        0CCH,000H,070H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H  ; D_8B
      78 00
E0BE  7C C6 38 18 18 18         DB        07CH,0C6H,038H,018H,018H,018H,03CH,000H  ; D_8C
      3C 00
E0C6  E0 00 70 30 30 30         DB        0E0H,000H,070H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H  ; D_8D
      78 00
E0CE  C6 38 6C C6 FE C6         DB        0C6H,038H,06CH,0C6H,0FEH,0C6H,0C6H,000H  ; D_8E
      C6 00
E0D6  30 30 00 78 CC FC         DB        030H,030H,000H,078H,0CCH,0FCH,0CCH,000H  ; D_8F
      CC 00

E0DE  1C 00 FC 60 78 60         DB        01CH,000H,0FCH,060H,078H,060H,0FCH,000H  ; D_90
      FC 00
E0E6  00 00 7F 0C 7F CC         DB        000H,000H,07FH,00CH,07FH,0CCH,07FH,000H  ; D_91
      7F 00
E0EE  3E 6C CC FE CC CC         DB        03EH,06CH,0CCH,0FEH,0CCH,0CCH,0CEH,000H  ; D_92
      CE 00
E0F6  78 CC 00 78 CC CC         DB        078H,0CCH,000H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H  ; D_93
      78 00
E0FE  00 CC 00 78 CC CC         DB        000H,0CCH,000H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H  ; D_94
      78 00
E106  00 E0 00 78 CC CC         DB        000H,0E0H,000H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H  ; D_95
      78 00
E10E  78 CC 00 CC CC CC         DB        078H,0CCH,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,07EH,000H  ; D_96
      7E 00
E116  00 E0 00 CC CC CC         DB        000H,0E0H,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,07EH,000H  ; D_97
      7E 00
E11E  00 CC 00 CC CC 7C         DB        000H,0CCH,000H,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,0F8H  ; D_98
      0C F8
E126  C3 18 3C 66 66 3C         DB        0C3H,018H,03CH,066H,066H,03CH,018H,000H  ; D_99
      18 00
E12E  CC 00 CC CC CC CC         DB        0CCH,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H  ; D_9A
      78 00
E136  18 18 7E C0 C0 7E         DB        018H,018H,07EH,0C0H,0C0H,07EH,018H,018H  ; D_9B
      18 18
E13E  38 6C 64 F0 60 E6         DB        038H,06CH,064H,0F0H,060H,0E6H,0FCH,000H  ; D_9C
      FC 00
E146  CC CC 78 FC 30 FC         DB        0CCH,0CCH,078H,0FCH,030H,0FCH,030H,030H  ; D_9D
      30 30
E14E  F8 CC CC FA C6 CF         DB        0F8H,0CCH,0CCH,0FAH,0C6H,0CFH,0C6H,0C7H  ; D_9E
      C6 C7
E156  0E 1B 18 3C 18 18         DB        00EH,01BH,018H,03CH,018H,018H,0D8H,070H  ; D_9F
      D8 70

E15E  1C 00 78 0C 7C CC         DB        01CH,000H,078H,00CH,07CH,0CCH,07EH,000H  ; D_A0
      7E 00
E166  38 00 70 30 30 30         DB        038H,000H,070H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H  ; D_A1
      78 00
E16E  00 1C 00 78 CC CC         DB        000H,01CH,000H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H  ; D_A2
      78 00
E176  00 1C 00 CC CC CC         DB        000H,01CH,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,07EH,000H  ; D_A3
      7E 00
E17E  00 F8 00 F8 CC CC         DB        000H,0F8H,000H,0F8H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,000H  ; D_A4
      CC 00
E186  FC 00 CC EC FC DC         DB        0FCH,000H,0CCH,0ECH,0FCH,0DCH,0CCH,000H  ; D_A5
      CC 00
E18E  3C 6C 6C 3E 00 7E         DB        03CH,06CH,06CH,03EH,000H,07EH,000H,000H  ; D_A6
      00 00
E196  38 6C 6C 38 00 7C         DB        038H,06CH,06CH,038H,000H,07CH,000H,000H  ; D_A7
      00 00
E19E  30 00 30 60 C0 CC         DB        030H,000H,030H,060H,0C0H,0CCH,078H,000H  ; D_A8
      78 00
E1A6  00 00 00 FC C0 C0         DB        000H,000H,000H,0FCH,0C0H,0C0H,000H,000H  ; D_A9
      00 00
E1AE  00 00 00 FC 0C 0C         DB        000H,000H,000H,0FCH,00CH,00CH,000H,000H  ; D_AA
      00 00
E1B6  C3 C6 CC DE 33 66         DB        0C3H,0C6H,0CCH,0DEH,033H,066H,0CCH,0FH  ; D_AB
      CC 0F
E1BE  C3 C6 CC DB 37 6F         DB        0C3H,0C6H,0CCH,0DBH,037H,06FH,0CFH,003H  ; D_AC
      CF 03
E1C6  18 18 00 18 18 18         DB        018H,018H,000H,018H,018H,018H,018H,000H  ; D_AD
      18 00
E1CE  00 33 66 CC 66 33         DB        000H,033H,066H,0CCH,066H,033H,000H,000H  ; D_AE
      00 00
E1D6  00 CC 66 33 66 CC         DB        000H,0CCH,066H,033H,066H,0CCH,000H,000H  ; D_AF
      00 00
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E1DE	22 88 22 88 22 88 22 88	DB	022H,088H,022H,088H,022H,088H,022H,088H	; D_B0
E1E6	55 AA 55 AA 55 AA 55 AA	DB	055H,0AAH,055H,0AAH,055H,0AAH,055H,0AAH	; D_B1
E1EE	DB 77 DB EE DB 77 DB EE	DB	0DBH,077H,0DBH,0EEH,0DBH,077H,0DBH,0EEH	; D_B2
E1F6	18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	DB	018H,018H,018H,018H,018H,018H,018H,018H	; D_B3
E1FE	18 18 18 18 F8 18 18 18	DB	018H,018H,018H,018H,0F8H,018H,018H,018H	; D_B4
E206	18 18 F8 18 F8 18 18 18	DB	018H,018H,0F8H,018H,0F8H,018H,018H,018H	; D_B5
E20E	36 36 36 36 F6 36 36 36	DB	036H,036H,036H,036H,0F6H,036H,036H,036H	; D_B6
E216	00 00 00 00 FE 36 36 36	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,0FEH,036H,036H,036H	; D_B7
E21E	00 00 F8 18 F8 18 18 18	DB	000H,000H,0F8H,018H,0F8H,018H,018H,018H	; D_B8
E226	36 36 F6 06 F6 36 36 36	DB	036H,036H,0F6H,006H,0F6H,036H,036H,036H	; D_B9
E22E	36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	DB	036H,036H,036H,036H,036H,036H,036H,036H	; D_BA
E236	00 00 FE 06 F6 36 36 36	DB	000H,000H,0FEH,006H,0F6H,036H,036H,036H	; D_BB
E23E	36 36 F6 06 FE 00 00 00	DB	036H,036H,0F6H,006H,0FEH,000H,000H,000H	; D_BC
E246	36 36 36 36 FE 00 00 00	DB	036H,036H,036H,036H,0FEH,000H,000H,000H	; D_BD
E24E	18 18 F8 18 F8 00 00 00	DB	018H,018H,0F8H,018H,0F8H,000H,000H,000H	; D_BE
E256	00 00 00 00 F8 18 18 18	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,0F8H,018H,018H,018H	; D_BF
E25E	18 18 18 18 1F 00 00 00	DB	018H,018H,018H,018H,01FH,000H,000H,000H	; D_C0
E266	18 18 18 18 FF 00 00 00	DB	018H,018H,018H,018H,0FFH,000H,000H,000H	; D_C1
E26E	00 00 00 00 FF 18 18 18	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,0FFH,018H,018H,018H	; D_C2
E276	18 18 18 18 1F 18 18 18	DB	018H,018H,018H,018H,01FH,018H,018H,018H	; D_C3
E27E	00 00 00 00 FF 00 00 00	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,0FFH,000H,000H,000H	; D_C4
E286	18 18 18 18 FF 18 18 18	DB	018H,018H,018H,018H,0FFH,018H,018H,018H	; D_C5
E28E	18 18 1F 18 1F 18 18 18	DB	018H,018H,01FH,018H,01FH,018H,018H,018H	; D_C6
E296	36 36 36 36 37 36 36 36	DB	036H,036H,036H,036H,037H,036H,036H,036H	; D_C7
E29E	36 36 37 30 3F 00 00 00	DB	036H,036H,037H,030H,03FH,000H,000H,000H	; D_C8
E2A6	00 00 3F 30 37 36 36 36	DB	000H,000H,03FH,030H,037H,036H,036H,036H	; D_C9
E2AE	36 36 F7 00 FF 00 00 00	DB	036H,036H,0F7H,000H,0FFH,000H,000H,000H	; D_CA
E2B6	00 00 FF 00 F7 36 36 36	DB	000H,000H,0FFH,000H,0F7H,036H,036H,036H	; D_CB
E2BE	36 36 37 30 37 36 36 36	DB	036H,036H,037H,030H,037H,036H,036H,036H	; D_CC
E2C6	00 00 FF 00 FF 00 00 00	DB	000H,000H,0FFH,000H,0FFH,000H,000H,000H	; D_CD
E2CE	36 36 F7 00 F7 36 36 36	DB	036H,036H,0F7H,000H,0F7H,036H,036H,036H	; D_CE
E2D6	18 18 FF 00 FF 00 00 00	DB	018H,018H,0FFH,000H,0FFH,000H,000H,000H	; D_CF
E2DE	36 36 36 36 FF 00 00 00	DB	036H,036H,036H,036H,0FFH,000H,000H,000H	; D_D0
E2E6	00 00 FF 00 FF 18 18 18	DB	000H,000H,0FFH,000H,0FFH,018H,018H,018H	; D_D1
E2EE	00 00 00 00 FF 36 36 36	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,0FFH,036H,036H,036H	; D_D2
E2F6	36 36 36 36 3F 00 00 00	DB	036H,036H,036H,036H,03FH,000H,000H,000H	; D_D3
E2FE	18 18 1F 18 1F 00 00 00	DB	018H,018H,01FH,018H,01FH,000H,000H,000H	; D_D4
E306	00 00 1F 18 1F 18 18 18	DB	000H,000H,01FH,018H,01FH,018H,018H,018H	; D_D5
E30E	00 00 00 00 3F 36 36 36	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,03FH,036H,036H,036H	; D_D6
E316	36 36 36 36 FF 36 36 36	DB	036H,036H,036H,036H,0FFH,036H,036H,036H	; D_D7
E31E	18 18 FF 18 FF 18 18 18	DB	018H,018H,0FFH,018H,0FFH,018H,018H,018H	; D_D8
E326	18 18 18 18 F8 00 00 00	DB	018H,018H,018H,018H,0F8H,000H,000H,000H	; D_D9
E32E	00 00 00 00 1F 18 18 18	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,01FH,018H,018H,018H	; D_DA
E336	FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF	DB	0FFH,0FFH,0FFH,0FFH,0FFH,0FFH,0FFH,0FFH	; D_DB
E33E	00 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,0FFH,0FFH,0FFH,0FFH	; D_DC
E346	F0 F0 F0 F0 F0 F0 F0 F0	DB	0F0H,0F0H,0F0H,0F0H,0F0H,0F0H,0F0H,0F0H	; D_DD
E34E	0F 0F 0F 0F 0F 0F 0F 0F	DB	00FH,00FH,00FH,00FH,00FH,00FH,00FH,00FH	; D_DE
E356	FF FF FF FF 00 00 00 00	DB	0FFH,0FFH,0FFH,0FFH,000H,000H,000H,000H	; D_DF

ROM BIOS A-55

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E35E  00 00 76 DC C8 DC              DB      000H,000H,076H,0DCH,0C8H,0DCH,076H,000H  ; D_E0
      76 00
E366  00 78 CC F8 CC F8              DB      000H,078H,0CCH,0F8H,0CCH,0F8H,0C0H,0C0H  ; D_E1
      C0 C0
E36E  00 FC CC C0 C0 C0              DB      000H,0FCH,0CCH,0C0H,0C0H,0C0H,0C0H,000H  ; D_E2
      C0 00
E376  00 FE 6C 6C 6C 6C              DB      000H,0FEH,06CH,06CH,06CH,06CH,06CH,000H  ; D_E3
      6C 00
E37E  FC CC 60 30 60 CC              DB      0FCH,0CCH,060H,030H,060H,0CCH,0FCH,000H  ; D_E4
      FC 00
E386  00 00 7E D8 D8 D8              DB      000H,000H,07EH,0D8H,0D8H,0D8H,070H,000H  ; D_E5
      70 00
E38E  00 66 66 66 66 7C              DB      000H,066H,066H,066H,066H,07CH,060H,0C0H  ; D_E6
      60 C0
E396  00 76 DC 18 18 18              DB      000H,076H,0DCH,018H,018H,018H,018H,000H  ; D_E7
      18 00
E39E  FC 30 78 CC CC 78              DB      0FCH,030H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,030H,0FCH  ; D_E8
      30 FC
E3A6  38 6C C6 FE C6 6C              DB      038H,06CH,0C6H,0FEH,0C6H,06CH,038H,000H  ; D_E9
      38 00
E3AE  38 6C C6 C6 6C 6C              DB      038H,06CH,0C6H,0C6H,06CH,06CH,0EEH,000H  ; D_EA
      EE 00
E3B6  1C 30 18 7C CC CC              DB      01CH,030H,018H,07CH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H  ; D_EB
      78 00
E3BE  00 00 7E DB DB 7E              DB      000H,000H,07EH,0DBH,0DBH,07EH,000H,000H  ; D_EC
      00 00
E3C6  06 0C 7E DB DB 7E              DB      006H,00CH,07EH,0DBH,0DBH,07EH,060H,0C0H  ; D_ED
      60 C0
E3CE  38 60 C0 F8 C0 60              DB      038H,060H,0C0H,0F8H,0C0H,060H,038H,000H  ; D_EE
      38 00
E3D6  78 CC CC CC CC CC              DB      078H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,000H  ; D_EF
      CC 00

E3DE  00 FC 00 FC 00 FC              DB      000H,0FCH,000H,0FCH,000H,0FCH,000H,000H  ; D_F0
      00 00
E3E6  30 30 FC 30 30 00              DB      030H,030H,0FCH,030H,030H,000H,0FCH,000H  ; D_F1
      FC 00
E3EE  60 30 18 30 60 00              DB      060H,030H,018H,030H,060H,000H,0FCH,000H  ; D_F2
      FC 00
E3F6  18 30 60 30 18 00              DB      018H,030H,060H,030H,018H,000H,0FCH,000H  ; D_F3
      FC 00
E3FE  0E 1B 1B 18 18 18              DB      00EH,01BH,018H,018H,018H,018H,018H,018H  ; D_F4
      18 18
E406  18 18 18 18 18 D8              DB      018H,018H,018H,018H,018H,0D8H,0D8H,070H  ; D_F5
      D8 70
E40E  30 30 00 FC 00 30              DB      030H,030H,000H,0FCH,000H,030H,030H,000H  ; D_F6
      30 00
E416  00 76 DC 00 76 DC              DB      000H,076H,0DCH,000H,076H,0DCH,000H,000H  ; D_F7
      00 00
E41E  38 6C 6C 38 00 00              DB      038H,06CH,06CH,038H,000H,000H,000H,000H  ; D_F8
      00 00
E426  00 00 00 18 18 00              DB      000H,000H,000H,018H,018H,000H,000H,000H  ; D_F9
      00 00
E42E  00 00 00 00 18 00              DB      000H,000H,000H,000H,018H,000H,000H,000H  ; D_FA
      00 00
E436  0F 0C 0C 0C EC 6C              DB      00FH,00CH,00CH,00CH,0ECH,06CH,03CH,01CH  ; D_FB
      3C 1C
E43E  78 6C 6C 6C 6C 00              DB      078H,06CH,06CH,06CH,06CH,000H,000H,000H  ; D_FC
      00 00
E446  70 18 30 60 78 00              DB      070H,018H,030H,060H,078H,000H,000H,000H  ; D_FD
      00 00
E44E  00 00 3C 3C 3C 3C              DB      000H,000H,03CH,03CH,03CH,03CH,000H,000H  ; D_FE
      00 00
E456  00 00 00 00 00 00              DB      000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H  ; D_FF
      00 00
                                     ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
                             ;--------------------------------------------------
                             ; SET_CTYPE
                             ;       THIS ROUTINE SETS THE CURSOR VALUE
                             ; INPUT
                             ;       (CX) HAS CURSOR VALUE CH-START LINE, CL-STOP LINE
                             ; OUTPUT
                             ;       NONE
                             ;--------------------------------------------------
                             SET_CTYPE       PROC    NEAR
E45E  80 FC 04               CMP     AH,4            ; IN GRAPHICS MODE?
E461  72 03                  JC      C23X            ; NO, JUMP
E463  80 CD 20               OR      CH,20H          ; YES, DISABLE CURSOR
E466  B4 0A          C23X:   MOV     AH,10           ; 6845 REGISTER FOR CURSOR SET
E468  89 0E 0060 R           MOV     CURSOR_MODE,CX  ; SAVE IN DATA AREA
E46C  E8 E472 R              CALL    C23             ; OUTPUT CX REG
E46F  E9 0F70 R              JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
                             ;THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS THE CX REGISTER TO THE 6845 REGS NAMED IN AH
E472  8B 16 0063 R   C23:    MOV     DX,ADDR_6845    ; ADDRESS REGISTER
E476  8A C4                  MOV     AL,AH           ; GET VALUE
E478  EE                     OUT     DX,AL           ; REGISTER SET
E479  42                     INC     DX              ; DATA REGISTER
E47A  8A C5                  MOV     AL,CH           ; DATA
E47C  EE                     OUT     DX,AL
E47D  4A                     DEC     DX
E47E  8A C4                  MOV     AL,AH
E480  FE C0                  INC     AL              ; POINT TO OTHER DATA REGISTER
E482  EE                     OUT     DX,AL           ; SET FOR SECOND REGISTER
E483  42                     INC     DX
E484  8A C1                  MOV     AL,CL           ; SECOND DATA VALUE
E486  EE                     OUT     DX,AL
E487  C3                     RET                     ; ALL DONE
E488                 SET_CTYPE       ENDP
```

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;------------------------------------------------
; SET_CPOS
;          THIS ROUTINE SETS THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION TO THE
;          NEW X-Y VALUES PASSED
; INPUT
;          DX - ROW,COLUMN OF NEW CURSOR
;          BH - DISPLAY PAGE OF CURSOR
; OUTPUT
;          CURSOR IS SET AT 6845 IF DISPLAY PAGE IS CURRENT DISPLAY
;------------------------------------------------
E488                    SET_CPOS      PROC      NEAR
E488  8A CF                           MOV       CL,BH
E48A  32 ED                           XOR       CH,CH        ; ESTABLISH LOOP COUNT
E48C  D1 E1                           SAL       CX,1         ; WORD OFFSET
E48E  8B F1                           MOV       SI,CX        ; USE INDEX REGISTER
E490  89 94 0050 R                    MOV       [SI+OFFSET CURSOR_POSN],DX  ; SAVE THE POINTER
E494  38 3E 0062 R                    CMP       ACTIVE_PAGE,BH
E498  75 05                           JNZ       C24          ; SET_CPOS_RETURN
E49A  8B C2                           MOV       AX,DX        ; GET ROW/COLUMN TO AX
E49C  E8 E4A2 R                       CALL      C25          ; CURSOR_SET
E49F  E9 0F70 R     C24:              JMP       VIDEO_RETURN
E4A2                    SET_CPOS      ENDP
;------ SET CURSOR POSITION, AX HAS ROW/COLUMN FOR CURSOR
E4A2                    C25           PROC      NEAR
E4A2  E8 E5C2 R                       CALL      POSITION     ; DETERMINE LOCATION IN REGEN
;                                                            ; BUFFER
E4A5  8B C8                           MOV       CX,AX
E4A7  03 0E 004E R                    ADD       CX,CRT_START ; ADD IN THE START ADDRESS FOR THIS
;                                                            ; PAGE
E4AB  D1 F9                           SAR       CX,1         ; DIVIDE BY 2 FOR CHAR ONLY COUNT
E4AD  B4 0E                           MOV       AH,14        ; REGISTER NUMBER FOR CURSOR
E4AF  E8 E472 R                       CALL      C23          ; OUTPUT THE VALUE TO THE 6845
E4B2  C3                              RET
E4B3                    C25           ENDP
;------------------------------------------------
; ACT_DISP_PAGE
;          THIS ROUTINE SETS THE ACTIVE DISPLAY PAGE, ALLOWING
;          THE FULL USE OF THE RAM SET ASIDE FOR THE VIDEO ATTACHMENT
; INPUT
;          AL HAS THE NEW ACTIVE DISPLAY PAGE
; OUTPUT
;          THE 6845 IS RESET TO DISPLAY THAT PAGE
;------------------------------------------------
E4B3                    ACT_DISP_PAGE PROC      NEAR
E4B3  A8 80                           TEST      AL,080H      ; CRT/CPU PAGE REG FUNCTION
E4B5  75 24                           JNZ       SET_CRTCPU   ; YES, GO HANDLE IT
E4B7  A2 0062 R                       MOV       ACTIVE_PAGE,AL  ; SAVE ACTIVE PAGE VALUE
E4BA  8B 0E 004C R                    MOV       CX,CRT_LEN   ; GET SAVED LENGTH OF REGEN BUFFER
E4BE  98                              CBW                    ; CONVERT AL TO WORD
E4BF  50                              PUSH      AX           ; SAVE PAGE VALUE
E4C0  F7 E1                           MUL       CX           ; DISPLAY PAGE TIMES REGEN LENGTH
E4C2  A3 004E R                       MOV       CRT_START,AX ; SAVE START ADDRESS FOR LATER USE
E4C5  8B C8                           MOV       CX,AX        ; START ADDRESS TO CX
E4C7  D1 F9                           SAR       CX,1         ; DIVIDE BY 2 FOR 6845 HANDLING
E4C9  B4 0C                           MOV       AH,12        ; 6845 REGISTER FOR START ADDRESS
E4CB  E8 E472 R                       CALL      C23
E4CE  5B                              POP       BX           ; RECOVER PAGE VALUE
E4CF  D1 E3                           SAL       BX,1         ; *2 FOR WORD OFFSET
E4D1  8B 87 0050 R                    MOV       AX,[BX + OFFSET CURSOR_POSN] ; GET CURSOR FOR THIS
;                                                            ; PAGE
E4D5  E8 E4A2 R                       CALL      C25          ; SET THE CURSOR POSITION
E4D8  E9 0F70 R                       JMP       VIDEO_RETURN
;------------------------------------------------
; SET_CRTCPU
;          THIS ROUTINE READS OR WRITES THE CRT/CPU PAGE REGISTERS
;
; INPUT
;          (AL) = 83H     SET BOTH CRT AND CPU PAGE REGS
;                 (BH) =  VALUE TO SET IN CRT PAGE REG
;                 (BL) =  VALUE TO SET IN CPU PAGE REG
;          (AL) = 82H     SET CRT PAGE REG
;                 (BH) =  VALUE TO SET IN CRT PAGE REG
;          (AL) = 81H     SET CPU PAGE REG
;                 (BL) =  VALUE TO SET IN CPU PAGE REG
;          (AL) = 80H     READ CURRENT VALUE OF CRT/CPU PAGE REGS
;
; OUTPUT
;          ALL FUNCTIONS RETURN
;                 (BH) = CURRENT CONTENTS OF CRT PAGE REG
;                 (BL) = CURRENT CONTENTS OF CPU PAGE REG
;------------------------------------------------
E4DB                    SET_CRTCPU:
E4DB  8A E0                           MOV       AH,AL        ; SAVE REQUEST IN AH
E4DD  BA 03DA                         MOV       DX,VGA_CTL   ; SET ADDRESS OF GATE ARRAY
E4E0  EC           C26:               IN        AL,DX        ; GET STATUS
E4E1  24 08                           AND       AL,08H       ; VERTICAL RETRACE?
E4E3  74 FB                           JZ        C26          ; NO, WAIT FOR IT
E4E5  BA 03DF                         MOV       DX,PAGREG    ; SET IO ADDRESS OF PAGE REG
E4E8  A0 008A R                       MOV       AL,PAGDAT    ; GET DATA LAST OUTPUT TO REG
E4EB  80 FC 80                        CMP       AH,80H       ; READ FUNCTION REQUESTED?
E4EE  74 27                           JZ        C29          ; YES, DON'T SET ANYTHING
E4F0  80 FC 84                        CMP       AH,84H       ; VALID REQUEST?
E4F3  73 22                           JNC       C29          ; NO, PRETEND IT WAS A READ REQUEST
E4F5  F6 C4 01                        TEST      AH,1         ; SET CPU REG?
E4F8  74 0D                           JZ        C27          ; NO, GO SEE ABOUT CRT REG
E4FA  D0 E3                           SHL       BL,1         ; SHIFT VALUE TO RIGHT BIT POSITION
E4FC  D0 E3                           SHL       BL,1
E4FE  D0 E3                           SHL       BL,1
E500  24 C7                           AND       AL,NOT CPUREG ; CLEAR OLD CPU VALUE
E502  80 E3 38                        AND       BL,CPUREG     ; BE SURE UNRELATED BITS ARE ZERO
E505  0A C3                           OR        AL,BL        ; OR IN NEW VALUE
```

```
E507  F6 C4 02              C27:    TEST    AH,2            ; SET CRT REG?
E50A  74 07                         JZ      C28             ; NO, GO RETURN CURRENT SETTINGS
E50C  24 F8                         AND     AL,NOT CRTREG   ; CLEAR OLD CRT VALUE
E50E  80 E7 07                      AND     BH,CRTREG       ; BE SURE UNRELATED BITS ARE ZERO
E511  0A C7                         OR      AL,BH           ; OR IN NEW VALUE
E513  EE                    C28:    OUT     DX,AL           ; SET NEW VALUES
E514  A2 008A R                     MOV     PAGDAT,AL       ; SAVE COPY IN RAM
E517  8A D8                 C29:    MOV     BL,AL           ; GET CPU REG VALUE
E519  80 E3 38                      AND     BL,CPUREG       ; CLEAR EXTRA BITS
E51C  D0 FB                         SAR     BL,1            ; RIGHT JUSTIFY IN BL
E51E  D0 FB                         SAR     BL,1
E520  D0 FB                         SAR     BL,1
E522  8A F8                         MOV     BH,AL           ; GET CRT REG VALUE
E524  80 E7 07                      AND     BH,CRTREG       ; CLEAR EXTRA BITS
E527  5F                            POP     DI              ; RESTORE SOME REGS
E528  5E                            POP     SI
E529  58                            POP     AX              ; DISCARD SAVED BX
E52A  E9 0F73 R                     JMP     C22             ; RETURN
E52D                        ACT_DISP_PAGE   ENDP
                            ;-------------------------------------------------
                            ; READ_CURSOR
                            ;       THIS ROUTINE READS THE CURRENT CURSOR VALUE FROM THE
                            ;       6845, FORMATS IT, AND SENDS IT BACK TO THE CALLER
                            ; INPUT
                            ;       BH - PAGE OF CURSOR
                            ; OUTPUT
                            ;       DX - ROW, COLUMN OF THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
                            ;       CX - CURRENT CURSOR MODE
                            ;-------------------------------------------
E52D                        READ_CURSOR     PROC    NEAR
E52D  8A DF                         MOV     BL,BH
E52F  32 FF                         XOR     BH,BH
E531  D1 E3                         SAL     BX,1            ; WORD OFFSET
E533  8B 97 0050 R                  MOV     DX,[BX+OFFSET CURSOR_POSN]
E537  8B 0E 0060 R                  MOV     CX,CURSOR_MODE
E53B  5F                            POP     DI
E53C  5E                            POP     SI
E53D  5B                            POP     BX
E53E  58                            POP     AX              ; DISCARD SAVED CX AND DX
E53F  58                            POP     AX
E540  1F                            POP     DS
E541  07                            POP     ES
E542  CF                            IRET
E543                        READ_CURSOR     ENDP
                            ;-----------------------------------------------
                            ; SET COLOR
                            ;       THIS ROUTINE WILL ESTABLISH THE BACKGROUND COLOR, THE
                            ;       OVERSCAN COLOR, AND THE FOREGROUND COLOR SET FOR GRAPHICS
                            ; INPUT
                            ;       (BH) HAS COLOR ID
                            ;            IF BH=0, THE BACKGROUND COLOR VALUE IS SET
                            ;                     FROM THE LOW BITS OF BL (0-31)
                            ;                     IN GRAPHIC MODES, BOTH THE BACKGROUND AND
                            ;                     BORDER ARE SET. IN ALPHA MODES, ONLY THE
                            ;                     BORDER IS SET.
                            ;            IF BH=1, THE PALETTE SELECTION IS MADE
                            ;                     BASED ON THE LOW BIT OF BL:
                            ;                     2 COLOR MODE:
                            ;                         0 = WHITE FOR COLOR 1
                            ;                         1 = BLACK FOR COLOR 1
                            ;                     4 COLOR MODES:
                            ;                         0 = GREEN, RED, YELLOW FOR
                            ;                             COLORS 1,2,3
                            ;                         1 = BLUE, CYAN, MAGENTA FOR
                            ;                             COLORS 1,2,3
                            ;                     16 COLOR MODES:
                            ;                         ALWAYS SETS UP PALETTE AS:
                            ;                         BLUE FOR COLOR 1
                            ;                         GREEN FOR COLOR 2
                            ;                         CYAN FOR COLOR 3
                            ;                         RED FOR COLOR 4
                            ;                         MAGENTA FOR COLOR 5
                            ;                         BROWN FOR COLOR 6
                            ;                         LIGHT GRAY FOR COLOR 7
                            ;                         DARK GRAY FOR COLOR 8
                            ;                         LIGHT BLUE FOR COLOR 9
                            ;                         LIGHT GREEN FOR COLOR 10
                            ;                         LIGHT CYAN FOR COLOR 11
                            ;                         LIGHT RED FOR COLOR 12
                            ;                         LIGHT MAGENTA FOR COLOR 13
                            ;                         YELLOW FOR COLOR 14
                            ;                         WHITE FOR COLOR 15
                            ;       (BL) HAS THE COLOR VALUE TO BE USED
                            ; OUTPUT
                            ;       THE COLOR SELECTION IS UPDATED
                            ;-----------------------------------------------
E543                        SET_COLOR       PROC    NEAR
E543  BA 03DA                       MOV     DX,VGA_CTL      ; I/O PORT FOR PALETTE
E546  EC                    C30:    IN      AL,DX           ; SYNC UP VGA FOR REG ADDRESS
E547  A8 08                         TEST    AL,8            ; IS VERTICAL RETRACE ON?
E549  74 FB                         JZ      C30             ; NO, WAIT UNTIL IT IS
E54B  0A FF                         OR      BH,BH           ; IS THIS COLOR 0?
E54D  75 19                         JNZ     C31             ; OUTPUT COLOR 1
```

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                                   ;----- HANDLE COLOR 0 BY SETTING THE BACKGROUND COLOR
                                   ;                AND BORDER COLOR
E54F  80 3E 0049 R 04                      CMP     CRT_MODE,4      ; IN ALPHA MODE?
E554  72 06                                JC      C305            ; YES, JUST SET BORDER REG
E556  B0 10                                MOV     AL,10H          ; SET PALETTE REG 0
E558  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT VGA REG
E559  8A C3                                MOV     AL,BL           ; GET COLOR
E55B  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL           ; SET IT
E55C  B0 02              C305:             MOV     AL,2            ; SET BORDER REG
E55E  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT VGA BORDER REG
E55F  8A C3                                MOV     AL,BL           ; GET COLOR
E561  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL           ; SET IT
E562  A2 0066 R                            MOV     CRT_PALLETTE,AL ; SAVE THE COLOR VALUE
E565  E9 0F70 R                            JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
                                   ;----- HANDLE COLOR 1 BY CHANGING PALETTE REGISTERS
E568  A0 0049 R          C31:              MOV     AL,CRT_MODE     ; GET CURRENT MODE
E56B  B9 0D95 R                            MOV     CX,OFFSET M0072 ; POINT TO 2 COLOR TABLE ENTRY
E56E  3C 06                                CMP     AL,6            ; 2 COLOR MODE?
E570  74 0F                                JE      C33             ; YES, JUMP
E572  3C 04                                CMP     AL,4            ; 4 COLOR MODE?
E574  74 08                                JE      C32             ; YES, JUMP
E576  3C 05                                CMP     AL,5            ; 4 COLOR MODE?
E578  74 04                                JE      C32             ; YES, JUMP
E57A  3C 0A                                CMP     AL,0AH          ; 4 COLOR MODE?
E57C  75 20                                JNE     C36             ; NO, GO TO 16 COLOR SET UP
E57E  B9 0D9D R          C32:              MOV     CX,OFFSET M0074 ; POINT TO 4 COLOR TABLE ENTRY
E581  D0 CB              C33:              ROR     BL,1            ; SELECT ALTERNATE SET?
E583  73 03                                JNC     C34             ; NO, JUMP
E585  83 C1 04                             ADD     CX,M0072L       ; POINT TO NEXT ENTRY
E588  8B D9              C34:              MOV     BX,CX           ; TABLE ADDRESS IN BX
E58A  43                                   INC     BX              ; SKIP OVER BACKGROUND COLOR
E58B  B9 0003                              MOV     CX,M0072L-1     ; SET NUMBER OF REGS TO FILL
E58E  B4 11                                MOV     AH,11H          ; AH IS REGISTER COUNTER
E590  8A C4              C35:              MOV     AL,AH           ; GET REG NUMBER
E592  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT IT
E593  2E: 8A 07                            MOV     AL,CS:[BX]      ; GET DATA
E596  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL           ; SET IT
E597  FE C4                                INC     AH              ; NEXT REG
E599  43                                   INC     BX              ; NEXT TABLE VALUE
E59A  E2 F4                                LOOP    C35
E59C  EB 0D                                JMP     SHORT C38
E59E  B4 11              C36:              MOV     AH,11H          ; AH IS REGISTER COUNTER
E5A0  B9 000F                              MOV     CX,15           ; NUMBER OF PALETTES
E5A3  8A C4              C37:              MOV     AL,AH           ; GET REG NUMBER
E5A5  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT IT
E5A6  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL           ; SET PALETTE VALUE
E5A7  FE C4                                INC     AH              ; NEXT REG
E5A9  E2 F8                                LOOP    C37
E5AB  32 C0              C38:              XOR     AL,AL           ; SELECT LOW REG TO ENABLE VIDEO
                                                                   ; AGAIN
E5AD  EE                                   OUT     DX,AL
E5AE  E9 0F70 R                            JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
E5B1                     SET_COLOR         ENDP
                                   ;-------------------------------------------------
                                   ; VIDEO STATE
                                   ;   RETURNS THE CURRENT VIDEO STATE IN AX
                                   ;   AH = NUMBER OF COLUMNS ON THE SCREEN
                                   ;   AL = CURRENT VIDEO MODE
                                   ;   BH = CURRENT ACTIVE PAGE
                                   ;-------------------------------------------------
E5B1                     VIDEO_STATE       PROC    NEAR
E5B1  8A 26 004A R                         MOV     AH,BYTE PTR CRT_COLS ; GET NUMBER OF COLUMNS
E5B5  A0 0049 R                            MOV     AL,CRT_MODE     ; CURRENT MODE
E5B8  8A 3E 0062 R                         MOV     BH,ACTIVE_PAGE  ; GET CURRENT ACTIVE PAGE
E5BC  5F                                   POP     DI              ; RECOVER REGISTERS
E5BD  5E                                   POP     SI
E5BE  59                                   POP     CX              ; DISCARD SAVED BX
E5BF  E9 0F73 R                            JMP     C22             ; RETURN TO CALLER
E5C2                     VIDEO_STATE       ENDP
                                   ;---------------------------------
                                   ; POSITION
                                   ;         THIS SERVICE ROUTINE CALCULATES THE REGEN BUFFER ADDRESS
                                   ;         OF A CHARACTER IN THE ALPHA MODE
                                   ; INPUT
                                   ;         AX = ROW, COLUMN POSITION
                                   ; OUTPUT
                                   ;         AX = OFFSET OF CHAR POSITION IN REGEN BUFFER
                                   ;---------------------------------
E5C2                     POSITION          PROC    NEAR
E5C2  53                                   PUSH    BX              ; SAVE REGISTER
E5C3  8B D8                                MOV     BX,AX
E5C5  8A C4                                MOV     AL,AH           ; ROWS TO AL
E5C7  F6 26 004A R                         MUL     BYTE PTR CRT_COLS    ; DETERMINE BYTES TO ROW
E5CB  32 FF                                XOR     BH,BH
E5CD  03 C3                                ADD     AX,BX           ; ADD IN COLUMN VALUE
E5CF  D1 E0                                SAL     AX,1            ; * 2 FOR ATTRIBUTE BYTES
E5D1  5B                                   POP     BX
E5D2  C3                                   RET
E5D3                     POSITION          ENDP
                                   ;-----------------------------------------
                                   ; SCROLL UP
                                   ;         THIS ROUTINE MOVES A BLOCK OF CHARACTERS UP
                                   ;         ON THE SCREEN
                                   ; INPUT
                                   ;         (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
                                   ;         (AL) = NUMBER OF ROWS TO SCROLL
                                   ;         (CX) = ROW/COLUMN OF UPPER LEFT CORNER
                                   ;         (DX) = ROW/COLUMN OF LOWER RIGHT CORNER
                                   ;         (BH) = ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED ON BLANKED LINE
                                   ;         (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
                                   ;         (ES) = REGEN BUFFER SEGMENT
                                   ; OUTPUT
                                   ;         NONE -- THE REGEN BUFFER IS MODIFIED
                                   ;-----------------------------------------
```

Appendix A

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                                     ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA,ES:DATA
E5D3                           SCROLL_UP     PROC    NEAR
E5D3  8A D8                            MOV     BL,AL          ; SAVE LINE COUNT IN BL
E5D5  80 FC 04                         CMP     AH,4           ; TEST FOR GRAPHICS MODE
E5D8  72 03                            JC      C39            ; HANDLE SEPARATELY
E5DA  E9 F259 R                        JMP     GRAPHICS_UP
E5DD                           C39:                           ; UP_CONTINUE
E5DD  53                               PUSH    BX             ; SAVE FILL ATTRIBUTE IN BH
E5DE  8B C1                            MOV     AX,CX          ; UPPER LEFT POSITION
E5E0  E8 E609 R                        CALL    SCROLL_POSITION ; DO SETUP FOR SCROLL
E5E3  74 20                            JZ      C44            ; BLANK_FIELD
E5E5  03 F0                            ADD     SI,AX          ; FROM ADDRESS
E5E7  8A E6                            MOV     AH,DH          ; # ROWS IN BLOCK
E5E9  2A E3                            SUB     AH,BL          ; # ROWS TO BE MOVED
E5EB  E8 E62F R              C40:      CALL    C45            ; MOVE ONE ROW
E5EE  03 F5                            ADD     SI,BP
E5F0  03 FD                            ADD     DI,BP          ; POINT TO NEXT LINE IN BLOCK
E5F2  FE CC                            DEC     AH             ; COUNT OF LINES TO MOVE
E5F4  75 F5                            JNZ     C40            ; ROW_LOOP
E5F6  58                    C41:       POP     AX             ; RECOVER ATTRIBUTE IN AH
E5F7  B0 20                            MOV     AL,' '         ; FILL WITH BLANKS
E5F9  E8 E638 R             C42:       CALL    C46            ; CLEAR THE ROW
E5FC  03 FD                            ADD     DI,BP          ; POINT TO NEXT LINE
E5FE  FE CB                            DEC     BL             ; COUNTER OF LINES TO SCROLL
E600  75 F7                            JNZ     C42            ; CLEAR_LOOP
E602  E9 0F70 R             C43:       JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
E605  8A DE                 C44:       MOV     BL,DH          ; GET ROW COUNT
E607  EB ED                            JMP     C41            ; GO CLEAR THAT AREA
E609                           SCROLL_UP     ENDP
                               ;----- HANDLE COMMON SCROLL SET UP HERE
E609                           SCROLL_POSITION PROC    NEAR
E609  E8 E5C2 R                        CALL    POSITION       ; CONVERT TO REGEN POINTER
E60C  03 06 004E R                     ADD     AX,CRT_START   ; OFFSET OF ACTIVE PAGE
E610  8B F8                            MOV     DI,AX          ; TO ADDRESS FOR SCROLL
E612  8B F0                            MOV     SI,AX          ; FROM ADDRESS FOR SCROLL
E614  2B D1                            SUB     DX,CX          ; DX = #ROWS, #COLS IN BLOCK
E616  FE C6                            INC     DH
E618  FE C2                            INC     DL             ; INCREMENT FOR 0 ORIGIN
E61A  32 ED                            XOR     CH,CH          ; SET HIGH BYTE OF COUNT TO ZERO
E61C  8B 2E 004A R                     MOV     BP,CRT_COLS    ; GET NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN DISPLAY
E620  03 ED                            ADD     BP,BP          ; TIMES 2 FOR ATTRIBUTE BYTE
E622  8A C3                            MOV     AL,BL          ; GET LINE COUNT
E624  F6 26 004A R                     MUL     BYTE PTR CRT_COLS ; DETERMINE OFFSET TO FROM
                                                              ; ADDRESS
E628  03 C0                            ADD     AX,AX          ; *2 FOR ATTRIBUTE BYTE
E62A  06                               PUSH    ES             ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING TO REGEN
                                                              ; BUFFER
E62B  1F                               POP     DS             ; FOR BOTH POINTERS
E62C  0A DB                            OR      BL,BL          ; 0 SCROLL MEANS BLANK FIELD
E62E  C3                               RET                    ; RETURN WITH FLAGS SET
E62F                           SCROLL_POSITION ENDP
                               ;------ MOVE_ROW
E62F                           C45       PROC    NEAR
E62F  8A CA                            MOV     CL,DL          ; GET # OF COLS TO MOVE
E631  56                               PUSH    SI
E632  57                               PUSH    DI             ; SAVE START ADDRESS
E633  F3/ A5                           REP     MOVSW          ; MOVE THAT LINE ON SCREEN
E635  5F                               POP     DI
E636  5E                               POP     SI             ; RECOVER ADDRESSES
E637  C3                               RET
E638                           C45       ENDP
                               ;------ CLEAR_ROW
E638                           C46       PROC    NEAR
E638  8A CA                            MOV     CL,DL          ; GET # COLUMNS TO CLEAR
E63A  57                               PUSH    DI
E63B  F3/ AB                           REP     STOSW          ; STORE THE FILL CHARACTER
E63D  5F                               POP     DI
E63E  C3                               RET
E63F                           C46       ENDP
                               ;------------------------------------
                               ; SCROLL_DOWN
                               ;        THIS ROUTINE MOVES THE CHARACTERS WITHIN A DEFINED
                               ;        BLOCK DOWN ON THE SCREEN, FILLING THE TOP LINES
                               ;        WITH A DEFINED CHARACTER
                               ; INPUT
                               ;        (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
                               ;        (AL) = NUMBER OF LINES TO SCROLL
                               ;        (CX) = UPPER LEFT CORNER OF REGION
                               ;        (DX) = LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF REGION
                               ;        (BH) = FILL CHARACTER
                               ;        (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
                               ;        (ES) = REGEN SEGMENT
                               ; OUPUT
                               ;        NONE -- SCREEN IS SCROLLED
                               ;------------------------------------
E63F                           SCROLL_DOWN     PROC    NEAR
E63F  FD                               STD                    ; DIRECTION FOR SCROLL DOWN
E640  8A D8                            MOV     BL,AL          ; LINE COUNT TO BL
E642  80 FC 04                         CMP     AH,4           ; TEST FOR GRAPHICS
E645  72 03                            JC      C47
E647  E9 F305 R                        JMP     GRAPHICS_DOWN
E64A  53                    C47:       PUSH    BX             ; SAVE ATTRIBUTE IN BH
E64B  8B C2                            MOV     AX,DX          ; LOWER RIGHT CORNER
E64D  E8 E609 R                        CALL    SCROLL_POSITION ; GET REGEN LOCATION
E650  74 1F                            JZ      C51
E652  2B F0                            SUB     SI,AX          ; SI IS FROM ADDRESS
E654  8A E6                            MOV     AH,DH          ; GET TOTAL # ROWS
E656  2A E3                            SUB     AH,BL          ; COUNT TO MOVE IN SCROLL
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E658  E8 E62F R          C48:    CALL    C45             ; MOVE ONE ROW
E65B  2B F5                      SUB     SI,BP
E65D  2B FD                      SUB     DI,BP
E65F  FE CC                      DEC     AH
E661  75 F5                      JNZ     C48
E663  58               C49:      POP     AX              ; RECOVER ATTRIBUTE IN AH
E664  B0 20                      MOV     AL,' '
E666  E8 E638 R        C50:      CALL    C46             ; CLEAR ONE ROW
E669  2B FD                      SUB     DI,BP           ; GO TO NEXT ROW
E66B  FE CB                      DEC     BL
E66D  75 F7                      JNZ     C50
E66F  EB 91                      JMP     C43             ; SCROLL_END
E671  8A DE            C51:      MOV     BL,DH
E673  EB EE                      JMP     C49
E675                   SCROLL_DOWN       ENDP
                       ;----------------------------------------
                       ; MODE_ALIVE
                       ;         THIS ROUTINE READS 256 LOCATIONS IN MEMORY AS EVERY OTHER
                       ;         LOCATION IN 512 LOCATIONS.  THIS IS TO INSURE THE DATA
                       ;         INTEGRITY OF MEMORY DURING MODE CHANGES.
                       ;----------------------------------------
E675                   MODE_ALIVE        PROC    NEAR
E675  50                         PUSH    AX              ;SAVE USED REGS
E676  56                         PUSH    SI
E677  51                         PUSH    CX
E678  33 F6                      XOR     SI,SI
E67A  B9 0100                    MOV     CX,256
E67D  AC               C52:      LODSB
E67E  46                         INC     SI
E67F  E2 FC                      LOOP    C52
E681  59                         POP     CX
E682  5E                         POP     SI
E683  58                         POP     AX
E684  C3                         RET
E685                   MODE_ALIVE        ENDP
                       ;-----------------------------------------------------------
                       ; SET_PALLETTE
                       ;         THIS ROUTINE WRITES THE PALETTE REGISTERS
                       ; INPUT
                       ;         (AL) = 0         SET PALETTE REG
                       ;                (BH) =   VALUE TO SET
                       ;                (BL) =   PALETTE REG TO SET
                       ;         (AL) = 1         SET BORDER COLOR REG
                       ;                (BH) =   VALUE TO SET
                       ;         (AL) = 2         SET ALL PALETTE REGS AND BORDER REG
                       ;         NOTE: REGISTERS ARE WRITE ONLY.
                       ;-----------------------------------------------------------
E685                   SET_PALLETTE      PROC    NEAR
E685  50                         PUSH    AX
E686  8B F4                      MOV     SI,SP
E688  36: 8B 44 0C              MOV     AX,SS:[SI+12]   ; GET SEG FROM STACK
E68C  8E C0                      MOV     ES,AX
E68E  8B F2                      MOV     SI,DX           ; OFFSET IN SI
E690  BA 03DA                    MOV     DX,VGA_CTL      ; SET VGA CONTROL PORT
E693  EC               C53:      IN      AL,DX           ; GET VGA STATUS
E694  24 08                      AND     AL,08H          ; IN VERTICAL RETRACE?
E696  75 FB                      JNZ     C53             ; YES, WAIT FOR IT TO GO AWAY
E698  EC               C54:      IN      AL,DX           ; GET VGA STATUS
E699  24 08                      AND     AL,08H          ; IN VERITCAL RETRACE?
E69B  74 FB                      JZ      C54             ; NO, WAIT FOR IT
E69D  58                         POP     AX
E69E  0A C0                      OR      AL,AL           ; SET PALETTE REG?
E6A0  74 0C                      JZ      C55             ; YES, GO DO IT
E6A2  3C 02                      CMP     AL,2            ; SET ALL REGS?
E6A4  74 17                      JE      C57             ;
E6A6  3C 01                      CMP     AL,1            ; SET BORDER COLOR REG?
E6A8  75 2B                      JNE     C59             ; NO, DON'T DO ANYTHING
E6AA  B0 02                      MOV     AL,2            ; SET BORDER COLOR REG NUMBER
E6AC  EB 06                      JMP     SHORT C56
E6AE  8A C3            C55:      MOV     AL,BL           ; GET DESIRED REG NUMBER IN AL
E6B0  24 0F                      AND     AL,0FH          ; STRIP UNUSED BITS
E6B2  0C 10                      OR      AL,10H          ; MAKE INTO REAL REG NUMBER
E6B4  EE               C56:      OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT REG
E6B5  8A C7                      MOV     AL,BH           ; GET DATA IN AL
E6B7  EE                         OUT     DX,AL           ; SET NEW DATA
E6B8  32 C0                      XOR     AL,AL           ; SET REG 0 SO DISPLAY WORKS AGAIN
E6BA  EE                         OUT     DX,AL
E6BB  EB 18                      JMP     SHORT C59
E6BD  B4 10            C57:      MOV     AH,10H          ; AH IS REG COUNTER
E6BF  8A C4            C58:      MOV     AL,AH           ; REG ADDRESS IN AL
E6C1  EE                         OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT IT
E6C2  26: 8A 04                 MOV     AL,BYTE PTR ES:[SI]     ;GET DATA
E6C5  EE                         OUT     DX,AL           ; PUT IN VGA REG
E6C6  46                         INC     SI              ; NEXT DATA BYTE
E6C7  FE C4                      INC     AH              ; NEXT REG
E6C9  80 FC 20                   CMP     AH,20H          ; LAST PALETTE REG?
E6CC  72 F1                      JB      C58             ; NO, DO NEXT ONE
E6CE  B0 02                      MOV     AL,2            ; SET BORDER REG
E6D0  EE                         OUT     DX,AL           ; SELECT IT
E6D1  26: 8A 04                 MOV     AL,BYTE PTR ES:[SI]     ; GET DATA
E6D4  EE                         OUT     DX,AL           ; PUT IN VGA REG
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E6D4  EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; PUT IN VGA REG
E6D5  E9 0F70 R               C59:    JMP     VIDEO_RETURN    ; ALL DONE
E6D8                          SET_PALLETTE    ENDP
E6D8                          MFG_UP  PROC    NEAR
E6D8  50                              PUSH    AX
E6D9  1E                              PUSH    DS
                                      ASSUME  DS:XXDATA
E6DA  B8  ---- R                      MOV     AX,XXDATA
E6DD  8E D8                           MOV     DS,AX
E6DF  A0 0005 R                       MOV     AL,MFG_TST      ; GET MFG CHECKPOINT
E6E2  E6 10                           OUT     10H,AL          ; OUTPUT IT TO TESTER
E6E4  FE C8                           DEC     AL              ; DROP IT BY 1 FOR THE NEXT TEST
E6E6  A2 0005 R                       MOV     MFG_TST,AL
                                      ASSUME  DS:ABS0
E6E9  1F                              POP     DS
E6EA  58                              POP     AX
E6EB  C3                              RET
E6EC                          MFG_UP  ENDP
                                      ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
E6F2                                  ORG     0E6F2H
E6F2  E9 0B1B R                       JMP     NEAR PTR BOOT_STRAP
                              ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                              ;    SUBROUTINE TO SET UP CONDITIONS FOR THE TESTING OF 8250 AND
                              ;    8259 INTERRUPTS.  ENABLES MASKABLE EXTERNAL INTERRUPTS,
                              ;    CLEARS THE 8259 INTR RECEIVED FLAG BIT, AND ENABLES THE
                              ;    DEVICE'S 8259 INTR (WHICHEVER IS BEING TESTED).
                              ;    IT EXPECTS TO BE PASSED:
                              ;       (DS) = ADDRESS OF SEGMENT WHERE INTR_FLAG IS DEFINED
                              ;       (DI) = OFFSET OF THE INTERRUPT BIT MASK
                              ;    UPON RETURN:
                              ;       INTR_FLAG BIT FOR THE DEVICE = 0
                              ;    NO REGISTERS ARE ALTERED.
                              ;----------------------------------------------------------------
E6F5                          SUI     PROC    NEAR
E6F5  50                              PUSH    AX
E6F6  FB                              STI                     ; ENABLE MASKABLE EXTERNAL
                                                              ; INTERRUPTS
E6F7  2E: 8A 25                       MOV     AH,CS:[DI]      ; GET INTERRUPT BIT MASK
E6FA  20 26 0084 R                    AND     INTR_FLAG,AH    ; CLEAR 8259 INTERRUPT REC'D FLAG
                                                              ; BIT
E6FE  E4 21                           IN      AL,INTA01       ; CURRENT INTERRUPTS
E700  22 C4                           AND     AL,AH           ; ENABLE THIS INTERRUPT, TOO
E702  E6 21                           OUT     INTA01,AL       ; WRITE TO 8259 (INTERRUPT
                                                              ; CONTROLLER)
E704  58                              POP     AX
E705  C3                              RET
E706                          SUI     ENDP
                              ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                              ;    SUBROUTINE WHICH CHECKS IF A 8259 INTERRUPT IS GENERATED BY THE
                              ;    8250 INTERRUPT.
                              ;    IT EXPECTS TO BE PASSED:
                              ;       (DI) = OFFSET OF INTERRUPT BIT MASK
                              ;       (DS) = ADDRESS OF SEGMENT WHERE INTR_FLAG IS DEFINED.
                              ;    IT RETURNS:
                              ;       (CF) = 1 IF NO INTERRUPT IS GENERATED
                              ;              0 IF THE INTERRUPT OCCURRED
                              ;       (AL) = COMPLEMENT OF THE INTERRUPT MASK
                              ;    NO OTHER REGISTERS ARE ALTERED.
                              ;----------------------------------------------------------------
E706                          C5059   PROC    NEAR
E706  51                              PUSH    CX
E707  2B C9                           SUB     CX,CX
E709  2E: 8A 05                       MOV     AL,CS:[DI]      ; GET INTERRUPT MASK
E70C  34 FF                           XOR     AL,0FFH         ; COMPLEMENT MASK SO ONLY THE INTR
                                                              ; TEST BIT IS ON
E70E  84 06 0084 R           AT25:    TEST    INTR_FLAG,AL    ; 8259 INTERRUPT OCCUR?
E712  75 03                           JNE     AT27            ; YES - CONTINUE
E714  E2 F8                           LOOP    AT25            ; WAIT SOME MORE
E716  F9                              STC                     ; TIME'S UP - FAILED
E717  59                     AT27:    POP     CX
E718  C3                              RET
E719                          C5059   ENDP
                              ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                              ;    SUBROUTINE TO WAIT FOR ALL ENABLED 8250 INTERRUPTS TO CLEAR (SO
                              ;    NO INTRS WILL BE PENDING).  EACH INTERRUPT COULD TAKE UP TO
                              ;    1 MILLISECOND TO CLEAR. THE INTERRUPT IDENTIFICATION
                              ;    REGISTER WILL BE CHECKED UNTIL THE INTERRUPT(S) IS CLEARED
                              ;    OR A TIMEOUT OCCURS.
                              ;    EXPECTS TO BE PASSED:
                              ;       (DX) = ADDRESS OF THE INTERRUPT ID REGISTER
                              ;    RETURNS:
                              ;       (AL) = CONTENTS OF THE INTR ID REGISTER
                              ;       (CF) = 1  IF INTERRUPTS ARE STILL PENDING
                              ;              0  IF NO INTERRUPTS ARE PENDING (ALL CLEAR)
                              ;    NO OTHER REGISTERS ARE ALTERED.
                              ;----------------------------------------------------------------
E719                          W8250C  PROC    NEAR
E719  51                              PUSH    CX
E71A  2B C9                           SUB     CX,CX
E71C  EC                     AT28:    IN      AL,DX           ; READ INTR ID REG
E71D  3C 01                           CMP     AL,1            ; INTERRUPTS STILL PENDING?
E71F  74 05                           JE      AT29            ; NO - GOOD FINISH
E721  E2 F9                           LOOP    AT28            ; KEEP TRYING
E723  F9                              STC                     ; TIME'S UP - ERROR
E724  EB 01                           JMP     SHORT AT30
E726  F8                     AT29:    CLC
E727  59                     AT30:    POP     CX
E728  C3                              RET
E729                          W8250C  ENDP
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;-----INT 14-----------------------------------------
;RS232_IO
;           THIS ROUTINE PROVIDES BYTE STREAM I/O TO THE COMMUNICATIONS
;           PORT ACCORDING TO THE PARAMETERS:
;           (AH)=0  INITIALIZE THE COMMUNICATIONS PORT
;                   (AL) HAS PARMS FOR INITIALIZATION
;
;---7-------6-------5-------4-------3-------2-------1------0----
;-------- BAUD RATE ---::----PARITY---:.:-STOPBIT-:.:--WORD LENGTH--
;
;   000 - 110                     X0 - NONE       0 - 1     10 - 7 BITS
;   001 - 150                     01 - ODD        1 - 2     11 - 8 BITS
;   010 - 300                     11 - EVEN
;   011 - 600
;   100 - 1200
;   101 - 2400
;   110 - 4800
;   111 - 4800
;                   ON RETURN, THE RS232 INTERRUPTS ARE DISABLED AND
;                       CONDITIONS ARE SET AS IN CALL TO COMMO
;                       STATUS (AH=3)
;           (AH)=1  SEND THE CHARACTER IN (AL) OVER THE COMMO LINE
;                   (AL) REGISTER IS PRESERVED
;                   ON EXIT, BIT 7 OF AH IS SET IF THE ROUTINE WAS
;                       UNABLE TO TRANSMIT THE BYTE OF DATA OVER
;                       THE LINE. IF BIT 7 OF AH IS NOT SET, THE
;                       REMAINDER OF AH IS SET AS IN A STATUS
;                       REQUEST, REFELECTING THE CURRENT STATUS OF
;                       THE LINE.
;           (AH)=2  RECEIVE A CHARACTER IN (AL) FROM COMMO LINE BEFORE
;                       RETURNING TO CALLER
;                   ON EXIT, AH HAS THE CURRENT LINE STATUS, AS SET BY
;                       THE STATUS ROUTINE, EXCEPT THAT THE ONLY
;                       BITS LEFT ON, ARE THE ERROR BITS
;                       (7,4,3,2,1). IN THIS CASE, THE TIME OUT BIT
;                       INDICATES DATA SET READY WAS NOT RECEIVED.
;                       THUS, AH IS NON ZERO ONLY WHEN AN ERROR
;                       OCCURRED.(NOTE: IF THE TIME-OUT BIT IS SET,
;                       OTHER BITS IN AH MAY NOT BE RELIABLE.)
;           (AH)=3  RETURN THE COMMO PORT STATUS IN (AX)
;                   AH CONTAINS THE LINE CONTROL STATUS
;                   BIT 7 = TIME OUT
;                   BIT 6 = TRANS SHIFT REGISTER EMPTY
;                   BIT 5 = TRAN HOLDING REGISTER EMPTY
;                   BIT 4 = BREAK DETECT
;                   BIT 3 = FRAMING ERROR
;                   BIT 2 = PARITY ERROR
;                   BIT 1 = OVERRUN ERROR
;                   BIT 0 = DATA READY
;                   AL CONTAINS THE MODEM STATUS
;                   BIT 7 = RECIEVED LINE SIGNAL DETECT
;                   BIT 6 = RING INDICATOR
;                   BIT 5 = DATA SET READY
;                   BIT 4 = CLEAR TO SEND
;                   BIT 3 = DELTA RECEIVE LINE SIGNAL DETECT
;                   BIT 2 = TRAILING EDGE RING DETECTOR
;                   BIT 1 = DELTA DATA SET READY
;                   BIT 0 = DELTA CLEAR TO SEND
;           (DX) = PARAMETER INDICATING WHICH RS232 CARD (0,1 ALLOWED)
;   DATA AREA RS232_BASE CONTAINS THE BASE ADDRESS OF THE 8250 ON THE
;       CARD.  LOCATION 400H CONTAINS UP TO 4 RS232 ADDRESSES POSSIBLE
;   DATA AREA RS232_TIM_OUT (BYTE) CONTAINS OUTER LOOP COUNT
;           VALUE FOR TIMEOUT (DEFAULT=1)
;OUTPUT
;                   AX      MODIFIED ACCORDING TO PARMS OF CALL
;                   ALL OTHERS UNCHANGED
;-------------------------------------------------
                        ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
E729                    ORG     0E729H
E729            A1      LABEL   WORD
E729  03F9              DW      1017    ; 110 BAUD    ; TABLE OF INIT VALUE
E72B  02EA              DW      746     ; 150
E72D  0175              DW      373     ; 300
E72F  00BA              DW      186     ; 600
E731  005D              DW      93      ; 1200
E733  002F              DW      47      ; 2400
E735  0017              DW      23      ; 4800
E737  0017              DW      23      ; 4800
E739            RS232_IO PROC   FAR
;----- VECTOR TO APPROPRIATE ROUTINE
E739  FB               STI                      ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
E73A  1E               PUSH    DS               ; SAVE SEGMENT
E73B  52               PUSH    DX
E73C  56               PUSH    SI
E73D  57               PUSH    DI
E73E  51               PUSH    CX
E73F  53               PUSH    BX
E740  8B F2            MOV     SI,DX            ; RS232 VALUE TO SI
E742  8B FA            MOV     DI,DX            ; AND TO DI (FOR TIMEOUTS)
E744  D1 E6            SHL     SI,1             ; WORD OFFSET
E746  E8 138B R        CALL    DDS              ; POINT TO BIOS DATA SEGMENT
E749  8B 94 0000 R     MOV     DX,RS232_BASE[SI] ; GET BASE ADDRESS
E74D  0B D2            OR      DX,DX            ; TEST FOR 0 BASE ADDRESS
E74F  74 13            JZ      A3               ; RETURN
E751  0A E4            OR      AH,AH            ; TEST FOR (AH)=0
E753  74 16            JZ      A4               ; COMMUN INIT
E755  FE CC            DEC     AH               ; TEST FOR (AH)=1
E757  74 47            JZ      A5               ; SEND AL
E759  FE CC            DEC     AH               ; TEST FOR (AH)=2
E75B  74 6C            JZ      A12              ; RECEIVE INTO AL
E75D  FE CC            DEC     AH               ; TEST FOR (AH)=3
E75F  75 03            JNZ     A3
E761  E9 E7F3 R        JMP     A18              ; COMMUNICATION STATUS
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E764                          A3:                        ; RETURN FROM RS232
E764  5B                          POP    BX
E765  59                          POP    CX
E766  5F                          POP    DI
E767  5E                          POP    SI
E768  5A                          POP    DX
E769  1F                          POP    DS
E76A  CF                          IRET                   ; RETURN TO CALLER, NO ACTION
                              ;------ INITIALIZE THE COMMUNICATIONS PORT
E76B  8A E0                   A4:     MOV    AH,AL        ; SAVE INIT PARMS IN AH
E76D  83 C2 03                       ADD    DX,3         ; POINT TO 8250 CONTROL REGISTER
E770  B0 80                          MOV    AL,80H
E772  EE                             OUT    DX,AL        ; SET DLAB=1
                              ;------ DETERMINE BAUD RATE DIVISOR
E773  8A D4                          MOV    DL,AH        ; GET PARMS TO DL
E775  B1 04                          MOV    CL,4
E777  D2 C2                          ROL    DL,CL
E779  81 E2 000E                     AND    DX,0EH       ; ISOLATE THEM
E77D  BF E729 R                      MOV    DI,OFFSET A1 ; BASE OF TABLE
E780  03 FA                          ADD    DI,DX        ; PUT INTO INDEX REGISTER
E782  8B 94 0000 R                   MOV    DX,RS232_BASE[SI] ; POINT TO HIGH ORDER OF DIVISOR
E786  42                             INC    DX
E787  2E: 8A 45 01                   MOV    AL,CS:[DI]+1 ; GET HIGH ORDER OF DIVISOR
E78B  EE                             OUT    DX,AL        ; SET MS OF DIV TO 0
E78C  4A                             DEC    DX
E78D  2E: 8A 05                      MOV    AL,CS:[DI]   ; GET LOW ORDER OF DIVISOR
E790  EE                             OUT    DX,AL        ; SET LOW OF DIVISOR
E791  83 C2 03                       ADD    DX,3
E794  8A C4                          MOV    AL,AH        ; GET PARMS BACK
E796  24 1F                          AND    AL,01FH      ; STRIP OFF THE BAUD BITS
E798  EE                             OUT    DX,AL        ; LINE CONTROL TO 8 BITS
E799  4A                             DEC    DX
E79A  4A                             DEC    DX
E79B  B0 00                          MOV    AL,0
E79D  EE                             OUT    DX,AL        ; INTERRUPT ENABLES ALL OFF
E79E  EB 53                          JMP    SHORT A18    ; COM_STATUS
                              ;------ SEND CHARACTER IN (AL) OVER COMMO LINE
E7A0                          A5:
E7A0  50                             PUSH   AX           ; SAVE CHAR TO SEND
E7A1  83 C2 04                       ADD    DX,4         ; MODEM CONTROL REGISTER
E7A4  B0 03                          MOV    AL,3         ; DTR AND RTS
E7A6  EE                             OUT    DX,AL        ; DATA TERMINAL READY, REQUEST TO
                                                         ; SEND
E7A7  42                             INC    DX           ; MODEM STATUS REGISTER
E7A8  42                             INC    DX
E7A9  B7 30                          MOV    BH,30H       ; DATA SET READY & CLEAR TO SEND
E7AB  E8 E802 R                      CALL   WAIT_FOR_STATUS ; ARE BOTH TRUE?
E7AE  74 08                          JE     A9           ; YES, READY TO TRANSMIT CHAR
E7B0  59                          A7:     POP    CX
E7B1  8A C1                          MOV    AL,CL        ; RELOAD DATA BYTE
E7B3  80 CC 80                    A8:     OR     AH,80H       ; INDICATE TIME OUT
E7B6  EB AC                          JMP    A3           ; RETURN
E7B8                          A9:                        ; CLEAR_TO_SEND
E7B8  4A                             DEC    DX           ; LINE STATUS REGISTER
E7B9  B7 20                          MOV    BH,20H       ; IS TRANSMITTER READY
E7BB  E8 E802 R                      CALL   WAIT_FOR_STATUS ; TEST FOR TRANSMITTER READY
E7BE  75 F0                          JNZ    A7           ; RETURN WITH TIME OUT SET
E7C0  83 EA 05                       SUB    DX,5         ; DATA PORT
E7C3  59                             POP    CX           ; RECOVER IN CX TEMPORARILY
E7C4  8A C1                          MOV    AL,CL        ; MOVE CHAR TO AL FOR OUT, STATUS
                                                         ; IN AH
E7C6  EE                             OUT    DX,AL        ; OUTPUT CHARACTER
E7C7  EB 9B                          JMP    A3           ; RETURN
                              ;------ RECEIVE CHARACTER FROM COMMO LINE
E7C9  83 C2 04                   A12:    ADD    DX,4         ; MODEM CONTROL REGISTER
E7CC  B0 01                          MOV    AL,1         ; DATA TERMINAL READY
E7CE  EE                             OUT    DX,AL
E7CF  42                             INC    DX           ; MODEM STATUS REGISTER
E7D0  42                             INC    DX
E7D1  B7 20                          MOV    BH,20H       ; DATA SET READY
E7D3  E8 E802 R                      CALL   WAIT_FOR_STATUS ; TEST FOR DSR
E7D6  75 DB                          JNZ    A8           ; RETURN WITH ERROR
E7D8  4A                             DEC    DX           ; LINE STATUS REGISTER
E7D9  EC                          A16:    IN     AL,DX
E7DA  A8 01                          TEST   AL,1         ; RECEIVE BUFFER FULL
E7DC  75 09                          JNZ    A17          ; TEST FOR REC. BUFF. FULL
E7DE  F6 06 0071 R 80                TEST   BIOS_BREAK,80H ; TEST FOR BREAK KEY
E7E3  74 F4                          JZ     A16          ; LOOP IF NO BREAK KEY
E7E5  EB CC                          JMP    A8           ; SET TIME OUT ERROR
E7E7  24 1E                       A17:    AND    AL,00011110B ; TEST FOR ERROR CONDITIONS ON RECV
                                                         ; CHAR
E7E9  8A E0                          MOV    AH,AL
E7EB  8B 94 0000 R                   MOV    DX,RS232_BASE[SI] ; DATA PORT
E7EF  EC                             IN     AL,DX        ; GET CHARACTER FROM LINE
E7F0  E9 E764 R                      JMP    A3           ; RETURN
                              ;------ COMMO PORT STATUS ROUTINE
E7F3  8B 94 0000 R               A18:    MOV    DX,RS232_BASE[SI]
E7F7  83 C2 05                       ADD    DX,5         ; CONTROL PORT
E7FA  EC                             IN     AL,DX        ; GET LINE CONTROL STATUS
E7FB  8A E0                          MOV    AH,AL        ; PUT IN AH FOR RETURN
E7FD  42                             INC    DX           ; POINT TO MODEM STATUS REGISTER
E7FE  EC                             IN     AL,DX        ; GET MODEM CONTROL STATUS
E7FF  E9 E764 R                      JMP    A3           ; RETURN
                              ;-------------------------------------------
                              ;           WAIT FOR STATUS ROUTINE
                              ;ENTRY: BH=STATUS BIT(S) TO LOOK FOR,
                              ;           DX=ADDR. OF STATUS REG
                              ;EXIT:  ZERO FLAG ON = STATUS FOUND
                              ;           ZERO FLAG OFF = TIMEOUT.
                              ;           AH=LAST STATUS READ
                              ;-------------------------------------------
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E802                      WAIT_FOR_STATUS PROC    NEAR
E802  8A 9D 007C R              MOV     BL,RS232_TIM_OUT[DI] ;LOAD OUTER LOOP COUNT
E806  2B C9            WFSO:     SUB     CX,CX
E808  EC               WFS1:     IN      AL,DX           ;GET STATUS
E809  8A EO                      MOV     AH,AL           ; MOVE TO AH
E80B  22 C7                      AND     AL,BH           ;ISOLATE BITS TO TEST
E80D  3A C7                      CMP     AL,BH           ;EXACTLY = TO MASK
E80F  74 OB                      JE      WFS_END         ;RETURN WITH ZERO FLAG ON
E811  E2 F5                      LOOP    WFS1            ;TRY AGAIN
E813  FE CB                      DEC     BL
E815  75 EF                      JNZ     WFSO
E817  OA FF                      OR      BH,BH           ;SET ZERO FLAG OFF
E819                   WFS_END:
E819  C3                         RET
E81A                      WAIT_FOR_STATUS ENDP
E81A                      RS232_IO        ENDP
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------------------
                      ;THIS ROUTINE WILL READ TIMER1.  THE VALUE READ IS RETURNED IN AX.
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------------------
E81A                      READ_TIME PROC NEAR
E81A  BO 40                      MOV     AL,40H          ; LATCH TIMER1
E81C  E6 43                      OUT     TIM_CTL,AL
E81E  50                         PUSH    AX              ; WAIT FOR 8253 TO INIT ITSELF
E81F  58                         POP     AX
E820  E4 41                      IN      AL,TIMER+1      ; READ LSB
E822  8A EO                      MOV     AH,AL           ; SAVE IT IN HIGH BYTE
E824  50                         PUSH    AX              ; WAIT FOR 8253 TO INIT ITSELF
E825  58                         POP     AX
E826  E4 41                      IN      AL,TIMER+1      ; READ MSB
E828  86 C4                      XCHG    AL,AH           ; PUT BYTES IN PROPER ORDER
E82A  C3                         RET
E82B                      READ_TIME       ENDP
E82E                              ORG     OE82EH
E82E  E9 13DD R                  JMP     NEAR PTR KEYBOARD_IO
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------------------
                      ;ASYNCHRONOUS COMMUNICATIONS ADAPTER POWER ON DIAGNOSTIC TEST
                      ;DESCRIPTION:
                      ;    THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS A THOROUGH CHECK OUT OF AN INS8250 LSI
                      ;    CHIP.
                      ;    THE TEST INCLUDES:
                      ;    1)  INITIALIZATION OF THE CHIP TO ASSUME ITS MASTER RESET STATE.
                      ;    2)  READING REGISTERS FOR KNOWN PERMANENT ZERO BITS.
                      ;    3)  TESTING THE INS8250 INTERRUPT SYSTEM AND THAT THE 8250
                      ;        INTERRUPTS TRIGGER AN 8259 (INTERRUPT CONTROLLER) INTERRUPT.
                      ;    4)  PERFORMING THE LOOP BACK TEST:
                      ;        A)  TESTING WHAT WAS WRITTEN/READ AND THAT THE TRANSMITTER
                      ;            HOLDING REG EMPTY BIT AND THE RECEIVER INTERRUPT WORK
                      ;            PROPERLY.
                      ;        B)  TESTING IF CERTAIN BITS OF THE DATA SET CONTROL REGISTER
                      ;            ARE 'LOOPED BACK' TO THOSE IN THE DATA SET STATUS
                      ;            REGISTER.
                      ;        C)  TESTING THAT THE TRANSMITTER IS IDLE WHEN TRANSMISSION
                      ;            TEST IS FINISHED.
                      ;    THIS SUBROUTINE EXPECTS TO HAVE THE FOLLOWING PARAMETER PASSED:
                      ;    (DX)= ADDRESS OF THE INS8250 CARD TO TEST.
                      ;    NOTE: THE ASSUMPTION HAS BEEN MADE THAT THE MODEM ADAPTER IS
                      ;          ---- LOCATED AT O3F8H; THE SERIAL PRINTER AT O2F8H.
                      ;    IT RETURNS:
                      ;    (CF) = 1 IF ANY PORTION OF THE TEST FAILED
                      ;         = 0 IF TEST PASSED
                      ;    (BX) = FAILURE KEY FOR ERROR MESSAGE (ONLY VALID IF TEST FAILED)
                      ;        (BH) = 23H  SERIAL PRINTER ADAPTER TEST FAILURE
                      ;             = 24H  MODEM ADAPTER TEST FAILURE
                      ;        (BL) = 2    PERMANENT ZERO BITS IN INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER
                      ;                    WERE INCORRECT
                      ;               3    PERMANENT ZERO BITS IN INTERRUPT IDENTIFICATION
                      ;                    REGISTER WERE INCORRECT
                      ;               4    PERMANENT ZERO BITS IN DATA SET CONTROL REGISTER
                      ;                    WERE INCORRECT
                      ;               5    PERMANENT ZERO BITS IN THE LINE STATUS REGISTER
                      ;                    WERE INCORRECT
                      ;               6    RECEIVED DATA AVAILABLE INTERRUPT TEST FAILED
                      ;                    (THE INTERRUPT WAS NOT GENERATED)
                      ;              16H   RECEIVED DATA AVAILABLE INTERRUPT FAILED TO CLEAR
                      ;               7    RESERVED FOR REPORTING THE TRANSMITTER HOLDING
                      ;                    REGISTER EMPTY INTERRUPT TEST FAILED
                      ;                    (NOT USED AT THIS TIME BECAUSE OF THE DIFFERENCES
                      ;                    BETWEEN THE 8250'S WHICH WILL BE USED)
                      ;              17H   TRANSMITTER HOLDING REG EMPTY INTR FAILED TO CLEAR
                      ;              8-B   RECEIVER LINE STATUS INTERRUPT TEST FAILED
                      ;                    (THE INTERRUPT WAS NOT GENERATED)
                      ;                    8 - OVERRUN ERROR
                      ;                    9 - PARITY ERROR
                      ;                    A - FRAMING ERROR
                      ;                    B - BREAK INTERRUPT ERROR
                      ;             18-1B RECEIVER LINE STATUS INTERRUPT FAILED TO CLEAR
                      ;              C-F   MODEM STATUS INTERRUPT TEST FAILED
                      ;                    (THE INTERRUPT WAS NOT GENERATED)
                      ;                    C - DELTA CLEAR TO SEND ERROR
                      ;                    D - DELTA DATA SET READY ERROR
                      ;                    E - TRAILING EDGE RING INDICATOR ERROR
                      ;                    F - DELTA RECEIVE LINE SIGNAL DETECT ERROR
```

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;                    1C-1F MODEM STATUS INTERRUPT FAILED TO CLEAR
;                    10H  AN 8250 INTERRUPT OCCURRED AS EXPECTED, BUT NO
;                         8259 (INTR CONTROLLER) INTERRUPT WAS GENERATED
;                    11H  DURING THE TRANSMISSION TEST, THE TRANSMITTER
;                         HOLDING REGISTER WAS NOT EMPTY WHEN IT SHOULD
;                         HAVE BEEN.
;                    12H  DURING THE TRANSMISSION TEST, THE RECEIVED DATA
;                         AVAILABLE INTERRUPT DIDN'T OCCUR.
;                    13H  TRANSMISSION ERROR - THE CHARACTER RECEIVED
;                         DURING LOOP MODE WAS NOT THE SAME AS THE ONE
;                         TRANSMITTED
;                    14H  DURING TRANSMISSION TEST, THE 4 DATA SET CONTROL
;                         OUTPUTS WERE NOT THE SAME AS THE 4 DATA SET
;                         CONTROL INPUTS.
;                    15H  THE TRANSMITTER WAS NOT IDLE AFTER THE TRANS-
;                         MISSION TEST COMPLETED.
;               ON EXIT:
;                    - THE MODEM OR SERIAL PRINTER'S 8259 INTERRUPT (WHICHEVER
;                      DEVICE WAS TESTED) IS DISABLED.
;                    - THE 8250 IS IN THE MASTER RESET STATE.
;               ONLY THE DS REGISTER IS PRESERVED - ALL OTHERS ARE ALTERED.
;          ----------------------------------------------------------------
= 0084                    WRAP    EQU     84H             ; LOOP BACK TRANSMISSION TEST
                                                          ; INTERRUPT VECTOR ADDRESS
                                                          ; (IN DIAGNOSTICS)
                          ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
E831                      UART    PROC    NEAR
E831  1E                          PUSH    DS
E832  E4 21                       IN      AL,INTAO1       ; CURRENT ENABLED INTERRUPTS
E834  50                          PUSH    AX              ; SAVE FOR EXIT
E835  0C 01                       OR      AL,00000001B    ; DISABLE TIMER INTR DURING THIS
                                                          ; TEST
E837  E6 21                       OUT     INTAO1,AL
E839  9C                          PUSHF                   ; SAVE CALLER'S FLAGS (SAVE INTR
                                                          ; FLAG)
E83A  52                          PUSH    DX              ; SAVE BASE ADDRESS OF ADAPTER CARD
E83B  E8 138B R                   CALL    DDS             ; SET UP 'DATA' AS DATA SEGMENT
                                                          ; ADDRESS
;          ----------------------------------------------------------------
;                    INITIALIZE PORTS FOR MASTER RESET STATES AND TEST PERMANENT
;                    ZERO DATA BITS FOR CERTAIN PORTS.
;          ----------------------------------------------------------------
E83E  E8 0AC4 R                   CALL    I8250
E841  73 03                       JNC     AT1             ; ALL OK
E843  E9 E94B R                   JMP     AT14            ; A PORT'S ZERO BITS WERE NOT ZERO!
;          ----------------------------------------------------------------
;                    INS8250 INTERRUPT SYSTEM TEST
;                    ONLY THE INTERRUPT BEING TESTED WILL BE ENABLED.
;          ----------------------------------------------------------------
;                    SET DI AND SI FOR CALLS TO 'SUI'
E846  BF 0041 R          AT1:     MOV     DI,OFFSET IMASKS ; BASE ADDRESS OF INTERRUPT MASKS
E849  33 F6                       XOR     SI,SI           ; MODEM INDEX
E84B  80 FE 02                    CMP     DH,2            ; OR SERIAL?
E84E  75 02                       JNE     AT2             ; NO - IT'S MODEM
E850  46                          INC     SI              ; IT'S SERIAL PRINTER
E851  47                          INC     DI              ; SERIAL PRINTER 8259 MASK ADDRESS
;                    RECEIVED DATA AVAILABLE INTERRUPT TEST
E852  E8 E6F5 R          AT2:     CALL    SUI             ; SET UP FOR INTERRUPTS
E855  FE C3                       INC     BL              ; ERROR REPORTER (INIT. IN I8250)
E857  42                          INC     DX              ; POINT TO INTERRUPT ENABLE
                                                          ; REGISTER
E858  B0 01                       MOV     AL,1            ; ENABLE RECEIVED DATA AVAILABLE
                                                          ; INTR
E85A  EE                          OUT     DX,AL
E85B  53                          PUSH    BX              ; SAVE ERROR REPORTER
E85C  83 C2 04                    ADD     DX,4            ; POINT TO LINE STATUS REGISTER
E85F  B4 01                       MOV     AH,1            ; SET RECEIVER DATA READY BIT
E861  BB 0400                     MOV     BX,0400H        ; INTR TO CHECK, INTR IDENTIFIER
E864  B9 0003                     MOV     CX,3            ; INTERRUPT ID REG 'INDEX'
E867  E8 0AF8 R                   CALL    ICT             ; PERFORM TEST FOR INTERRUPT
E86A  5B                          POP     BX              ; RESTORE ERROR INDICATOR
E86B  3C FF                       CMP     AL,0FFH         ; INTERRUPT ERROR OCCUR?
E86D  74 36                       JE      AT4             ; YES
E86F  E8 E706 R                   CALL    C5059           ; GENERATE 8259 INTERRUPT?
E872  72 33                       JC      AT5             ; NO
E874  4A                          DEC     DX
E875  4A                          DEC     DX              ; RESET INTR BY READING RECR BUFR
E876  EC                          IN      AL,DX           ; DON'T CARE ABOUT THE CONTENTS!
E877  42                          INC     DX
E878  42                          INC     DX              ; INTR ID REG
E879  E8 E719 R                   CALL    W8250C          ; WAIT FOR INTR TO CLEAR
E87C  73 03                       JNC     AT3             ; OK
E87E  E9 E948 R                   JMP     AT13            ; DIDN'T CLEAR
;          ----------------------------------------------------------------
; TRANSMITTER HOLDING REGISTER EMPTY INTERRUPT TEST
;               THIS TEST HAS BEEN MODIFIED BECAUSE THE DIFFERENT 8250'S
;               THAT MAY BE USED IN PRODUCING THIS PRODUCT DO NOT FUNCTION
;               THE SAME DURING THE STANDARD TEST OF THIS INTERRUPT
;               (STANDARD BEING THE SAME METHOD FOR TESTING THE OTHER
;               POSSIBLE 8250 INTERRUPTS).  IT IS STILL VALID FOR TESTING
;               IF AN 8259 INTERRUPT IS GENERATED IN RESPONSE TO THE 8250
;               INTERRUPT AND THAT THE 8250 INTERRUPT CLEARS AS IT SHOULD.
;
;               IF THE TRANSMITTER HOLDING REGISTER EMPTY INTERRUPT IS NOT
;               GENERATED WHEN THAT INTERRUPT IS ENABLED, IT IS NOT TREATED
;               AS AN ERROR.  HOWEVER, IF THE INTERRUPT IS GENERATED, IT
;               MUST GENERATE AN 8259 INTERRUPT AND CLEAR PROPERLY TO PASS
;               THIS TEST.
;          ----------------------------------------------------------------
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E881  E8 E6F5 R        AT3:    CALL    SUI         ; SET UP FOR INTERRUPTS
E884  FE C3                    INC     BL          ; BUMP ERROR REPORTER
E886  4A                       DEC     DX          ; POINT TO INTERRUPT ENABLE
                                                   ; REGISTER
E887  B0 02                    MOV     AL,2        ; ENABLE XMITTER HOLDING REG EMPTY
                                                   ; INTR
E889  EE                       OUT     DX,AL
E88A  EB 00                    JMP     $+2         ; I/O DELAY
E88C  42                       INC     DX          ; INTR IDENTIFICATION REG
E88D  2B C9                    SUB     CX,CX
E88F  EC             AT31:     IN      AL,DX       ; READ IT
E890  3C 02                    CMP     AL,2        ; XMITTER HOLDING REG EMPTY INTR?
E892  74 04                    JE      AT32        ; YES
E894  E2 F9                    LOOP    AT31
E896  EB 11                    JMP     SHORT AT6   ; THE INTR DIDN'T OCCUR - TRY NEXT
                                                   ; TEST
E898             AT32:                             ; THE INTR DID OCCUR
E898  E8 E706 R                CALL    C5059       ; GENERATE 8259 INTERRUPT?
E89B  72 0A                    JC      AT5         ; NO
E89D  E8 E719 R                CALL    W8250C      ; WAIT FOR THE INTERRUPT TO CLEAR
                                                   ; (IT SHOULD ALREADY BE CLEAR
                                                   ; BECAUSE 'ICT' READ THE INTR ID
                                                   ; REG)
E8A0  73 07                    JNC     AT6         ; IT CLEARED
E8A2  E9 E948 R                JMP     AT13        ; ERROR
E8A5  EB 7E          AT4:      JMP     SHORT AT11  ; AVOID OUT OF RANGE JUMPS
E8A7  EB 7A          AT5:      JMP     SHORT AT10
                     ;-------------------------------------------------------------
                     ; RECEIVER LINE STATUS INTERRUPT TEST
                     ;         THERE ARE 4 BITS WHICH COULD GENERATE THIS INTERRUPT.
                     ;         EACH ONE IS TESTED INDIVIDUALLY.
                     ;         WHEN:   AH      TESTING
                     ;                 --      -------
                     ;                 2       OVERRUN
                     ;                 4       PARITY
                     ;                 8       FRAMING
                     ;                 10H     BREAK INTR
                     ;-------------------------------------------------------------
E8A9  4A             AT6:      DEC     DX          ; POINT TO INTERRUPT ENABLE
                                                   ; REGISTER
E8AA  B0 04                    MOV     AL,4        ; ENABLE RECEIVER LINE STATUS INTR
E8AC  EE                       OUT     DX,AL
E8AD  83 C2 04                 ADD     DX,4        ; POINT TO LINE STATUS REGISTER
E8B0  B9 0003                  MOV     CX,3        ; INTR ID REG 'INDEX'
E8B3  BD 0004                  MOV     BP,4        ; LOOP COUNTER
E8B6  B4 02                    MOV     AH,2        ; INITIAL BIT TO BE TESTED
E8B8  E8 E6F5 R      AT7:      CALL    SUI         ; SET UP FOR INTERRUPTS
E8BB  FE C3                    INC     BL          ; BUMP ERROR REPORTER
E8BD  53                       PUSH    BX          ; SAVE IT
E8BE  BB 0601                  MOV     BX,0601H    ; INTR TO CHECK, INTR IDENTIFIER
E8C1  E8 0AF8 R                CALL    ICT         ; PERFORM TEST FOR INTERRUPT
E8C4  5B                       POP     BX
E8C5  24 1E                    AND     AL,00011110B; MASK OUT BITS THAT DON'T MATTER
E8C7  3A C4                    CMP     AL,AH       ; TEST BIT ON?
E8C9  75 5A                    JNE     AT11        ; NO
E8CB  E8 E706 R                CALL    C5059       ; GENERATE 8259 INTERRUPT?
E8CE  72 53                    JC      AT10        ; NO
E8D0  83 EA 03                 SUB     DX,3        ; INTR ID REG
E8D3  E8 E719 R                CALL    W8250C      ; WAIT FOR THE INTR TO CLEAR
E8D6  72 70                    JC      AT13        ; IT DIDN'T
E8D8  4D                       DEC     BP          ; ALL FOUR BITS TESTED?
E8D9  74 07                    JE      AT8         ; YES - GO ON TO NEXT TEST
E8DB  D0 E4                    SHL     AH,1        ; GET READY FOR NEXT BIT
E8DD  83 C2 03                 ADD     DX,3        ; LINE STATUS REGISTER
E8E0  EB D6                    JMP     AT7         ; TEST NEXT BIT
                     ;-------------------------------------------------------------
                     ; MODEM STATUS INTERRUPT TEST
                     ;         THERE ARE 4 BITS WHICH COULD GENERATE THIS INTERRUPT.
                     ;         THEY ARE TESTED INDIVIDUALLY.
                     ;         WHEN:   AH      TESTING
                     ;                 --      -------
                     ;                 1       DELTA CLEAR TO SEND
                     ;                 2       DELTA DATA SET READY
                     ;                 4       TRAILING EDGE RING INDICATOR
                     ;                 8       DELTA RECEIVE LINE SIGNAL DETECT
                     ;-------------------------------------------------------------
E8E2  83 C2 04       AT8:      ADD     DX,4        ; MODEM STATUS REGISTER
E8E5  EC                       IN      AL,DX       ; CLEAR DELTA BITS THAT MAY BE ON
                                                   ; BECAUSE OF DIFFERENCES AMONG
                                                   ; 8250'S.
E8E6  EB 00                    JMP     $+2         ; I/O DELAY
E8E8  83 EA 05                 SUB     DX,5        ; INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER
E8EB  B0 08                    MOV     AL,8        ; ENABLE MODEM STATUS INTERRUPT
E8ED  EE                       OUT     DX,AL
E8EE  83 C2 05                 ADD     DX,5        ; POINT TO MODEM STATUS REGISTER
E8F1  B9 0004                  MOV     CX,4        ; INTR ID REG 'INDEX'
E8F4  BD 0004                  MOV     BP,4        ; LOOP COUNTER
E8F7  B4 01                    MOV     AH,1        ; INITIAL BIT TO BE TESTED
E8F9  E8 E6F5 R      AT9:      CALL    SUI         ; SET UP FOR INTERRUPTS
E8FC  FE C3                    INC     BL          ; BUMP ERROR INDICATOR
E8FE  53                       PUSH    BX          ; SAVE IT
E8FF  BB 0001                  MOV     BX,0001H    ; INTR TO CHECK, INTR IDENTIFIER
E902  E8 0AF8 R                CALL    ICT         ; PERFORM TEST FOR INTERRUPT
E905  5B                       POP     BX
E906  24 0F                    AND     AL,00001111B; MASK OUT BITS THAT DON'T MATTER
E908  3A C4                    CMP     AL,AH       ; TEST BIT ON?
E90A  75 19                    JNE     AT11        ; NO
E90C  E8 E706 R                CALL    C5059       ; GENERATE 8259 INTERRUPT?
E90F  72 12                    JC      AT10        ; NO
E911  83 EA 04                 SUB     DX,4        ; INTR ID REG
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E914  E8 E719 R                    CALL    W8250C          ; WAIT FOR INTERRUPT TO CLEAR
E917  72 2F                        JC      AT13            ; IT DIDN'T
E919  4D                           DEC,    BP
E91A  74 0B                        JE      AT12            ; ALL FOUR BITS TESTED - GO ON
E91C  D0 E4                        SHL     AH,1            ; GET READY FOR NEXT BIT
E91E  83 C2 04                     ADD     DX,4            ; MODEM STATUS REGISTER
E921  EB D6                        JMP     AT9             ; TEST NEXT BIT
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
                             ;       POSSIBLE 8259 INTERRUPT CONTROLLER PROBLEM
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
E923  B3 10                 AT10:   MOV     BL,10H          ; SET ERROR REPORTER
E925  EB 24                 AT11:   JMP     SHORT AT14
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
                             ;       SET 9600 BAUD RATE AND DEFINE DATA WORD AS HAVING 8
                             ;       BITS/WORD, 2 STOP BITS, AND ODD PARITY.
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
E927  42                    AT12:   INC     DX              ; LINE CONTROL REGISTER
E928  E8 F085 R                     CALL    S8250
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
                             ;       SET DATA SET CONTROL WORD TO BE IN LOOP MODE
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
E92B  83 C2 04                     ADD     DX,4
E92E  EC                           IN      AL,DX           ; CURRENT STATE
E92F  EB 00                        JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
E931  0C 10                        OR      AL,00010000B    ; SET BIT 4 OF DATA SET CONTROL REG
E933  EE                           OUT     DX,AL
E934  EB 00                        JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
E936  42                           INC     DX
E937  42                           INC     DX              ; MODEM STATUS REG
E938  EC                           IN      AL,DX           ; CLEAR POSSIBLE MODEM STATUS
                                                           ; INTERRUPT WHICH COULD BE CAUSED
                                                           ; BY THE OUTPUT BITS BEING LOOPED
                                                           ; TO THE INPUT BITS
E939  EB 00                        JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
E93B  83 EA 06                     SUB     DX,6            ; RECEIVER BUFFER
E93E  EC                           IN      AL,DX           ; DUMMY READ TO CLEAR DATA READY
                                                           ; BIT IF IT WENT HIGH ON WRITE TO
                                                           ; MCR
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
                             ;       PERFORM THE LOOP BACK TEST
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
E93F  42                           INC     DX              ; INTR ENBL REG
E940  B0 00                        MOV     AL,0            ; SET FOR INTERNAL WRAP TEST
E942  CD 84                        INT     WRAP            ; DO LOOP BACK TRANSMISSION TEST
E944  B1 00                        MOV     CL,0            ; ASSUME NO ERRORS
E946  73 05                        JNC     AT15            ; WRAP TEST PASSED
E948  80 C3 10              AT13:   ADD     BL,10H          ; ERROR INDICATOR
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
                             ;       AN ERROR WAS ENCOUNTERED SOMEWHERE DURING THE TEST
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
E94B  B1 01                 AT14:   MOV     CL,1            ; SET FAIL INDICATOR
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
                             ;       HOUSEKEEPING:  RE-INITIALIZE THE 8250 PORTS (THE LOOP BIT
                             ;       WILL BE RESET), DISABLE THIS DEVICE INTERRUPT, SET UP
                             ;       REGISTER BH IF AN ERROR OCCURRED, AND SET OR RESET THE
                             ;       CARRY FLAG.
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
E94D  5A                    AT15:   POP     DX              ; GET BASE ADDRESS OF 8250 ADAPTER
E94E  53                           PUSH    BX              ; SAVE ERROR CODE
E94F  E8 0AC4 R                     CALL    I8250           ; RE-INITIALIZE 8250 PORTS
E952  5B                           POP     BX
E953  2E: 8A 25                    MOV     AH,CS:[DI]      ; GET DEVICE INTERRUPT MASK
E956  20 26 0084 R                 AND     INTR_FLAG,AH    ; CLEAR DEVICE'S INTERRUPT FLAG BIT
E95A  80 F4 FF                     XOR     AH,0FFH         ; FLIP BITS
E95D  E4 21                        IN      AL,INTA01       ; GET CURRENT INTERRUPT PORT
E95F  0A C4                        OR      AL,AH           ; DISABLE THIS DEVICE INTERRUPT
E961  E6 21                        OUT     INTA01,AL
E963  9D                           POPF                    ; RE-ESTABLISH CALLER'S INTERRUPT
                                                           ; FLAG
E964  0A C9                        OR      CL,CL           ; ANY ERRORS?
E966  74 0C                        JE      AT17            ; NO
E968  B7 24                        MOV     BH,24H          ; ASSUME MODEM ERROR
E96A  80 FE 02                     CMP     DH,2            ; OR IS IT SERIAL?
E96D  75 02                        JNE     AT16            ; IT'S MODEM
E96F  B7 23                        MOV     BH,23H          ; IT'S SERIAL PRINTER
E971  F9                    AT16:   STC                     ; SET CARRY FLAG TO INDICATE ERROR
E972  EB 01                        JMP     SHORT AT18
E974  F8                    AT17:   CLC                     ; RESET CARRY FLAG - NO ERRORS
E975  58                    AT18:   POP     AX              ; RESTORE ENTRY ENABLED INTERRUPTS
E976  E6 21                        OUT     INTA01,AL       ; DEVICE INTRS RE-ESTABLISHED
E978  1F                           POP     DS              ; RESTORE REGISTER
E979  C3                           RET
E97A                        UART    ENDP
E987                                ORG     0E987H
E987  E9 1561 R                     JMP     NEAR PTR KB_INT
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
                             ; NEC_OUTPUT
                             ;       THIS ROUTINE SENDS A BYTE TO THE NEC CONTROLLER
                             ;       AFTER TESTING FOR CORRECT DIRECTION AND CONTROLLER READY
                             ;       THIS ROUTINE WILL TIME OUT IF THE BYTE IS NOT ACCEPTED
                             ;       WITHIN A REASONABLE AMOUNT OF TIME, SETTING THE DISKETTE
                             ;       STATUS ON COMPLETION
                             ; INPUT
                             ;       (AH)    BYTE TO BE OUTPUT
                             ; OUTPUT
                             ;       CY = 0  SUCCESS
                             ;       CY = 1  FAILURE -- DISKETTE STATUS UPDATED
                             ;                IF A FAILURE HAS OCCURRED, THE RETURN IS MADE ONE
                             ;                LEVEL HIGHER THAN THE CALLER OF NEC_OUTPUT
                             ;                THIS REMOVES THE REQUIREMENT OF TESTING AFTER EVERY
                             ;                CALL OF NEC_OUTPUT
                             ;       (AL) DESTROYED
                             ;------------------------------------------------------------
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E98A                              NEC_OUTPUT      PROC    NEAR
E98A  52                                          PUSH    DX                      ; SAVE REGISTERS
E98B  51                                          PUSH    CX
E98C  BA 00F4                                     MOV     DX,NEC_STAT             ; STATUS PORT
E98F  33 C9                                       XOR     CX,CX                   ; COUNT FOR TIME OUT
E991  EC                          J23:            IN      AL,DX                   ; GET STATUS
E992  A8 40                                       TEST    AL,DIO                  ; TEST DIRECTION BIT
E994  74 0C                                       JZ      J25                     ; DIRECTION OK
E996  E2 F9                                       LOOP    J23
E998                              J24:                                            ; TIME_ERROR
E998  80 0E 0041 R 80                             OR      DISKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT
E99D  59                                          POP     CX
E99E  5A                                          POP     DX                      ; SET ERROR CODE AND RESTORE REGS
E99F  58                                          POP     AX                      ; DISCARD THE RETURN ADDRESS
E9A0  F9                                          STC                             ; INDICATE ERROR TO CALLER
E9A1  C3                                          RET                             .
E9A2  33 C9                       J25:            XOR     CX,CX                   ; RESET THE COUNT
E9A4  EC                          J26:            IN      AL,DX                   ; GET THE STATUS
E9A5  A8 80                                       TEST    AL,RQM                  ; IS IT READY?
E9A7  75 04                                       JNZ     J27                     ; YES, GO OUTPUT
E9A9  E2 F9                                       LOOP    J26                     ; COUNT DOWN AND TRY AGAIN
E9AB  EB EB                                       JMP     J24                     ; ERROR CONDITION
E9AD                              J27:                                            ; OUTPUT
E9AD  8A C4                                       MOV     AL,AH                   ; GET BYTE TO OUTPUT
E9AF  42                                          INC     DX                      ; DATA PORT IS 1 GREATER THAN
                                                                                  ; STATUS PORT
E9B0  EE                                          OUT     DX,AL                   ; OUTPUT THE BYTE
E9B1  59                                          POP     CX                      ; RECOVER REGISTERS
E9B2  5A                                          POP     DX
E9B3  C3                                          RET                             ; CY = O FROM TEST INSTRUCTION
E9B4                              NEC_OUTPUT      ENDP
                                  ;-------------------------------------------
                                  ; GET_PARM
                                  ;   THIS ROUTINE FETCHES THE INDEXED POINTER FROM
                                  ;   THE DISK_BASE BLOCK POINTED AT BY THE DATA
                                  ;   VARIABLE DISK_POINTER
                                  ; A BYTE FROM THAT TABLE IS THEN MOVED INTO AH,
                                  ;   THE INDEX OF THAT BYTE BEING THE PARM IN BX
                                  ; ENTRY --
                                  ;   BL = INDEX OF BYTE TO BE FETCHED * 2
                                  ;        IF THE LOW BIT OF BL IS ON, THE BYTE IS IMMEDIATELY
                                  ;        OUTPUT TO THE NEC CONTROLLER
                                  ; EXIT --
                                  ;   AH = THAT BYTE FROM BLOCK
                                  ;   BX = DESTROYED
                                  ;-------------------------------------------
E9B4                              GET_PARM        PROC    NEAR
E9B4  1E                                          PUSH    DS                      ; SAVE SEGMENT
E9B5  56                                          PUSH    SI                      ; SAVE REGISTER
E9B6  2B C0                                       SUB     AX,AX                   ; ZERO TO AX
E9B8  32 FF                                       XOR     BH,BH                   ; ZERO BH
E9BA  8E D8                                       MOV     DS,AX
                                                  ASSUME  DS:ABS0
E9BC  C5 36 0078 R                                LDS     SI,DISK_POINTER         ; POINT TO BLOCK
E9C0  D1 EB                                       SHR     BX,1                    ; DIVIDE BX BY 2, AND SET FLAG FOR
                                                                                  ; EXIT
E9C2  9C                                          PUSHF                           ; SAVE OUTPUT BIT
E9C3  8A 20                                       MOV     AH,[SI+BX]              ; GET THE BYTE
E9C5  83 FB 01                                    CMP     BX,1                    ; IS THIS THE PARM WITH DMA
                                                                                  ; INDICATOR
E9C8  75 05                                       JNZ     J27_1
E9CA  80 CC 01                                    OR      AH,1                    ; TURN ON NO DMA BIT
E9CD  EB 0C                                       JMP     SHORT J27_2
E9CF  83 FB 0A                    J27_1:          CMP     BX,10                   ; MOTOR STARTUP DELAY?
E9D2  75 07                                       JNE     J27_2
E9D4  80 FC 04                                    CMP     AH,4                    ; GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1/2 SEC?
E9D7  7D 02                                       JGE     J27_2                   ; YES, OKAY
E9D9  B4 04                                       MOV     AH,4                    ; NO, FORCE 1/2 SECOND DELAY
E9DB  9D                          J27_2:          POPF                            ; GET OUTPUT BIT
E9DC  5E                                          POP     SI                      ; RESTORE REGISTER
E9DD  1F                                          POP     DS                      ; RESTORE SEGMENT
                                                  ASSUME  DS:DATA
E9DE  72 AA                                       JC      NEC_OUTPUT              ; IF FLAG SET, OUTPUT TO CONTROLLER
E9E0  C3                                          RET                             ; RETURN TO CALLER
E9E1                              GET_PARM        ENDP
                                  ;---------------------------------------------------
                                  ; BOUND_SETUP
                                  ;       THIS ROUTINE SETS UP BUFFER ADDRESSING FOR READ/WRITE/VERIFY
                                  ;       OPERATIONS.
                                  ; INPUT
                                  ;       ES HAS ORIGINAL BUFFER SEGMENT VALUE
                                  ;       BP POINTS AT BASE OF SAVED PARMETERS ON STACK
                                  ; OUTPUT
                                  ;       ES HAS SEGMENT WHICH WILL ALLOW 64K ACCESS.  THE
                                  ;       COMBINATION ES:DI  AND DS:SI POINT TO THE BUFFER. THIS
                                  ;       CALCULATED ADDRESS WILL ALWAYS ACCESS 64K OF MEMORY.
                                  ;       BX DESTOYED
                                  ;---------------------------------------------------
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E9E1                          BOUND_SETUP     PROC    NEAR
E9E1  51                          PUSH    CX          ; SAVE REGISTERS
E9E2  8B 5E 0C                    MOV     BX,[BP+12]  ; GET OFFSET OF BUFFER FROM STACK
E9E5  53                          PUSH    BX          ; SAVE OFFSET TEMPORARILY
E9E6  B1 04                       MOV     CL,4        ; SHIFT COUNT
E9E8  D3 EB                       SHR     BX,CL       ; SHIFT OFFSET FOR NEW SEGMENT
                                                      ;   VALUE
E9EA  8C C1                       MOV     CX,ES       ; PUT ES IN REGISTER SUITABLE FOR
                                                      ;   ADDING TO
E9EC  03 CB                       ADD     CX,BX       ; GET NEW VALUE FOR ES
E9EE  8E C1                       MOV     ES,CX       ; UPDATE THE ES REGISTER
E9F0  5B                          POP     BX          ; RECOVER ORIGINAL OFFSET
E9F1  81 E3 000F                  AND     BX,000FH    ; NEW OFFSET
E9F5  8B F3                       MOV     SI,BX       ; DS:SI POINT AT BUFFER
E9F7  8B FB                       MOV     DI,BX       ; ES:DI POINT AT BUFFER
E9F9  59                          POP     CX
E9FA  C3                          RET
E9FB                          BOUND_SETUP     ENDP
                              ;---------------------------------------------------
                              ; SEEK
                              ;         THIS ROUTINE WILL MOVE THE HEAD ON THE NAMED DRIVE
                              ;         TO THE NAMED TRACK.  IF THE DRIVE HAS NOT BEEN ACCESSED
                              ;         SINCE THE DRIVE RESET COMMAND WAS ISSUED, THE DRIVE WILL BE
                              ;         RECALIBRATED.
                              ; INPUT
                              ;         (DL) = DRIVE TO SEEK ON
                              ;         (CH) = TRACK TO SEEK TO
                              ; OUTPUT
                              ;         CY = 0 SUCCESS
                              ;         CY = 1 FAILURE -- DISKETTE_STATUS SET ACCORDINGLY
                              ;         (AX) DESTROYED
                              ;---------------------------------------------------
E9FB                          SEEK      PROC    NEAR
E9FB  56                          PUSH    SI                   ; SAVE REGISTER
E9FC  53                          PUSH    BX                   ; SAVE REGISTER
E9FD  51                          PUSH    CX
E9FE  BE 0074 R                   MOV     SI,OFFSET TRACK0 ; BASE OF CURRENT HEAD POSITIONS
EA01  B0 01                       MOV     AL,1                 ; ESTABLISH MASK FOR RECAL
EA03  8A CA                       MOV     CL,DL                ; USE DRIVE AS A SHIFT COUNT
EA05  81 E1 00FF                  AND     CX,00FFH             ; MASK OFF HIGH BYTE
EA09  03 F1                       ADD     SI,CX                ; POINT SI AT CORRECT DRIVE
EA0B  D2 C0                       ROL     AL,CL                ; GET MASK FOR DRIVE
                              ;------ SI CONTAINS OFFSET FOR CORRECT DRIVE, AL CONTAINS BIT MASK
                              ;       IN POSITION 0,1 OR 2
EA0D  59                          POP     CX                   ; RESTORE PARAMETER REGISTER
EA0E  BB EA66 R                   MOV     BX,OFFSET J32        ; SET UP ERROR RECOVERY ADDRESS
EA11  53                          PUSH    BX                   ; NEEDED FOR ROUTINE NEC_OUTPUT
EA12  84 06 003E R                TEST    SEEK_STATUS,AL       ; TEST DRIVE FOR RECAL
EA16  75 1B                       JNZ     J28                  ; NO_RECAL
EA18  08 06 003E R                OR      SEEK_STATUS,AL       ; TURN ON THE NO RECAL BIT IN FLAG
EA1C  80 3C 00                    CMP     BYTE PTR[SI],0       ; LAST REFERENCED TRACK=0?
EA1F  74 12                       JZ      J28                  ; YES IGNORE RECAL
EA21  B4 07                       MOV     AH,07H               ; RECALIBRATE COMMAND
EA23  E8 E98A R                   CALL    NEC_OUTPUT
EA26  8A C2                       MOV     AH,DL                ; RECAL REQUIRED ON DRIVE IN DL
EA28  E8 E98A R                   CALL    NEC_OUTPUT           ; OUTPUT THE DRIVE NUMBER
                              ;------ HEAD IS MOVING TO CORRECT TRACK
EA2B  E8 EA6F R                   CALL    CHK_STAT_2           ; GET THE STATUS OF RECALIBRATE
EA2E  72 39                       JC      J32_2                ; SEEK_ERROR
EA30  C6 04 00                    MOV     BYTE PTR[SI],0
                              ;----- DRIVE IS IN SYNCH WITH CONTROLLER, SEEK TO TRACK
EA33  8A 04                   J28:    MOV     AL,BYTE PTR[SI]  ; GET THE PCN
EA35  2A C5                       SUB     AL,CH                ; GET SEEK_WAIT VALUE
EA37  74 2C                       JZ      J31_1                ; ALREADY ON CORRECT TRACK
EA39  B4 0F                       MOV     AH,0FH               ; SEEK COMMAND TO NEC
EA3B  E8 E98A R                   CALL    NEC_OUTPUT
EA3E  8A E2                       MOV     AH,DL                ; DRIVE NUMBER
EA40  E8 E98A R                   CALL    NEC_OUTPUT
EA43  8A E5                       MOV     AH,CH                ; TRACK NUMBER
EA45  E8 E98A R                   CALL    NEC_OUTPUT
EA48  E8 EA6F R                   CALL    CHK_STAT_2           ; GET ENDING INTERRUPT AND SENSE
                                                               ;   STATUS
                              ;----- WAIT FOR HEAD SETTLE
EA4B  9C                          PUSHF                        ; SAVE STATUS FLAGS
EA4C  51                          PUSH    CX                   ; SAVE REGISTER
EA4D  B3 12                       MOV     BL,18                ; HEAD SETTLE PARAMETER
EA4F  E8 E9B4 R                   CALL    GET_PARM
EA52                          J29:                             ; HEAD_SETTLE
EA52  B9 0226                     MOV     CX,550               ; 1 MS LOOP
EA55  0A E4                       OR      AH,AH                ; TEST FOR TIME EXPIRED
EA57  74 06                       JZ      J31
EA59  E2 FE                   J30:    LOOP    J30              ; DELAY FOR 1 MS
EA5B  FE CC                       DEC     AH                   ; DECREMENT THE COUNT
EA5D  EB F3                       JMP     J29                  ; DO IT SOME MORE
EA5F  59                      J31:    POP     CX               ; RESTORE REGISTER
EA60  9D                          POPF
EA61  72 06                       JC      J32_2
EA63  88 2C                       MOV     BYTE PTR[SI],CH
EA65  5B                      J31_1:  POP     BX               ; GET RID OF DUMMY RETURN
EA66                          J32:                             ; SEEK_ERROR
EA66  58                          POP     BX                   ; RESTORE REGISTER
EA67  5E                          POP     SI                   ; UPDATE CORRECT
EA68  C3                          RET                          ; RETURN TO CALLER
EA69  C6 04 FF               J32_2:  MOV     BYTE PTR[SI],0FFH ; UNKNOWN STATUS ABOUT SEEK
                                                               ;   OPERATION
EA6C  5B                          POP     BX                   ; GET RID OF DUMMY RETURN
EA6D  EB F7                       JMP     SHORT J32
EA6F                          SEEK      ENDP
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                              ; -------------------------------------------------
                              ; CHK_STAT_2
                              ;         THIS ROUTINE HANDLES THE INTERRUPT RECEIVED AFTER
                              ;         A RECALIBRATE, SEEK, OR RESET TO THE ADAPTER.
                              ;         THE INTERRUPT IS WAITED FOR, THE INTERRUPT STATUS SENSED,
                              ;         AND THE RESULT RETURNED TO THE CALLER.
                              ; INPUT
                              ;         NONE
                              ; OUTPUT
                              ;         CY = 0 SUCCESS
                              ;         CY = 1 FAILURE -- ERROR IS IN DISKETTE_STATUS
                              ;         (AX) DESTROYED
                              ; -------------------------------------------------
EA6F                          CHK_STAT_2      PROC    NEAR
EA6F  53                              PUSH    BX              ; SAVE REGISTERS
EA70  56                              PUSH    SI
EA71  33 DB                           XOR     BX,BX           ; NUMBER OF SENSE INTERRUPTS TO
                                                              ; ISSUE
EA73  BE EA88 R                       MOV     SI,OFFSET J33_3 ; SET UP DUMMY RETURN FROM
                                                              ; NEC_OUTPUT
EA76  56                              PUSH    SI              ; PUT ON STACK
EA77  B4 08                 J33_2:    MOV     AH,08H          ; SENSE INTERRUPT STATUS
EA79  E8 E98A R                       CALL    NEC_OUTPUT      ; ISSUE SENSE INTERUPT STATUS
EA7C  E8 EAA0 R                       CALL    RESULTS         ;
EA7F  72 10                           JC      J35             ; NEC TIME OUT, FLAGS SET IN
                                                              ; RESULTS
EA81  A0 0042 R                       MOV     AL,NEC_STATUS   ; GET STATUS
EA84  A8 20                           TEST    AL,SEEK_END     ; IS SEEK OR RECAL OPERATION DONE?
EA86  75 0D                           JNZ     J35_1           ; JUMP IF EXECUTION OF SEEK OR
                                                              ; RECAL DONE
EA88  4B                   J33_3:     DEC     BX              ; DEC LOOP COUNTER
EA89  75 EC                           JNZ     J33_2           ; DO ANOTHER LOOP
EA8B  80 0E 0041 R 80                 OR      DISKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT
EA90  F9                   J34:       STC                     ; RETURN ERROR INDICATION FOR
                                                              ; CALLER
EA91  5E                   J35:       POP     SI              ; RESTORE REGISTERS
EA92  5E                              POP     SI
EA93  5B                              POP     BX
EA94  C3                              RET
                              ;-----SEEK END HAS OCCURED, CHECK FOR NORMAL TERMINATION
EA95  24 C0                 J35_1:     AND     AL,0C0H         ; MASK NORMAL TERMINATION BITS
EA97  74 F8                           JZ      J35             ; JUMP IF NORMAL TERMINATION
EA99  80 0E 0041 R 40                 OR      DISKETTE_STATUS,BAD_SEEK
EA9E  EB F0                           JMP     J34
EAA0                          CHK_STAT_2      ENDP
                              ; -------------------------------------------------
                              ; RESULTS
                              ;         THIS ROUTINE WILL READ ANYTHING THAT THE NEC CONTROLLER
                              ;         HAS TO SAY FOLLOWING AN INTERRUPT.
                              ;         IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE NEC DATA PORT = NEC STATUS PORT + 1.
                              ; INPUT
                              ;         NONE
                              ; OUTPUT
                              ;         CY = 0  SUCCESSFUL TRANSFER
                              ;         CY = 1  FAILURE -- TIME OUT IN WAITING FOR STATUS
                              ;         NEC_STATUS AREA HAS STATUS BYTE LOADED INTO IT
                              ;         (AH) DESTROYED
                              ; -------------------------------------------------
EAA0                          RESULTS PROC    NEAR
EAA0  FC                              CLD
EAA1  BF 0042 R                       MOV     DI,OFFSET NEC_STATUS ; POINTER TO DATA AREA
EAA4  51                              PUSH    CX              ; SAVE COUNTER
EAA5  52                              PUSH    DX
EAA6  53                              PUSH    BX
EAA7  B3 07                           MOV     BL,7            ; MAX STATUS BYTES
                              ;------ WAIT FOR REQUEST FOR MASTER
EAA9                          J38:                            ; INPUT_LOOP
EAA9  33 C9                           XOR     CX,CX           ; COUNTER
EAAB  BA 00F4                         MOV     DX,NEC_STAT     ; STATUS PORT
EAAE                          J39:                            ; WAIT FOR MASTER
EAAE  EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
EAAF  A8 80                           TEST    AL,080H         ; MASTER READY
EAB1  75 0C                           JNZ     J40A            ; TEST_DIR
EAB3  E2 F9                           LOOP    J39             ; WAIT_MASTER
EAB5  80 0E 0041 R 80                 OR      DISKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT
EABA                          J40:                            ; RESULTS_ERROR
EABA  F9                              STC                     ; SET ERROR RETURN
                              ;------ RESULT OPERATION IS DONE
EABB  5B                   J44:       POP     BX
EABC  5A                              POP     DX
EABD  59                              POP     CX
EABE  C3                              RET
                              ;------ TEST THE DIRECTION BIT
EABF  EC                   J40A:      IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS REG AGAIN
EAC0  A8 40                           TEST    AL,040H         ; TEST DIRECTION BIT
EAC2  75 07                           JNZ     J42             ; OK TO READ STATUS
EAC4                          J41:                            ; NEC_FAIL
EAC4  80 0E 0041 R 20                 OR      DISKETTE_STATUS,BAD_NEC
EAC9  EB EF                           JMP     J40             ; RESULTS_ERROR
                              ;------ READ IN THE STATUS
EACB                          J42:                            ; INPUT_STAT
EACB  42                              INC     DX              ; POINT AT DATA PORT
EACC  EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; GET THE DATA
EACD  88 05                           MOV     [DI],AL         ; STORE THE BYTE
EACF  47                              INC     DI              ; INCREMENT THE POINTER
EAD0  B9 000A                         MOV     CX,10           ; LOOP TO KILL TIME FOR NEC
EAD3  E2 FE                J43:       LOOP    J43
EAD5  4A                              DEC     DX              ; POINT AT STATUS PORT
EAD6  EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
EAD7  A8 10                           TEST    AL,010H         ; TEST FOR NEC STILL BUSY
EAD9  74 E0                           JZ      J44             ; RESULTS DONE
EADB  FE CB                           DEC     BL              ; DECREMENT THE STATUS COUNTER
EADD  75 CA                           JNZ     J38             ; GO BACK FOR MORE
EADF  EB E3                           JMP     J41             ; CHIP HAS FAILED
```

```
                          ;-------------------------------------------------
                          ; NUM_TRANS
                          ;       THIS ROUTINE CALCULATES THE NUMBER OF SECTORS THAT
                          ;       WERE ACTUALLY TRANSFERRED TO/FROM THE DISKETTE
                          ; INPUT
                          ;       (CH) = CYLINDER OF OPERATION
                          ;       (CL) = START SECTOR OF OPERATION
                          ; OUTPUT
                          ;       (AL) = NUMBER ACTUALLY TRANSFERRED
                          ;       NO OTHER REGISTERS MODIFIED
                          ;-------------------------------------------------
EAE1                      NUM_TRANS     PROC    NEAR
EAE1  A0 0045 R                   MOV   AL,NEC_STATUS+3  ; GET CYLINDER ENDED UP ON
EAE4  3A 46 0B                    CMP   AL,[BP+11]       ; SAME AS WE STARTED
EAE7  A0 0047 R                   MOV   AL,NEC_STATUS+5  ; GET ENDING SECTOR
EAEA  74 07                       JZ    J45              ; IF ON SAME CYL, THEN NO ADJUST
EAEC  B3 0B                       MOV   BL,8
EAEE  E8 E9B4 R                   CALL  GET_PARM         ; GET EOT VALUE
EAF1  8A C4                       MOV   AL,AH            ;   INTO AL
EAF3  FE C0          J45:         INC   AL               ; USE EOT+1 FOR CALCULATION
EAF5  2A 46 0A                    SUB   AL,[BP]+10       ; SUBTRACT START FROM END
EAF8  88 46 0E                    MOV   [BP+14],AL
EAFB  C3                          RET
EAFC                      NUM_TRANS     ENDP
EAFC                      RESULTS ENDP
                          ;-------------------------------------------------
                          ; DISABLE
                          ;       THIS ROUTINE WILL DISABLE ALL INTERRUPTS EXCEPT FOR
                          ;       INTERRUPT 6 SO WATCH DOG TIME OUT CAN OCCUR IN ERROR
                          ;       CONDITIONS.
                          ; INPUT
                          ;       NONE
                          ; OUTPUT
                          ;       NONE
                          ;       ALL REGISTERS REMAIN INTACT
                          ;-------------------------------------------------
EAFC                      DISABLE       PROC    NEAR
EAFC  50                          PUSH  AX
                          ;------ DISABLE ALL INTERRUPTS AT THE 8259 LEVEL EXCEPT DISKETTE
EAFD  E4 21                       IN    AL,INTA01        ; READ CURRENT MASK
EAFF  89 46 10                    MOV   [BP+16],AX       ; SAVE MASK ON THE SPACE ALLOCATED
                                                         ;   ON THE STACK
EB02  B0 BF                       MOV   AL,0BFH          ; MASK OFF ALL INTERRUPTS EXCEPT
                                                         ;   DISKETTE
EB04  E6 21                       OUT   INTA01,AL        ; OUTPUT MASK TO THE 8259
EB06  E8 E9E1 R                   CALL  BOUND_SETUP      ; SETUP REGISTERS TO ACCESS BUFFER
EB09  58                          POP   AX
EB0A  C3                          RET
EB0B                      DISABLE       ENDP
                          ;-------------------------------------------------
                          ; ENABLE
                          ;       THIS PROC ENABLES ALL INTERRUPTS.  IT ALSO SETS THE 8253 TO
                          ;       THE MODE REQUIRED FOR KEYBOARD DATA DESERIALIZATION.
                          ;       BEFORE THE LATCH FOR KEYBOARD DATA IS RESET, BIT 0 OF THE
                          ;       8255 IS READ TO DETERMINE WHETHER ANY KEYSTROKES OCCURED
                          ;       WHILE THE SYSTEM WAS MASKED OFF.
                          ; INPUT
                          ;       NONE
                          ; OUTPUT
                          ;       AL=1 MEANS A KEY WAS STRUCK DURING DISKETTE I/O.  (OR NOISE
                          ;            ON THE LINE)
                          ;       AL=0 MEANS THAT NO KEY WAS PRESSED.
                          ;       AX IS DESTROYED.  ALL OTHER REGISTERS REMAIN INTACT.
                          ;-------------------------------------------------
EB0B                      ENABLE        PROC    NEAR
EB0B  52                          PUSH  DX               ; SAVE DX
                          ;------ RETURN TIMER1 TO STATE NEEDED FOR KEYBOARD I/O
EB0C  B0 76                       MOV   AL,01110110B     ;
EB0E  E6 43                       OUT   TIM_CTL,AL
EB10  50                          PUSH  AX
EB11  58                          POP   AX               ; WAIT FOR 8253 TO INITIALIZE
                                                         ;   ITSELF
EB12  B0 FF                       MOV   AL,0FFH          ; INITIAL VALUE FOR 8253
EB14  E6 41                       OUT   TIMER+1,AL       ; LSB
EB16  50                          PUSH  AX
EB17  58                          POP   AX               ; WAIT
EB18  E6 41                       OUT   TIMER+1,AL       ; MSB
                          ;------ CHECK IF ANY KEYSTROKES OCCURED DURING DISKETTE TRANSFER
EB1A  8E 46 10                    MOV   ES,[BP+16]       ; GET ORIGINAL ES VALUE FROM THE
                                                         ;   STACK
EB1D  E4 62                       IN    AL,62H           ; READ PORT C OF 8255
EB1F  24 01                       AND   AL,01H           ; BIT=1 MEANS KESTROKE HAS OCCURED
EB21  50                          PUSH  AX               ; SAVE IT ON THE STACK
                          ;------ ENABLE NMI INTERRUPTS
EB22  E4 A0                       IN    AL,NMI_PORT      ; RESET LATCH
EB24  B0 80                       MOV   AL,80H           ; MASK TO ENABLE NMI
EB26  E6 A0                       OUT   NMI_PORT,AL      ; ENABLE NMI
                          ;------ ENABLE ALL INTERRUPTS WHICH WERE ENABLED BEFORE TRANSFER
EB28  8B 46 10                    MOV   AX,[BP+16]       ; GET MASK FROM THE STACK
EB2B  E6 21                       OUT   INTA01,AL
EB2D  58                          POP   AX               ; PASS BACK KEY STROKE FLAG
EB2E  5A                          POP   DX
EB2F  FB                          STI
EB30  C3                          RET
EB31                      ENABLE        ENDP
```

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                        ;------------------------------------------------
                        ;CLOCK_WAIT
                        ;          THIS PROCEDURE IS CALLED WHEN THE TIME OF DAY
                        ;          IS BEING UPDATED.  IT WAITS IF TIMER0 IS ALMOST
                        ;          READY TO WRAP UNTIL IT IS SAFE TO READ AN ACCURATE
                        ;          TIMER1.
                        ;INPUT
                        ;          NONE.
                        ;OUTPUT
                        ;          NONE. AX IS DESTROYED.
                        ;------------------------------------------------
EB31                    CLOCK_WAIT    PROC    NEAR
EB31  32 C0                           XOR     AL,AL          ; READ MODE TIMER0 FOR 8253
EB33  E6 43                           OUT     TIM_CTL,AL     ; OUTPUT TO THE 8253
EB35  50                              PUSH    AX
EB36  58                              POP     AX             ; WAIT FOR 8253 TO INITIALIZE
                                                             ; ITSELF
EB37  E4 40                           IN      AL,TIMER0      ; READ LEAST SIGNIFICANT BYTE
EB39  86 C4                           XCHG    AL,AH          ; SAVE IT
EB3B  E4 40                           IN      AL,TIMER0      ; READ MOST SIGNIFICANT BYTE
EB3D  86 C4                           XCHG    AL,AH          ; REARRANGE FOR PROPER ORDER
EB3F  3D 012C                         CMP     AX,THRESHOLD   ; IS TIMER0 CLOSE TO WRAPPING?
EB42  72 ED                           JC      CLOCK_WAIT     ; JUMP IF CLOCK IS WITHIN THRESHOLD
EB44  C3                              RET                    ; OK TO READ TIMER1
EB45                    CLOCK_WAIT    ENDP
                        ;------------------------------------------------
                        ;GET_DRIVE
                        ;          THIS ROUTINE WILL CALCULATE A BIT MASK FOR THE DRIVE WHICH
                        ;          IS SELECTED BY THE CURRENT INT 13 CALL.  THE DRIVE SELECTED
                        ;          CORRESPONDS TO THE BIT IN THE MASK,  I.E. DRIVE ZERO
                        ;          CORRESPONDS TO BIT ZERO AND A 01H IS RETURNED. THE BIT IS
                        ;          CALCULATED BY ACCESSING THE PARAMETERS PASSED TO INT 13
                        ;          WHICH WERE SAVED ON THE STACK.
                        ;INPUT
                        ;          BYTE PTR[BP] MUST POINT TO DRIVE FOR SELECTION.
                        ;OUTPUT
                        ;          AL CONTAINS THE BIT MASK.  ALL OTHER REGISTERS ARE INTACT
                        ;------------------------------------------------
EB45                    GET_DRIVE     PROC    NEAR
EB45  51                              PUSH    CX             ; SAVE REGISTER.
EB46  8A 4E 00                        MOV     CL,BYTE PTR[BP] ; GET DRIVE NUMBER
EB49  B0 01                           MOV     AL,1           ; INITIALIZE AL WITH VALUE FOR
                                                             ; SHIFTING
EB4B  D2 E0                           SHL     AL,CL          ; SHIFT BIT POSITION BY DRIVE
                                                             ; NUMBER (DRIVE IN RANGE 0-2)
EB4D  24 07                           AND     AL,07H         ; ONLY THREE DRIVES ARE SUPPORTED.
                                                             ; RANGE CHECK
EB4F  59                              POP     CX             ; RESTORE REGISTERS
EB50  C3                              RET
EB51                    GET_DRIVE     ENDP
                        ;------------------------------------------------
                        ; THIS ROUTINE  CHECKS OPTIONAL ROM MODULES (CHECKSUM
                        ; FOR MODULES FROM C0000->D0000, CRC CHECK FOR CARTRIDGES
                        ; (D0000->F0000)
                        ; IF CHECK IS OK, CALLS INIT/TEST CODE IN MODULE
                        ;      MFG ERROR CODE= 25XX (XX=MSB OF SEGMENT IN ERROR)
                        ;------------------------------------------------
EB51                    ROM_CHECK     PROC    NEAR
EB51  2B F6                           SUB     SI,SI          ; SET SI TO POINT TO BEGINNING
                                                             ; (REL. TO DS)
EB53  2A C0                           SUB     AL,AL          ; ZERO OUT AL
EB55  8A 67 02                        MOV     AH,[BX+2]      ; GET LENGTH INDICATOR
EB58  D1 E0                           SHL     AX,1           ; FORM COUNT
EB5A  50                              PUSH    AX             ; SAVE COUNT
EB5B  81 FA D000                      CMP     DX,0D000H      ; SEE IF POINTER IS BELOW D000
EB5F  9C                              PUSHF                  ; SAVE RESULTS
EB60  B1 04                           MOV     CL,4           ; ADJUST
EB62  D3 E8                           SHR     AX,CL
EB64  03 D0                           ADD     DX,AX          ; SET POINTER TO NEXT MODULE
EB66  9D                              POPF                   ; RECOVER FLAGS FROM POINTER RANGE
                                                             ; CHECK
EB67  59                              POP     CX             ; RECOVER COUNT IN CX REGISTER
EB68  52                              PUSH    DX             ; SAVE POINTER
EB69  7C 07                           JL      ROM_1          ; DO ARITHMETIC CHECKSUM IF BELOW
                                                             ; D0000
EB6B  E8 FE71 R                       CALL    CRC_CHECK      ; DO CRC CHECK
EB6E  74 2B                           JZ      ROM_CHECK_1    ; PROCEED IF OK
EB70  EB 05                           JMP     SHORT ROM_2    ; ELSE POST ERROR
EB72  E8 FEEB R       ROM_1:          CALL    ROS_CHECKSUM   ; DO ARITHMETIC CHECKSUM
EB75  74 24                           JZ      ROM_CHECK_1    ; PROCEED IF OK
EB77  BA 1626         ROM_2:          MOV     DX,1626H       ; POSITION CURSOR, ROW 22, COL 38
EB7A  B4 02                           MOV     AH,2
EB7C  B7 07                           MOV     BH,7
EB7E  CD 10                           INT     10H
EB80  8C DA                           MOV     DX,DS          ; RECOVER DATA SEG
EB82  8A C6                           MOV     AL,DH
EB84  E8 18A9 R                       CALL    XPC_BYTE       ; DISPLAY MSB OF DATA SEG
EB87  8A DE                           MOV     BL,DH          ; FORM XX VALUE OF ERROR CODE
EB89  B7 25                           MOV     BH,25H         ; FORM 25 PORTION
EB8B  80 FE D0                        CMP     DH,0D0H        ; IN CARTRIDGE SPACE?
EB8E  BE 003B R                       MOV     SI,OFFSET CART_ERR
EB91  7D 03                           JGE     ROM_CHECK_0
EB93  BE 003A R                       MOV     SI,OFFSET ROM_ERR
EB96                    ROM_CHECK_0:
EB96  E8 09BC R                       CALL    E_MSG          ; GO ERROR ROUTINE
EB99  EB 16                           JMP     SHORT ROM_CHECK_END  ; AND EXIT
EB9B                    ROM_CHECK_1:
EB9B  B8 ---- R                       MOV     AX,XXDATA      ; SET ES TO POINT TO XXDATA AREA
EB9E  8E C0                           MOV     ES,AX
EBA0  26: C7 06 0014 R 0003           MOV     ES:IO_ROM_INIT,0003H ; LOAD OFFSET
EBA7  26: 8C 0E 0016 R                MOV     ES:IO_ROM_SEG,DS     ; LOAD SEGMENT
EBAC  26: FF 1E 0014 R                CALL    DWORD PTR ES:IO_ROM_INIT ; CALL INIT./TEST ROUTINE
```

```
EBB1                          ROM_CHECK_END:
EBB1 5A                             POP     DX              ; RECOVER POINTER
EBB2 C3                             RET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
EBB3                          ROM_CHECK       ENDP
                              ;-- INT 13 --------------------------------------------------
                              ; DISKETTE I/O
                              ;     THIS INTERFACE PROVIDES ACCESS TO THE 5 1/4" DISKETTE DRIVES
                              ; INPUT
                              ;         (AH)=O  RESET DISKETTE SYSTEM
                              ;                 HARD RESET TO NEC, PREPARE COMMAND, RECAL REQD ON
                              ;                 ALL DRIVES
                              ;         (AH)=1  READ THE STATUS OF THE SYSTEM INTO (AL)
                              ;                 DISKETTE_STATUS FROM LAST OP'N IS USED
                              ;         REGISTERS FOR READ/WRITE/VERIFY/FORMAT
                              ;         (DL) - DRIVE NUMBER (O-3 ALLOWED, VALUE CHECKED)
                              ;         (DH) - HEAD NUMBER (O-1 ALLOWED, NOT VALUE CHECKED)
                              ;         (CH) - TRACK NUMBER (0-39, NOT VALUE CHECKED)
                              ;         (CL) - SECTOR NUMBER (1-8, NOT VALUE CHECKED, NOT USED FOR
                              ;                 FORMAT)
                              ;         (AL) - NUMBER OF SECTORS ( MAX = 8, NOT VALUE CHECKED, NOT
                              ;                 USED FOR FORMAT, HOWEVER, CANNOT BE ZERO!!!)
                              ;         (ES:BX) - ADDRESS OF BUFFER ( NOT REQUIRED FOR VERIFY)
                              ;
                              ;         (AH)=2  READ THE DESIRED SECTORS INTO MEMORY
                              ;         (AH)=3  WRITE THE DESIRED SECTORS FROM MEMORY
                              ;         (AH)=4  VERIFY THE DESIRED SECTORS
                              ;         (AH)=5  FORMAT THE DESIRED TRACK
                              ;                 FOR THE FORMAT OPERATION, THE BUFFER POINTER
                              ;                 (ES,BX) MUST POINT TO THE COLLECTION OF DESIRED
                              ;                 ADDRESS FIELDS FOR THE TRACK.  EACH FIELD IS
                              ;                 COMPOSED OF 4 BYTES, (C,H,R,N), WHERE
                              ;                 C = TRACK NUMBER, H=HEAD NUMBER, R = SECTOR NUMBER,
                              ;                 N= NUMBER OF BYTES PER SECTOR (OO=128, O1=256,
                              ;                 02=512, O3=1024,). THERE MUST BE ONE ENTRY FOR
                              ;                 EVERY SECTOR ON THE TRACK. THIS INFORMATION IS USED
                              ;                 TO FIND THE REQUESTED SECTOR DURING READ/WRITE
                              ;                 ACCESS.
                              ; DATA VARIABLE -- DISK_POINTER
                              ;     DOUBLE WORD POINTER TO THE CURRENT SET OF DISKETTE PARAMETERS
                              ; OUTPUT
                              ;         AH = STATUS OF OPERATION
                              ;                 STATUS BITS ARE DEFINED IN THE EQUATES FOR
                              ;                 DISKETTE_STATUS VARIABLE IN THE DATA SEGMENT OF
                              ;                 THIS MODULE
                              ;         CY = 0  SUCCESSFUL OPERATION (AH=0 ON RETURN)
                              ;         CY = 1  FAILED OPERATION (AH HAS ERROR REASON)
                              ;         FOR READ/WRITE/VERIFY
                              ;                 DS,BX,DX,CH,CL PRESERVED
                              ;                 AL = NUMBER OF SECTORS ACTUALLY READ
                              ;                 **** AL MAY NOT BE CORRECT IF TIME OUT ERROR OCCURS
                              ;         NOTE: IF AN ERROR IS REPORTED BY THE DISKETTE CODE, THE
                              ;                 APPROPRIATE ACTION IS TO RESET THE DISKETTE, THEN
                              ;                 RETRY THE OPERATION. ON READ ACCESSES, NO MOTOR
                              ;                 START DELAY IS TAKEN, SO THAT THREE RETRIES ARE
                              ;                 REQUIRED ON READS TO ENSURE THAT THE PROBLEM IS NOT
                              ;                 DUE TO MOTOR START-UP.
                              ;------------------------------------------------------------
                                    ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA,ES:DATA
EC59                                ORG     OEC59H
EC59                          DISKETTE_IO     PROC    FAR
EC59 FB                             STI                     ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
EC5A 06                             PUSH    ES              ; SAVE ES
EC5B 50                             PUSH    AX              ; ALLOCATE ONE WORD OF STORAGE FOR
                                                            ; TIMER1 INITIAL VALUE
EC5C 50                             PUSH    AX              ; ALLOCATE ONE WORD ON STACK FOR
                                                            ; USE IN PROCS ENABLE AND DISABLE.
                                                            ;  WILL HOLD 8259 MASK.
EC5D 50                             PUSH    AX              ; SAVE COMMAND AND N_SECTORS
EC5E 53                             PUSH    BX              ; SAVE ADDRESS
EC5F 51                             PUSH    CX
EC60 1E                             PUSH    DS              ; SAVE SEGMENT REGISTER VALUE
EC61 56                             PUSH    SI              ; SAVE ALL REGISTERS DURING
                                                            ; OPERATION
EC62 57                             PUSH    DI
EC63 55                             PUSH    BP
EC64 52                             PUSH    DX
EC65 8B EC                          MOV     BP,SP           ; SET UP POINTER TO HEAD PARM
EC67 E8 13B8 R                      CALL    DDS             ; SET DS=DATA
EC6A E8 EC90 R                      CALL    J1              ; CALL THE REST TO ENSURE DS
                                                            ; RESTORED
EC6D B3 04                          MOV     BL,4            ; GET THE MOTOR WAIT PARAMETER
EC6F E8 E9B4 R                      CALL    GET_PARM
EC72 88 26 0040 R                   MOV     MOTOR_COUNT,AH  ; SET THE TIMER COUNT FOR THE MOTOR
EC76 8A 26 0041 R                   MOV     AH,DISKETTE_STATUS  ; GET STATUS OF OPERATION
EC7A 88 66 0F                       MOV     [BP+15],AH      ; RETURN STATUS IN AL
EC7D 5A                             POP     DX              ; RESTORE ALL REGISTERS
EC7E 5D                             POP     BP
EC7F 5F                             POP     DI
EC80 5E                             POP     SI
EC81 1F                             POP     DS
EC82 59                             POP     CX
EC83 5B                             POP     BX              ; RECOVER OFFSET
EC84 58                             POP     AX
EC85 83 C4 04                       ADD     SP,4            ; DISCARD DUMMY SPACE FOR 8259 MASK
EC88 07                             POP     ES              ; RECOVER SEGMENT
EC89 80 FC 01                       CMP     AH,1            ; SET THE CARRY FLAG TO INDICATE
EC8C F5                             CMC                     ;  SUCCESS OR FAILURE
EC8D CA 0002                        RET     2               ; THROW AWAY SAVED FLAGS
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A-74   ROM BIOS

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EC90                          DISKETTE_IO   ENDP
EC90                          J1      PROC    NEAR
EC90  8A F0                           MOV     DH,AL           ; SAVE # SECTORS IN DH
EC92  80 26 003F R 7F                 AND     MOTOR_STATUS,07FH       ; INDICATE A READ OPERATION
EC97  0A E4                           OR      AH,AH           ; AH=0
EC99  74 27                           JZ      DISK_RESET
EC9B  FE CC                           DEC     AH              ; AH=1
EC9D  74 74                           JZ      DISK_STATUS
EC9F  C6 06 0041 R 00                 MOV     DISKETTE_STATUS,0 ; RESET THE STATUS INDICATOR
ECA4  80 FA 02                        CMP     DL,2            ; TEST FOR DRIVE IN 0-2 RANGE
ECA7  77 13                           JA      J3              ; ERROR IF ABOVE
ECA9  FE CC                           DEC     AH              ; AH=2
ECAB  74 6D                           JZ      DISK_READ
ECAD  FE CC                           DEC     AH              ; AH=3
ECAF  75 03                           JNZ     J2              ; TEST_DISK_VERF
ECB1  E9 ED3D R                       JMP     DISK_WRITE
ECB4                          J2:                             ; TEST_DISK_VERF
ECB4  FE CC                           DEC     AH              ; AH=4
ECB6  74 62                           JZ      DISK_VERF
ECB8  FE CC                           DEC     AH              ; AH=5
ECBA  74 62                           JZ      DISK_FORMAT
ECBC                          J3:                             ; BAD_COMMAND
ECBC  C6 06 0041 R 01                 MOV     DISKETTE_STATUS,BAD_CMD ; ERROR CODE, NO SECTORS
                                                              ; TRANSFERRED
ECC1  C3                              RET                     ; UNDEFINED OPERATION
ECC2                          J1      ENDP
                              ;------ RESET THE DISKETTE SYSTEM
ECC2                          DISK_RESET    PROC    NEAR
ECC2  BA 00F2                          MOV     DX,NEC_CTL      ; ADAPTER CONTROL PORT
ECC5  FA                               CLI                    ; NO INTERRUPTS
ECC6  A0 003F R                        MOV     AL,MOTOR_STATUS ; FIND OUT IF MOTOR IS RUNNING
ECC9  24 07                            AND     AL,07H          ; DRIVE BITS
ECCB  EE                               OUT     DX,AL           ; RESET THE ADAPTER
ECCC  C6 06 003E R 00                  MOV     SEEK_STATUS,0   ; SET RECAL REQUIRED ON ALL DRIVES
ECD1  C6 06 0041 R 00                  MOV     DISKETTE_STATUS,0 ; SET OK STATUS FOR DISKETTE
ECD6  0C 80                            OR      AL,FDC_RESET    ; TURN OFF RESET
ECD8  EE                               OUT     DX,AL           ; TURN OFF THE RESET
ECD9  FB                               STI                    ; REENABLE THE INTERRUPTS
ECDA  BE ECFA R                        MOV     SI,OFFSET J4_2  ; DUMMY RETURN FOR
ECDD  56                               PUSH    SI              ; PUSH RETURN IF ERROR
                                                               ; IN NEC_OUTPUT
ECDE  B9 0010                          MOV     CX,10H          ; NUMBER OF SENSE INTERRUPTS TO
                                                               ; ISSUE
ECE1  B4 08                  J4_0:     MOV     AH,08H          ; COMMAND FOR SENSE INTERRUPT
                                                               ; STATUS
ECE3  E8 E98A R                        CALL    NEC_OUTPUT      ; OUTPUT  THE SENSE INTERRUPT
                                                               ; STATUS
ECE6  E8 EAA0 R                        CALL    RESULTS         ; GET STATUS FOLLOWING COMPLETION
                                                               ; OF RESET
ECE9  A0 0042 R                        MOV     AL,NEC_STATUS   ; IGNORE ERROR RETURN AND DO OWN
                                                               ; TEST
ECEC  3C C0                            CMP     AL,0C0H         ; TEST FOR DRIVE READY TRANSITION
ECEE  74 12                            JZ      J7              ; EVERYTHING OK
ECF0  E2 EF                            LOOP    J4_0            ; RETRY THE COMMAND
ECF2  80 0E 0041 R 20        J4_1:     OR      DISKETTE_STATUS,BAD_NEC ; SET ERROR CODE
ECF7  5E                               POP     SI
ECF8  EB 18                            JMP     SHORT J8
ECFA  BE ECFA R              J4_2:     MOV     SI,OFFSET J4_2  ; NEC_OUTPUT FAILED, RETRY THE
                                                               ; SENSE INTERRUPT
ECFD  56                               PUSH    SI              ; OFFSET OF BAD RETURN IN
                                                               ; NEC_OUTPUT
ECFE  E2 E1                            LOOP    J4_0            ; RETRY
ED00  EB F0                            JMP     SHORT J4_1
                             ;------ SEND SPECIFY COMMAND TO NEC
ED02  5E                     J7:       POP     SI              ; GET RID OF DUMMY ARGUMENT
ED03  B4 03                            MOV     AH,03H          ; SPECIFY COMMAND
ED05  E8 E98A R                        CALL    NEC_OUTPUT      ; OUTPUT THE COMMAND
ED08  B3 01                            MOV     BL,1            ; STEP RATE TIME AND HEAD UNLOAD
ED0A  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL    GET_PARM        ; OUTPUT TO THE NEC CONTROLLER
ED0D  B3 03                            MOV     BL,3            ; PARM1 HEAD LOAD AND NO DMA
ED0F  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL    GET_PARM        ;   TO THE NEC CONTROLLER
ED12                         J8:                               ; RESET_RET
ED12  C3                               RET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
ED13                         DISK_RESET    ENDP
                             ;------ DISKETTE STATUS ROUTINE
ED13                         DISK_STATUS   PROC    NEAR
ED13  A0 0041 R                        MOV     AL,DISKETTE_STATUS
ED16  88 46 0E                         MOV     BYTE PTR[BP+14],AL ; PUT STATUS ON STACK, IT WILL
                                                               ; POP IN AL
ED19  C3                               RET
ED1A                         DISK_STATUS   ENDP
                             ;------ DISKETTE VERIFY
ED1A                         DISK_VERF     LABEL   NEAR
                             ;------ DISKETTE READ
ED1A                         DISK_READ     PROC    NEAR
ED1A                         J9:                               ; DISK_READ_CONT
ED1A  B4 46                            MOV     AH,046H         ; SET UP READ COMMAND FOR NEC
                                                               ; CONTROLLER
ED1C  EB 26                            JMP     SHORT RW_OPN    ; GO DO THE OPERATION
ED1E                         DISK_READ     ENDP
                             ;------ DISKETTE FORMAT
ED1E                         DISK_FORMAT   PROC    NEAR
ED1E  80 0E 003F R 80                  OR      MOTOR_STATUS,80H ; INDICATE A WRITE OPERATION
ED23  B4 4D                            MOV     AH,04DH         ; ESTABLISH THE FORMAT COMMAND
ED25  EB 1D                            JMP     SHORT RW_OPN    ; DO THE OPERATION
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ED27                            J10:                      ; CONTINUATION OF RW_OPN FOR FMT
ED27  B3 07                            MOV    BL,7         ; GET THE
ED29  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL   GET_PARM     ;   BYTES/SECTOR VALUE TO NEC
ED2C  B3 09                            MOV    BL,9         ; GET THE
ED2E  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL   GET_PARM     ;   SECTORS/TRACK VALUE TO NEC
ED31  B3 0F                            MOV    BL,15        ; GET THE
ED33  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL   GET_PARM     ;   GAP LENGTH VALUE TO NEC
ED36  BB 0011                          MOV    BX,17        ; GET THE FILLER BYTE
ED39  53                               PUSH   BX           ; SAVE PARAMETER INDEX ON STACK
ED3A  E9 EDCD R                        JMP    J16          ;   TO THE CONTROLLER
ED3D                            DISK_FORMAT   ENDP
                                ;----- DISKETTE WRITE ROUTINE
ED3D                            DISK_WRITE    PROC   NEAR
ED3D  80 0E 003F R 80                  OR     MOTOR_STATUS,80H ; INDICATE A WRITE OPERATION
ED42  B4 45                            MOV    AH,045H       ; NEC COMMAND TO WRITE TO DISKETTE
ED44                            DISK_WRITE    ENDP
                                ;----- ALLOW WRITE ROUTINE TO FALL INTO RW_OPN
                                ;-------------------------------------------
                                ; RW_OPN
                                ;     THIS ROUTINE PERFORMS THE READ/WRITE/VERIFY OPERATION
                                ;-------------------------------------------
ED44                            RW_OPN  PROC   NEAR
ED44  50                               PUSH   AX           ; SAVE THE COMMAND
                                ;----- TURN ON THE MOTOR AND SELECT THE DRIVE
ED45  51                               PUSH   CX           ; SAVE THE T/S PARMS
ED46  FA                               CLI                 ; NO INTERRUPTS WHILE DETERMINING
                                                           ; MOTOR STATUS
ED47  C6 06 0040 R FF                  MOV    MOTOR_COUNT,OFFH ; SET LARGE COUNT DURING OPERATION
ED4C  E8 EB45 R                        CALL   GET_DRIVE    ; GET THE DRIVE PARAMETER FROM THE
                                                           ; STACK
ED4F  84 06 003F R                     TEST   MOTOR_STATUS,AL ; TEST MOTOR FOR OPERATING
ED53  75 1F                            JNZ    J14          ; IF RUNNING, SKIP THE WAIT
ED55  80 26 003F R F0                  AND    MOTOR_STATUS,0F0H ; TURN OFF RUNNING DRIVE
ED5A  08 06 003F R                     OR     MOTOR_STATUS,AL  ;   TURN ON THE CURRENT MOTOR
ED5E  FB                               STI                 ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
ED5F  0C 80                            OR     AL,FDC_RESET ; NO RESET. TURN ON MOTOR
ED61  E6 F2                            OUT    NEC_CTL,AL
                                ;----- WAIT FOR MOTOR BOTH READ AND WRITE
ED63  B3 14                            MOV    BL,20        ; GET MOTOR START TIME
ED65  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL   GET_PARM
ED68  0A E4                            OR     AH,AH        ; TEST FOR NO WAIT
ED6A                            J12:                       ; TEST_WAIT_TIME
ED6A  74 08                            JZ     J14          ; EXIT WITH TIME EXPIRED
ED6C  2B C9                            SUB    CX,CX        ; SET UP 1/8 SECOND LOOP TIME
ED6E  E2 FE                     J13:   LOOP   J13          ; WAIT FOR THE REQUIRED TIME
ED70  FE CC                            DEC    AH           ; DECREMENT TIME VALUE
ED72  EB F6                            JMP    J12          ; ARE WE DONE YET
ED74                            J14:                       ; MOTOR_RUNNING
ED74  FB                               STI                 ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON FOR BYPASS
                                                           ; WAIT
ED75  59                               POP    CX
                                ;----- DO THE SEEK OPERATION
ED76  E8 E9FB R                        CALL   SEEK         ; MOVE TO CORRECT TRACK
ED79  58                               POP    AX           ; RECOVER COMMAND
ED7A  8A FC                            MOV    BH,AH        ; SAVE COMMAND IN BH
ED7C  B6 00                            MOV    DH,0         ; SET NO SECTORS READ IN CASE OF
                                                           ; ERROR
ED7E  73 03                            JNC    J14_1        ; IF NO ERROR CONTINUE, JUMP AROUND
                                                           ; JMP
ED80  E9 EED7 R                        JMP    J17          ; CARRY SET JUMP TO MOTOR WAIT
ED83  BE EED7 R               J14_1:   MOV    SI,OFFSET J17 ; DUMMY RETURN ON STACK FOR
                                                           ; NEC_OUTPUT
ED86  56                               PUSH   SI           ;  SO THAT IT WILL RETURN TO MOTOR
                                                           ; OFF LOCATION
                                ;----- SEND OUT THE PARAMETERS TO THE CONTROLLER
ED87  E8 E98A R                        CALL   NEC_OUTPUT   ; OUTPUT THE OPERATION COMMAND
ED8A  8A 66 01                         MOV    AH,[BP+1]    ; GET THE CURRENT HEAD NUMBER
ED8D  D0 E4                            SAL    AH,1         ; MOVE IT TO BIT 2
ED8F  D0 E4                            SAL    AH,1
ED91  80 E4 04                         AND    AH,4         ; ISOLATE THAT BIT
ED94  0A E2                            OR     AH,DL        ; OR IN THE DRIVE NUMBER
ED96  E8 E98A R                        CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
                                ;----- TEST FOR FORMAT COMMAND
ED99  80 FF 4D                         CMP    BH,04DH      ; IS THIS A FORMAT OPERATION?
ED9C  75 02                            JNE    J15          ; NO. CONTINUE WITH R/W/V
ED9E  EB 87                            JMP    J10          ; IF SO, HANDLE SPECIAL
EDA0  8A E5                     J15:    MOV    AH,CH        ; CYLINDER NUMBER
EDA2  E8 E98A R                        CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
EDA5  8A 66 01                         MOV    AH,[BP+1]    ; HEAD NUMBER FROM STACK
EDA8  E8 E98A R                        CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
EDAB  8A E1                            MOV    AH,CL        ; SECTOR NUMBER
EDAD  E8 E98A R                        CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
EDB0  B3 07                            MOV    BL,7         ; BYTES/SECTOR PARM FROM BLOCK
EDB2  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL   GET_PARM     ;   TO THE NEC
EDB5  B3 08                            MOV    BL,8         ; EOT PARM FROM BLOCK
EDB7  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL   GET_PARM     ;   RETURNED IN AH
EDBA  02 4E 0E                         ADD    CL,[BP+14]   ; ADD CURRENT SECTOR TO NUMBER IN
                                                           ; TRANSFER
EDBD  FE C9                            DEC    CL           ; CURRENT_SECTOR + N_SECTORS - 1
EDBF  8A E1                            MOV    AH,CL        ; EOT PARAMETER IS THE CALCULATED
                                                           ; ONE
EDC1  E8 E98A R                        CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
EDC4  B3 0B                            MOV    BL,11        ; GAP LENGTH PARM FROM BLOCK
EDC6  E8 E9B4 R                        CALL   GET_PARM     ;   TO THE NEC
EDC9  BB 000D                          MOV    BX,13        ; DTL PARM FROM BLOCK
EDCC  53                               PUSH   BX           ; SAVE INDEX TO DISK PARAMETER ON
                                                           ; STACK
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A-76   ROM BIOS

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EDCD  FC                    J16:    CLD                     ; FORWARD DIRECTION
                            ;------ START TIMER1 WITH INITIAL VALUE OF FFFF
EDCE  B0 70                         MOV     AL,01110000B    ; SELECT TIMER1,LSB-MSB, MODE 0,
                                                            ; BINARY COUNTER
EDD0  E6 43                         OUT     TIM_CTL,AL      ; INITIALIZE THE COUNTER
EDD2  50                            PUSH    AX
EDD3  58                            POP     AX              ; ALLOW ENOUGH TIME FOR THE 8253 TO
                                                            ; INITIALIZE ITSELF
EDD4  B0 FF                         MOV     AL,0FFH         ; INITIAL COUNT VALUE FOR THE 8253
EDD6  E6 41                         OUT     TIMER+1,AL      ; OUTPUT LEAST SIGNIFICANT BYTE
EDD8  50                            PUSH    AX
EDD9  58                            POP     AX              ; WAIT
EDDA  E6 41                         OUT     TIMER+1,AL      ; OUTPUT MOST SIGNIFACNT BYTE
                            ;------INITIALIZE CX FOR JUMP AFTER LAST PARAMETER IS PASSED TO NEC
EDDC  8A 46 0F                      MOV     AL,[BP+15]      ; RETRIEVE COMMAND PARAMETER
EDDF  A8 01                         TEST    AL,01H          ; IS THIS AN ODD NUMBERED FUNCTION?
EDE1  74 05                         JZ      J16_1           ; JUMP IF NOT ODD NUMBERED
EDE3  B9 EE4E R                     MOV     CX,OFFSET WRITE_LOOP
EDE6  EB 0C                         JMP     SHORT J16_3
EDE8  3C 02               J16_1:    CMP     AL,2            ; IS THIS A READ?
EDEA  75 05                         JNZ     J16_2           ; JUMP IF VERIFY
EDEC  B9 EE3A R                     MOV     CX,OFFSET READ_LOOP
EDEF  EB 03                         JMP     SHORT J16_3
EDF1  B9 EE20 R           J16_2:    MOV     CX,OFFSET VERIFY_LOOP
                            ;------FINISH INITIALIZATION
EDF4                      J16_3:
                            ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                            ;***NOTE***
                            ;ALL INTERRUPTS ARE ABOUT TO BE DISABLED.  THERE IS A POTENTIAL
                            ;       THAT THIS TIME PERIOD WILL BE LONG ENOUGH TO MISS TIME OF
                            ;       DAY INTERRUPTS.  FOR THIS REASON, TIMER1 WILL BE USED TO
                            ;       KEEP TRACK OF THE NUMBER OF TIME OF DAY INTERRUPTS WHICH
                            ;       WILL BE MISSED. THIS INFORMATION IS USED AFTER THE DISKETTE
                            ;       OPERATION TO UPDATE THE TIME OF DAY.
                            ;------------------------------------------------------------------
EDF4  B0 10                         MOV     AL,10H          ; DISABLE NMI
EDF6  E6 A0                         OUT     NMI_PORT,AL     ; NO KEYBOARD INTERRUPT
EDF8  E8 EB31 R                     CALL    CLOCK_WAIT      ; WAIT IF TIMER0 IS ABOUT TO
                                                            ; INTERRUPT
                            ;------ ENABLE WATCHDOG TIMER
                            ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                            ;***NOTE***
                            ;       GIVEN THE CURRENT SYSTEM CONFIGURATION A  METHOD IS NEEDED
                            ;       TO PULL THE NEC OUT OF "FATAL ERROR" SITUATIONS.  A TIMER
                            ;       ON THE ADAPTER CARD IS PROVIDED WHICH WILL PERFORM THIS
                            ;       FUNCTION. THE WATCHDOG TIMER ON THE ADAPTER CARD IS ENABLED
                            ;       AND STROBED BEFORE THE 8259 INTERRUPT 6 LINE IS ENABLED.
                            ;       THIS IS BECAUSE OF A GLITCH ON THE LINE LARGE ENOUGH TO
                            ;       TRIGGER AN INTERRUPT.
                            ;------------------------------------------------------------------
EDFB  E8 EB45 R                     CALL    GET_DRIVE       ; GET BIT MASK FOR DRIVE
EDFE  BA 00F2                        MOV     DX,NEC_CTL      ; CONTROL PORT TO NEC
EE01  0C E0                         OR      AL,FDC_RESET+WD_ENABLE+WD_STROBE
EE03  EE                            OUT     DX,AL           ; OUTPUT CONTROL INFO FOR
                                                            ; WATCHDOG(WD) ENABLE
EE04  24 A7                         AND     AL,FDC_RESET+WD_ENABLE+7H
EE06  EE                            OUT     DX,AL           ; OUTPUT CONTROL INFO TO STROBE
                                                            ; WATCHDOG
EE07  BA 00F4                        MOV     DX,NEC_STAT     ; PORT TO NEC STATUS
EE0A  B0 20                         MOV     AL,20H          ; SELECT TIMER1 INPUT FROM TIMER0
                                                            ; OUTPUT
EE0C  E6 A0                         OUT     NMI_PORT,AL
                            ;------ READ TIMER1 NOW AND SAVE THE INITIAL VALUE
EE0E  E8 E81A R                     CALL    READ_TIME       ; GET TIMER1 VALUE
EE11  89 46 12                      MOV     [BP+18],AX      ; SAVE INITIAL VALUE FOR CLOCK
                                                            ; UPDATE IN TEMPORAY STORAGE
EE14  E8 EAFC R                     CALL    DISABLE         ; DISABLE ALL INTERRUPTS
                            ;------ NEC BEGINS OPERATION WHEN NEC RECEIVES LAST PARAMETER
EE17  5B                            POP     BX              ; GET PARAMTER FROM STACK
EE18  E8 E9B4 R                     CALL    GET_PARM        ; OUTPUT LAST PARAMETER TO THE NEC
EE1B  58                            POP     AX              ; CAN NOW DISCARD THAT DUMMY RETURN
                                                            ; ADDRESS
EE1C  06                            PUSH    ES
EE1D  1F                            POP     DS              ; INITIALIZE DS FOR WRITE
EE1E  FF E1                         JMP     CX              ; JUMP TO APPROPRIATE R/W/V LOOP
                            ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                            ;***NOTE***
                            ;       DATA IS TRANSFERRED USING POLLING ALGORITHMS.  THESE LOOPS
                            ;       TRANSFER A DATA BYTE AT A TIME WHILE POLLING THE NEC FOR
                            ;       NEXT DATA BYTE AND COMPLETION STATUS.
                            ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                            ;-----VERIFY OPERATION
EE20                      VERIFY_LOOP:
EE20  EC                            IN      AL,DX           ; READ STATUS
EE21  A8 20                         TEST    AL,BUSY_BIT     ; HAS NEC ENTERED EXECUTION PHASE
                                                            ; YET?
EE23  74 FB                         JZ      VERIFY_LOOP     ; NO, CONTINUE SAMPLING
EE25                      J22_2:
EE25  A8 80                         TEST    AL,RQM          ; IS DATA READY?
EE27  75 07                         JNZ     J22_4           ; JUMP IF DATA TRANSFER IS READY
EE29  EC                            IN      AL,DX           ; READ STATUS PORT
EE2A  A8 20                         TEST    AL,BUSY_BIT     ; ARE WE DONE?
EE2C  75 F7                         JNZ     J22_2           ; JUMP IF MORE TRANSFERS
EE2E  EB 35                         JMP     SHORT OP_END    ; TRANSFER DONE
EE30  42                  J22_4:    INC     DX              ; POINT AT NEC DATA REGISTER
EE31  EC                            IN      AL,DX           ; READ DATA
EE32  4A                            DEC     DX              ; POINT AT NEC STATUS REGISTER
EE33  EC                            IN      AL,DX           ; READ STATUS PORT
EE34  A8 20                         TEST    AL,BUSY_BIT     ; ARE WE DONE?
EE36  75 ED                         JNZ     J22_2           ; CONTINUE
EE38  EB 2B                         JMP     SHORT OP_END    ; WE ARE DONE
```

```
                              ;-----READ OPERATION
EE3A                          READ_LOOP:
EE3A   EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; READ STATUS REGISTER
EE3B   A8 20                           TEST    AL,BUSY_BIT     ; HAS NEC STARTED THE EXECUTION
                                                               ; PHASE?
EE3D   74 FB                           JZ      READ_LOOP       ; HAS NOT STATRED YET
EE3F   EC                      J22_5:  IN      AL,DX           ; READ STATUS PORT
EE40   A8 20                           TEST    AL,BUSY_BIT     ; HAS NEC COMPLETED EXECUTION
                                                               ; PHASE?
EE42   74 21                           JZ      OP_END          ; JUMP IF EXECUTION PHASE IS OVER
EE44   A8 80                           TEST    AL,RQM          ; IS DATA READY?
EE46   74 F7                           JZ      J22_5           ; READ THE DATA
EE48   42                              INC     DX              ; POINT AT NEC_DATA
EE49   EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; READ DATA
EE4A   AA                              STOSB                   ; TRANSFER DATA
EE4B   4A                              DEC     DX              ; POINT AT NEC_STATUS
EE4C   EB F1                           JMP     J22_5           ; CONTINUE WITH READ OPERATION
                              ;-----WRITE AND FORMAT OPERATION
EE4E                          WRITE_LOOP:
EE4E   EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; READ NEC STATUS PORT
EE4F   A8 20                           TEST    AL,BUSY_BIT     ; HAS THE NEC ENTERED EXECUTION
                                                               ; PHASE YET?
EE51   74 FB                           JZ      WRITE_LOOP      ; NO, CONTINUE LOOPING
EE53   B9 20B0                         MOV     CX,BUSY_BIT*256+RQM
EE56                          J22_7:
EE56   EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; READ STATUS PORT
EE57   84 C5                           TEST    AL,CH           ; IS THE FEC STILL IN THE EXECUTION
                                                               ; PHASE?
EE59   74 0A                           JZ      OP_END          ; JUMP IF EXECUTION PHASE IS DONE.
EE5B   84 C1                           TEST    AL,CL           ; IS THE DATA PORT READY FOR THE
                                                               ; TRANSFER?
EE5D   74 F7                           JZ      J22_7           ; JUMP TO WRITE DATA
EE5F   42                              INC     DX              ; POINT AT DATA REGISTER
EE60   AC                              LODSB                   ; TRANSFER BYTE
EE61   EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; WRITE THE BYTE ON THE DISKETTE
EE62   4A                              DEC     DX              ; POINT AT THE STATUS REGISTER
EE63   EB F1                           JMP     J22_7           ; CONTINUE WITH WRITE OR FORMAT
                              ;------TRANSFER PROCESS IS OVER
EE65   9C                      OP_END: PUSHF                   ; SAVE THE CARRY BIT SET IN
                                                               ; DISK_INT
EE66   E8 EB45 R                       CALL    GET_DRIVE       ; GET BIT MASK FOR DRIVE SELECTION
EE69   0C 80                           OR      AL,FDC_RESET    ; NO RESET, KEEP DRIVE SPINNING
EE6B   BA 00F2                         MOV     DX,NEC_CTL      ;
EE6E   EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; DISABLE WATCHDOG
                              ;------ UPDATE TIME OF DAY
EE6F   E8 138B R                       CALL    DDS             ; POINT DS AT BIOS DATA SEGMENT
EE72   E8 EB31 R                       CALL    CLOCK_WAIT      ; WAIT IF TIMERO IS CLOSE TO
                                                               ; WRAPPING
EE75   E8 E81A R                       CALL    READ_TIME       ;
EE78   8B 5E 12                        MOV     BX,[BP+18]      ; GET THE INITIAL VALUE OF TIMER1
EE7B   2B C3                           SUB     AX,BX           ; UPDATE NUMBER OF INTERRUPTS
                                                               ; MISSED
EE7D   F7 D8                           NEG     AX              ; PUT IT IN AX
EE7F   50                              PUSH    AX              ; SAVE IT FOR REUSE IN ISSUING USER
                                                               ; TIMER INTERRUPTS
EE80   01 06 006C R                    ADD     TIMER_LOW,AX    ; ADD NUMBER OF TIMER INTERRUPTS TO
                                                               ; TIME
EE84   73 04                           JNC     J16_4           ; JUMP IF TIMER_LOW DID NOT SPILL
                                                               ; OVER TO TIMER_HI
EE86   FF 06 006E R                    INC     TIMER_HIGH      ;
EE8A   83 3E 006E R 18         J16_4:  CMP     TIMER_HIGH,018H ; TEST FOR COUNT TOTALING 24 HOURS
EE8F   75 19                           JNZ     J16_5           ; JUMP IF NOT 24 HOURS
EE91   81 3E 006C R 00B0               CMP     TIMER_LOW,0B0H  ; LOW VALUE = 24 HOUR VALUE?
EE97   7C 11                           JL      J16_5           ; NOT 24 HOUR VALUE?
                              ;------ TIMER HAS GONE 24 HOURS
EE99   C7 06 006E R 0000               MOV     TIMER_HIGH,0    ; ZERO OUT TIMER_HIGH VALUE
EE9F   81 2E 006C R 00B0               SUB     TIMER_LOW,0B0H  ; VALUE REFLECTS CORRECT TICKS PAST
                                                               ; 00B0H
EEA5   C6 06 0070 R 01                 MOV     TIMER_OFL,1     ; INDICATES 24 HOUR THRESHOLD
EEAA   E8 EB0B R               J16_5:  CALL    ENABLE          ; ENABLE ALL INTERRUPTS
EEAD   59                              POP     CX              ; CX:=AX, COUNT FOR NUMBER OF USER
                                                               ; TIME INTERRUPTS
EEAE   E3 26                           JCXZ    J16_7           ; IF ZERO DO NOT ISSUE ANY
                                                               ; INTERRUPTS
EEB0   1E                              PUSH    DS              ; SAVE ALL REGISTERS SAVED PRIOR TO
                                                               ; INT 1C CALL FROM TIMERINT
EEB1   50                              PUSH    AX              ; THIS PROVIDES A COMPATIBLE
                                                               ; INTERFACE TO 1C
EEB2   52                              PUSH    DX              ;
EEB3                          J16_6:
EEB3   CD 1C                           INT     1CH             ; TRANSFER CONTROL TO USER
                                                               ; INTERRUPT
EEB5   E2 FC                           LOOP    J16_6           ; DO ALL USER TIMER INTERRUPTS
EEB7   5A                              POP     DX              ;
EEB8   58                              POP     AX              ;
EEB9   1F                              POP     DS              ; RESTORE REGISTERS
                              ;------ CLOCK IS UPDATED AND USER INTERRUPTS 1C HAVE BEEN ISSUED.
                              ;       CHECK IF KEYSTROKE OCCURED
EEBA   0A C0                           OR      AL,AL           ; AL WAS SET DURING CALL TO ENABLE
EEBC   74 18                           JZ      J16_7           ; NO KEY WAS PRESSED WHILE SYSTEM
                                                               ; WAS MASKED
EEBE   BB 0080                         MOV     BX,080H         ; DURATION OF TONE
EEC1   B9 004B                         MOV     CX,04BH         ; FREQUNCY OF TONE
EEC4   E8 E035 R                       CALL    KB_NOISE        ; NOTIFY USER OF MISSED KEYBORAD
                                                               ; INPUT
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                           ;------CLEAR SHIFT STATES DONT LEAVE POSSIBILTY OF DANGLING STATES
                           ;      OF MISSED BREAKS
EEC7  80 26 0017 R FO             AND      KB_FLAG,OFOH    ; CLEAR ALT,CLRL,LEFT AND RIGHT
                                                          ; SHIFTS
EECC  80 26 0018 R OF             AND      KB_FLAG_1,OFH   ; CLEAR POTENTIAL BREAK OF INS,CAPS
                                                          ; NUM AND SCROLL SHIFT
EED1  80 26 0088 R 1F             AND      KB_FLAG_2,1FH   ; CLEAR FUNCTION STATES
EED6  9D                 J16_7:   POPF                     ; GET THE FLAGS
EED7                     J17:
EED7  72 40                       JC       J20
EED9  E8 EAAO R                   CALL     RESULTS         ; GET THE NEC STATUS
EEDC  72 3B                       JC       J20             ; LOOK FOR ERROR
                           ;------ CHECK THE RESULTS RETURNED BY THE CONTROLLER
EEDE  FC                          CLD                      ; SET THE CORRECT DIRECTION
EEDF  BE 0042 R                   MOV      SI,OFFSET NEC_STATUS ; POINT TO STATUS FIELD
EEE2  AC                          LODS     NEC_STATUS      ; GET STO
EEE3  24 CO                       AND      AL,OCOH         ; TEST FOR NORMAL TERMINATION
EEE5  74 58                       JZ       J22             ; OPN_OK
EEE7  3C 40                       CMP      AL,040H         ; TEST FOR ABNORMAL TERMINATION
EEE9  75 25                       JNZ      J18             ; NOT ABNORMAL, BAD NEC
                           ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                           ;***NOTE***
                           ;      THE CURRENT SYSTEM CONFIGURATION HAS NO DMA.  IN ORDER TO
                           ;      STOP THE NEC AN EOT MUST BE PASSED TO FORCE THE NEC TO HALT
                           ;      THEREFORE, THE STATUS RETURNED BY THE NEC WILL ALWAYS SHOW
                           ;      AN EOT ERROR. IF THIS IS THE ONLY ERROR RETURNED AND THE
                           ;      NUMBER OF SECTORS TRANSFERRED EQUALS THE NUMBER SECTORS
                           ;      REQUESTED IN THIS INTERRUPT CALL THEN THE OPERATION HAS
                           ;      COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY. IF AN EOT ERROR IS RETURNED AND THE
                           ;      REQUESTED NUMBER OF SECTORS IS NOT THE NUMBER OF SECTORS
                           ;      TRANSFERRED THEN THE ERROR IS LEGITIMATE. WHEN THE EOT
                           ;      ERROR IS INVALID THE STATUS BYTES RETURNED ARE UPDATED TO
                           ;      REFLECT THE STATUS OF THE OPERATION IF DMA HAD BEEN PRESENT
                           ;----------------------------------------------------------------
EEEB  AC                          LODS     NEC_STATUS      ; GET ST1
EEEC  3C 80                       CMP      AL,80H          ; IS THIS THE ONLY ERROR?
EEEE  74 2A                       JE       J21_1           ; NORMAL TERMINATION, NO ERROR
EEFO  DO EO                       SAL      AL,1            ; NOT EOT ERROR, BYPASS ERROR BITS
EEF2  DO EO                       SAL      AL,1
EEF4  DO EO                       SAL      AL,1            ; TEST FOR CRC ERROR
EEF6  B4 10                       MOV      AH,BAD_CRC
EEF8  72 18                       JC       J19             ; RW_FAIL
EEFA  DO EO                       SAL      AL,1            ; TEST FOR DMA OVERRUN
EEFC  B4 08                       MOV      AH,BAD_DMA
EEFE  72 12                       JC       J19             ; RW_FAIL
EFOO  DO EO                       SAL      AL,1
EFO2  DO EO                       SAL      AL,1            ; TEST FOR RECORD NOT FOUND
EFO4  B4 04                       MOV      AH,RECORD_NOT_FND
EFO6  72 0A                       JC       J19             ; RW_FAIL
EFO8  DO EO                       SAL      AL,1
EFOA  DO EO                       SAL      AL,1            ; TEST MISSING ADDRESS MARK
EFOC  B4 02                       MOV      AH,BAD_ADDR_MARK
EFOE  72 02                       JC       J19             ; RW_FAIL
                           ;------ NEC MUST HAVE FAILED
EF10                     J18:                              ; RW-NEC-FAIL
EF10  B4 20                       MOV      AH,BAD_NEC
EF12                     J19:                              ; RW-FAIL
EF12  08 26 0041 R                OR       DISKETTE_STATUS,AH
EF16  E8 EAE1 R                   CALL     NUM_TRANS       ; HOW MANY WERE REALLY TRANSFERRED
EF19                     J20:                              ; RW_ERR
EF19  C3                          RET                      ; RETURN TO CALLER
                           ;------ OPERATION WAS SUCCESSFUL
EF1A                     J21_1:
EF1A  8A 5E OE                    MOV      BL,[BP+14]      ; GET NUMBER OF SECTORS PASSED
                                                          ; FROM STACK
EF1D  E8 EAE1 R                   CALL     NUM_TRANS       ; HOW MANY GOT MOVED, AL CONTAINS
                                                          ; NUM OF SECTORS
EF20  3A D8                       CMP      BL,AL           ; NUMBER REQUESTED=NUMBER ACTUALLY
                                                          ; TRANSFERRED?
EF22  74 OC                       JE       J21_2           ; TRANSFER SUCCESSFUL
                           ;------ OPERATION ATTEMPTED TO ACCESS DATA PAST REAL EOT.  THIS IS
                           ;      A REAL ERROR
EF24  80 OE 0041 R 04             OR       DISKETTE_STATUS ,RECORD_NOT_FND
EF29  C6 06 0043 R 80             MOV      NEC_STATUS+1,80H ; ST1 GETS CORRECT VALUE
EF2E  F9                          STC
EF2F  C3                          RET
EF30  33 CO             J21_2:    XOR      AX,AX           ; CLEAR AX FOR NEC_STATUS UPDATE
EF32  33 F6                       XOR      SI,SI           ; INDEX TO NEC_STATUS ARRAY
EF34  8B 84 0042 R                MOV      NEC_STATUS[SI],AL ; ZERO OUT BYTE, STO
EF38  46                          INC      SI              ; POINT INDEX AT SECOND BYTE
EF39  8B 84 0042 R                MOV      NEC_STATUS[SI],AL ; ZERO OUT BUYE, ST1
EF3D  EB 03                       JMP      SHORT J21_3     ; OPN_OK
EF3F  E8 EAE1 R         J22:      CALL     NUM_TRANS
EF42  32 E4             J21_3:    XOR      AH,AH                  ; NO ERRORS
EF44  C3                          RET
EF45                     RW_OPN   ENDP
                           ;------------------------------------------------
                           ; DISK_INT
                           ;      THIS ROUTINE HANDLES THE DISKETTE INTERRUPT. AN INTERRUPT
                           ;      WILL OCCUR ONLY WHEN THE ONE-SHOT TIMER IS FIRED.  THIS
                           ;      OCCURS IN AN ERROR SITUATION.  THIS ROUTINE SETS ERRORS IN
                           ;      THE DISKETTE STATUS BYTE AND DISABLES THE ONE-SHOT TIMER.
                           ;      THEN THE RETURN ADDRESS ON THE STACK IS CHANGED TO RETURN
                           ;      TO THE OP_END LABEL.
                           ; INPUT
                           ;      NONE.
                           ; OUTPUT
                           ;      NONE.  DS POINTS AT BIOS DATA AREA.  CARRY FLAG IS SET SO
                           ;      THAT ERROR WILL BE CAUGHT IN THE ENVIRONMEMT RETURNED TO.
                           ;------------------------------------------------
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EF57                            ORG     0EF57H
EF57                    DISK_INT    PROC    FAR
EF57  1E                          PUSH    DS
EF58  50                          PUSH    AX
EF59  52                          PUSH    DX            ; SAVE REGISTER
EF5A  55                          PUSH    BP            ; SAVE THE BP REGISTER
EF5B  E8 138B R                   CALL    DDS           ; SETUP DS TO POINT AT BIOS DATA
                        ;------ CHECK IF INTERRUPT OCCURED IN INT13 OR WHETHER IT IS A
                        ;       SPURIOUS INTERRUPT
EF5E  8B EC                       MOV     BP,SP         ; POINT BP AT STACK
EF60  0E                          PUSH    CS            ; WAS IT IN THE BIOS AREA
EF61  58                          POP     AX
EF62  3B 46 0A                    CMP     AX,WORD PTR[BP+10] ; GET INTERRUPTED SEGMENT
EF65  75 48                       JNE     D13           ; NOT IN BIOS, ERROR CONDITION
EF67  8B 46 08                    MOV     AX,WORD PTR[BP+8] ; GET IP ON THE STACK
EF6A  3D EE20 R                   CMP     AX,OFFSET VERIFY_LOOP ; RANGE CHECK IP FOR DISK
                                                        ; TRANSFER
EF6D  7C 40                       JL      D13           ; BELOW TRANSFER CODE
EF6F  3D EE66 R                   CMP     AX,OFFSET OP_END+1 ; UPPER RANGE OF TRANSFER CODE
EF72  7D 3B                       JGE     D13           ; ABOVE RANGE OF WATCHDOG TERRAIN
                        ;------VALID DISKETTE INTERRUPT CHANGE RETURN ADDRESS ON STACK TO
                        ;       PULL OUT OF LOOP
EF74  C7 46 08 EE65 R             MOV     WORD PTR[BP+8],OFFSET OP_END
EF79  81 4E 0C 0001               OR      WORD PTR[BP+12],1 ; TURN ON CARRY FLAG IN FLAGS ON
                                                        ; STACK
                        ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                        ;***NOTE***
                        ; A WRITE PROTECTED DISKETTE WILL ALWAYS GET STUCK IN WRITE LOOP
                        ; WAITING FOR BEGINNING OF EXECUTION PHASE.  WHEN THE WATCHDOG
                        ; FIRES AND THE STATUS IN PORT NEC_STAT = DXH (X MEANS DON'T CARE)
                        ; STATUS FROM THE RESULT PHASE IS AVAILABLE.  THE STATUS IS READ
                        ; AND WRITE PROTECT IS  CHECKED FOR.
                        ;----------------------------------------------------------------
EF7E  BA 00F4                     MOV     DX,NEC_STAT
EF81  EC                          IN      AL,DX         ; GET NEC STATUS BYTE
EF82  24 F0                       AND     AL,0F0H       ; MASK HIGH NIBBLE
EF84  3C D0                       CMP     AL,0D0H       ; IS EXECUTION PHASE DONE
EF86  75 14                       JNE     D11           ; STUCK IN LOOP
EF88  E8 EAA0 R                   CALL    RESULTS       ; GET STATUS OF OPERATION
EF8B  BE 0042 R                   MOV     SI,OFFSET NEC_STATUS ; ADDRESS OF BYTES RETURNED BY
                                                        ; NEC
EF8E  8A 44 01                    MOV     AL,[SI+1]     ; GET ST1
EF91  A8 02                       TEST    AL,02H        ; WRITE PROTECT SIGNAL ACTIVE?
EF93  74 07                       JZ      D11           ; TIME OUT ERROR
EF95  80 0E 0041 R 03             OR      DISKETTE_STATUS,WRITE_PROTECT
EF9A  EB 13                       JMP     SHORT D13
                        ;------TIME OUT ERROR
EF9C  80 0E 0041 R 80     D11:    OR      DISKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT
EFA1  C6 06 003E R 00             MOV     SEEK_STATUS,0  ; SET RECAL ON DRIVES
                        ;------ RESET THE NEC AND DISABLE WATCHDOG
EFA6  BA 00F2             D12:    MOV     DX,NEC_CTL    ; ADDRESS TO NEC CONTROL PORT
EFA9  5D                          POP     BP            ; POINT BP AT BASE OF STACKED
                                                        ; PARAMETERS
EFAA  E8 EB45 R                   CALL    GET_DRIVE     ; RESET ADAPTER AND DISABLE WD
EFAD  55                          PUSH    BP            ; RESTORE FOR RETURNED CALL
EFAE  EE                          OUT     DX,AL
EFAF  B0 20              D13:     MOV     AL,EOI        ; GIVE EOI TO 8259
EFB1  E6 20                       OUT     INTA00,AL
EFB3  5D                          POP     BP
EFB4  5A                          POP     DX
EFB5  58                          POP     AX
EFB6  1F                          POP     DS
EFB7  CF                          IRET                  ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
EFB8                    DISK_INT    ENDP
                        ;--------------------------------------------------
                        ; DISK_BASE
                        ;   THIS IS THE SET OF PARAMETERS REQUIRED FOR
                        ;   DISKETTE OPERATION.  THEY ARE POINTED AT BY THE
                        ;   DATA VARIABLE DISK_POINTER.  TO MODIFY THE PARAMETERS,
                        ;   BUILD ANOTHER PARAMETER BLOCK AND POINT AT IT
                        ;--------------------------------------------------
EFC7                            ORG     0EFC7H
EFC7                    DISK_BASE   LABEL   BYTE
EFC7  CF                          DB      11001111B     ; SRT=C, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY
                                                        ; BYTE
EFC8  03                          DB      3             ; HD LOAD=1, MODE=NO DMA - 2ND
                                                        ; SPECIFY BYTE
EFC9  25                          DB      MOTOR_WAIT    ; WAIT AFTER OPN TIL MOTOR OFF
EFCA  02                          DB      2             ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
EFCB  08                          DB      8             ; EOT ( LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
EFCC  2A                          DB      02AH          ; GAP LENGTH
EFCD  FF                          DB      0FFH          ; DTL
EFCE  50                          DB      050H          ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
EFCF  F6                          DB      0F6H          ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
EFD0  19                          DB      25            ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
EFD1  04                          DB      4             ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
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A-80   ROM BIOS

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;--- INT 17 --------------------------------------------------
; PRINTER_IO
;       THIS ROUTINE PROVIDES COMMUNICATION WITH THE PRINTER
;       (AH)=0  PRINT THE CHARACTER IN (AL)
;               ON RETURN, AH=1 IF CHARACTER COULD NOT BE PRINTED
;               (TIME OUT), OTHER BITS SET AS ON NORMAL STATUS CALL
;       (AH)=1  INITIALIZE THE PRINTER PORT
;               RETURNS WITH (AH) SET WITH PRINTER STATUS
;       (AH)=2  READ THE PRINTER STATUS INTO (AH)
;       7       6       5       4       3       2-1     0
;       :       :       :       :       :       :       :_ TIME OUT
;       :       :       :       :       :       :_ UNUSED
;       :       :       :       :       :_ 1 = I/O ERROR
;       :       :       :       :_ 1 = SELECTED
;       :       :       :_ 1 = OUT OF PAPER
;       :       :_ 1 = ACKNOWLEDGE
;       :_ 1 = NOT BUSY
;
;       (DX) = PRINTER TO BE USED (0,1,2) CORRESPONDING TO ACTUAL
;              VALUES IN PRINTER_BASE AREA
; DATA AREA PRINTER_BASE CONTAINS THE BASE ADDRESS OF THE PRINTER
; CARD(S) AVAILABLE (LOCATED AT BEGINNING OF DATA SEGMENT, 408H
; ABSOLUTE, 3 WORDS), UNLESS THERE IS ONLY A SERIAL PRINTER
; ATTACHED, IN WHICH CASE THE WORD AT 40:8 WILL CONTAIN A 02F8H.
; REGISTERS      AH IS MODIFIED
;               ALL OTHERS UNCHANGED
;--------------------------------------------------------------
                        ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
EFD2                    ORG     0EFD2H
EFD2            PRINTER_IO      PROC    FAR
EFD2  FB                STI                     ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
EFD3  1E                PUSH    DS              ; SAVE SEGMENT
EFD4  52                PUSH    DX
EFD5  56                PUSH    SI
EFD6  51                PUSH    CX
EFD7  53                PUSH    BX
EFD8  E8 138B R         CALL    DDS
                ;REDIRECT TO SERIAL ONLY IF:
                ; 1> SERIAL PRINTER IS ATTACHED,AND...
                ; 2> WORD AT PRINTER BASE = 02F8H.
                ; POWER ONS WILL ONLY PUT A 02F8H IN THE PRINTER BASE IF THERE'S
                ; NO PARALLEL PRINTER ATTACHED.
EFDB  8B 0E 0010 R      MOV     CX,EQUIP_FLAG   ;GET FLAG IN CX
EFDF  F6 C5 20          TEST    CH,00100000B    ;SERIAL ATTACHED?
EFE2  74 0D             JZ      B0              ;NO -HANDLE NORMALLY
EFE4  8B 1E 0008 R      MOV     BX,PRINTER_BASE ;SEE IF THERE'S AN RS232
EFE8  81 FB 02F8        CMP     BX,02F8H        ;BASE IN THE PRINTER BASE.
EFEC  75 03             JNE     B0
EFEE  E9 18C3 R    B00: JMP     B1_A            ;IF THERE IS REDIRECT
                                                ;ELSE... HANDLE AS PARALLEL
                ;CONTROL IS PASSED TO THIS POINT IF THERE IS A PARALLEL OR
                ;THERE'S NO SERIAL PRINTER ATTACHED.
EFF1  8B F2        B0:  MOV     SI,DX           ; GET PRINTER PARM
EFF3  8A 9C 0078 R      MOV     BL,PRINT_TIM_OUT[SI] ; LOAD TIMEOUT VALUE
EFF7  D1 E6             SHL     SI,1            ; WORD OFFSET INTO TABLE
EFF9  8B 94 0008 R      MOV     DX,PRINTER_BASE[SI] ; GET BASE ADDRESS FOR PRINTER
                                                ; CARD
EFFD  0B D2             OR      DX,DX           ; TEST DX FOR ZERO, INDICATING NO
                                                ; PRINTER
EFFF  74 0C             JZ      B1              ; IF NO PARALLEL, RETURN
F001  0A E4             OR      AH,AH           ; TEST FOR (AH)=0
F003  74 0E             JZ      B2              ; PRINT_AL
F005  FE CC             DEC     AH              ; TEST FOR (AH)=1
F007  74 40             JZ      B8              ; INIT_PRT
F009  FE CC             DEC     AH              ; TEST FOR (AH)=2
F00B  74 28             JZ      B5              ; PRINTER STATUS
F00D            B1:                             ; RETURN
F00D  5B                POP     BX
F00E  59                POP     CX
F00F  5E                POP     SI              ; RECOVER REGISTERS
F010  5A                POP     DX              ; RECOVER REGISTERS
F011  1F                POP     DS
F012  CF                IRET
                ;------ PRINT THE CHARACTER IN (AL)
F013  50          B2:   PUSH    AX              ; SAVE VALUE TO PRINT
F014  EE                OUT     DX,AL           ; OUTPUT CHAR TO PORT
F015  42                INC     DX              ; POINT TO STATUS PORT
                ;
                ;------WAIT BUSY
F016  2B C9       B3:   SUB     CX,CX           ; INNER LOOP (64K)
F018  EC          B3_1: IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS
F019  8A E0             MOV     AH,AL           ; STATUS TO AH ALSO
F01B  A8 80             TEST    AL,80H          ; IS THE PRINTER CURRENTLY BUSY
F01D  75 0E             JNZ     B4              ; OUT_STROBE
F01F  E2 F7             LOOP    B3_1            ; LOOP IF NOT
F021  FE CB             DEC     BL              ; DROP OUTER LOOP COUNT
F023  75 F1             JNZ     B3              ; MAKE ANOTHER PASS IF NOT ZERO
F025  80 CC 01          OR      AH,1            ; SET ERROR FLAG
F028  80 E4 F9          AND     AH,0F9H         ; TURN OFF THE UNUSED BITS
F02B  EB 14             JMP     SHORT B7        ; RETURN WITH ERROR FLAG SET
F02D            B4:                             ; OUT_STROBE
F02D  B0 0D             MOV     AL,0DH          ; SET THE STROBE HIGH
F02F  42                INC     DX
F030  EE                OUT     DX,AL
F031  B0 0C             MOV     AL,0CH          ; SET THE STROBE LOW
F033  EE                OUT     DX,AL
F034  58                POP     AX              ; RECOVER THE OUTPUT CHAR
```

Appendix A

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```
                              ;------ PRINTER STATUS
F035  50                      B5:     PUSH    AX              ; SAVE AL REG
F036  8B 94 0008 R            B6:     MOV     DX,PRINTER_BASE[SI]
F03A  42                              INC     DX
F03B  EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; GET PRINTER STATUS
F03C  8A E0                           MOV     AH,AL
F03E  80 E4 F8                        AND     AH,0F8H         ; TURN OFF UNUSED BITS
F041                          B7:                             ; STATUS_SET
F041  5A                              POP     DX              ; RECOVER AL REG
F042  8A C2                           MOV     AL,DL           ; GET CHARACTER INTO AL
F044  80 F4 48                        XOR     AH,48H          ; FLIP A COUPLE OF BITS
F047  EB C4                           JMP     B1              ; RETURN FROM ROUTINE
                              ;------ INITIALIZE THE PRINTER PORT
F049  50                      B8:     PUSH    AX              ; SAVE AL
F04A  42                              INC     DX              ; POINT TO OUTPUT PORT
F04B  42                              INC     DX
F04C  B0 08                           MOV     AL,8            ; SET INIT LINE LOW
F04E  EE                              OUT     DX,AL
F04F  B8 03E8                         MOV     AX,1000
F052                          B9:                             ; INIT_LOOP
F052  48                              DEC     AX              ; LOOP FOR RESET TO TAKE
F053  75 FD                           JNZ     B9              ; INIT_LOOP
F055  B0 0C                           MOV     AL,0CH          ; NO INTERRUPTS, NON AUTO LF, INIT
                                                              ; HIGH
F057  EE                              OUT     DX,AL
F058  EB DC                           JMP     B6              ; PRT_STATUS_1
F05A                          PRINTER_IO  ENDP
F065                              ORG     0F065H
F065  E9 0D0B R                       JMP     NEAR PTR VIDEO_IO
                              ;------------------------------------------------
                              ;   SUBROUTINE TO SAVE  ANY SCAN CODE RECEIVED ;
                              ;   BY THE NMI ROUTINE (PASSED IN AL)          ;
                              ;   DURING POST IN THE KEYBOARD BUFFER         ;
                              ;   CALLED THROUGH INT. 48H                    ;
                              ;------------------------------------------------
F068                          KEY_SCAN_SAVE  PROC    FAR
                                      ASSUME  DS:DATA
F068  E8 138B R                       CALL    DDS             ; POINT DS TO DATA AREA
F06B  BE 001E R                       MOV     SI,OFFSET KB_BUFFER ; POINT TO FIRST LOC. IN BUFFER
F06E  88 04                           MOV     [SI],AL         ; SAVE SCAN CODE
F070  8B C4                           MOV     AX,SP           ; CHECK FOR STACK UNDERFLOW
F072  80 E4 E0                        AND     AH,11100000B    ; (THESE BITS WILL BE 111 IF
                                                              ; UNDERFLOW HAPPEND)
F075  74 0D                           JZ      KS_1
F077  32 C0                           XOR     AL,AL
F079  E6 A0                           OUT     0A0H,AL         ; SHUT OFF NMI
F07B  BB 2000                         MOV     BX,2000H        ; ERROR CODE 2000H
F07E  BE 0036 R                       MOV     SI,OFFSET KEY_ERR ; POST MESSAGE
F081  E8 09BC R                       CALL    E_MSG           ; AND HALT SYSTEM
F084  CF                      KS_1:   IRET                    ; RETURN TO CALLER
F085                          KEY_SCAN_SAVE  ENDP
                              ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                              ;   SUBROUTINE TO SET AN INS8250 CHIP'S BAUD RATE TO 9600 BPS AND
                              ;   DEFINE IT'S DATA WORD AS HAVING 8 BITS/WORD, 2 STOP BITS, AND
                              ;   ODD PARITY.
                              ;
                              ;   EXPECTS TO BE PASSED:
                              ;       (DX) = LINE CONTROL REGISTER
                              ;
                              ;   UPON RETURN:
                              ;       (DX) = TRANSMIT/RECEIVE BUFFER ADDRESS
                              ;
                              ;   ALSO, ALTERS REGISTER AL.  ALL OTHERS REMAIN INTACT.
                              ;------------------------------------------------------------------
F085                          S8250   PROC    NEAR
F085  B0 80                           MOV     AL,80H          ; SET DLAB = 1
F087  EE                              OUT     DX,AL
F088  EB 00                           JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
F08A  83 EA 03                        SUB     DX,3            ; LSB OF DIVISOR LATCH
F08D  B0 0C                           MOV     AL,12           ; DIVISOR = 12 PRODUCES 9600 BPS
F08F  EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; SET LSB
F090  EB 00                           JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
F092  42                              INC     DX              ; MSB OF DIVISOR LATCH
F093  B0 00                           MOV     AL,0            ; HIGH ORDER OF DIVISORS
F095  EE                              OUT     DX,AL           ; SET MSB
F096  EB 00                           JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
F098  42                              INC     DX
F099  42                              INC     DX              ; LINE CONTROL REGISTER
F09A  B0 0F                           MOV     AL,00001111B    ; 8 BITS/WORD, 2 STOP BITS, ODD
                                                              ; PARITY
F09C  EE                              OUT     DX,AL
F09D  EB 00                           JMP     $+2             ; I/O DELAY
F09F  83 EA 03                        SUB     DX,3            ; RECEIVER BUFFER
F0A2  EC                              IN      AL,DX           ; IN CASE WRITING TO PORT LCR
                                                              ; CAUSED DATA READY TO GO HIGH!
F0A3  C3                              RET
F0A4                          S8250   ENDP
                              ;------ TABLES FOR USE IN SETTING OF CRT MODE
F0A4                              ORG     0F0A4H
F0A4                          VIDEO_PARMS LABEL   BYTE
                              ;------ INIT_TABLE
F0A4  38 28 2C 06 1F 06               DB      38H,28H,2CH,06H,1FH,6,19H ; SETUP FOR 40X25
      19
F0AB  1C 02 07 06 07                  DB      1CH,2,7,6,7
F0B0  00 00 00 00                     DB      0,0,0,0
```

```
= 0010                            M0040    EQU     $-VIDEO_PARMS

F0B4  71 50 5A 0C 1F 06                    DB      71H,50H,5AH,0CH,1FH,6,19H ; SETUP FOR 80X25
      19
F0BB  1C 02 07 06 07                       DB      1CH,2,7,6,7
F0C0  00 00 00 00                          DB      0,0,0,0

F0C4  38 28 2B 06 7F 06                    DB      38H,28H,2BH,06H,7FH,6,64H ; SET UP FOR GRAPHICS
      64
F0CB  70 02 01 26 07                       DB      70H,2,1,26H,7
F0D0  00 00 00 00                          DB      0,0,0,0

F0D4  71 50 56 0C 3F 06                    DB      71H,50H,56H,0CH,3FH,6,32H ; SET UP FOR GRAPHICS
      32
F0DB  38 02 03 26 07                       DB      38H,2,3,26H,7           ; USING 32K OF MEMORY
F0E0  00 00 00 00                          DB      0,0,0,0                 ; (MODES 9 & A)
                                  ;-------------------------------------------
                                  ; READ_AC_CURRENT
                                  ;       THIS ROUTINE READS THE ATTRIBUTE AND CHARACTER AT THE
                                  ;       CURRENT CURSOR POSITION AND RETURNS THEM TO THE CALLER
                                  ; INPUT
                                  ;               (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
                                  ;               (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE ( ALPHA MODES ONLY )
                                  ;               (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
                                  ;               (ES) = REGEN SEGMENT
                                  ; OUTPUT
                                  ;               (AL) = CHAR READ
                                  ;               (AH) = ATTRIBUTE READ
                                  ;-------------------------------------------
                                           ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA,ES:DATA
F0E4                              READ_AC_CURRENT PROC     NEAR
F0E4  80 FC 04                            CMP     AH,4            ; IS THIS GRAPHICS?
F0E7  72 03                               JC      C60
F0E9  E9 F531 R                           JMP     GRAPHICS_READ
F0EC                              C60:                            ; READ_AC_CONTINUE
F0EC  E8 F0F7 R                           CALL    FIND_POSITION
F0EF  8B F3                               MOV     SI,BX           ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING IN SI
F0F1  06                                  PUSH    ES              ;
F0F2  1F                                  POP     DS              ; GET SEGMENT FOR QUICK ACCESS
F0F3  AD                                  LODSW                   ; GET THE CHAR/ATTR
F0F4  E9 0F70 R                           JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
F0F7                              READ_AC_CURRENT ENDP
F0F7                              FIND_POSITION   PROC     NEAR
F0F7  8A CF                               MOV     CL,BH           ; DISPLAY PAGE TO CX
F0F9  32 ED                               XOR     CH,CH
F0FB  8B F1                               MOV     SI,CX           ; MOVE TO SI FOR INDEX
F0FD  D1 E6                               SAL     SI,1            ; * 2 FOR WORD OFFSET
F0FF  8B 84 0050 R                        MOV     AX,[SI+ OFFSET CURSOR_POSN] ; GET ROW/COLUMN OF
                                                                  ; THAT PAGE
F103  33 DB                               XOR     BX,BX           ; SET START ADDRESS TO ZERO
F105  E3 06                               JCXZ    C62             ; NO_PAGE
F107                              C61:                            ; PAGE_LOOP
F107  03 1E 004C R                        ADD     BX,CRT_LEN      ; LENGTH OF BUFFER
F10B  E2 FA                               LOOP    C61
F10D                              C62:                            ; NO_PAGE
F10D  E8 E5C2 R                           CALL    POSITION        ; DETERMINE LOCATION IN REGEN
F110  03 D8                               ADD     BX,AX           ; ADD TO START OF REGEN
F112  C3                                  RET
F113                              FIND_POSITION   ENDP
                                  ;-------------------------------------------
                                  ; WRITE_AC_CURRENT
                                  ;       THIS ROUTINE WRITES THE ATTRIBUTE AND CHARACTER AT
                                  ;       THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
                                  ; INPUT
                                  ;               (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
                                  ;               (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE
                                  ;               (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE
                                  ;               (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
                                  ;               (BL) = ATTRIBUTE OF CHAR TO WRITE
                                  ;               (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
                                  ;               (ES) = REGEN SEGMENT
                                  ; OUTPUT
                                  ;               NONE
                                  ;-------------------------------------------
F113                              WRITE_AC_CURRENT        PROC    NEAR
F113  80 FC 04                            CMP     AH,4            ; IS THIS GRAPHICS?
F116  72 03                               JC      C63
F118  E9 F3F1 R                           JMP     GRAPHICS_WRITE
F11B                              C63:                            ; WRITE_AC_CONTINUE
F11B  8A E3                               MOV     AH,BL           ; GET ATTRIBUTE TO AH
F11D  50                                  PUSH    AX              ; SAVE ON STACK
F11E  51                                  PUSH    CX              ; SAVE WRITE COUNT
F11F  E8 F0F7 R                           CALL    FIND_POSITION
F122  8B FB                               MOV     DI,BX           ; ADDRESS TO DI REGISTER
F124  59                                  POP     CX              ; WRITE COUNT
F125  58                                  POP     AX              ; CHARACTER IN AX REG
F126                              C64:                            ; WRITE_LOOP
F126  AB                                  STOSW                   ; PUT THE CHAR/ATTR
F127  E2 FD                               LOOP    C64             ;  AS MANY TIMES AS REQUESTED
F129  E9 0F70 R                           JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
F12C                              WRITE_AC_CURRENT        ENDP
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```
                              ;-----------------------------------------
                              ; WRITE_C_CURRENT
                              ;       THIS ROUTINE WRITES THE CHARACTER AT
                              ;       THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION, ATTRIBUTE UNCHANGED
                              ; INPUT
                              ;       (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
                              ;       (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE
                              ;       (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE
                              ;       (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
                              ;       (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
                              ;       (ES) = REGEN SEGMENT
                              ; OUTPUT
                              ;       NONE
                              ;-----------------------------------------
F12C                          WRITE_C_CURRENT PROC    NEAR
F12C  80 FC 04                        CMP     AH,4            ; IS THIS GRAPHICS?
F12F  72 03                           JC      C65
F131  E9 F3F1 R                       JMP     GRAPHICS_WRITE
F134  50                      C65:    PUSH    AX              ; SAVE ON STACK
F135  51                              PUSH    CX              ; SAVE WRITE COUNT
F136  E8 F0F7 R                       CALL    FIND_POSITION
F139  8B FB                           MOV     DI,BX           ; ADDRESS TO DI
F13B  59                              POP     CX              ; WRITE COUNT
F13C  5B                              POP     BX              ; BL HAS CHAR TO WRITE
F13D                          C66:                            ; WRITE_LOOP
F13D  8A C3                           MOV     AL,BL           ; RECOVER CHAR
F13F  AA                              STOSB                   ; PUT THE CHAR/ATTR
F140  47                              INC     DI              ; BUMP POINTER PAST ATTRIBUTE
F141  E2 FA                           LOOP    C66             ;  AS MANY TIMES AS REQUESTED
F143  E9 0F70 R                       JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
F146                          WRITE_C_CURRENT ENDP
                              ;-----------------------------------------
                              ; READ DOT  -- WRITE DOT
                              ; THESE ROUTINES WILL WRITE A DOT, OR READ THE
                              ;   DOT AT THE INDICATED LOCATION
                              ; ENTRY --
                              ;   DX = ROW (0-199)    (THE ACTUAL VALUE DEPENDS ON THE MODE)
                              ;   CX = COLUMN ( 0-639) ( THE VALUES ARE NOT RANGE CHECKED )
                              ;   AL = DOT VALUE TO WRITE (1,2 OR 4 BITS DEPENDING ON MODE,
                              ;        REQ'D FOR WRITE DOT ONLY, RIGHT JUSTIFIED)
                              ;        BIT 7 OF AL = 1 INDICATES XOR THE VALUE INTO THE LOCATION
                              ;   DS = DATA SEGMENT
                              ;   ES = REGEN SEGMENT
                              ;
                              ; EXIT
                              ;       AL = DOT VALUE READ, RIGHT JUSTIFIED, READ ONLY
                              ;-----------------------------------------
                                      ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA,ES:DATA
F146                          READ_DOT        PROC    NEAR
F146  80 3E 0049 R 0A                 CMP     CRT_MODE,0AH    ; 640X200 4 COLOR?
F14B  74 11                           JE      READ_ODD        ; YES, HANDLE SEPARATELY
F14D  E8 F1D9 R                       CALL    C72             ; DETERMINE BYTE POSITION OF DOT
F150  26: 8A 04                       MOV     AL,ES:[SI]      ; GET THE BYTE
F153  22 C4                           AND     AL,AH           ; MASK OFF THE OTHER BITS IN THE
                                                              ; BYTE
F155  D2 E0                           SHL     AL,CL           ; LEFT JUSTIFY THE VALUE
F157  8A CE                           MOV     CL,DH           ; GET NUMBER OF BITS IN RESULT
F159  D2 C0                           ROL     AL,CL           ; RIGHT JUSTIFY THE RESULT
F15B  E9 0F70 R                       JMP     VIDEO_RETURN    ; RETURN FROM VIDEO IO
                              ; IN 640X200 4 COLOR MODE, THE 2 COLOR BITS (C1,C0) ARE DIFFERENT
                              ; THAN OTHER MODES. C0 IS IN THE EVEN BYTE, C1 IS IN THE FOLLOWING
                              ; ODD BYTE - BOTH AT THE SAME BIT POSITION WITHIN THEIR RESPECTIVE
                              ; BYTES.
F15E                          READ_ODD:
F15E  E8 F1D9 R                       CALL    C72             ; DETERMINE POSITION OF DOT
F161  52                              PUSH    DX              ; SAVE INFO
F162  51                              PUSH    CX
F163  50                              PUSH    AX
F164  26: 8A 44 01                    MOV     AL,ES:[SI+1]    ; GET C1 COLOR BIT FROM ODD BYTE
F168  22 C4                           AND     AL,AH           ; MASK OFF OTHER BITS
F16A  D2 E0                           SHL     AL,CL           ; LEFT JUSTIFY THE VALUE
F16C  8A CE                           MOV     CL,DH           ; GET NUMBER OF BITS IN RESULT
F16E  FE C1                           INC     CL
F170  D2 C0                           ROL     AL,CL           ; RIGHT JUSTIFY THE RESULT
F172  8B D8                           MOV     BX,AX           ; SAVE IN BX REG
F174  58                              POP     AX              ; RESTORE POSITION INFO
F175  59                              POP     CX              ;
F176  5A                              POP     DX
F177  26: 8A 04                       MOV     AL,ES:[SI]      ; GET C0 COLOR BIT FROM EVEN BYTE
F17A  22 C4                           AND     AL,AH           ; MASK OFF OTHER BITS
F17C  D2 E0                           SHL     AL,CL           ; LEFT JUSTIFY THE VALUE
F17E  8A CE                           MOV     CL,DH           ; GET NUMBER OF BITS IN RESULT
F180  D2 C0                           ROL     AL,CL           ; RIGHT JUSTIFY THE RESULT
F182  0A C3                           OR      AL,BL           ; COMBINE C1 & C0
F184  E9 0F70 R                       JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
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F187                            READ_DOT      ENDP
F187                            WRITE_DOT     PROC    NEAR
F187   51                                     PUSH    CX              ; SAVE COL
F188   52                                     PUSH    DX              ; SAVE ROW
F189   50                                     PUSH    AX              ; SAVE DOT VALUE
F18A   50                                     PUSH    AX              ;   TWICE
F18B   E8 F1D9 R                              CALL    C72             ; DETERMINE BYTE POSITION OF THE
                                                                      ; DOT
F18E   D2 E8                                  SHR     AL,CL           ; SHIFT TO SET UP THE BITS FOR
                                                                      ; OUTPUT
F190   22 C4                                  AND     AL,AH           ; STRIP OFF THE OTHER BITS
F192   26: 8A 0C                              MOV     CL,ES:[SI]      ; GET THE CURRENT BYTE
F195   5B                                     POP     BX              ; RECOVER XOR FLAG
F196   F6 C3 80                               TEST    BL,80H          ; IS IT ON
F199   75 36                                  JNZ     C70             ; YES, XOR THE DOT
F19B   F6 D4                                  NOT     AH              ; SET THE MASK TO REMOVE THE
                                                                      ; INDICATED BITS
F19D   22 CC                                  AND     CL,AH
F19F   0A C1                                  OR      AL,CL           ; OR IN THE NEW VALUE OF THOSE BITS
F1A1                            C67:                                  ; FINISH_DOT
F1A1   26: 88 04                              MOV     ES:[SI],AL      ; RESTORE THE BYTE IN MEMORY
F1A4   58                                     POP     AX
F1A5   5A                                     POP     DX              ; RECOVER ROW
F1A6   59                                     POP     CX              ; RECOVER COL
F1A7   80 3E 0049 R 0A                        CMP     CRT_MODE,0AH    ; 640X200 4 COLOR?
F1AC   75 20                                  JNE     C69             ; NO, JUMP
F1AE   50                                     PUSH    AX              ; SAVE DOT VALUE
F1AF   50                                     PUSH    AX              ;   TWICE
F1B0   D0 E8                                  SHR     AL,1            ; SHIFT c1 BIT INTO c0 POSITION
F1B2   E8 F1D9 R                              CALL    C72             ; DETERMINE BYTE POSITION OF THE
                                                                      ; DOT
F1B5   D2 E8                                  SHR     AL,CL           ; SHIFT TO SET UP THE BITS FOR
                                                                      ; OUTPUT
F1B7   22 C4                                  AND     AL,AH           ; STRIP OFF THE OTHER BITS
F1B9   26: 8A 4C 01                           MOV     CL,ES:[SI+1]    ; GET THE CURRENT BYTE
F1BD   5B                                     POP     BX              ; RECOVER XOR FLAG
F1BE   F6 C3 80                               TEST    BL,80H          ; IS IT ON
F1C1   75 12                                  JNZ     C71             ; YES, XOR THE DOT
F1C3   F6 D4                                  NOT     AH              ; SET THE MASK TO REMOVE THE
                                                                      ; INDICATED BITS
F1C5   22 CC                                  AND     CL,AH
F1C7   0A C1                                  OR      AL,CL           ; OR IN THE NEW VALUE OF THOSE BITS
F1C9                            C68:                                  ; FINISH_DOT
F1C9   26: 88 44 01                           MOV     ES:[SI+1],AL    ; RESTORE THE BYTE IN MEMORY
F1CD   58                                     POP     AX
F1CE   E9 0F70 R                C69:          JMP     VIDEO_RETURN    ; RETURN FROM VIDEO IO
F1D1                            C70:                                  ; XOR_DOT
F1D1   32 C1                                  XOR     AL,CL           ; EXCLUSIVE OR THE DOTS
F1D3   EB CC                                  JMP     C67             ; FINISH UP THE WRITING
F1D5                            C71:                                  ; XOR_DOT
F1D5   32 C1                                  XOR     AL,CL           ; EXCLUSIVE OR THE DOTS
F1D7   EB F0                                  JMP     C68             ; FINISH UP THE WRITING
F1D9                            WRITE_DOT     ENDP
                                ;-----------------------------------------------
                                ; THIS SUBROUTINE DETERMINES THE REGEN BYTE LOCATION OF THE
                                ; INDICATED ROW COLUMN VALUE IN GRAPHICS MODE.
                                ; ENTRY --
                                ;   DX = ROW VALUE (0-199)
                                ;   CX = COLUMN VALUE (0-639)
                                ; EXIT --
                                ;   SI = OFFSET INTO REGEN BUFFER FOR BYTE OF INTEREST
                                ;   AH = MASK TO STRIP OFF THE BITS OF INTEREST
                                ;   CL = BITS TO SHIFT TO RIGHT JUSTIFY THE MASK IN AH
                                ;   DH = # BITS IN RESULT
                                ;-----------------------------------------------
F1D9                            C72           PROC    NEAR
F1D9   53                                     PUSH    BX              ; SAVE BX DURING OPERATION
F1DA   50                                     PUSH    AX              ; WILL SAVE AL DURING OPERATION
                                ;------ DETERMINE 1ST BYTE IN IDICATED ROW BY MULTIPLYING ROW VALUE
                                ;       BY 40( LOW BIT OF ROW DETERMINES EVEN/ODD, 80 BYTES/ROW
F1DB   B0 28                                  MOV     AL,40
F1DD   52                                     PUSH    DX              ; SAVE ROW VALUE
F1DE   80 E2 FE                               AND     DL,0FEH         ; STRIP OFF ODD/EVEN BIT
F1E1   80 3E 0049 R 09                        CMP     CRT_MODE,09H    ; MODE USING 32K REGEN?
F1E6   72 03                                  JC      C73             ; NO, JUMP
F1E8   80 E2 FC                               AND     DL,0FCH         ; STRIP OFF LOW 2 BITS
F1EB   F6 E2                    C73:          MUL     DL              ; AX HAS ADDRESS OF 1ST BYTE OF
                                                                      ; INDICATED ROW
F1ED   5A                                     POP     DX              ; RECOVER IT
F1EE   F6 C2 01                               TEST    DL,1            ; TEST FOR EVEN/ODD
F1F1   74 03                                  JZ      C74             ; JUMP IF EVEN ROW
F1F3   05 2000                                ADD     AX,2000H        ; OFFSET TO LOCATION OF ODD ROWS
F1F6                            C74:                                  ; EVEN_ROW
F1F6   80 3E 0049 R 09                        CMP     CRT_MODE,09H    ; MODE USING 32K REGEN?
F1FB   72 08                                  JC      C75             ; NO, JUMP
F1FD   F6 C2 02                               TEST    DL,2            ; TEST FOR ROW 2 OR ROW 3
F200   74 03                                  JZ      C75             ; JUMP IF ROW 0 OR 1
F202   05 4000                                ADD     AX,4000H        ; OFFSET TO LOCATION OF ROW 2 OR 3
F205   8B F0                    C75:          MOV     SI,AX           ; MOVE POINTER TO SI
F207   58                                     POP     AX              ; RECOVER AL VALUE
F208   8B D1                                  MOV     DX,CX           ; COLUMN VALUE TO DX
```

```
                        ;------ DETERMINE GRAPHICS MODE CURRENTLY IN EFFECT
                        ;SET UP THE REGISTERS ACCORDING TO THE MODE
                        ;CH = MASK FOR LOW OF COLUMN ADDRESS ( 7/3/1 FOR HIGH/MED/LOW RES)
                        ;CL = # OF ADDRESS BITS IN COLUMN VALUE ( 3/2/1 FOR H/M/L)
                        ;BL = MASK TO SELECT BITS FROM POINTED BYTE (80H/C0H/F0H FOR H/M/L)
                        ;BH = NUMBER OF VALID BITS IN POINTED BYTE ( 1/2/4 FOR H/M/L)
F20A  BB 02C0                  MOV      BX,2C0H
F20D  B9 0302                  MOV      CX,302H         ; SET PARMS FOR MED RES
F210  80 3E 0049 R 04          CMP      CRT_MODE,4
F215  74 21                    JE       C77             ; HANDLE IF MED RES
F217  80 3E 0049 R 05          CMP      CRT_MODE,5
F21C  74 1A                    JE       C77             ; HANDLE IF MED RES
F21E  BB 04F0                  MOV      BX,4F0H         ;SET PARMS FOR LOW RES
F221  B9 0101                  MOV      CX,101H
F224  80 3E 0049 R 0A          CMP      CRT_MODE,0AH
F229  74 07                    JE       C76             ; HANDLE MODE A AS HIGH RES
F22B  80 3E 0049 R 06          CMP      CRT_MODE,6
F230  75 06                    JNE      C77             ; HANDLE IF LOW RES
F232  BB 0180          C76:    MOV      BX,180H
F235  B9 0703                  MOV      CX,703H         ; SET PARMS FOR HIGH RES
                        ;------ DETERMINE BIT OFFSET IN BYTE FROM COLUMN MASK
F238  22 EA            C77:    AND      CH,DL           ; ADDRESS OF PEL WITHIN BYTE TO CHⁱ
                        ;------ DETERMINE BYTE OFFSET FOR THIS LOCATION IN COLUMN
F23A  D3 EA                    SHR      DX,CL           ; SHIFT BY CORRECT AMOUNT
F23C  03 F2                    ADD      SI,DX           ; INCREMENT THE POINTER
F23E  80 3E 0049 R 0A          CMP      CRT_MODE,0AH    ; 640X200 4 COLOR?
F243  75 02                    JNE      C78             ; NO, JUMP
F245  03 F2                    ADD      SI,DX           ; INCREMENT THE POINTER
F247  8A F7            C78:    MOV      DH,BH           ; GET THE # OF BITS IN RESULT TO DH
                        ;------ MULTIPLY BH (VALID BITS IN BYTE) BY CH (BIT OFFSET)
F249  2A C9                    SUB      CL,CL           ; ZERO INTO STORAGE LOCATION
F24B  D0 C8            C79:    ROR      AL,1            ; LEFT JUSTIFY THE VALUE IN AL
                                                        ; (FOR WRITE)
F24D  02 CD                    ADD      CL,CH           ; ADD IN THE BIT OFFSET VALUE
F24F  FE CF                    DEC      BH              ; LOOP CONTROL
F251  75 F8                    JNZ      C79             ; ON EXIT, CL HAS SHIFT COUNT TO
                                                        ; RESTORE BITS
F253  8A E3                    MOV      AH,BL           ; GET MASK TO AH
F255  D2 EC                    SHR      AH,CL           ; MOVE THE MASK TO CORRECT
                                                        ; LOCATION
F257  5B                       POP      BX              ; RECOVER REG
F258  C3                       RET                      ; RETURN WITH EVERYTHING SET UP
F259                  C72      ENDP
                        ;----------------------------------------------------
                        ;   SCROLL UP
                        ;     THIS ROUTINE SCROLLS UP THE INFORMATION ON THE CRT
                        ;   ENTRY --
                        ;     CH,CL = UPPER LEFT CORNER OF REGION TO SCROLL
                        ;     DH,DL = LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF REGION TO SCROLL
                        ;     BOTH OF THE ABOVE ARE IN CHARACTER POSITIONS
                        ;     BH = FILL VALUE FOR BLANKED LINES
                        ;     AL = # LINES TO SCROLL (AL=0 MEANS BLANK THE ENTIRE FIELD)
                        ;     DS = DATA SEGMENT
                        ;     ES = REGEN SEGMENT
                        ;   EXIT --
                        ;     NOTHING, THE SCREEN IS SCROLLED
                        ;----------------------------------------------------
F259                  GRAPHICS_UP    PROC    NEAR
F259  8A D8                    MOV      BL,AL    ; SAVE LINE COUNT IN BL
F25B  8B C1                    MOV      AX,CX    ; GET UPPER LEFT POSITION INTO AX REG
                        ;------ USE CHARACTER SUBROUTINE FOR POSITIONING
                        ;------ ADDRESS RETURNED IS MULTIPLIED BY 2 FROM CORRECT VALUE
F25D  E8 F72C R                CALL     GRAPH_POSN
F260  8B F8                    MOV      DI,AX    ; SAVE RESULT AS DESTINATION
                                                 ; ADDRESS
                        ;------ DETERMINE SIZE OF WINDOW
F262  2B D1                    SUB      DX,CX
F264  81 C2 0101               ADD      DX,101H  ; ADJUST VALUES
F268  D0 E6                    SAL      DH,1     ; MULTIPLY # ROWS BY 4 SINCE 8 VERT
                                                 ; DOTS/CHAR
F26A  D0 E6                    SAL      DH,1     ;  AND EVEN/ODD ROWS
                        ;------ DETERMINE CRT MODE
F26C  80 3E 0049 R 06          CMP      CRT_MODE,6    ; TEST FOR HIGH RES
F271  74 1D                    JE       C80      ; FIND_SOURCE
                        ;------ MEDIUM RES UP
F273  D0 E2                    SAL      DL,1     ; # COLUMNS * 2, SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
F275  D1 E7                    SAL      DI,1     ; OFFSET *2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
F277  80 3E 0049 R 04          CMP      CRT_MODE,4    ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RES
F27C  74 12                    JE       C80
F27E  80 3E 0049 R 05          CMP      CRT_MODE,5    ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RES
F283  74 0B                    JE       C80
F285  80 3E 0049 R 0A          CMP      CRT_MODE,0AH  ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RES
F28A  74 04                    JE       C80
                        ;------ LOW RES UP
F28C  D0 E2                    SAL      DL,1     ; # COLUMNS * 2 AGAIN, SINCE 4
                                                 ; BYTES/CHAR
F28E  D1 E7                    SAL      DI,1     ; OFFSET *2 AGAIN, SINCE 4
                                                 ; BYTES/CHAR
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                          ;------ DETERMINE THE SOURCE ADDRESS IN THE BUFFER
F290                      C80:                            ; FIND_SOURCE
F290  06                          PUSH    ES              ; GET SEGMENTS BOTH POINTING TO
                                                          ; REGEN
F291  1F                          POP     DS
F292  2A ED                       SUB     CH,CH           ; ZERO TO HIGH OF COUNT REG
F294  D0 E3                       SAL     BL,1            ; MULTIPLY NUMBER OF LINES BY 4
F296  D0 E3                       SAL     BL,1
F298  74 67                       JZ      C86             ; IF ZERO, THEN BLANK ENTIRE FIELD
F29A  8A C3                       MOV     AL,BL           ; GET NUMBER OF LINES IN AL
F29C  B4 50                       MOV     AH,80           ; 80 BYTES/ROW
F29E  F6 E4                       MUL     AH              ; DETERMINE OFFSET TO SOURCE
F2A0  8B F7                       MOV     SI,DI           ; SET UP SOURCE
F2A2  03 F0                       ADD     SI,AX           ;   ADD IN OFFSET TO IT
F2A4  8A E6                       MOV     AH,DH           ; NUMBER OF ROWS IN FIELD
F2A6  2A E3                       SUB     AH,BL           ; DETERMINE NUMBER TO MOVE
                          ;------ LOOP THROUGH, MOVING ONE ROW AT A TIME, BOTH EVEN AND ODD
                                                          ; FIELDS
F2A8                      C81:                            ; ROW_LOOP
F2A8  E8 F3C7 R                   CALL    C95             ; MOVE ONE ROW
F2AB  1E                          PUSH    DS              ; SAVE DATA SEG
F2AC  E8 138B R                   CALL    DDS             ; POINT TO BIOS DATA AREA
F2AF  80 3E 0049 R 09             CMP     CRT_MODE,9      ; MODE USES 32K REGEN?
F2B4  1F                          POP     DS              ; RESTORE DATA SEG
F2B5  72 15                       JC      C82             ; NO, JUMP
F2B7  81 C6 2000                  ADD     SI,2000H        ; ADJUST POINTERS
F2BB  81 C7 2000                  ADD     DI,2000H
F2BF  E8 F3C7 R                   CALL    C95             ; MOVE 2 MORE ROWS
F2C2  81 EE 3FB0                  SUB     SI,4000H-80     ; BACK UP POINTERS
F2C6  81 EF 3FB0                  SUB     DI,4000H-80     ;
F2CA  FE CC                       DEC     AH              ; ADJUST COUNT
F2CC  81 EE 1FB0          C82:    SUB     SI,2000H-80     ; MOVE TO NEXT ROW
F2D0  81 EF 1FB0                  SUB     DI,2000H-80     ;
F2D4  FE CC                       DEC     AH              ; NUMBER OF ROWS TO MOVE
F2D6  75 D0                       JNZ     C81             ; CONTINUE TILL ALL MOVED
                          ;------ FILL IN THE VACATED LINE(S)
F2D8                      C83:                            ; CLEAR_ENTRY
F2D8  8A C7                       MOV     AL,BH           ; ATTRIBUTE TO FILL WITH
F2DA  E8 F3E0 R           C84:    CALL    C96             ; CLEAR THAT ROW
F2DD  1E                          PUSH    DS              ; SAVE DATA SEG
F2DE  E8 138B R                   CALL    DDS             ; POINT TO BIOS DATA AREA
F2E1  80 3E 0049 R 09             CMP     CRT_MODE,9      ; MODE USES 32K REGEN?
F2E6  1F                          POP     DS              ; RESTORE DATA SEG
F2E7  72 0D                       JC      C85             ; NO, JUMP
F2E9  81 C7 2000                  ADD     DI,2000H
F2ED  E8 F3E0 R                   CALL    C96             ; CLEAR 2 MORE ROWS
F2F0  81 EF 3FB0                  SUB     DI,4000H-80     ; BACK UP POINTERS
F2F4  FE CB                       DEC     BL              ; ADJUST COUNT
F2F6  81 EF 1FB0          C85:    SUB     DI,2000H-80     ; POINT TO NEXT LINE
F2FA  FE CB                       DEC     BL              ; NUMBER OF LINES TO FILL
F2FC  75 DC                       JNZ     C84             ; CLEAR_LOOP
F2FE  E9 0F70 R                   JMP     VIDEO_RETURN    ; EVERYTHING DONE
F301                      C86:                            ; BLANK_FIELD
F301  8A DE                       MOV     BL,DH           ; SET BLANK COUNT TO EVERYTHING IN
                                                          ; FIELD
F303  EB D3                       JMP     C83             ; CLEAR THE FIELD
F305                      GRAPHICS_UP     ENDP
                          ;-----------------------------------------------------
                          ; SCROLL DOWN
                          ;   THIS ROUTINE SCROLLS DOWN THE INFORMATION ON THE CRT
                          ; ENTRY --
                          ;   CH,CL = UPPER LEFT CORNER OF REGION TO SCROLL
                          ;   DH,DL = LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF REGION TO SCROLL
                          ;     BOTH OF THE ABOVE ARE IN CHARACTER POSITIONS
                          ;   BH = FILL VALUE FOR BLANKED LINES
                          ;   AL = # LINES TO SCROLL (AL=0 MEANS BLANK THE ENTIRE FIELD)
                          ;   DS = DATA SEGMENT
                          ;   ES = REGEN SEGMENT
                          ; EXIT --
                          ;   NOTHING, THE SCREEN IS SCROLLED
                          ;-----------------------------------------------------
F305                      GRAPHICS_DOWN   PROC    NEAR
F305  FD                          STD             ; SET DIRECTION
F306  8A D8                       MOV     BL,AL   ; SAVE LINE COUNT IN BL
F308  8B C2                       MOV     AX,DX   ; GET LOWER RIGHT POSITION INTO AX REG
                          ;------ USE CHARACTER SUBROUTINE FOR POSITIONING
                          ;------ ADDRESS RETURNED IS MULTIPLIED BY 2 FROM CORRECT VALUE
F30A  E8 F72C R                   CALL    GRAPH_POSN
F30D  8B F8                       MOV     DI,AX           ; SAVE RESULT AS DESTINATION
                                                          ; ADDRESS
                          ;------ DETERMINE SIZE OF WINDOW
F30F  2B D1                       SUB     DX,CX
F311  81 C2 0101                  ADD     DX,101H         ; ADJUST VALUES
F315  D0 E6                       SAL     DH,1            ; MULTIPLY # ROWS BY 4 SINCE 8 VERT
                                                          ; DOTS/CHAR
F317  D0 E6                       SAL     DH,1            ;   AND EVEN/ODD ROWS
                          ;------ DETERMINE CRT MODE
F319  80 3E 0049 R 06             CMP     CRT_MODE,6      ; TEST FOR HIGH RES
F31E  74 22                       JZ      C87             ; FIND_SOURCE_DOWN
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                                  ;------ MEDIUM RES DOWN
F320  D0 E2                       SAL    DL,1              ; # COLUMNS * 2, SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
                                                           ; (OFFSET OK)
F322  D1 E7                       SAL    DI,1              ; OFFSET *2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
F324  47                          INC    DI                ; POINT TO LAST BYTE
F325  80 3E 0049 R 04             CMP    CRT_MODE,4        ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RES
F32A  74 16                       JZ     C87               ; FIND_SOURCE_DOWN
F32C  80 3E 0049 R 05             CMP    CRT_MODE,5        ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RES
F331  74 0F                       JZ     C87               ; FIND_SOURCE_DOWN
F333  80 3E 0049 R 0A             CMP    CRT_MODE,0AH      ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RES
F33B  74 08                       JZ     C87               ; FIND_SOURCE_DOWN
F33A  4F                          DEC    DI
F33B  D0 E2                       SAL    DL,1              ; # COLUMNS * 2 AGAIN, SINCE 4
                                                           ; BYTES/CHAR (OFFSET OK)
F33D  D1 E7                       SAL    DI,1              ; OFFSET *2 AGAIN, SINCE 4
                                                           ; BYTES/CHAR
F33F  83 C7 03                    ADD    DI,3              ; POINT TO LAST BYTE
                                  ;------ DETERMINE THE SOURCE ADDRESS IN THE BUFFER
F342                              C87:                     ; FIND_SOURCE_DOWN
F342  2A ED                       SUB    CH,CH             ; ZERO TO HIGH OF COUNT REG
F344  B8 00F0                     MOV    AX,240            ; OFFSET TO LAST ROW OF PIXELS IF
                                                           ; 16K REGEN
F347  80 3E 0049 R 09             CMP    CRT_MODE,9        ; USING 32K REGEN?
F34C  72 03                       JC     C88               ; NO, JUMP
F34E  B8 00A0                     MOV    AX,160            ; OFFSET TO LAST ROW OF PIXELS IF
                                                           ; 32K REGEN
F351  03 F8                       C88:   ADD    DI,AX      ; POINT TO LAST ROW OF PIXELS
F353  D0 E3                       SAL    BL,1              ; MULTIPLY NUMBER OF LINES BY 4
F355  D0 E3                       SAL    BL,1
F357  74 6A                       JZ     C94               ; IF ZERO, THEN BLANK ENTIRE FIELD
F359  8A C3                       MOV    AL,BL             ; GET NUMBER OF LINES IN AL
F35B  B4 50                       MOV    AH,80             ; 80 BYTES/ROW
F35D  F6 E4                       MUL    AH                ; DETERMINE OFFSET TO SOURCE
F35F  8B F7                       MOV    SI,DI             ; SET UP SOURCE
F361  2B F0                       SUB    SI,AX             ;    SUBTRACT THE OFFSET
F363  8A E6                       MOV    AH,DH             ; NUMBER OF ROWS IN FIELD
F365  2A E3                       SUB    AH,BL             ; DETERMINE NUMBER TO MOVE
F367  06                          PUSH   ES                ; BOTH SEGMENTS TO REGEN
F368  1F                          POP    DS
                                  ;------ LOOP THROUGH, MOVING ONE ROW AT A TIME, BOTH EVEN AND ODD
                                  ;       FIELDS
F369                              C89:                     ; ROW_LOOP_DOWN
F369  E8 F3C7 R                   CALL   C95               ; MOVE ONE ROW
F36C  1E                          PUSH   DS                ; SAVE DATA SEG
F36D  E8 138B R                   CALL   DDS               ; POINT TO BIOS DATA AREA
F370  80 3E 0049 R 09             CMP    CRT_MODE,9        ; MODE USES 32K REGEN?
F375  1F                          POP    DS                ; RESTORE DATA SEG
F376  72 15                       JC     C90               ; NO, JUMP
F378  81 C6 2000                  ADD    SI,2000H          ; ADJUST POINTERS
F37C  81 C7 2000                  ADD    DI,2000H
F380  E8 F3C7 R                   CALL   C95               ; MOVE 2 MORE ROWS
F383  81 EE 4050                  SUB    SI,4000H+80       ; BACK UP POINTERS
F387  81 EF 4050                  SUB    DI,4000H+80       ;
F38B  FE CC                       DEC    AH                ; ADJUST COUNT
F38D  81 EE 2050                  C90:   SUB    SI,2000H+80; MOVE TO NEXT ROW
F391  81 EF 2050                  SUB    DI,2000H+80
F395  FE CC                       DEC    AH                ; NUMBER OF ROWS TO MOVE
F397  75 D0                       JNZ    C89               ; CONTINUE TILL ALL MOVED
                                  ;------ FILL IN THE VACATED LINE(S)
F399                              C91:                     ; CLEAR_ENTRY_DOWN
F399  8A C7                       MOV    AL,BH             ; ATTRIBUTE TO FILL WITH
F39B                              C92:                     ; CLEAR_LOOP_DOWN
F39B  E8 F3E0 R                   CALL   C96               ; CLEAR A ROW
F39E  1E                          PUSH   DS                ; SAVE DATA SEG
F39F  E8 138B R                   CALL   DDS               ; POINT TO BIOS DATA AREA
F3A2  80 3E 0049 R 09             CMP    CRT_MODE,9        ; MODE USES 32K REGEN?
F3A7  1F                          POP    DS                ; RESTORE DATA SEG
F3A8  72 0D                       JC     C93               ; NO, JUMP
F3AA  81 C7 2000                  ADD    DI,2000H
F3AE  E8 F3E0 R                   CALL   C96               ; CLEAR 2 MORE ROWS
F3B1  81 EF 4050                  SUB    DI,4000H+80       ; BACK UP POINTERS
F3B5  FE CB                       DEC    BL                ; ADJUST COUNT
F3B7  81 EF 2050                  C93:   SUB    DI,2000H+80; POINT TO NEXT LINE
F3BB  FE CB                       DEC    BL                ; NUMBER OF LINES TO FILL
F3BD  75 DC                       JNZ    C92               ; CLEAR_LOOP_DOWN
F3BF  FC                          CLD                      ; RESET THE DIRECTION FLAG
F3C0  E9 0F70 R                   JMP    VIDEO_RETURN      ; EVERYTHING DONE
F3C3                              C94:                     ; BLANK_FIELD_DOWN
F3C3  8A DE                       MOV    BL,DH             ; SET BLANK COUNT TO EVERYTHING IN
                                                           ; FIELD
F3C5  EB D2                       JMP    C91               ; CLEAR THE FIELD
F3C7                              GRAPHICS_DOWN  ENDP
                                  ;------ ROUTINE TO MOVE ONE ROW OF INFORMATION
F3C7                              C95    PROC   NEAR
F3C7  8A CA                       MOV    CL,DL             ; NUMBER OF BYTES IN THE ROW
F3C9  56                          PUSH   SI
F3CA  57                          PUSH   DI                ; SAVE POINTERS
F3CB  F3/ A4                      REP    MOVSB             ; MOVE THE EVEN FIELD
F3CD  5F                          POP    DI
F3CE  5E                          POP    SI
F3CF  81 C6 2000                  ADD    SI,2000H
F3D3  81 C7 2000                  ADD    DI,2000H          ; POINT TO THE ODD FIELD
F3D7  56                          PUSH   SI
F3D8  57                          PUSH   DI                ; SAVE THE POINTERS
F3D9  8A CA                       MOV    CL,DL             ; COUNT BACK
F3DB  F3/ A4                      REP    MOVSB             ; MOVE THE ODD FIELD
F3DD  5F                          POP    DI
F3DE  5E                          POP    SI                ; POINTERS BACK
F3DF  C3                          RET                      ; RETURN TO CALLER
F3E0                              C95    ENDP
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                                    ;------ CLEAR A SINGLE ROW
F3E0                        C96     PROC    NEAR
F3E0    8A CA                       MOV     CL,DL           ; NUMBER OF BYTES IN FIELD
F3E2    57                          PUSH    DI              ; SAVE POINTER
F3E3    F3/ AA                      REP     STOSB           ; STORE THE NEW VALUE
F3E5    5F                          POP     DI              ; POINTER BACK
F3E6    81 C7 2000                  ADD     DI,2000H        ; POINT TO ODD FIELD
F3EA    57                          PUSH    DI
F3EB    8A CA                       MOV     CL,DL
F3ED    F3/ AA                      REP     STOSB           ; FILL THE ODD FILELD
F3EF    5F                          POP     DI
F3F0    C3                          RET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
F3F1                        C96     ENDP
                                    ;--------------------------------------------------
                                    ; GRAPHICS WRITE
                                    ;    THIS ROUTINE WRITES THE ASCII CHARACTER TO THE CURRENT
                                    ;    POSITION ON THE SCREEN.
                                    ; ENTRY --
                                    ;    AL = CHARACTER TO WRITE
                                    ;    BL = COLOR ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED FOR FOREGROUND COLOR
                                    ;         IF BIT 7 IS SET, THE CHAR IS XOR'D INTO THE REGEN BUFFER
                                    ;         (0 IS USED FOR THE BACKGROUND COLOR)
                                    ;    CX = NUMBER OF CHARS TO WRITE
                                    ;    DS = DATA SEGMENT
                                    ;    ES = REGEN SEGMENT
                                    ; EXIT --
                                    ;    NOTHING IS RETURNED
                                    ;
                                    ; GRAPHICS READ
                                    ;    THIS ROUTINE READS THE ASCII CHARACTER AT THE CURRENT CURSOR
                                    ;    POSITION ON THE SCREEN BY MATCHING THE DOTS ON THE SCREEN TO
                                    ;    THE CHARACTER GENERATOR CODE POINTS
                                    ; ENTRY --
                                    ;    NONE  (0 IS ASSUMED AS THE BACKGROUND COLOR)
                                    ; EXIT --
                                    ;    AL = CHARACTER READ AT THAT POSITION (0 RETURNED IF NONE FOUND)
                                    ;
                                    ; FOR BOTH ROUTINES, THE IMAGES USED TO FORM CHARS ARE CONTAINED IN
                                    ; ROM.  INTERRUPT 44H IS USED TO POINT TO THE TABLE FOR THE FIRST
                                    ; 128 CHARS.  INTERRUPT 17H IS USED TO POINT TO THE TABLE FOR THE
                                    ; SECOND 128 CHARS.
                                    ;--------------------------------------------------
                                    ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA,ES:DATA
F3F1                        GRAPHICS_WRITE PROC   NEAR
F3F1    32 E4                       XOR     AH,AH           ; ZERO TO HIGH OF CODE POINT
F3F3    50                          PUSH    AX              ; SAVE CODE POINT VALUE
                                    ;------ DETERMINE POSITION IN REGEN BUFFER TO PUT CODE POINTS
F3F4    E8 F729 R                   CALL    R59             ; FIND LOCATION IN REGEN BUFFER
F3F7    8B F8                       MOV     DI,AX           ; REGEN POINTER IN DI
                                    ;------ DETERMINE REGION TO GET CODE POINTS FROM
F3F9    58                          POP     AX              ; RECOVER CODE POINT
F3FA    BE 0110 R                   MOV     SI,OFFSET CSET_PTR ; ASSUME FIRST HALF
F3FD    3C 80                       CMP     AL,80H          ; IS IT IN FIRST HALF?
F3FF    72 05                       JB      R1              ; JUMP IF IT IS
F401    BE 007C R                   MOV     SI,OFFSET EXT_PTR ; SET POINTER FOR SECOND HALF
F404    2C 80                       SUB     AL,80H          ; ZERO ORIGIN FOR SECOND HALF
F406                        R1:                             ; EXTEND_CHAR
F406    1E                          PUSH    DS              ; SAVE DATA POINTER
F407    33 D2                       XOR     DX,DX
F409    8E DA                       MOV     DS,DX           ; ESTABLISH VECTOR ADDRESSING
                                    ASSUME  DS:ABS0
F40B    C5 34                       LDS     SI,DWORD PTR [SI] ; GET THE OFFSET OF THE TABLE
F40D    8C DA                       MOV     DX,DS           ; GET THE SEGMENT OF THE TABLE
                                    ASSUME  DS:DATA
F40F    1F                          POP     DS              ; RECOVER DATA SEGMENT
F410    52                          PUSH    DX              ; SAVE TABLE SEGMENT ON STACK
                                    ;------ DETERMINE GRAPHICS MODE IN OPERATION
F411    D1 E0                       SAL     AX,1            ; MULTIPLY CODE POINT
F413    D1 E0                       SAL     AX,1            ; VALUE BY 8
F415    D1 E0                       SAL     AX,1
F417    03 F0                       ADD     SI,AX           ; SI HAS OFFSET OF DESIRED CODES
F419    80 3E 0049 R 04             CMP     CRT_MODE,4
F41E    74 45                       JE      R9              ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RESOLUTION MODE
F420    80 3E 0049 R 05             CMP     CRT_MODE,5
F425    74 3E                       JE      R9              ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RESOLUTION MODE
F427    80 3E 0049 R 0A             CMP     CRT_MODE,0AH
F42C    75 03                       JNE     R3              ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RESOLUTION MODE
F42E    E9 F4D4 R                   JMP     R16
F431    80 3E 0049 R 06   R3:       CMP     CRT_MODE,6      ; TEST FOR HIGH RESOLUTION MODE
F436    75 53                       JNE     R12             ; GOTO LOW RESOLUTION IF NOT
                                    ;------ HIGH RESOLUTION MODE
F438    1F                          POP     DS              ; RECOVER TABLE POINTER SEGMENT
F439    57                R5:       PUSH    DI              ; SAVE REGEN POINTER
F43A    56                          PUSH    SI              ; SAVE CODE POINTER
F43B    B6 04                       MOV     DH,4            ; NUMBER OF TIMES THROUGH LOOP
F43D    AC                R6:       LODSB                   ; GET BYTE FROM CODE POINTS
F43E    F6 C3 80                    TEST    BL,80H          ; SHOULD WE USE THE FUNCTION
F441    75 16                       JNZ     R8              ;   TO PUT CHAR IN?
F443    AA                          STOSB                   ; STORE IN REGEN BUFFER
F444    AC                          LODSB
F445    26: 88 85 1FFF    R7:       MOV     ES:[DI+2000H-1],AL ; STORE IN SECOND HALF
F44A    83 C7 4F                    ADD     DI,79           ; MOVE TO NEXT ROW IN REGEN
F44D    FE CE                       DEC     DH
F44F    75 EC                       JNZ     R6              ; DONE WITH LOOP
F451    5E                          POP     SI
F452    5F                          POP     DI              ; RECOVER REGEN POINTER
F453    47                          INC     DI              ; POINT TO NEXT CHAR POSITION
F454    E2 E3                       LOOP    R5              ; MORE CHARS TO WRITE
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F456  E9 0F70 R           R705:  JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
F459  26: 32 05           R8:    XOR     AL,ES:[DI]       ; EXCLUSIVE OR WITH CURRENT DATA
F45C  AA                         STOSB                    ; STORE THE CODE POINT
F45D  AC                         LODSB                    ; AGAIN FOR ODD FIELD
F45E  26: 32 85 1FFF             XOR     AL,ES:[DI+2000H-1]
F463  EB E0                      JMP     R7               ; BACK TO MAINSTREAM
                          ;------ MEDIUM RESOLUTION WRITE
F465                      R9:                              ; MED_RES_WRITE
F465  1F                         POP     DS               ; RECOVER TABLE POINTER SEGMENT
F466  8A D3                      MOV     DL,BL            ; SAVE HIGH COLOR BIT
F468  D1 E7                      SAL     DI,1             ; OFFSET*2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
F46A  E8 F659 R                  CALL    R40              ; EXPAND BL TO FULL WORD OF COLOR
F46D                      R10:                             ; MED_CHAR
F46D  57                         PUSH    DI               ; SAVE REGEN POINTER
F46E  56                         PUSH    SI               ; SAVE THE CODE POINTER
F46F  B6 04                      MOV     DH,4             ; NUMBER OF LOOPS
F471  E8 F626 R           R11:   CALL    R35              ; DO FIRST 2 BYTES
F474  81 C7 2000                 ADD     DI,2000H         ; NEXT SPOT IN REGEN
F478  E8 F626 R                  CALL    R35              ; DO NEXT 2 BYTES
F47B  81 EF 1FB0                 SUB     DI,2000H-80
F47F  FE CE                      DEC     DH
F481  75 EE                      JNZ     R11              ; KEEP GOING
F483  5E                         POP     SI               ; RECOVER CODE PONTER
F484  5F                         POP     DI               ; RECOVER REGEN POINTER
F485  47                         INC     DI               ; POINT TO NEXT CHAR POSITION
F486  47                         INC     DI
F487  E2 E4                      LOOP    R10              ; MORE TO WRITE
F489  EB CB                      JMP     R705
                          ;------ LOW RESOLUTION WRITE
F48B                      R12:                             ; LOW_RES_WRITE
F48B  1F                         POP     DS               ; RECOVER TABLE POINTER SEGMENT
F48C  8A D3                      MOV     DL,BL            ; SAVE HIGH COLOR BIT
F48E  D1 E7                      SAL     DI,1             ; OFFSET*4 SINCE 4 BYTES/CHAR
F490  D1 E7                      SAL     DI,1
F492  E8 F66E R                  CALL    R42              ; EXPAND BL TO FULL WORD OF COLOR
F495                      R13:                             ; MED_CHAR
F495  57                         PUSH    DI               ; SAVE REGEN POINTER
F496  56                         PUSH    SI               ; SAVE THE CODE POINTER
F497  B6 04                      MOV     DH,4             ; NUMBER OF LOOPS
F499  E8 F645 R           R14:   CALL    R39              ; EXPAND DOT ROW IN REGEN
F49C  81 C7 2000                 ADD     DI,2000H         ; POINT TO NEXT REGEN ROW
F4A0  E8 F645 R                  CALL    R39              ; EXPAND DOT ROW IN REGEN
F4A3  1E                         PUSH    DS               ; SAVE DS
F4A4  E8 13BB R                  CALL    DDS              ; POINT TO BIOS DATA AREA
F4A7  80 3E 0049 R 09            CMP     CRT_MODE,09H     ; USING 32K REGEN AREA?
F4AC  1F                         POP     DS               ; RECOVER DS
F4AD  75 14                      JNE     R15              ; JUMP IF 16K REGEN
F4AF  81 C7 2000                 ADD     DI,2000H         ; POINT TO NEXT REGEN ROW
F4B3  E8 F645 R                  CALL    R39              ; EXPAND DOT ROW IN REGEN
F4B6  81 C7 2000                 ADD     DI,2000H         ; POINT TO NEXT REGEN ROW
F4BA  E8 F645 R                  CALL    R39              ; EXPAND DOT ROW IN REGEN
F4BD  81 EF 3FB0                 SUB     DI,4000H-80      ; ADJUST REGEN POINTER
F4C1  FE CE                      DEC     DH
F4C3  81 EF 1FB0          R15:   SUB     DI,2000H-80      ; ADJUST REGEN POINTER TO NEXT ROW
F4C7  FE CE                      DEC     DH
F4C9  75 CE                      JNZ     R14              ; KEEP GOING
F4CB  5E                         POP     SI               ; RECOVER CODE PONTER
F4CC  5F                         POP     DI               ; RECOVER REGEN POINTER
F4CD  83 C7 04                   ADD     DI,4             ; POINT TO NEXT CHAR POSITION
F4D0  E2 C3                      LOOP    R13              ; MORE TO WRITE
F4D2  EB 82                      JMP     R705
                          ;----- 640X200 4 COLOR GRAPHICS WRITE
F4D4  1F                  R16:   POP     DS               ; RECOVER TABLE SEGMENT POINTER
F4D5  8A D3                      MOV     DL,BL            ; SAVE HIGH COLOR BIT
F4D7  D1 E7                      SAL     DI,1             ; OFFSET*2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
                          ; EXPAND LOW 2 COLOR BITS IN BL (c1c0)
                          ; INTO BX (c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c0c1c1c1c1c1c1c1c1)
F4D9  33 C0                      XOR     AX,AX
F4DB  F6 C3 01                   TEST    BL,1             ; c0 COLOR BIT ON?
F4DE  74 02                      JZ      R17              ; NO, JUMP
F4E0  B4 FF                      MOV     AH,0FFH          ; YES, SET ALL c0 BITS ON
F4E2  F6 C3 02            R17:   TEST    BL,2             ; c1 COLOR BIT ON?
F4E5  74 02                      JZ      R18              ; NO, JUMP
F4E7  B0 FF                      MOV     AL,0FFH          ; YES, SET ALL c1 BITS ON
F4E9  8B D8               R18:   MOV     BX,AX            ; COLOR MASK IN BX
F4EB                      R19:
F4EB  57                         PUSH    DI               ; SAVE REGEN POINTER
F4EC  56                         PUSH    SI               ; SAVE CODE POINT POINTER
F4ED  B6 02                      MOV     DH,2             ; SET LOOP COUNTER
F4EF  E8 F518 R           R20:   CALL    R21              ; DO FIRST DOT ROW
F4F2  81 C7 2000                 ADD     DI,2000H         ; ADJUST REGEN POINTER
F4F6  E8 F518 R                  CALL    R21              ; DO NEXT DOT ROW
F4F9  81 C7 2000                 ADD     DI,2000H         ; ADJUST REGEN POINTER
F4FD  E8 F518 R                  CALL    R21              ; DO NEXT DOT ROW
F500  81 C7 2000                 ADD     DI,2000H         ; ADJUST REGEN POINTER
F504  E8 F518 R                  CALL    R21              ; DO NEXT DOT ROW
F507  81 EF 5F60                 SUB     DI,6000H-160     ; ADJUST REGEN POINTER TO NEXT ROW
F50B  FE CE                      DEC     DH
F50D  75 E0                      JNZ     R20              ; KEEP GOING
F50F  5E                         POP     SI               ; RECOVER CODE POINT POINTER
F510  5F                         POP     DI               ; RECOVER REGEN POINTER
F511  47                         INC     DI               ; POINT TO NEXT CHARACTER
F512  47                         INC     DI
F513  E2 D6                      LOOP    R19              ; MORE TO WRITE
F515  E9 0F70 R                  JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
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F518                              R21     PROC    NEAR
F518   AC                                 LODSB                    ; GET CODE POINT
F519   8A E0                              MOV     AH,AL            ; COPY INTO AH
F51B   23 C3                              AND     AX,BX            ; SET COLOR
F51D   F6 C2 80                           TEST    DL,80H           ; XOR FUNCTION?
F520   74 07                              JZ      R22              ; NO, JUMP
F522   26: 32 25                          XOR     AH,ES:[DI]       ; EXCLUSIVE OR WITH CURRENT DATA
F525   26: 32 45 01                       XOR     AL,ES:[DI+1]
F529   26: 88 25                  R22:    MOV     ES:[DI],AH       ; STORE IN REGEN BUFFER
F52C   26: 88 45 01                       MOV     ES:[DI+1],AL
F530   C3                                 RET
F531                              R21     ENDP
F531                              GRAPHICS_WRITE  ENDP
                                  ;----------------------------------------
                                  ; GRAPHICS READ
                                  ;----------------------------------------
F531                              GRAPHICS_READ   PROC    NEAR
F531   E8 F729 R                          CALL    R59              ; CONVERTED TO OFFSET IN REGEN
F534   8B F0                              MOV     SI,AX            ; SAVE IN SI
F536   83 EC 08                           SUB     SP,8             ; ALLOCATE SPACE TO SAVE THE READ
                                                                   ; CODE POINT
F539   8B EC                              MOV     BP,SP            ; POINTER TO SAVE AREA
                                  ;------ DETERMINE GRAPHICS MODES
F53B   06                                 PUSH    ES
F53C   B6 04                              MOV     DH,4             ; NUMBER OF PASSES
F53E   80 3E 0049 R 06                    CMP     CRT_MODE,6
F543   74 17                              JZ      R23              ; HIGH RESOLUTION
F545   80 3E 0049 R 04                    CMP     CRT_MODE,4
F54A   74 61                              JZ      R28              ; MEDIUM RESOLUTION
F54C   80 3E 0049 R 05                    CMP     CRT_MODE,5
F551   74 5A                              JZ      R28              ; MEDIUM RESOLUTION
F553   80 3E 0049 R 0A                    CMP     CRT_MODE,0AH
F558   74 53                              JZ      R28              ; MEDIUM RESOLUTION
F55A   EB 18                              JMP     SHORT R25        ; LOW RESOLUTION
                                  ;------ HIGH RESOLUTION READ
                                  ;------ GET VALUES FROM REGEN BUFFER AND CONVERT TO CODE POINT
F55C   1F                         R23:    POP     DS               ; POINT TO REGEN SEGMENT
F55D   8A 04                      R24:    MOV     AL,[SI]          ; GET FIRST BYTE
F55F   88 46 00                           MOV     [BP],AL          ; SAVE IN STORAGE AREA
F562   45                                 INC     BP               ; NEXT LOCATION
F563   8A 84 2000                         MOV     AL,[SI+2000H]    ; GET LOWER REGION BYTE
F567   88 46 00                           MOV     [BP],AL          ; ADJUST AND STORE
F56A   45                                 INC     BP
F56B   83 C6 50                           ADD     SI,80            ; POINTER INTO REGEN
F56E   FE CE                              DEC     DH               ; LOOP CONTROL
F570   75 EB                              JNZ     R24              ; DO IT SOME MORE
F572   EB 6E                              JMP     SHORT R31        ; GO MATCH THE SAVED CODE POINTS
                                  ;------ LOW RESOLUTION READ
F574   1F                         R25:    POP     DS               ; POINT TO REGEN SEGMENT
F575   D1 E6                              SAL     SI,1             ; OFFSET*4 SINCE 4 BYTES/CHAR
F577   D1 E6                              SAL     SI,1
F579   E8 F6FC R                  R26:    CALL    R55              ; GET 4 BYTES FROM REGEN INTO
                                                                   ; SINGLE SAVE
F57C   81 C6 2000                         ADD     SI,2000H         ; GOTO LOWER REGION
F580   E8 F6FC R                          CALL    R55              ; GET 4 BYTES FROM REGEN INTO
                                                                   ; SINGLE SAVE
F583   1E                                 PUSH    DS               ; SAVE DS
F584   E8 138B R                          CALL    DDS              ; POINT TO BIOS DATA AREA
F587   80 3E 0049 R 09                    CMP     CRT_MODE,9       ; DO WE HAVE A 32K REGEN AREA?
F58C   1F                                 POP     DS
F58D   75 14                              JNE     R27              ; NO, JUMP
F58F   81 C6 2000                         ADD     SI,2000H         ; GOTO LOWER REGION
F593   E8 F6FC R                          CALL    R55              ; GET 4 BYTES FROM REGEN INTO
                                                                   ; SINGLE SAVE
F596   81 C6 2000                         ADD     SI,2000H         ; GOTO LOWER REGION
F59A   E8 F6FC R                          CALL    R55              ; GET 4 BYTES FROM REGEN INTO
                                                                   ; SINGLE SAVE
F59D   81 EE 3FB0                         SUB     SI,4000H-80      ; ADJUST POINTER
F5A1   FE CE                              DEC     DH
F5A3   81 EE 1FB0                 R27:    SUB     SI,2000H-80      ; ADJUST POINTER BACK TO UPPER
F5A7   FE CE                              DEC DH
F5A9   75 CE                              JNZ     R26              ;DO IT SOME MORE
F5AB   EB 35                              JMP     SHORT R31        ; GO MATCH THE SAVED CODE POINTS
                                  ;------ MEDIUM RESOLUTION READ
F5AD                              R28:                             ; MED_RES_READ
F5AD   1F                                 POP     DS               ; POINT TO REGEN SEGMENT
F5AE   D1 E6                              SAL     SI,1             ; OFFSET*2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
F5B0   E8 F6C3 R                  R29:    CALL    R50              ; GET PAIR BYTES FROM REGEN INTO
                                                                   ; SINGLE SAVE
F5B3   81 C6 2000                         ADD     SI,2000H         ; GO TO LOWER REGION
F5B7   E8 F6C3 R                          CALL    R50              ; GET THIS PAIR INTO SAVE
F5BA   1E                                 PUSH    DS               ; SAVE DS
F5BB   E8 138B R                          CALL    DDS              ; POINT TO BIOS DATA AREA
F5BE   80 3E 0049 R 0A                    CMP     CRT_MODE,0AH     ; DO WE HAVE A 32K REGEN AREA?
F5C3   1F                                 POP     DS
F5C4   75 14                              JNE     R30              ; NO, JUMP
F5C6   81 C6 2000                         ADD     SI,2000H         ; GOTO LOWER REGION
F5CA   E8 F6C3 R                          CALL    R50              ; GET PAIR BYTES FROM REGEN INTO
                                                                   ; SINGLE SAVE
F5CD   81 C6 2000                         ADD     SI,2000H         ; GOTO LOWER REGION
F5D1   E8 F6C3 R                          CALL    R50              ; GET PAIR BYTES FROM REGEN INTO
                                                                   ; SINGLE SAVE
F5D4   81 EE 3FB0                         SUB     SI,4000H-80      ; ADJUST POINTER
F5D8   FE CE                              DEC     DH
F5DA                              R30:
F5DA   81 EE 1FB0                         SUB     SI,2000H-80      ; ADJUST POINTER BACK INTO UPPER
F5DE   FE CE                              DEC     DH
F5E0   75 CE                              JNZ     R29              ; KEEP GOING UNTIL ALL 8 DONE
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                              ;-------- SAVE AREA HAS CHARACTER IN IT, MATCH IT
F5E2                          R31:                      ; FIND_CHAR
F5E2  33 C0                           XOR     AX,AX
F5E4  8E D8                           MOV     DS,AX       ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING TO VECTOR
                                      ASSUME  DS:ABS0
F5E6  C4 3E 0110 R                    LES     DI,CSET_PTR ; GET POINTER TO FIRST HALF
F5EA  83 ED 08                        SUB     BP,8        ; ADJUST POINTER TO BEGINNING OF
                                                          ; SAVE AREA
F5ED  8B F5                           MOV     SI,BP
F5EF  FC                              CLD                 ; ENSURE DIRECTION
F5F0  32 C0                           XOR     AL,AL       ; CURRENT CODE POINT BEING MATCHED
F5F2  16                      R32:    PUSH    SS          ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING TO STACK
F5F3  1F                              POP     DS          ; FOR THE STRING COMPARE
F5F4  BA 0080                         MOV     DX,128      ; NUMBER TO TEST AGAINST
F5F7  56                      R33:    PUSH    SI          ; SAVE AREA POINTER
F5F8  57                              PUSH    DI          ; SAVE CODE POINTER
F5F9  B9 0008                         MOV     CX,8        ; NUMBER OF BYTES TO MATCH
F5FC  F3/ A6                          REPE    CMPSB       ; COMPARE THE 8 BYTES
F5FE  5F                              POP     DI          ; RECOVER THE POINTERS
F5FF  5E                              POP     SI
F600  74 1E                           JZ      R34         ; IF ZERO FLAG SET, THEN MATCH
                                                          ; OCCURRED
F602  FE C0                           INC     AL          ; NO MATCH, MOVE ON TO NEXT
F604  83 C7 08                        ADD     DI,8        ; NEXT CODE POINT
F607  4A                              DEC     DX          ; LOOP CONTROL
F608  75 ED                           JNZ     R33         ; DO ALL OF THEM
                              ;------ CHAR NOT MATCHED, MIGHT BE IN SECOND HALF
F60A  0A C0                           OR      AL,AL       ; AL<> 0 IF ONLY 1ST HALF SCANNED
F60C  74 12                           JE      R34         ; IF = 0, THEN ALL HAS BEEN SCANNED
F60E  2B C0                           SUB     AX,AX
F610  8E D8                           MOV     DS,AX       ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING TO VECTOR
                                      ASSUME  DS:ABS0
F612  C4 3E 007C R                    LES     DI,EXT_PTR  ; GET POINTER
F616  8C C0                           MOV     AX,ES       ; SEE IF THE POINTER REALLY EXISTS
F618  0B C7                           OR      AX,DI       ; IF ALL 0, THEN DOESN'T EXIST
F61A  74 04                           JZ      R34         ; NO SENSE LOOKING
F61C  B0 80                           MOV     AL,128      ; ORIGIN FOR SECOND HALF
F61E  EB D2                           JMP     R32         ; GO BACK AND TRY FOR IT
                                      ASSUME  DS:DATA
                              ;------ CHARACTER IS FOUND ( AL=0 IF NOT FOUND )
F620  83 C4 08                R34:    ADD     SP,8        ; READJUST THE STACK, THROW AWAY
                                                          ; WORK AREA
F623  E9 0F70 R                       JMP     VIDEO_RETURN ; ALL DONE
F626                          GRAPHICS_READ  ENDP
                              ;--------
F626                          R35     PROC    NEAR
F626  AC                              LODSB               ; GET CODE POINT
F627  E8 F67E R                       CALL    R43         ; DOUBLE UP ALL THE BITS
F62A  23 C3                   R36:    AND     AX,BX       ; CONVERT THEM TO FOREGROUND COLOR
                                                          ; ( 0 BACK )
F62C  F6 C2 80                        TEST    DL,80H      ; IS THIS XOR FUNCTION?
F62F  74 07                           JZ      R37         ; NO, STORE IT IN AS IT IS
F631  26: 32 25                       XOR     AH,ES:[DI]  ; DO FUNCTION WITH HALF
F634  26: 32 45 01                    XOR     AL,ES:[DI+1] ; AND WITH OTHER HALF
F638  26: 88 25                R37:    MOV     ES:[DI],AH  ; STORE FIRST BYTE
F63B  26: 88 45 01                    MOV     ES:[DI+1],AL ; STORE SECOND BYTE
F63F  C3                              RET
F640                          R35     ENDP
                              ;--------
F640                          R38     PROC    NEAR
F640  E8 F6A0 R                       CALL    R45         ; QUAD UP THE LOW NIBBLE
F643  E8 E5                           JMP     R36
F645                          R38     ENDP
                              ;-----------
                              ; EXPAND 1 DOT ROW OF A CHAR INTO 4 BYTES IN THE REGEN BUFFER
                              ;-------------
F645                          R39     PROC    NEAR
F645  AC                              LODSB               ; GET CODE POINT
F646  50                              PUSH    AX          ; SAVE
F647  51                              PUSH    CX
F648  B1 04                           MOV     CL,4        ; MOV HIGH NIBBLE TO LOW
F64A  D2 E8                           SHR     AL,CL
F64C  59                              POP     CX
F64D  E8 F640 R                       CALL    R38         ; EXPAND TO 2 BYTES & PUT IN REGEN
F650  58                              POP     AX          ; RECOVER CODE POINT
F651  47                              INC     DI          ; ADJUST REGEN POINTER
F652  47                              INC     DI
F653  E8 F640 R                       CALL    R38         ; EXPAND LOW NIBBLE & PUT IN REGEN
F656  4F                              DEC     DI          ; RESTORE REGEN POINTER
F657  4F                              DEC     DI
F658  C3                              RET
F659                          R39     ENDP
                              ;-------------------------------------------------
                              ; EXPAND_MED_COLOR
                              ;   THIS ROUTINE EXPANDS THE LOW 2 BITS IN BL TO
                              ;   FILL THE ENTIRE BX REGISTER
                              ; ENTRY --
                              ;   BL = COLOR TO BE USED ( LOW 2 BITS )
                              ; EXIT --
                              ;   BX = COLOR TO BE USED ( 8 REPLICATIONS OF THE 2 COLOR BITS )
                              ;-------------------------------------------------
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F659                         R40     PROC    NEAR
F659    80 E3 03                     AND     BL,3            ; ISOLATE THE COLOR BITS
F65C    8A C3                        MOV     AL,BL           ; COPY TO AL
F65E    51                           PUSH    CX              ; SAVE REGISTER
F65F    B9 0003                      MOV     CX,3            ; NUMBER OF TIMES TO DO THIS
F662    D0 E0               R41:     SAL     AL,1
F664    D0 E0                        SAL     AL,1            ; LEFT SHIFT BY 2
F666    0A D8                        OR      BL,AL           ; ANOTHER COLOR VERSION INTO BL
F668    E2 F8                        LOOP    R41             ; FILL ALL OF BL
F66A    8A FB                        MOV     BH,BL           ; FILL UPPER PORTION
F66C    59                           POP     CX              ; REGISTER BACK
F66D    C3                           RET                     ; ALL DONE
F66E                         R40     ENDP
                             ;-------------------------------------------------
                             ; EXPAND_LOW_COLOR
                             ;   THIS ROUTINE EXPANDS THE LOW 4 BITS IN BL TO
                             ;   FILL THE ENTIRE BX REGISTER
                             ; ENTRY --
                             ;   BL = COLOR TO BE USED ( LOW 4 BITS )
                             ; EXIT --
                             ;   BX = COLOR TO BE USED ( 4 REPLICATIONS OF THE 4 COLOR BITS )
                             ;-------------------------------------------------
F66E                         R42     PROC    NEAR
F66E    51                           PUSH    CX
F66F    80 E3 0F                     AND     BL,0FH          ; ISOLATE THE COLOR BITS
F672    8A FB                        MOV     BH,BL           ; COPY TO BH
F674    B1 04                        MOV     CL,4            ; MOVE TO HIGH NIBBLE
F676    D2 E7                        SHL     BH,CL           ;
F678    0A FB                        OR      BH,BL           ; MAKE BYTE FROM HIGH AND LOW
                                                             ; NIBBLES
F67A    8A DF                        MOV     BL,BH           ;
F67C    59                           POP     CX
F67D    C3                           RET                     ; ALL DONE
F67E                         R42     ENDP
                             ;-------------------------------------------------
                             ; EXPAND_BYTE
                             ;   THIS ROUTINE TAKES THE BYTE IN AL AND DOUBLES ALL
                             ;   OF THE BITS, TURNING THE 8 BITS INTO 16 BITS.
                             ;   THE RESULT IS LEFT IN AX
                             ;-------------------------------------------------
F67E                         R43     PROC    NEAR
F67E    52                           PUSH    DX              ; SAVE REGISTERS
F67F    51                           PUSH    CX
F680    53                           PUSH    BX
F681    2B D2                        SUB     DX,DX           ; RESULT REGISTER
F683    B9 0001                      MOV     CX,1            ; MASK REGISTER
F686    8B D8               R44:     MOV     BX,AX           ; BASE INTO TEMP
F688    23 D9                        AND     BX,CX           ; USE MASK TO EXTRACT A BIT
F68A    0B D3                        OR      DX,BX           ; PUT INTO RESULT REGISTER
F68C    D1 E0                        SHL     AX,1
F68E    D1 E1                        SHL     CX,1            ; SHIFT BASE AND MASK BY 1
F690    8B D8                        MOV     BX,AX           ; BASE TO TEMP
F692    23 D9                        AND     BX,CX           ; EXTRACT THE SAME BIT
F694    0B D3                        OR      DX,BX           ; PUT INTO RESULT
F696    D1 E1                        SHL     CX,1            ; SHIFT ONLY MASK NOW, MOVING TO
                                                             ; NEXT BASE
F698    73 EC                        JNC     R44             ; USE MASK BIT COMING OUT TO
                                                             ; TERMINATE
F69A    8B C2                        MOV     AX,DX           ; RESULT TO PARM REGISTER
F69C    5B                           POP     BX
F69D    59                           POP     CX              ; RECOVER REGISTERS
F69E    5A                           POP     DX
F69F    C3                           RET                     ; ALL DONE
F6A0                         R43     ENDP
                             ;-------------------------------------------------
                             ; EXPAND_NIBBLE
                             ;   THIS ROUTINE TAKES THE LOW NIBBLE IN AL AND QUADS ALL
                             ;   OF THE BITS, TURNING THE 4 BITS INTO 16 BITS.
                             ;   THE RESULT IS LEFT IN AX
                             ;-------------------------------------------------
F6A0                         R45     PROC    NEAR
F6A0    52                           PUSH    DX              ; SAVE REGISTERS
F6A1    33 D2                        XOR     DX,DX           ; RESULT REGISTER
F6A3    A8 08                        TEST    AL,8
F6A5    74 03                        JZ      R46
F6A7    80 CE F0                     OR      DH,0F0H
F6AA    A8 04               R46:     TEST    AL,4
F6AC    74 03                        JZ      R47
F6AE    80 CE 0F                     OR      DH,0FH
F6B1    A8 02               R47:     TEST    AL,2
F6B3    74 03                        JZ      R48
F6B5    80 CA F0                     OR      DL,0F0H
F6B8    A8 01               R48:     TEST    AL,1
F6BA    74 03                        JZ      R49
F6BC    80 CA 0F                     OR      DL,0FH
F6BF    8B C2               R49:     MOV     AX,DX           ; RESULT TO PARM REGISTER
F6C1    5A                           POP     DX              ; RECOVER REGISTERS
F6C2    C3                           RET                     ; ALL DONE
F6C3                         R45     ENDP
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                    ;--------------------------------------------------
                    ; MED_READ_BYTE
                    ; THIS ROUTINE WILL TAKE 2 BYTES FROM THE REGEN BUFFER,
                    ;   COMPARE AGAINST THE CURRENT FOREGROUND COLOR, AND PLACE
                    ;   THE CORRESPONDING ON/OFF BIT PATTERN INTO THE CURRENT
                    ;   POSITION IN THE SAVE AREA
                    ; ENTRY --
                    ;   SI,DS = POINTER TO REGEN AREA OF INTEREST
                    ;   BX = EXPANDED FOREGROUND COLOR
                    ;   BP = POINTER TO SAVE AREA
                    ; EXIT --
                    ;   BP IS INCREMENT AFTER SAVE
                    ;--------------------------------------------------
F6C3                R50      PROC   NEAR
F6C3  8A 24                  MOV    AH,[SI]        ; GET FIRST BYTE
F6C5  8A 44 01               MOV    AL,[SI+1]      ; GET SECOND BYTE
F6C8  1E                     PUSH   DS             ; SAVE DS
F6C9  E8 13BB R              CALL   DDS            ; POINT TO BIOS DATA AREA
F6CC  80 3E 0049 R 0A        CMP    CRT_MODE,0AH   ; IN 640X200 4 COLOR MODE?
F6D1  1F                     POP    DS             ; RESTORE REGEN SEG
F6D2  75 11                  JNE    R52            ; NO, JUMP
                    ; IN 640X200 4 COLOR MODE, ALL THE c0 BITS ARE IN ONE BYTE, AND ALL
                    ; THE c1 BITS ARE IN THE NEXT BYTE. HERE WE CHANGE THEM BACK TO
                    ; NORMAL c1c0 ADJACENT PAIRS.
F6D4  53                     PUSH   BX             ; SAVE REG
F6D5  B9 0008                MOV    CX,8           ; SET LOOP COUNTER
F6D8  D0 FC         R51:     SAR    AH,1           ; c0 BIT INTO CARRY
F6DA  D1 DB                  RCR    BX,1           ;   AND INTO BX
F6DC  D0 F8                  SAR    AL,1           ; c1 BIT INTO CARRY
F6DE  D1 DB                  RCR    BX,1           ;   AND INTO BX
F6E0  E2 F6                  LOOP   R51            ; REPEAT
F6E2  8B C3                  MOV    AX,BX          ; RESULT INTO AX
F6E4  5B                     POP    BX             ; RESTORE BX
F6E5  B9 C000       R52:     MOV    CX,0C000H      ; 2 BIT MASK TO TEST THE ENTRIES
F6E8  32 D2                  XOR    DL,DL          ; RESULT REGISTER
F6EA  85 C1         R53:     TEST   AX,CX          ; IS THIS SECTION BACKGROUND?
F6EC  74 01                  JZ     R54            ; IF ZERO, IT IS BACKGROUND
F6EE  F9                     STC                   ; WASN'T, SO SET CARRY
F6EF  D0 D2         R54:     RCL    DL,1           ; MOVE THAT BIT INTO THE RESULT
F6F1  D1 E9                  SHR    CX,1
F6F3  D1 E9                  SHR    CX,1           ; MOVE THE MASK TO THE RIGHT BY 2
                                                   ; BITS
F6F5  73 F3                  JNC    R53            ; DO IT AGAIN IF MASK DIDN'T FALL
                                                   ; OUT
F6F7  88 56 00               MOV    [BP],DL        ; STORE RESULT IN SAVE AREA
F6FA  45                     INC    BP             ; ADJUST POINTER
F6FB  C3                     RET                   ; ALL DONE
F6FC                R50      ENDP
                    ;--------------------------------------------------
                    ; LOW_READ_BYTE
                    ; THIS ROUTINE WILL TAKE 4 BYTES FROM THE REGEN BUFFER,
                    ;   COMPARE FOR BACKGROUND COLOR, AND PLACE
                    ;   THE CORRESPONDING ON/OFF BIT PATTERN INTO THE CURRENT
                    ;   POSITION IN THE SAVE AREA
                    ; ENTRY --
                    ;   SI,DS = POINTER TO REGEN AREA OF INTEREST
                    ;   BP = POINTER TO SAVE AREA
                    ; EXIT --
                    ;   BP IS INCREMENT AFTER SAVE
                    ;--------------------------------------------------
F6FC                R55      PROC   NEAR
F6FC  8A 24                  MOV    AH,[SI]        ;GET FIRST 2 BYTES
F6FE  8A 44 01               MOV    AL,[SI+1]
F701  32 D2                  XOR    DL,DL
F703  E8 F714 R              CALL   R56            ;BUILD HIGH NIBBLE
F706  8A 64 02               MOV    AH,[SI+2]      ;GET SECOND 2 BYTES
F709  8A 44 03               MOV    AL,[SI+3]
F70C  E8 F714 R              CALL   R56            ;BUILD LOW NIBBLE
F70F  88 56 00               MOV    [BP],DL        ;STORE RESULT IN SAVE AREA
F712  45                     INC    BP             ;ADJUST POINTER
F713  C3                     RET
F714                R55      ENDP
F714                R56      PROC   NEAR
F714  B9 F000                MOV    CX,0F000H      ; 4 BIT MASK TO TEST THE ENTRIES
F717  85 C1         R57:     TEST   AX,CX          ; IS THIS SECTION BACKGROUND?
F719  74 01                  JZ     R58            ; IF ZERO, IT IS BACKGROUND
F71B  F9                     STC                   ; WASN'T, SO SET CARRY
F71C  D0 D2         R58:     RCL    DL,1           ;MOVE THAT BIT INTO RESULT
F71E  D1 E9                  SHR    CX,1           ;MOVE MASK RIGH 4 BITS
F720  D1 E9                  SHR    CX,1
F722  D1 E9                  SHR    CX,1
F724  D1 E9                  SHR    CX,1
F726  73 EF                  JNC    R57            ;DO IT AGAIN IF MASK DID'T FALL OUT
F728  C3                     RET
F729                R56      ENDP
```

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                    ;----------------------------------------
                    ; V4_POSITION
                    ;   THIS ROUTINE TAKES THE CURSOR POSITION CONTAINED IN
                    ;   THE MEMORY LOCATION, AND CONVERTS IT INTO AN OFFSET
                    ;   INTO THE REGEN BUFFER, ASSUMING ONE BYTE/CHAR.
                    ;   FOR MEDIUM RESOLUTION GRAPHICS, THE NUMBER MUST
                    ;   BE DOUBLED.
                    ; ENTRY -- NO REGISTERS,MEMORY LOCATION CURSOR_POSN IS USED
                    ; EXIT--
                    ;   AX CONTAINS OFFSET INTO REGEN BUFFER
                    ;----------------------------------------
F729                R59       PROC    NEAR
F729  A1 0050 R               MOV     AX,CURSOR_POSN  ; GET CURRENT CURSOR
F72C                GRAPH_POSN LABEL   NEAR
F72C  53                      PUSH    BX              ; SAVE REGISTER
F72D  8B D8                   MOV     BX,AX           ; SAVE A COPY OF CURRENT CURSOR
F72F  8A C4                   MOV     AL,AH           ; GET ROWS TO AL
F731  F6 26 004A R            MUL     BYTE PTR CRT_COLS ; MULTIPLY BY BYTES/COLUMN
F735  80 3E 0049 R 09         CMP     CRT_MODE,9      ; MODE USING 32K REGEN?
F73A  73 02                   JNC     R60             ; YES, JUMP
F73C  D1 E0                   SHL     AX,1            ; MULTIPLY * 4 SINCE 4 ROWS/BYTE
F73E  D1 E0         R60:      SHL     AX,1
F740  2A FF                   SUB     BH,BH           ; ISOLATE COLUMN VALUE
F742  03 C3                   ADD     AX,BX           ; DETERMINE OFFSET
F744  5B                      POP     BX              ; RECOVER POINTER
F745  C3                      RET                     ; ALL DONE
F746                R59       ENDP
                    ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                    ; LIGHT PEN
                    ;       THIS ROUTINE TESTS THE LIGHT PEN SWITCH AND THE LIGHT
                    ;       PEN TRIGGER. IF BOTH ARE SET, THE LOCATION OF THE LIGHT
                    ;       PEN IS DETERMINED. OTHERWISE, A RETURN WITH NO INFORMATION
                    ;       IS MADE.
                    ; ON EXIT:
                    ;       (AH) = 0 IF NO LIGHT PEN INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE
                    ;                  BX,CX,DX ARE DESTROYED
                    ;       (AH) = 1 IF LIGHT PEN IS AVAILABLE
                    ;               (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF CURRENT LIGHT PEN POSITION
                    ;               (CH) = RASTER POSITION
                    ;               (BX) = BEST GUESS AT PIXEL HORIZONTAL POSITION
                    ;----------------------------------------------------------------
                              ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
                    ;----- SUBTRACT_TABLE
F746                V1        LABEL   BYTE
F746  03 03 05 05 03 03       DB      3,3,5,5,3,3,3,0,2,3,4   ;
      03 00 02 03 04
F751                READ_LPEN         PROC    NEAR
                    ;----- WAIT FOR LIGHT PEN TO BE DEPRESSED
F751  32 E4                   XOR     AH,AH           ; SET NO LIGHT PEN RETURN CODE
F753  BA 03DA                 MOV     DX,VGA_CTL      ;GET ADDRESS OF VGA CONTROL REG
F756  EC                      IN      AL,DX           ; GET STATUS REGISTER
F757  A8 04                   TEST    AL,4            ; TEST LIGHT PEN SWITCH
F759  74 03                   JZ      V7B
F75B  E9 F803 R               JMP     V6              ; NOT SET, RETURN
                    ;----- NOW TEST FOR LIGHT PEN TRIGGER
F75E  A8 02         V7B:      TEST    AL,2            ; TEST LIGHT PEN TRIGGER
F760  75 03                   JNZ     V7A             ; RETURN WITHOUT RESETTING TRIGGER
F762  E9 F80D R               JMP     V7
                    ;----- TRIGGER HAS BEEN SET, READ THE VALUE IN
F765  B4 10         V7A:      MOV     AH,16           ; LIGHT PEN REGISTERS ON 6845
                    ;----- INPUT REGS POINTED TO BY AH, AND CONVERT TO ROW COLUMN IN DX
F767  8B 16 0063 R            MOV     DX,ADDR_6845    ; ADDRESS REGISTER FOR 6845
F76B  8A C4                   MOV     AL,AH           ; REGISTER TO READ
F76D  EE                      OUT     DX,AL           ; SET IT UP
F76E  42                      INC     DX              ; DATA REGISTER
F76F  EC                      IN      AL,DX           ; GET THE VALUE
F770  8A E8                   MOV     CH,AL           ; SAVE IN CX
F772  4A                      DEC     DX              ; ADDRESS REGISTER
F773  FE C4                   INC     AH
F775  8A C4                   MOV     AL,AH           ; SECOND DATA REGISTER
F777  EE                      OUT     DX,AL           ; POINT TO DATA REGISTER
F778  42                      INC     DX              ; POINT TO DATA REGISTER
F779  EC                      IN      AL,DX           ; GET SECOND DATA VALUE
F77A  8A E5                   MOV     AH,CH           ; AX HAS INPUT VALUE
                    ;----- AX HAS THE VALUE READ IN FROM THE 6845
F77C  8A 1E 0049 R            MOV     BL,CRT_MODE
F780  2A FF                   SUB     BH,BH           ; MODE VALUE TO BX
F782  2E: 8A 9F F746 R        MOV     BL,CS:V1[BX]    ; DETERMINE AMOUNT TO SUBTRACT
F787  2B C3                   SUB     AX,BX           ; TAKE IT AWAY
F789  3D 0FA0                 CMP     AX,4000         ; IN TOP OR BOTTOM BORDER?
F78C  72 02                   JB      V15             ; NO, OKAY
F78E  33 C0                   XOR     AX,AX           ; YES, SET TO ZERO
F790  8B 1E 004E R  V15:      MOV     BX,CRT_START
F794  D1 EB                   SHR     BX,1
F796  2B C3                   SUB     AX,BX           ; CONVERT TO CORRECT PAGE ORIGIN
F798  79 02                   JNS     V2              ; IF POSITIVE, DETERMINE MODE
F79A  2B C0                   SUB     AX,AX           ; <0 PLAYS AS 0
                    ;----- DETERMINE MODE OF OPERATION
F79C                V2:                               ; DETERMINE_MODE
F79C  B1 03                   MOV     CL,3            ; SET *8 SHIFT COUNT
F79E  80 3E 0049 R 04         CMP     CRT_MODE,4      ; DETERMINE IF GRAPHICS OR ALPHA
F7A3  72 4A                   JB      V4              ; ALPHA_PEN
                    ;----- GRAPHICS MODE
F7A5  B2 28                   MOV     DL,40           ; DIVISOR FOR GRAPHICS
F7A7  80 3E 0049 R 09         CMP     CRT_MODE,9      ; USING 32K REGEN?
F7AC  72 02                   JB      V20             ; NO, JUMP
F7AE  B2 50                   MOV     DL,80           ; YES, SET RIGHT DIVSOR
F7B0  F6 F2         V20:      DIV     DL              ; DETERMINE ROW(AL) AND COLUMN(AH)
                                                      ;   AL RANGE 0-99, AH RANGE 0-39
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                                      ;----- DETERMINE GRAPHIC ROW POSITION
F7B2  8A E8                    MOV     CH,AL        ; SAVE ROW VALUE IN CH
F7B4  02 ED                    ADD     CH,CH        ; *2 FOR EVEN/ODD FIELD
F7B6  80 3E 0049 R 09          CMP     CRT_MODE,9   ; USING 32K REGEN?
F7BB  72 06                    JB      V21          ; NO, JUMP
F7BD  D0 EC                    SHR     AH,1         ; ADJUST ROW & COLUMN
F7BF  D0 E0                    SHL     AL,1
F7C1  02 ED                    ADD     CH,CH        ; *4 FOR 4 SCAN LINES
F7C3  8A DC             V21:    MOV     BL,AH        ; COLUMN VALUE TO BX
F7C5  2A FF                    SUB     BH,BH        ; MULTIPLY BY 8 FOR MEDIUM RES
F7C7  80 3E 0049 R 06          CMP     CRT_MODE,6   ; DETERMINE MEDIUM OR HIGH RES
F7CC  72 15                    JB      V3           ; MODE 4 OR 5
F7CE  77 06                    JA      V23          ; MODE 8, 9, OR A
F7D0  B1 04             V22:    MOV     CL,4         ; SHIFT VALUE FOR HIGH RES
F7D2  D0 E4                    SAL     AH,1         ; COLUMN VALUE TIMES 2 FOR HIGH RES
F7D4  EB 0D                    JMP     SHORT V3
F7D6  80 3E 0049 R 09   V23:    CMP     CRT_MODE,9   ; CHECK MODE
F7DB  77 F3                    JA      V22          ; MODE A
F7DD  74 04                    JE      V3           ; MODE 9
F7DF  B1 02                    MOV     CL,2         ; MODE 8 SHIFT VALUE
F7E1  D0 EC                    SHR     AH,1
F7E3  D3 E3             V3:             SHL     BX,CL        ; NOT_HIGH_RES
F7E3                                                ; MULTIPLY *16 FOR HIGH RES
                                      ;----- DETERMINE ALPHA CHAR POSITION
F7E5  8A D4                    MOV     DL,AH        ; COLUMN VALUE FOR RETURN
F7E7  8A F0                    MOV     DH,AL        ; ROW VALUE
F7E9  D0 EE                    SHR     DH,1         ; DIVIDE BY 4
F7EB  D0 EE                    SHR     DH,1         ;  FOR VALUE IN 0-24 RANGE
F7ED  EB 12                    JMP     SHORT V5     ; LIGHT_PEN_RETURN_SET
                                      ;----- ALPHA MODE ON LIGHT PEN
F7EF                    V4:                          ; ALPHA_PEN
F7EF  F6 36 004A R             DIV     BYTE PTR CRT_COLS ; DETERMINE ROW,COLUMN VALUE
F7F3  8A F0                    MOV     DH,AL        ; ROWS TO DH
F7F5  8A D4                    MOV     DL,AH        ; COLS TO DL
F7F7  D2 E0                    SAL     AL,CL        ; MULTIPLY ROWS * 8
F7F9  8A E8                    MOV     CH,AL        ; GET RASTER VALUE TO RETURN REG
F7FB  8A DC                    MOV     BL,AH        ; COLUMN VALUE
F7FD  32 FF                    XOR     BH,BH        ;  TO BX
F7FF  D3 E3                    SAL     BX,CL
F801                    V5:                          ; LIGHT_PEN_RETURN_SET
F801  B4 01                    MOV     AH,1         ; INDICATE EVERYTHING SET
F803                    V6:                          ; LIGHT_PEN_RETURN
F803  52                       PUSH    DX           ; SAVE RETURN VALUE (IN CASE)
F804  8B 16 0063 R             MOV     DX,ADDR_6845 ; GET BASE ADDRESS
F808  83 C2 07                 ADD     DX,7         ; POINT TO RESET PARM
F80B  EE                       OUT     DX,AL        ; ADDRESS, NOT DATA, IS IMPORTANT
F80C  5A                       POP     DX           ; RECOVER VALUE
F80D                    V7:                          ; RETURN_NO_RESET
F80D  5F                       POP     DI
F80E  5E                       POP     SI
F80F  1F                       POP     DS           ; DISCARD SAVED BX,CX,DX
F810  1F                       POP     DS
F811  1F                       POP     DS
F812  1F                       POP     DS
F813  07                       POP     ES
F814  CF                       IRET
F815                    READ_LPEN       ENDP
                        ;------------------------------------------------------------
                        ; TEMPORARY INTERRUPT SERVICE ROUTINE                        :
                        ;     1. THIS ROUTINE IS ALSO LEFT IN PLACE AFTER THE         :
                        ;        POWER ON DIAGNOSTICS TO SERVICE UNUSED               :
                        ;        INTERRUPT VECTORS. LOCATION 'INTR_FLAG' WILL         :
                        ;        CONTAIN EITHER: 1. LEVEL OF HARDWARE INT. THAT       :
                        ;        CAUSED CODE TO BE EXEC.                              :
                        ;     2. 'FF' FOR NON-HARDWARE INTERRUPTS THAT WERE           :
                        ;        EXECUTED ACCIDENTLY.                                 :
                        ;------------------------------------------------------------
F815                    D11     PROC    NEAR
                                ASSUME  DS:DATA
F815  1E                       PUSH    DS
F816  50                       PUSH    AX           ; SAVE REG AX CONTENTS
F817  E8 13BB R                CALL    DDS
F81A  B0 0B                    MOV     AL,0BH       ; READ IN-SERVICE REG
F81C  E6 20                    OUT     INTA00,AL    ; (FIND OUT WHAT LEVEL BEING
F81E  90                       NOP                  ; SERVICED)
F81F  E4 20                    IN      AL,INTA00    ; GET LEVEL
F821  8A E0                    MOV     AH,AL        ; SAVE IT
F823  0A C4                    OR      AL,AH        ; 00? (NO HARDWARE ISR ACTIVE)
F825  75 04                    JNZ     HW_INT
F827  B4 FF                    MOV     AH,0FFH
F829  EB 0A                    JMP     SHORT SET_INTR_FLAG ; SET FLAG TO FF IF NON-HDWARE
F82B  E4 21             HW_INT: IN      AL,INTA01    ; GET MASK VALUE
F82D  0A C4                    OR      AL,AH        ; MASK OFF LVL BEING SERVICED
F82F  E6 21                    OUT     INTA01,AL
F831  B0 20                    MOV     AL,EOI
F833  E6 20                    OUT     INTA00,AL
F835                    SET_INTR_FLAG:
F835  88 26 0084 R             MOV     INTR_FLAG,AH ; SET FLAG
F839  58                       POP     AX           ; RESTORE REG AX CONTENTS
F83A  1F                       POP     DS
F83B  FB                       STI                  ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
F83C                    DUMMY_RETURN:                ; NEED IRET FOR VECTOR TABLE
F83C  CF                       IRET
F83D                    D11     ENDP
```

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                            ;--- INT 12 --------------------------------
                            ; MEMORY_SIZE_DETERMINE
                            ; INPUT
                            ;       NO REGISTERS
                            ;       THE MEMORY_SIZE VARIABLE IS SET DURING POWER ON DIAGNOSTICS
                            ; OUTPUT
                            ;       (AX) = NUMBER OF CONTIGUOUS 1K BLOCKS OF MEMORY
                            ;--------------------------------------------
                            ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
F841                        ORG     0F841H
F841            MEMORY_SIZE_DETERMINE  PROC   FAR
F841  FB                    STI                      ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
F842  1E                    PUSH    DS               ; SAVE SEGMENT
F843  B8  ---- R            MOV     AX,DATA          ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
F846  8E D8                 MOV     DS,AX
F848  A1 0013 R             MOV     AX,MEMORY_SIZE   ; GET VALUE
F84B  1F                    POP     DS               ; RECOVER SEGMENT
F84C  CF                    IRET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
F84D            MEMORY_SIZE_DETERMINE  ENDP
                            ;--- INT 11 --------------------------------
                            ; EQUIPMENT DETERMINATION
                            ;       THIS ROUTINE ATTEMPTS TO DETERMINE WHAT OPTIONAL
                            ;       DEVICES ARE ATTACHED TO THE SYSTEM.
                            ; INPUT
                            ;       NO REGISTERS
                            ;       THE EQUIP_FLAG VARIABLE IS SET DURING THE POWER ON
                            ;       DIAGNOSTICS USING THE FOLLOWING HARDWARE ASSUMPTIONS:
                            ;       PORT 62 (0->3) = LOW ORDER BYTE OF EQUIPMENT
                            ;       PORT 3FA = INTERRUPT ID REGISTER OF 8250
                            ;               BITS 7-3 ARE ALWAYS 0
                            ;       PORT 378 = OUTPUT PORT OF PRINTER -- 8255 PORT THAT
                            ;               CAN BE READ AS WELL AS WRITTEN
                            ; OUTPUT
                            ;       (AX) IS SET, BIT SIGNIFICANT, TO INDICATE ATTACHED I/O
                            ;       BIT 15,14 = NUMBER OF PRINTERS ATTACHED
                            ;       BIT 13 = 1 = SERIAL PRINTER ATTACHED
                            ;       BIT 12 = GAME I/O ATTACHED
                            ;       BIT 11,10,9 = NUMBER OF RS232 CARDS ATTACHED
                            ;       BIT 8  0 = DMA CHIP PRESENT ON SYSTEM, 1 = NO DMA ON SYSTEM
                            ;       BIT 7,6 = NUMBER OF DISKETTE DRIVES
                            ;               00=1, 01=2, 10=3, 11=4 ONLY IF BIT 0 = 1
                            ;       BIT 5,4 = INITIAL VIDEO MODE
                            ;               00 - UNUSED
                            ;               01 - 40X25 BW USING COLOR CARD
                            ;               10 - 80X25 BW USING COLOR CARD
                            ;               11 - 80X25 BW USING BW CARD
                            ;       BIT 3,2 = PLANAR RAM SIZE (10=48K,11=64K)
                            ;       BIT 1 NOT USED
                            ;       BIT 0 = 1 (IPL DISKETTE INSTALLED)
                            ;       NO OTHER REGISTERS AFFECTED
                            ;--------------------------------------------
                            ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:DATA
F84D                        ORG     0F84DH
F84D            EQUIPMENT        PROC    FAR
F84D  FB                    STI                      ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
F84E  1E                    PUSH    DS               ; SAVE SEGMENT REGISTER
F84F  B8  ---- R            MOV     AX,DATA          ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
F852  8E D8                 MOV     DS,AX
F854  A1 0010 R             MOV     AX,EQUIP_FLAG    ; GET THE CURRENT SETTINGS
F857  1F                    POP     DS               ; RECOVER SEGMENT
F858  CF                    IRET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
F859            EQUIPMENT        ENDP
                            ;--- INT 15 --------------------------------------------
                            ; CASSETTE I/O
                            ;       (AH) = 0  TURN CASSETTE MOTOR ON
                            ;       (AH) = 1  TURN CASSETTE MOTOR OFF
                            ;       (AH) = 2  READ 1 OR MORE 256 BYTE BLOCKS FROM CASSETTE
                            ;               (ES,BX) = POINTER TO DATA BUFFER
                            ;               (CX) = COUNT OF BYTES TO READ
                            ; ON EXIT
                            ;       (ES,BX) = POINTER TO LAST BYTE READ + 1
                            ;       (DX) = COUNT OF BYTES ACTUALLY READ
                            ;       (CY) = 0 IF NO ERROR OCCURRED
                            ;            = 1 IF ERROR OCCURRED
                            ;       (AH) = ERROR RETURN IF (CY)= 1
                            ;            = 01 IF CRC ERROR WAS DETECTED
                            ;            = 02 IF DATA TRANSITIONS ARE LOST
                            ;            = 04 IF NO DATA WAS FOUND
                            ;       (AH) = 3 WRITE 1 OR MORE 256 BYTE BLOCKS TO CASSETTE
                            ;               (ES,BX) = POINTER TO DATA BUFFER
                            ;               (CX) = COUNT OF BYTES TO WRITE
                            ; ON EXIT
                            ;       (EX,BX) = POINTER TO LAST BYTE WRITTEN + 1
                            ;       (CX) = 0
                            ;       (AH) = ANY OTHER THAN ABOVE VALUES CAUSES (CY)= 1
                            ;            AND (AH)= 80 TO BE RETURNED (INVALID COMMAND).
                            ;--------------------------------------------------------
                            ASSUME  DS:DATA, ES:NOTHING,SS:NOTHING,CS:CODE
F859                        ORG     0F859H
F859            CASSETTE_IO      PROC    FAR
F859  FB                    STI                      ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
F85A  1E                    PUSH    DS               ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING TO DATA
F85B  E8 138B R             CALL    DDS
F85E  80 26 0071 R 7F       AND     BIOS_BREAK, 7FH  ; MAKE SURE BREAK FLAG IS OFF
F863  E8 F86A R             CALL    W1               ; CASSETTE_IO_CONT
F866  1F                    POP     DS
F867  CA 0002               RET     2                ; INTERRUPT RETURN
F86A            CASSETTE_IO      ENDP
F86A            W1          PROC    NEAR
```

```
                    ;-------------------------------------------------------
                    ; PURPOSE:
                    ;   TO CALL APPROPRIATE ROUTINE DEPENDING ON REG AH
                    ;   AH          ROUTINE
                    ;-------------------------------------------------------
                    ;   0           MOTOR ON
                    ;   1           MOTOR OFF
                    ;   2           READ CASSETTE BLOCK
                    ;   3           WRITE CASSETTE BLOCK
                    ;-------------------------------------------------------
F86A  0A E4                 OR      AH,AH           ; TURN ON MOTOR?
F86C  74 13                 JZ      MOTOR_ON        ; YES, DO IT
F86E  FE CC                 DEC     AH              ; TURN OFF MOTOR?
F870  74 18                 JZ      MOTOR_OFF       ; YES, DO IT
F872  FE CC                 DEC     AH              ; READ CASSETTE BLOCK?
F874  74 1A                 JZ      READ_BLOCK      ; YES, DO IT
F876  FE CC                 DEC     AH              ; WRITE CASSETTE BLOCK?
F878  75 03                 JNZ     W2              ;   NOT_DEFINED
F87A  E9 F997 R             JMP     WRITE_BLOCK     ; YES, DO IT
F87D                W2:                             ; COMMAND NOT DEFINED
F87D  B4 80                 MOV     AH,080H         ; ERROR, UNDEFINED OPERATION
F87F  F9                    STC                     ; ERROR FLAG
F880  C3                    RET
F881                W1      ENDP
F881                MOTOR_ON        PROC    NEAR
                    ;---------------------------------------
                    ; PURPOSE:
                    ;       TO TURN ON CASSETTE MOTOR
                    ;---------------------------------------
F881  E4 61                 IN      AL,PORT_B       ; READ CASSETTE OUTPUT
F883  24 F7                 AND     AL,NOT 08H      ; CLEAR BIT TO TURN ON MOTOR
F885  E6 61         W3:     OUT     PORT_B,AL       ; WRITE IT OUT
F887  2A E4                 SUB     AH,AH           ; CLEAR AH
F889  C3                    RET
F88A                MOTOR_ON        ENDP
F88A                MOTOR_OFF       PROC    NEAR
                    ;---------------------------------------
                    ; PURPOSE:                              :
                    ;       TO TURN CASSETTE MOTOR OFF      :
                    ;---------------------------------------
F88A  E4 61                 IN      AL,PORT_B       ; READ CASSETTE OUTPUT
F88C  0C 08                 OR      AL,08H          ; SET BIT TO TURN OFF
F88E  EB F5                 JMP     W3              ; WRITE IT, CLEAR ERROR, RETURN
F890                MOTOR_OFF       ENDP
F890                READ_BLOCK      PROC    NEAR
                    ;-------------------------------------------------------------
                    ; PURPOSE:
                    ;       TO READ 1 OR MORE 256 BYTE BLOCKS FROM CASSETTE
                    ;
                    ; ON ENTRY:
                    ;       ES IS SEGMENT FOR MEMORY BUFFER (FOR COMPACT CODE)
                    ;       BX POINTS TO START OF MEMORY BUFFER
                    ;       CX CONTAINS NUMBER OF BYTES TO READ
                    ; ON EXIT:
                    ;       BX POINTS 1 BYTE PAST LAST BYTE PUT IN MEM
                    ;       CX CONTAINS DECREMENTED BYTE COUNT
                    ;       DX CONTAINS NUMBER OF BYTES ACTUALLY READ
                    ;
                    ;       CARRY FLAG IS CLEAR IF NO ERROR DETECTED
                    ;       CARRY FLAG IS SET IF CRC ERROR DETECTED
                    ;-------------------------------------------------------------
F890  53                    PUSH    BX              ; SAVE BX
F891  51                    PUSH    CX              ; SAVE CX
F892  56                    PUSH    SI              ; SAVE SI
F893  BE 0007               MOV     SI, 7           ; SET UP RETRY COUNT FOR LEADER
F896  E8 FA50 R             CALL    BEGIN_OP        ; BEGIN BY STARTING MOTOR
F899                W4:                             ; SEARCH FOR LEADER
F899  E4 62                 IN      AL,PORT_C       ; GET INITIAL VALUE
F89B  24 10                 AND     AL,010H         ; MASK OFF EXTRANEOUS BITS
F89D  A2 006B R             MOV     LAST_VAL,AL     ; SAVE IN LOC LAST_VAL
F8A0  BA 3F7A               MOV     DX,16250        ; # OF TRANSITIONS TO LOOK FOR
F8A3                W5:                             ; WAIT_FOR_EDGE
F8A3  F6 06 0071 R 80       TEST    BIOS_BREAK, 80H ; CHECK FOR BREAK KEY
F8A8  75 03                 JNZ     W6A             ; JUMP IF NO BREAK KEY
                                                    ; JUMP IF BREAK KEY HIT
F8AA  4A                    DEC     DX
F8AB  75 03                 JNZ     W7              ; JUMP IF BEGINNING OF LEADER
F8AD  E9 F92F R     W6A:    JMP     W17             ; JUMP IF NO LEADER FOUND
F8B0  E8 F96F R     W7:     CALL    READ_HALF_BIT   ; IGNORE FIRST EDGE
F8B3  E3 EE                 JCXZ    W5              ; JUMP IF NO EDGE DETECTED
F8B5  BA 0378               MOV     DX,0378H        ; CHECK FOR HALF BITS
F8B8  B9 0200               MOV     CX,200H         ; MUST HAVE AT LEAST THIS MANY ONE
                                                    ; SIZE PULSES BEFORE CHCKNG FOR
                                                    ; SYNC BIT (0)
F8BB  FA                    CLI                     ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
F8BC                W8:                             ; SEARCH-LDR
F8BC  F6 06 0071 R 80       TEST    BIOS_BREAK, 80H ; CHECK FOR BREAK KEY
F8C1  75 6C                 JNZ     W17             ; JUMP IF BREAK KEY HIT
F8C3  51                    PUSH    CX              ; SAVE REG CX
F8C4  E8 F96F R             CALL    READ_HALF_BIT   ; GET PULSE WIDTH
F8C7  0B C9                 OR      CX, CX          ; CHECK FOR TRANSITION
F8C9  59                    POP     CX              ; RESTORE ONE BIT COUNTER
F8CA  74 CD                 JZ      W4              ; JUMP IF NO TRANSITION
F8CC  3B D3                 CMP     DX,BX           ; CHECK PULSE WIDTH
F8CE  E3 04                 JCXZ    W9              ; IF CX=0 THEN WE CAN LOOK
                                                    ; FOR SYNC BIT (0)
F8D0  73 C7                 JNC     W4              ; JUMP IF ZERO BIT (NOT GOOD
                                                    ; LEADER)
F8D2  E2 E8                 LOOP    W8              ; DEC CX AND READ ANOTHER HALF ONE
                                                    ; BIT
F8D4                W9:                             ; FIND-SYNC
F8D4  72 E6                 JC      W8              ; JUMP IF ONE BIT (STILL LEADER)
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                                        ;----- A SYNCH BIT HAS BEEN FOUND.  READ SYN CHARACTER:
F8D6  E8 F96F R                              CALL    READ_HALF_BIT  ; SKIP OTHER HALF OF SYNC BIT (0)
F8D9  E8 F941 R                              CALL    READ_BYTE      ; READ SYNC BYTE
F8DC  3C 16                                  CMP     AL, 16H        ; SYNCHRONIZATION CHARACTER
F8DE  75 49                                  JNE     W16            ; JUMP IF BAD LEADER FOUND.
                                        ;----- GOOD CRC SO READ DATA BLOCK(S)
F8E0  5E                                     POP     SI             ; RESTORE REGS
F8E1  59                                     POP     CX
F8E2  5B                                     POP     BX
                                        ;-----------------------------------------------------------------
                                        ; READ 1 OR MORE 256 BYTE BLOCKS FROM CASSETTE
                                        ; ON ENTRY:
                                        ;         ES IS SEGMENT FOR MEMORY BUFFER (FOR COMPACT CODE)
                                        ;         BX POINTS TO START OF MEMORY BUFFER
                                        ;         CX CONTAINS NUMBER OF BYTES TO READ
                                        ; ON EXIT:
                                        ;         BX POINTS 1 BYTE PAST LAST BYTE PUT IN MEM
                                        ;         CX CONTAINS DECREMENTED BYTE COUNT
                                        ;         DX CONTAINS NUMBER OF BYTES ACTUALLY READ
                                        ;-----------------------------------------------------------------
F8E3  51                                     PUSH    CX             ; SAVE BYTE COUNT
F8E4                              W10:                              ; COME HERE BEFORE EACH
                                                                    ; 256 BYTE BLOCK IS READ
F8E4  C7 06 0069 R FFFF                      MOV     CRC_REG,0FFFFH ; INIT CRC REG
F8EA  BA 0100                                MOV     DX,256         ; SET DX TO DATA BLOCK SIZE
F8ED                              W11:                              ; RD_BLK
F8ED  F6 06 0071 R 80                        TEST    BIOS_BREAK, 80H ; CHECK FOR BREAK KEY
F8F2  75 23                                  JNZ     W13            ; JUMP IF BREAK KEY HIT
F8F4  E8 F941 R                              CALL    READ_BYTE      ; READ BYTE FROM CASSETTE
F8F7  72 1E                                  JC      W13            ; CY SET INDICATES NO DATA
                                                                    ; TRANSITIONS
F8F9  E3 05                                  JCXZ    W12            ; IF WE'VE ALREADY REACHED
                                                                    ; END OF MEMORY BUFFER
                                                                    ; SKIP REST OF BLOCK
F8FB  26: 88 07                              MOV     ES:[BX],AL     ; STORE DATA BYTE AT BYTE PTR
F8FE  43                                     INC     BX             ; INC BUFFER PTR
F8FF  49                                     DEC     CX             ; DEC BYTE COUNTER
F900                              W12:                              ; LOOP UNTIL DATA BLOCK HAS BEEN READ FROM CASSETTE
F900: 4A                                     DEC     DX             ; DEC BLOCK CNT
F901  7F EA                                  JG      W11            ; RD_BLK
F903  E8 F941 R                              CALL    READ_BYTE      ; NOW READ TWO CRC BYTES
F906  E8 F941 R                              CALL    READ_BYTE
F909  2A E4                                  SUB     AH,AH          ; CLEAR AH
F90B  81 3E 0069 R 1D0F                      CMP     CRC_REG,1D0FH  ; IS THE CRC CORRECT?
F911  75 06                                  JNE     W14            ; IF NOT EQUAL CRC IS BAD
F913  E3 06                                  JCXZ    W15            ; IF BYTE COUNT IS ZERO
                                                                    ; THEN WE HAVE READ ENOUGH
                                                                    ; SO WE WILL EXIT
F915  EB CD                                  JMP     W10            ; STILL MORE, SO READ ANOTHER BLOCK
F917                              W13:                              ; MISSING-DATA
                                                                    ; NO DATA TRANSITIONS SO
F917  B4 01                                  MOV     AH,01H         ; SET AH=02 TO INDICATE
                                                                    ; DATA TIMEOUT
F919                              W14:                              ; BAD-CRC
F919  FE C4                                  INC     AH             ; EXIT EARLY ON ERROR
                                                                    ; SET AH=01 TO INDICATE CRC ERROR
F91B                              W15:                              ; RD-BLK-EX
F91B  5A                                     POP     DX             ; CALCULATE COUNT OF
F91C  2B D1                                  SUB     DX,CX          ; DATA BYTES ACTUALLY READ
                                                                    ; RETURN COUNT IN REG DX
F91E  50                                     PUSH    AX             ; SAVE AX (RET CODE)
F91F  F6 C4 90                               TEST    AH, 90H        ; CHECK FOR ERRORS
F922  75 13                                  JNZ     W18            ; JUMP IF ERROR DETECTED
F924  E8 F941 R                              CALL    READ_BYTE      ; READ TRAILER
F927  EB 0E                                  JMP     SHORT W18      ; SKIP TO TURN OFF MOTOR
F929                              W16:                              ; BAD-LEADER
F929  4E                                     DEC     SI             ; CHECK RETRIES
F92A  74 03                                  JZ      W17            ; JUMP IF TOO MANY RETRIES
F92C  E9 F899 R                              JMP     W4             ; JUMP IF NOT TOO MANY RETRIES
F92F                              W17:                              ; NO VALID DATA FOUND
                                        ;----- NO DATA FROM CASSETTE ERROR, I.E. TIMEOUT
F92F  5E                                     POP     SI             ; RESTORE REGS
F930  59                                     POP     CX             ; RESTORE REGS
F931  5B                                     POP     BX
F932  2B D2                                  SUB     DX,DX          ; ZERO NUMBER OF BYTES READ
F934  B4 04                                  MOV     AH,04H         ; TIME OUT ERROR (NO LEADER)
F936  50                                     PUSH    AX
F937                              W18:                              ; MOT-OFF
F937  FB                                     STI                    ; REENABLE INTERRUPTS
F938  E8 F88A R                              CALL    MOTOR_OFF      ; TURN OFF MOTOR
F93B  58                                     POP     AX             ; RESTORE RETURN CODE
F93C  80 FC 01                               CMP     AH,01H         ; SET CARRY IF ERROR (AH>0)
F93F  F5                                     CMC
F940  C3                                     RET                    ; FINISHED
F941                              READ_BLOCK  ENDP
```

ROM BIOS   A-99

```
                         ;-----------------------------------------
                         ; PURPOSE:
                         ;        TO READ A BYTE FROM CASSETTE
                         ; ON EXIT
                         ;        REG AL CONTAINS READ DATA BYTE
                         ;-----------------------------------------
F941                     READ_BYTE    PROC    NEAR
F941  53                         PUSH    BX              ; SAVE REGS BX,CX
F942  51                         PUSH    CX
F943  B1 08                      MOV     CL,8H           ; SET BIT COUNTER FOR 8 BITS
F945                     W19:                            ; BYTE-ASM
F945  51                         PUSH    CX              ; SAVE CX
                         ;---------------------------------
                         ; READ DATA BIT FROM CASSETTE
                         ;---------------------------------
F946  E8 F96F R                  CALL    READ_HALF_BIT   ; READ ONE PULSE
F949  E3 20                      JCXZ    W21             ; IF CX=0 THEN TIMEOUT
                                                         ; BECAUSE OF NO DATA TRANSITIONS
F94B  53                         PUSH    BX              ; SAVE 1ST HALF BIT'S
                                                         ; PULSE WIDTH (IN BX)
F94C  E8 F96F R                  CALL    READ_HALF_BIT   ; READ COMPLEMENTARY PULSE
F94F  58                         POP     AX              ; COMPUTE DATA BIT
F950  E3 19                      JCXZ    W21             ; IF CX=0 THEN TIMEOUT DUE TO
                                                         ; NO DATA TRANSITIONS
F952  03 D8                      ADD     BX,AX           ; PERIOD
F954  81 FB 06F0                 CMP     BX, 06F0H       ; CHECK FOR ZERO BIT
F958  F5                         CMC                     ; CARRY IS SET IF ONE BIT
F959  9F                         LAHF                    ; SAVE CARRY IN AH
F95A  59                         POP     CX              ; RESTORE CX
                                                         ; NOTE:
                                                         ; MS BIT OF BYTE IS READ FIRST.
                                                         ; REG CH IS SHIFTED LEFT WITH
                                                         ; CARRY BEING INSERTED INTO LS
                                                         ; BIT OF CH.
                                                         ; AFTER ALL 8 BITS HAVE BEEN
                                                         ; READ, THE MS BIT OF THE DATA
                                                         ; BYTE WILL BE IN THE MS BIT OF
                                                         ; REG CH
F95B  D0 D5                      RCL     CH,1            ; ROTATE REG CH LEFT WITH CARRY TO
                                                         ; LS BIT OF REG CH
F95D  9E                         SAHF                    ; RESTORE CARRY FOR CRC ROUTINE
F95E  E8 FA3C R                  CALL    CRC_GEN         ; GENERATE CRC FOR BIT
F961  FE C9                      DEC     CL              ; LOOP TILL ALL 8 BITS OF DATA
                                                         ; ASSEMBLED IN REG CH
F963  75 E0                      JNZ     W19             ; BYTE_ASM
F965  8A C5                      MOV     AL,CH           ; RETURN DATA BYTE IN REG AL
F967  F8                         CLC
F968                     W20:                            ; RD-BYT-EX
F968  59                         POP     CX              ; RESTORE REGS CX,BX
F969  5B                         POP     BX
F96A  C3                         RET                     ; FINISHED
F96B                     W21:                            ; NO-DATA
F96B  59                         POP     CX              ; RESTORE CX
F96C  F9                         STC                     ; INDICATE ERROR
F96D  EB F9                      JMP     W20             ; RD_BYT_EX
F96F                     READ_BYTE    ENDP
                         ;-----------------------------------------
                         ; PURPOSE:
                         ;        TO COMPUTE TIME TILL NEXT DATA
                         ;              TRANSITION (EDGE)
                         ; ON ENTRY:
                         ;        EDGE_CNT CONTAINS LAST EDGE COUNT
                         ; ON EXIT:
                         ;        AX CONTAINS OLD LAST EDGE COUNT
                         ;        BX CONTAINS PULSE WIDTH (HALF BIT)
                         ;-----------------------------------------
F96F                     READ_HALF_BIT  PROC  NEAR
F96F  B9 0064                    MOV     CX, 100         ; SET TIME TO WAIT FOR BIT
F972  8A 26 006B R               MOV     AH,LAST_VAL     ; GET PRESENT INPUT VALUE
F976                     W22:                            ; RD-H-BIT
F976  E4 62                      IN      AL,PORT_C       ; INPUT DATA BIT
F978  24 10                      AND     AL,010H         ; MASK OFF EXTRANEOUS BITS
F97A  3A C4                      CMP     AL,AH           ; SAME AS BEFORE?
F97C  E1 F8                      LOOPE   W22             ; LOOP TILL IT CHANGES
F97E  A2 006B R                  MOV     LAST_VAL,AL     ; UPDATE LAST_VAL WITH NEW VALUE
F981  B0 40                      MOV     AL,40H          ; READ TIMER'S COUNTER COMMAND
F983  E6 43                      OUT     TIM_CTL,AL      ; LATCH COUNTER
F985  8B 1E 0067 R               MOV     BX,EDGE_CNT     ; BX GETS LAST EDGE COUNT
F989  E4 41                      IN      AL,TIMER+1      ; GET LS BYTE
F98B  8A E0                      MOV     AH,AL           ; SAVE IN AH
F98D  E4 41                      IN      AL,TIMER+1      ; GET MS BYTE
F98F  86 C4                      XCHG    AL,AH           ; XCHG AL,AH
F991  2B D8                      SUB     BX,AX           ; SET BX EQUAL TO HALF BIT PERIOD
F993  A3 0067 R                  MOV     EDGE_CNT,AX     ; UPDATE EDGE COUNT;
F996  C3                         RET
F997                     READ_HALF_BIT  ENDP
```

A-100   ROM BIOS

```
                                ;-----------------------------------------------------------
                                ; PURPOSE
                                ;          WRITE 1 OR MORE 256 BYTE BLOCKS TO CASSETTE.
                                ;          THE DATA IS PADDED TO FILL OUT THE LAST 256 BYTE BLOCK.
                                ; ON ENTRY:
                                ;          BX POINTS TO MEMORY BUFFER ADDRESS
                                ;          CX CONTAINS NUMBER OF BYTES TO WRITE
                                ; ON EXIT:
                                ;          BX POINTS 1 BYTE PAST LAST BYTE WRITTEN TO CASSETTE
                                ;          CX IS ZERO
                                ;-----------------------------------------------------------
F997                            WRITE_BLOCK    PROC      NEAR
F997  53                                       PUSH      BX
F998  51                                       PUSH      CX
F999  E4 61                                    IN        AL,PORT_B         ; DISABLE SPEAKER
F99B  24 FD                                    AND       AL,NOT 02H
F99D  0C 01                                    OR        AL, 01H           ; ENABLE TIMER
F99F  E6 61                                    OUT       PORT_B,AL
F9A1  B0 B6                                    MOV       AL,0B6H           ; SET UP TIMER - MODE 3 SQUARE WAVE
F9A3  E6 43                                    OUT       TIM_CTL,AL
F9A5  E8 FA50 R                                CALL      BEGIN_OP          ; START MOTOR AND DELAY
F9A8  B8 04A0                                  MOV       AX,1184           ; SET NORMAL BIT SIZE
F9AB  E8 FA35 R                                CALL      W31               ; SET_TIMER
F9AE  B9 0800                                  MOV       CX,0800H          ; SET CX FOR LEADER BYTE COUNT
F9B1                           W23:                                       ; WRITE LEADER
F9B1  F9                                       STC                         ; WRITE ONE BITS
F9B2  E8 FA1F R                                CALL      WRITE_BIT
F9B5  E2 FA                                    LOOP      W23               ; LOOP 'TIL LEADER IS WRITTEN
F9B7  FA                                       CLI                         ; DISABLE INTS.
F9B8  F8                                       CLC                         ; WRITE SYNC BIT (0)
F9B9  E8 FA1F R                                CALL      WRITE_BIT
F9BC  59                                       POP       CX                ; RESTORE REGS CX,BX
F9BD  5B                                       POP       BX
F9BE  B0 16                                    MOV       AL, 16H           ; WRITE SYNC CHARACTER
F9C0  E8 FA08 R                                CALL      WRITE_BYTE
                                ;-----------------------------------------------------------
                                ; PURPOSE
                                ;          WRITE 1 OR MORE 256 BYTE BLOCKS TO CASSETTE
                                ; ON ENTRY:
                                ;          BX POINTS TO MEMORY BUFFER ADDRESS
                                ;          CONTAINS NUMBER OF BYTES TO WRITE
                                ; ON EXIT:
                                ;          BX POINTS 1 BYTE PAST LAST BYTE WRITTEN TO CASSETTE
                                ;          CX IS ZERO
                                ;-----------------------------------------------------------
F9C3                            WR_BLOCK:
F9C3  C7 06 0069 R FFFF                        MOV       CRC_REG,0FFFFH    ; INIT CRC
F9C9  BA 0100                                  MOV       DX,256            ; FOR 256 BYTES
F9CC                           W24:                                       ; WR-BLK
F9CC  26: 8A 07                                MOV       AL,ES:[BX]        ; READ BYTE FROM MEM
F9CF  E8 FA08 R                                CALL      WRITE_BYTE        ; WRITE IT TO CASSETTE
F9D2  E3 02                                    JCXZ      W25               ; UNLESS CX=0, ADVANCE PTRS & DEC
                                                                           ;   COUNT
F9D4  43                                       INC       BX                ; INC BUFFER POINTER
F9D5  49                                       DEC       CX                ; DEC BYTE COUNTER
F9D6                           W25:                                       ; SKIP-ADV
F9D6  4A                                       DEC       DX                ; DEC BLOCK CNT
F9D7  7F F3                                    JG        W24               ; LOOP TILL 256 BYTE BLOCK
                                                                           ;   IS WRITTEN TO TAPE
                                ;-----------------------------------------------------------
                                ; WRITE CRC
                                ;          WRITE 1'S COMPLEMENT OF CRC REG TO CASSETTE
                                ;          WHICH IS CHECKED FOR CORRECTNESS WHEN THE BLOCK IS READ
                                ; REG AX IS MODIFIED
                                ;-----------------------------------------------------------
F9D9  A1 0069 R                                MOV       AX,CRC_REG        ; WRITE THE ONE'S COMPLEMENT OF THE
                                                                           ;   TWO BYTE CRC TO TAPE
F9DC  F7 D0                                    NOT       AX                ; FOR 1'S COMPLEMENT
F9DE  50                                       PUSH      AX                ; SAVE IT
F9DF  86 E0                                    XCHG      AH,AL             ; WRITE MS BYTE FIRST
F9E1  E8 FA08 R                                CALL      WRITE_BYTE        ; WRITE IT
F9E4  58                                       POP       AX                ; GET IT BACK
F9E5  E8 FA08 R                                CALL      WRITE_BYTE        ; NOW WRITE LS BYTE
F9E8  0B C9                                    OR        CX,CX             ; IS BYTE COUNT EXHAUSTED?
F9EA  75 D7                                    JNZ       WR_BLOCK          ; JUMP IF NOT DONE YET
F9EC  51                                       PUSH      CX                ; SAVE REG CX
F9ED  FB                                       STI                         ; RE-ENABLE INTERUPTS
F9EE  B9 0020                                  MOV       CX, 32            ; WRITE OUT TRAILER BITS
F9F1                           W26:                                       ; TRAIL-LOOP
F9F1  F9                                       STC
F9F2  E8 FA1F R                                CALL      WRITE_BIT
F9F5  E2 FA                                    LOOP      W26               ; WRITE UNTIL TRAILER WRITTEN
F9F7  59                                       POP       CX                ; RESTORE REG CX
F9F8  B0 B0                                    MOV       AL, 0B0H          ; TURN TIMER2 OFF
F9FA  E6 43                                    OUT       TIM_CTL, AL
F9FC  B8 0001                                  MOV       AX, 1
F9FF  E8 FA35 R                                CALL      W31               ; SET_TIMER
FA02  E8 F88A R                                CALL      MOTOR_OFF         ; TURN MOTOR OFF
FA05  2B C0                                    SUB       AX,AX             ; NO ERRORS REPORTED ON WRITE OP
FA07  C3                                       RET                         ; FINISHED
FA08                            WRITE_BLOCK    ENDP
```

```
                              ;--------------------------------
                              ; WRITE A BYTE TO CASSETTE.
                              ; BYTE TO WRITE IS IN REG AL.
                              ;--------------------------------
FA08                          WRITE_BYTE    PROC    NEAR
FA08  51                              PUSH    CX              ; SAVE REGS CX,AX
FA09  50                              PUSH    AX
FA0A  8A E8                           MOV     CH,AL           ; AL=BYTE TO WRITE.
                                                              ;   (MS BIT WRITTEN FIRST)
FA0C  B1 08                           MOV     CL,8            ; FOR 8 DATA BITS IN BYTE.
                                                              ;   NOTE: TWO EDGES PER BIT
FA0E                          W27:                            ; DISASSEMBLE THE DATA BIT
FA0E  D0 D5                           RCL     CH,1            ; ROTATE MS BIT INTO CARRY
FA10  9C                              PUSHF                   ; SAVE FLAGS.
                                                              ;   NOTE: DATA BIT IS IN CARRY
FA11  E8 FA1F R                       CALL    WRITE_BIT       ; WRITE DATA BIT
FA14  9D                              POPF                    ; RESTORE CARRY FOR CRC CALC
FA15  E8 FA3C R                       CALL    CRC_GEN         ; COMPUTE CRC ON DATA BIT
FA18  FE C9                           DEC     CL              ; LOOP TILL ALL 8 BITS DONE
FA1A  75 F2                           JNZ     W27             ; JUMP IF NOT DONE YET
FA1C  58                              POP     AX              ; RESTORE REGS AX,CX
FA1D  59                              POP     CX
FA1E  C3                              RET                     ; WE ARE FINISHED
FA1F                          WRITE_BYTE    ENDP
                              ;----------------------------------------
FA1F                          WRITE_BIT     PROC    NEAR
                              ; PURPOSE:
                              ;
                              ;   TO WRITE A DATA BIT TO CASSETTE
                              ;   CARRY FLAG CONTAINS DATA BIT
                              ;   I.E. IF SET   DATA BIT IS A ONE
                              ;        IF CLEAR DATA BIT IS A ZERO
                              ;
                              ;   NOTE: TWO EDGES ARE WRITTEN PER BIT
                              ;         ONE BIT  HAS 500 USEC BETWEEN EDGES
                              ;             FOR A 1000 USEC PERIOD (1 MILLISEC)
                              ;
                              ;         ZERO BIT HAS 250 USEC BETWEEN EDGES
                              ;             FOR A  500 USEC PERIOD (.5 MILLISEC)
                              ; CARRY FLAG IS DATA BIT
                              ;----------------------------------------
                                                              ;ASSUME IT'S A '1'
FA1F  B8 04A0                         MOV     AX,1184         ; SET AX TO NOMINAL ONE SIZE
FA22  72 03                           JC      W28             ; JUMP IF ONE BIT
FA24  B8 0250                         MOV     AX,592          ; NO, SET TO NOMINAL ZERO SIZE
FA27                          W28:                            ; WRITE-BIT-AX
FA27  50                              PUSH    AX              ;WRITE BIT WITH PERIOD EQ TO VALUE
                                                              ; AX
FA28  E4 62                   W29:    IN      AL,PORT_C       ;INPUT TIMER_0 OUTPUT
FA2A  24 20                           AND     AL,020H
FA2C  74 FA                           JZ      W29             ;LOOP TILL HIGH
FA2E  E4 62                   W30:    IN      AL,PORT_C       ;NOW WAIT TILL TIMER'S OUTPUT IS
                                                              ; LOW
FA30  24 20                           AND     AL,020H
FA32  75 FA                           JNZ     W30
                                                              ;RELOAD TIMER WITH PERIOD
                                                              ;FOR NEXT DATA BIT
FA34  58                              POP     AX              ;RESTORE PERIOD COUNT
FA35                          W31:                            ; SET TIMER
FA35  E6 42                           OUT     042H, AL        ; SET LOW BYTE OF TIMER 2
FA37  8A C4                           MOV     AL, AH
FA39  E6 42                           OUT     042H, AL        ; SET HIGH BYTE OF TIMER 2
FA3B  C3                              RET
FA3C                          WRITE_BIT     ENDP
                              ;----------------------------------------
FA3C                          CRC_GEN       PROC    NEAR
                              ;   UPDATE CRC REGISTER WITH NEXT DATA BIT
                              ;   CRC IS USED TO DETECT READ ERRORS
                              ;   ASSUMES DATA BIT IS IN CARRY
                              ;   REG AX IS MODIFIED
                              ;   FLAGS ARE MODIFIED
                              ;----------------------------------------
FA3C  A1 0069 R                       MOV     AX,CRC_REG
                                                              ;THE FOLLOWING INSTUCTIONS
                                                              ;WILL SET THE OVERFLOW FLAG
                                                              ;IF CARRY AND MS BIT OF CRC
                                                              ;ARE UNEQUAL
FA3F  D1 D8                           RCR     AX,1
FA41  D1 D0                           RCL     AX,1
FA43  F8                              CLC                     ;CLEAR CARRY
FA44  71 04                           JNO     W32             ;SKIP IF NO OVERFLOW
                                                              ;IF DATA BIT XORED WITH
                                                              ; CRC REG BIT 15 IS ONE
FA46  35 0810                         XOR     AX,0810H        ;THEN XOR CRC REG WITH
                                                              ; 0810H
FA49  F9                              STC                     ;SET CARRY
FA4A  D1 D0                   W32:    RCL     AX,1            ;ROTATE CARRY (DATA BIT)
                                                              ;INTO CRC REG
FA4C  A3 0069 R                       MOV     CRC_REG,AX      ;UPDATE CRC_REG
FA4F  C3                              RET                     ;FINISHED
FA50                          CRC_GEN       ENDP
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```
        ;------------------------------------------------------------
FA50                    BEGIN_OP    PROC    NEAR    ; START TAPE AND DELAY
FA50    E8 F881 R                   CALL    MOTOR_ON        ;TURN ON MOTOR
FA53    B3 42                       MOV     BL,42H          ;DELAY FOR TAPE DRIVE
                                                            ;TO GET UP TO SPEED  (1/2 SEC)
FA55    B9 0700         W33:        MOV     CX,700H         ;INNER LOOP= APPROX. 10 MILLISEC
FA58    E2 FE           W34:        LOOP    W34
FA5A    FE CB                       DEC     BL
FA5C    75 F7                       JNZ     W33
FA5E    C3                          RET
FA5F                    BEGIN_OP    ENDP
                        ;------ CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED SUBROUTINE
FA5F                    CRLF        PROC    NEAR
FA5F    33 D2                       XOR     DX,DX           ; PRINTER 0
FA61    32 E4                       XOR     AH,AH           ; WILL NOW SEND INITIAL LF,CR TO
                                                            ; PRINTER
FA63    B0 0D                       MOV     AL,0DH          ; CR
FA65    CD 17                       INT     17H             ; SEND THE LINE FEED
FA67    32 E4                       XOR     AH,AH           ; NOW FOR THE CR
FA69    B0 0A                       MOV     AL,0AH          ; LF
FA6B    CD 17                       INT     17H             ; SEND THE CARRIAGE RETURN
FA6D    C3                          RET
FA6E                    CRLF        ENDP
                        ;------------------------------------------------------------
                        ;       CHARACTER GENERATOR GRAPHICS FOR 320X200 AND 640X200
                        ;       GRAPHICS FOR CHARACTERS 00H THRU 7FH
                        ;------------------------------------------------------------
FA6E                                ORG     0FA6EH
FA6E                    CRT_CHAR_GEN    LABEL   BYTE
FA6E    00 00 00 00 00 00           DB      000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; D_00
        00 00
FA76    7E 81 A5 81 BD 99           DB      07EH,081H,0A5H,081H,0BDH,099H,081H,07EH ; D_01
        81 7E
FA7E    7E FF DB FF C3 E7           DB      07EH,0FFH,0DBH,0FFH,0C3H,0E7H,0FFH,07EH ; D_02
        FF 7E
FA86    6C FE FE FE 7C 38           DB      06CH,0FEH,0FEH,0FEH,07CH,038H,010H,000H ; D_03
        10 00
FA8E    10 38 7C FE 7C 38           DB      010H,038H,07CH,0FEH,07CH,038H,010H,000H ; D_04
        10 00
FA96    38 7C 38 FE FE 7C           DB      038H,07CH,038H,0FEH,0FEH,07CH,038H,07CH ; D_05
        38 7C
FA9E    10 10 38 7C FE 7C           DB      010H,010H,038H,07CH,0FEH,07CH,038H,07CH ; D_06
        38 7C
FAA6    00 00 18 3C 3C 18           DB      000H,000H,018H,03CH,03CH,018H,000H,000H ; D_07
        00 00
FAAE    FF FF E7 C3 C3 E7           DB      0FFH,0FFH,0E7H,0C3H,0C3H,0E7H,0FFH,0FFH ; D_08
        FF FF
FAB6    00 3C 66 42 42 66           DB      000H,03CH,066H,042H,042H,066H,03CH,000H ; D_09
        3C 00
FABE    FF C3 99 BD BD 99           DB      0FFH,0C3H,099H,0BDH,0BDH,099H,0C3H,0FFH ; D_0A
        C3 FF
FAC6    0F 07 0F 7D CC CC           DB      00FH,007H,00FH,07DH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H ; D_0B
        CC 78
FACE    3C 66 66 66 3C 18           DB      03CH,066H,066H,066H,03CH,018H,07EH,018H ; D_0C
        7E 18
FAD6    3F 33 3F 30 30 70           DB      03FH,033H,03FH,030H,030H,070H,0F0H,0E0H ; D_0D
        F0 E0
FADE    7F 63 7F 63 63 67           DB      07FH,063H,07FH,063H,063H,067H,0E6H,0C0H ; D_0E
        E6 C0
FAE6    99 5A 3C E7 E7 3C           DB      099H,05AH,03CH,0E7H,0E7H,03CH,05AH,099H ; D_0F
        5A 99

FAEE    80 E0 F8 FE F8 E0           DB      080H,0E0H,0F8H,0FEH,0F8H,0E0H,080H,000H ; D_10
        80 00
FAF6    02 0E 3E FE 3E 0E           DB      002H,00EH,03EH,0FEH,03EH,00EH,002H,000H ; D_11
        02 00
FAFE    18 3C 7E 18 18 7E           DB      018H,03CH,07EH,018H,018H,07EH,03CH,018H ; D_12
        3C 18
FB06    66 66 66 66 66 00           DB      066H,066H,066H,066H,066H,000H,066H,000H ; D_13
        66 00
FB0E    7F DB DB 7B 1B 1B           DB      07FH,0DBH,0DBH,07BH,01BH,01BH,01BH,000H ; D_14
        1B 00
FB16    3E 63 38 6C 6C 38           DB      03EH,063H,038H,06CH,06CH,038H,0CCH,078H ; D_15
        CC 78
FB1E    00 00 00 00 7E 7E           DB      000H,000H,000H,000H,07EH,07EH,07EH,000H ; D_16
        7E 00
FB26    18 3C 7E 18 7E 3C           DB      018H,03CH,07EH,018H,07EH,03CH,018H,0FFH ; D_17
        18 FF
FB2E    18 3C 7E 18 18 18           DB      018H,03CH,07EH,018H,018H,018H,018H,000H ; D_18
        18 00
FB36    18 18 18 18 7E 3C           DB      018H,018H,018H,018H,07EH,03CH,018H,000H ; D_19
        18 00
FB3E    00 18 0C FE 0C 18           DB      000H,018H,00CH,0FEH,00CH,018H,000H,000H ; D_1A
        00 00
FB46    00 30 60 FE 60 30           DB      000H,030H,060H,0FEH,060H,030H,000H,000H ; D_1B
        00 00
FB4E    00 00 C0 C0 C0 FE           DB      000H,000H,0C0H,0C0H,0C0H,0FEH,000H,000H ; D_1C
        00 00
FB56    00 24 66 FF 66 24           DB      000H,024H,066H,0FFH,066H,024H,000H,000H ; D_1D
        00 00
FB5E    00 18 3C 7E FF FF           DB      000H,018H,03CH,07EH,0FFH,0FFH,000H,000H ; D_1E
        00 00
FB66    00 FF FF 7E 3C 18           DB      000H,0FFH,0FFH,07EH,03CH,018H,000H,000H ; D_1F
        00 00
```

```
FB6E   00 00 00 00 00 00        DB      000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; SP D_20
       00 00
FB76   30 78 78 30 30 00        DB      030H,078H,078H,030H,030H,000H,030H,000H ; ! D_21
       30 00
FB7E   6C 6C 6C 00 00 00        DB      06CH,06CH,06CH,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; " D_22
       00 00
FB86   6C 6C FE 6C FE 6C        DB      06CH,06CH,0FEH,06CH,0FEH,06CH,06CH,000H ; # D_23
       6C 00
FB8E   30 7C C0 78 0C F8        DB      030H,07CH,0C0H,078H,00CH,0F8H,030H,000H ; $ D_24
       30 00
FB96   00 C6 CC 18 30 66        DB      000H,0C6H,0CCH,018H,030H,066H,0C6H,000H ;
       C6 00
                                                                 ; PER CENT D_25
FB9E   38 6C 38 76 DC CC        DB      038H,06CH,038H,076H,0DCH,0CCH,076H,000H ; & D_26
       76 00
FBA6   60 60 C0 00 00 00        DB      060H,060H,0C0H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; ' D_27
       00 00
FBAE   18 30 60 60 60 30        DB      018H,030H,060H,060H,060H,030H,018H,000H ; ( D_28
       18 00
FBB6   60 30 18 18 18 30        DB      060H,030H,018H,018H,018H,030H,060H,000H ; ) D_29
       60 00
FBBE   00 66 3C FF 3C 66        DB      000H,066H,03CH,0FFH,03CH,066H,000H,000H ; * D_2A
       00 00
FBC6   00 30 30 FC 30 30        DB      000H,030H,030H,0FCH,030H,030H,000H,000H ; + D_2B
       00 00
FBCE   00 00 00 00 00 30        DB      000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,030H,030H,060H ; , D_2C
       30 60
FBD6   00 00 00 FC 00 00        DB      000H,000H,000H,0FCH,000H,000H,000H,000H ;- D_2D
       00 00
FBDE   00 00 00 00 00 30        DB      000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,030H,030H,000H ; . D_2E
       30 00
FBE6   06 0C 18 30 60 C0        DB      006H,00CH,018H,030H,060H,0C0H,080H,000H ; / D_2F
       80 00
FBEE   7C C6 CE DE F6 E6        DB      07CH,0C6H,0CEH,0DEH,0F6H,0E6H,07CH,000H ; 0 D_30
       7C 00
FBF6   30 70 30 30 30 30        DB      030H,070H,030H,030H,030H,030H,0FCH,000H ; 1 D_31
       FC 00
FBFE   78 CC 0C 38 60 CC        DB      078H,0CCH,00CH,038H,060H,0CCH,0FCH,000H ; 2 D_32
       FC 00
FC06   78 CC 0C 38 0C CC        DB      078H,0CCH,00CH,038H,00CH,0CCH,078H,000H ; 3 D_33
       78 00
FC0E   1C 3C 6C CC FE 0C        DB      01CH,03CH,06CH,0CCH,0FEH,00CH,01EH,000H ; 4 D_34
       1E 00
FC16   FC C0 F8 0C 0C CC        DB      0FCH,0C0H,0F8H,00CH,00CH,0CCH,078H,000H ; 5 D_35
       78 00
FC1E   38 60 C0 F8 CC CC        DB      038H,060H,0C0H,0F8H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H ; 6 D_36
       78 00
FC26   FC CC 0C 18 30 30        DB      0FCH,0CCH,00CH,018H,030H,030H,030H,000H ; 7 D_37
       30 00
FC2E   78 CC CC 78 CC CC        DB      078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H ; 8 D_38
       78 00
FC36   78 CC CC 7C 0C 18        DB      078H,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,018H,070H,000H ; 9 D_39
       70 00
FC3E   00 30 30 00 00 30        DB      000H,030H,030H,000H,000H,030H,030H,000H ; : D_3A
       30 00
FC46   00 30 30 00 00 30        DB      000H,030H,030H,000H,000H,030H,030H,060H ; ; D_3B
       30 60
FC4E   18 30 60 C0 60 30        DB      018H,030H,060H,0C0H,060H,030H,018H,000H ; < D_3C
       18 00
FC56   00 00 FC 00 00 FC        DB      000H,000H,0FCH,000H,000H,0FCH,000H,000H ; = D_3D
       00 00
FC5E   60 30 18 0C 18 30        DB      060H,030H,018H,00CH,018H,030H,060H,000H ; > D_3E
       60 00
FC66   78 CC 0C 18 30 00        DB      078H,0CCH,00CH,018H,030H,000H,030H,000H ; ? D_3F
       30 00
FC6E   7C C6 DE DE DE C0        DB      07CH,0C6H,0DEH,0DEH,0DEH,0C0H,078H,000H ; @ D_40
       78 00
FC76   30 78 CC CC FC CC        DB      030H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,0FCH,0CCH,0CCH,000H ; A D_41
       CC 00
FC7E   FC 66 66 7C 66 66        DB      0FCH,066H,066H,07CH,066H,066H,0FCH,000H ; B D_42
       FC 00
FC86   3C 66 C0 C0 C0 66        DB      03CH,066H,0C0H,0C0H,0C0H,066H,03CH,000H ; C D_43
       3C 00
FC8E   F8 6C 66 66 66 6C        DB      0F8H,06CH,066H,066H,066H,06CH,0F8H,000H ; D D_44
       F8 00
FC96   FE 62 68 78 68 62        DB      0FEH,062H,068H,078H,068H,062H,0FEH,000H ; E D_45
       FE 00
FC9E   FE 62 68 78 68 60        DB      0FEH,062H,068H,078H,068H,060H,0F0H,000H ; F D_46
       F0 00
FCA6   3C 66 C0 C0 CE 66        DB      03CH,066H,0C0H,0C0H,0CEH,066H,03EH,000H ; G D_47
       3E 00
FCAE   CC CC CC FC CC CC        DB      0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0FCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,000H ; H D_48
       CC 00
FCB6   78 30 30 30 30 30        DB      078H,030H,030H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H ; I D_49
       78 00
FCBE   1E 0C 0C 0C CC CC        DB      01EH,00CH,00CH,00CH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H ; J D_4A
       78 00
FCC6   E6 66 6C 78 6C 66        DB      0E6H,066H,06CH,078H,06CH,066H,0E6H,000H ; K D_4B
       E6 00
FCCE   F0 60 60 60 62 66        DB      0F0H,060H,060H,060H,062H,066H,0FEH,000H ; L D_4C
       FE 00
FCD6   C6 EE FE FE D6 C6        DB      0C6H,0EEH,0FEH,0FEH,0D6H,0C6H,0C6H,000H ; M D_4D
       C6 00
FCDE   C6 E6 F6 DE CE C6        DB      0C6H,0E6H,0F6H,0DEH,0CEH,0C6H,0C6H,000H ; N D_4E
       C6 00
FCE6   38 6C C6 C6 C6 6C        DB      038H,06CH,0C6H,0C6H,0C6H,06CH,038H,000H ; O D_4F
       38 00
```

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FCEE	FC 66 66 7C 60 60 F0 00	DB	0FCH,066H,066H,07CH,060H,060H,0F0H,000H ; P D_50
FCF6	78 CC CC CC DC 78 1C 00	DB	078H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0DCH,078H,01CH,000H ; Q D_51
FCFE	FC 66 66 7C 6C 66 E6 00	DB	0FCH,066H,066H,07CH,06CH,066H,0E6H,000H ; R D_52
FD06	78 CC E0 70 1C CC 78 00	DB	078H,0CCH,0E0H,070H,01CH,0CCH,078H,000H ; S D_53
FD0E	FC B4 30 30 30 30 78 00	DB	0FCH,0B4H,030H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H ; T D_54
FD16	CC CC CC CC CC CC FC 00	DB	0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0FCH,000H ; U D_55
FD1E	CC CC CC CC CC 78 30 00	DB	0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,030H,000H ; V D_56
FD26	C6 C6 C6 D6 FE EE C6 00	DB	0C6H,0C6H,0C6H,0D6H,0FEH,0EEH,0C6H,000H ; W D_57
FD2E	C6 C6 6C 38 38 6C C6 00	DB	0C6H,0C6H,06CH,038H,038H,06CH,0C6H,000H ; X D_58
FD36	CC CC CC 78 30 30 78 00	DB	0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,030H,030H,078H,000H ; Y D_59
FD3E	FE C6 8C 18 32 66 FE 00	DB	0FEH,0C6H,08CH,018H,032H,066H,0FEH,000H ; Z D_5A
FD46	78 60 60 60 60 60 78 00	DB	078H,060H,060H,060H,060H,060H,078H,000H ; [D_5B
FD4E	C0 60 30 18 0C 06 02 00	DB	0C0H,060H,030H,018H,00CH,006H,002H,000H ; ; BACKSLASH D_5C
FD56	78 18 18 18 18 18 78 00	DB	078H,018H,018H,018H,018H,018H,078H,000H ;] D_5D
FD5E	10 38 6C C6 00 00 00 00	DB	010H,038H,06CH,0C6H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; ; CIRCUMFLEX D_5E
FD66	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 FF	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,0FFH ; _ D_5F
FD6E	30 30 18 00 00 00 00 00	DB	030H,030H,018H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; ` D_60
FD76	00 00 78 0C 7C CC 76 00	DB	000H,000H,078H,00CH,07CH,0CCH,076H,000H ; ; LOWER CASE A D_61
FD7E	E0 60 60 7C 66 66 DC 00	DB	0E0H,060H,060H,07CH,066H,066H,0DCH,000H ; LC B D_62
FD86	00 00 78 CC C0 CC 78 00	DB	000H,000H,078H,0CCH,0C0H,0CCH,078H,000H ; LC C D_63
FD8E	1C 0C 0C 7C CC CC 76 00	DB	01CH,00CH,00CH,07CH,0CCH,0CCH,076H,000H ; LC D D_64
FD96	00 00 78 CC FC C0 78 00	DB	000H,000H,078H,0CCH,0FCH,0C0H,078H,000H ; LC E D_65
FD9E	38 6C 60 F0 60 60 F0 00	DB	038H,06CH,060H,0F0H,060H,060H,0F0H,000H ; LC F D_66
FDA6	00 00 76 CC CC 7C 0C F8	DB	000H,000H,076H,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,0F8H ; LC G D_67
FDAE	E0 60 6C 76 66 66 E6 00	DB	0E0H,060H,06CH,076H,066H,066H,0E6H,000H ; LC H D_68
FDB6	30 00 70 30 30 30 78 00	DB	030H,000H,070H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H ; LC I D_69
FDBE	0C 00 0C 0C 0C CC CC 78	DB	00CH,000H,00CH,00CH,00CH,0CCH,0CCH,078H ; LC J D_6A
FDC6	E0 60 66 6C 78 6C E6 00	DB	0E0H,060H,066H,06CH,078H,06CH,0E6H,000H ; LC K D_6B
FDCE	70 30 30 30 30 30 78 00	DB	070H,030H,030H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H ; LC L D_6C
FDD6	00 00 CC FE FE D6 C6 00	DB	000H,000H,0CCH,0FEH,0FEH,0D6H,0C6H,000H ; LC M D_6D
FDDE	00 00 F8 CC CC CC CC 00	DB	000H,000H,0F8H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,000H ; LC N D_6E
FDE6	00 00 78 CC CC CC 78 00	DB	000H,000H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H ; LC O D_6F
FDEE	00 00 DC 66 66 7C 60 F0	DB	000H,000H,0DCH,066H,066H,07CH,060H,0F0H ; LC P D_70
FDF6	00 00 76 CC CC 7C 0C 1E	DB	000H,000H,076H,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,01EH ; LC Q D_71
FDFE	00 00 DC 76 66 60 F0 00	DB	000H,000H,0DCH,076H,066H,060H,0F0H,000H ; LC R D_72
FE06	00 00 7C C0 78 0C F8 00	DB	000H,000H,07CH,0C0H,078H,00CH,0F8H,000H ; LC S D_73
FE0E	10 30 7C 30 30 34 18 00	DB	010H,030H,07CH,030H,030H,034H,018H,000H ; LC T D_74
FE16	00 00 CC CC CC CC 76 00	DB	000H,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,076H,000H ; LC U D_75
FE1E	00 00 CC CC CC 78 30 00	DB	000H,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,030H,000H ; LC V D_76
FE26	00 00 C6 D6 FE FE 6C 00	DB	000H,000H,0C6H,0D6H,0FEH,0FEH,06CH,000H ; LC W D_77
FE2E	00 00 C6 6C 38 6C C6 00	DB	000H,000H,0C6H,06CH,038H,06CH,0C6H,000H ; LC X D_78
FE36	00 00 CC CC CC 7C 0C F8	DB	000H,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,0F8H ; LC Y D_79
FE3E	00 00 FC 98 30 64 FC 00	DB	000H,000H,0FCH,098H,030H,064H,0FCH,000H ; LC Z D_7A
FE46	1C 30 30 E0 30 30 1C 00	DB	01CH,030H,030H,0E0H,030H,030H,01CH,000H ; { D_7B
FE4E	18 18 18 00 18 18 18 00	DB	018H,018H,018H,000H,018H,018H,018H,000H ; : D_7C
FE56	E0 30 30 1C 30 30 E0 00	DB	0E0H,030H,030H,01CH,030H,030H,0E0H,000H ; } D_7D
FE5E	76 DC 00 00 00 00 00 00	DB	076H,0DCH,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; ~ D_7E
FE66	00 10 38 6C C6 C6 FE 00	DB	000H,010H,038H,06CH,0C6H,0C6H,0FEH,000H ; ; DELTA D_7F

```
FE6E                          ORG     0FE6EH
FE6E  E9 1393 R               JMP     NEAR PTR TIME_OF_DAY
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------
                      ;              CRC CHECK/GENERATION ROUTINE
                      ;     ROUTINE TO CHECK A ROM MODULE USING THE POLYNOMIMAL:
                      ;                   X16 + X12 + X5 + 1
                      ;     CALLING PARAMETERS:
                      ;     DS = DATA SEGMENT OF ROM SPACE TO BE CHECKED
                      ;     SI = INDEX OFFSET INTO DS POINTING TO 1ST BYTE
                      ;     CX = LENGTH OF SPACE TO BE CHECKED (INCLUDING CRC BYTES)
                      ;     ON EXIT:
                      ;     ZERO FLAG = SET = CRC CHECKED OK
                      ;     AH = 00
                      ;     AL = ??
                      ;     BX = 0000
                      ;     CL = 04
                      ;     DX = 0000 IF CRC CHECKED OK, ELSE, ACCUMULATED CRC
                      ;     SI = (SI(ENTRY)+BX(ENTRY))
                      ;     NOTE: ROUTINE WILL RETURN IMMEDIATLY IF "RESET_FLAG
                      ;                 IS EQUAL TO "1234H" (WARM START)
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------
FE71                  CRC_CHECK       PROC    NEAR
                                      ASSUME  DS:NOTHING
FE71  8B D9                   MOV     BX,CX          ; SAVE COUNT
FE73  BA FFFF                 MOV     DX,0FFFFH      ; INIT. ENCODE REGISTER
FE76  FC                      CLD                    ; SET DIR FLAG TO INCREMENT
FE77  32 E4                   XOR     AH,AH          ; INIT. WORK REG HIGH
FE79  B1 04                   MOV     CL,4           ; SET ROTATE COUNT
FE7B  AC              CRC_1:  LODSB                  ; GET A BYTE
FE7C  32 F0                   XOR     DH,AL          ; FORM AJ + CJ + 1
FE7E  8A C6                   MOV     AL,DH
FE80  D3 C0                   ROL     AX,CL          ; SHIFT WORK REG BACK 4
FE82  33 D0                   XOR     DX,AX          ; ADD INTO RESULT REG
FE84  D1 C0                   ROL     AX,1           ; SHIFT WORK REG BACK 1
FE86  86 F2                   XCHG    DH,DL          ; SWAP PARTIAL SUM INTO RESULT REG
FE88  33 D0                   XOR     DX,AX          ; ADD WORK REG INTO RESULTS
FE8A  D3 C8                   ROR     AX,CL          ; SHIFT WORK REG OVER 4
FE8C  24 E0                   AND     AL,11100000B   ; CLEAR OFF (EFGH)
FE8E  33 D0                   XOR     DX,AX          ; ADD (ABCD) INTO RESULTS
FE90  D1 C8                   ROR     AX,1           ; SHIFT WORK REG ON OVER (AH=0 FOR
                                                     ; NEXT PASS)
FE92  32 F0                   XOR     DH,AL          ; ADD (ABCD INTO RESULTS LOW)
FE94  4B                      DEC     BX             ; DECREMENT COUNT
FE95  75 E4                   JNZ     CRC_1          ; LOOP TILL COUNT = 0000
FE97  0B D2                   OR      DX,DX          ; DX S/B = 0000 IF O.K.
FE99  C3                      RET                    ; RETURN TO CALLER
FE9A                  CRC_CHECK       ENDP
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------
                      ;   SUBROUTINE TO READ AN 8250 REGISTER.  MAY ALSO BUMP ERROR
                      ;        REPORTER (BL) AND/OR REG DX (PORT ADDRESS) DEPENDING ON
                      ;        WHICH ENTRY POINT IS CHOSEN.
                      ;   THIS SUBROUTINE WAS WRITTEN TO AVOID MULTIPLE USE OF I/O TIME
                      ;        DELAYS FOR THE 8250.  IT WAS THE MOST EFFICIENT WAY TO
                      ;        INCLUDE THE DELAYS.
                      ;   IN EVERY CASE, UPON RETURN, REG AL WILL CONTAIN THE CONTENTS OF
                      ;        PORT(DX).
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------
FE9A                  RR1     PROC    NEAR
FE9A  32 C0                   XOR     AL,AL
FE9C  EE                      OUT     DX,AL          ; DISABLE ALL INTERRUPTS
FE9D  FE C3                   INC     BL             ; BUMP ERROR REPORTER
FE9F  42              RR2:    INC     DX             ; INCR PORT ADDR
FEA0  EC              RR3:    IN      AL,DX          ; READ REGISTER
FEA1  C3                      RET
FEA2                  RR1     ENDP
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------
                      ; THIS ROUTINE HANDLES THE TIMER INTERRUPT FROM
                      ; CHANNEL 0 OF THE 8253 TIMER.  INPUT FREQUENCY IS 1.19318 MHZ
                      ; AND THE DIVISOR IS 65536, RESULTING IN APPROX. 18.2 INTERRUPTS
                      ; EVERY SECOND.
                      ;
                      ; THE INTERRUPT HANDLER MAINTAINS A COUNT OF INTERRUPTS SINCE POWER
                      ;   ON TIME, WHICH MAY BE USED TO ESTABLISH TIME OF DAY.
                      ;   INTERRUPTS MISSED WHILE DISABLED ARE TAKEN CARE OF
                      ;   BY THE USE OF TIMER 1 AS A OVERFLOW COUNTER
                      ; THE INTERRUPT HANDLER ALSO DECREMENTS THE MOTOR CONTROL COUNT
                      ;   OF THE DISKETTE, AND WHEN IT EXPIRES, WILL TURN OFF THE DISKETTE
                      ;   MOTOR, AND RESET THE MOTOR RUNNING FLAGS
                      ; THE INTERRUPT HANDLER WILL ALSO INVOKE A USER ROUTINE THROUGH
                      ;   INTERRUPT 1CH AT EVERY TIME TICK.  THE USER MUST CODE A ROUTINE
                      ; AND PLACE THE CORRECT ADDRESS IN THE VECTOR TABLE.
                      ;-------------------------------------------------------
FEA5                          ORG     0FEA5H
                              ASSUME  DS:DATA
FEA5                  TIMER_INT       PROC    FAR
FEA5  FB                      STI                    ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
FEA6  1E                      PUSH    DS
FEA7  50                      PUSH    AX
FEA8  52                      PUSH    DX             ; SAVE MACHINE STATE
FEA9  E8 138B R               CALL    DDS
FEAC  FF 06 006C R            INC     TIMER_LOW      ; INCREMENT TIME
FEB0  75 04                   JNZ     T4             ; TEST_DAY
FEB2  FF 06 006E R            INC     TIMER_HIGH     ; INCREMENT HIGH WORD OF TIME
FEB6                  T4:                            ; TEST_DAY
FEB6  83 3E 006E R 18         CMP     TIMER_HIGH,018H  ; TEST FOR COUNT EQUALLING 24 HOURS
FEBB  75 15                   JNZ     T5             ; DISKETTE_CTL
FEBD  81 3E 006C R 00B0       CMP     TIMER_LOW,0B0H
FEC3  75 0D                   JNZ     T5             ; DISKETTE_CTL
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```
                                    ;----- TIMER HAS GONE 24 HOURS
FEC5  2B C0                             SUB     AX,AX
FEC7  A3 006E R                         MOV     TIMER_HIGH,AX
FECA  A3 006C R                         MOV     TIMER_LOW,AX
FECD  C6 06 0070 R 01                   MOV     TIMER_OFL,1
                                    ;----- TEST FOR DISKETTE TIME OUT
FED2                            T5:                              ; LOOP TILL ALL OVERFLOWS TAKEN
                                                                 ; CARE OF
FED2  FE 0E 0040 R                      DEC     MOTOR_COUNT
FED6  75 09                             JNZ     T6               ; RETURN IF COUNT NOT OUT
FED8  80 26 003F R F0                   AND     MOTOR_STATUS,0F0H ; TURN OFF MOTOR RUNNING BITS
FEDD  B0 80                             MOV     AL,FDC_RESET     ; TURN OFF MOTOR, DO NOT RESET FDC
FEDF  E6 F2                             OUT     NEC_CTL,AL       ; TURN OFF THE MOTOR
FEE1  CD 1C                     T6:     INT     1CH              ; TRANSFER CONTROL TO A USER
                                                                 ; ROUTINE
FEE3  B0 20                             MOV     AL,EOI
FEE5  E6 20                             OUT     020H,AL          ; END OF INTERRUPT TO 8259
FEE7  5A                                POP     DX
FEE8  58                                POP     AX
FEE9  1F                                POP     DS               ; RESET MACHINE STATE
FEEA  CF                                IRET                     ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
FEEB                            TIMER_INT  ENDP
                                ;------------------------------------------------------------
                                ;     ARITHMETIC CHECKSUM  ROUTINE
                                ;        ENTRY:
                                ;        DS = DATA SEGMENT OF ROM SPACE TO BE CHECKED
                                ;        SI = INDEX OFFSET INTO DS POINTING TO 1ST BYTE
                                ;        CX = LENGTH OF SPACE TO BE CHECKED
                                ;        EXIT: ZERO FLAG OFF=ERROR, ON= SPACE CHECKED OK
                                ;------------------------------------------------------------
FEEB                            ROS_CHECKSUM  PROC     NEAR
FEEB  02 04                     RC_0:   ADD     AL,DS:[SI]
FEED  46                                INC     SI
FEEE  E2 FB                             LOOP    RC_0
FEF0  0A C0                             OR      AL,AL
FEF2  C3                                RET
FEF3                            ROS_CHECKSUM  ENDP
                                ;------------------------------------------------------------
                                ; THESE ARE THE VECTORS WHICH ARE MOVED INTO    :
                                ; THE 8086 INTERRUPT AREA DURING POWER ON.       :
                                ; ONLY THE OFFSETS ARE DISPLAYED HERE, CODE      :
                                ; SEGMENT WILL BE ADDED FOR ALL OF THEM, EXCEPT  :
                                ; WHERE NOTED.                                   :
                                ;------------------------------------------------------------
                                        ASSUME  CS:CODE
FEF3                                    ORG     0FEF3H
FEF3                            VECTOR_TABLE  LABEL  WORD ; VECTOR TABLE FOR MOVE TO INTERRUPTS
FEF3  FEA5 R                            DW      OFFSET TIMER_INT ; INTERRUPT 8
FEF5  1561 R                            DW      OFFSET  KB_INT  ; INTERRUPT 9
FEF7  F815 R                            DW      OFFSET  D11     ; INTERRUPT A
FEF9  F815 R                            DW      OFFSET  D11     ; INTERRUPT B
FEFB  F815 R                            DW      OFFSET  D11     ; INTERRUPT C
FEFD  F815 R                            DW      OFFSET  D11     ; INTERRUPT D
FEFF  EF57 R                            DW      OFFSET DISK_INT ; INTERRUPT E
FF01  F815 R                            DW      OFFSET  D11     ; INTERRUPT F
FF03  0D0B R                            DW      OFFSET VIDEO_IO ; INTERRUPT 10H
FF05  F84D R                            DW      OFFSET EQUIPMENT ; INTERRUPT 11H
FF07  F841 R                            DW      OFFSET MEMORY_SIZE_DETERMINE ; INTERRUPT 12H
FF09  EC59 R                            DW      OFFSET DISKETTE_IO ; INTERRUPT 13H
FF0B  E739 R                            DW      OFFSET RS232_IO ; INTERRUPT 14H
FF0D  F859 R                            DW      CASSETTE_IO     ; INTERRUPT 15H
FF0F  13DD R                            DW      OFFSET KEYBOARD_IO ; INTERRUPT 16H
FF11  EFD2 R                            DW      OFFSET PRINTER_IO ; INTERRUPT 17H
FF13  0000                              DW      00000H          ; INTERRUPT 18H
                                        DW      0F600H          ; MUST BE INSERTED INTO TABLE LATER
FF15  0B1B R                            DW      OFFSET BOOT_STRAP ; INTERRUPT 19H
FF17  1393 R                            DW      TIME_OF_DAY     ; INTERRUPT 1AH -- TIME OF DAY
FF19  F83C R                            DW      DUMMY_RETURN    ; INTERRUPT 1BH -- KEYBD BREAK ADDR
FF1B  F83C R                            DW      DUMMY_RETURN    ; INTERRUPT 1C -- TIMER BREAK ADDR
FF1D  F0A4 R                            DW      VIDEO_PARMS     ; INTERRUPT 1D -- VIDEO PARAMETERS
FF1F  EFC7 R                            DW      OFFSET DISK_BASE ; INTERRUPT 1E -- DISK PARMS
FF21  E05E R                            DW      CRT_CHARH       ; INTERRUPT 1F --  VIDEO EXT
FF23                            P_MSG   PROC    NEAR
FF23  2E: 8A 04                 G12A:   MOV     AL,CS:[SI]      ; PUT CHAR IN AL
FF26  46                                INC     SI              ; POINT TO NEXT CHAR
FF27  50                                PUSH    AX              ; SAVE PRINT CHAR
FF28  E8 18BA R                         CALL    PRT_HEX         ; CALL VIDEO_IO
FF2B  58                                POP     AX              ; RECOVER PRINT CHAR
FF2C  3C 0D                             CMP     AL,13           ; WAS IT CARRAGE RETURN?
FF2E  75 F3                             JNE     G12A            ; NO,KEEP PRINTING STRING
FF30  C3                                RET
FF31                            P_MSG   ENDP
                                ;     ROUTINE TO SOUND BEEPER
FF31                            BEEP    PROC    NEAR
FF31  B0 B6                             MOV     AL,10110110B    ; SEL TIM 2,LSB,MSB,BINARY
FF33  E6 43                             OUT     TIMER+3,AL      ; WRITE THE TIMER MODE REG
FF35  B8 0533                           MOV     AX,533H         ; DIVISOR FOR 1000 HZ
FF38  E6 42                             OUT     TIMER+2,AL      ; WRITE TIMER 2 CNT - LSB
FF3A  8A C4                             MOV     AL,AH
FF3C  E6 42                             OUT     TIMER+2,AL      ; WRITE TIMER 2 CNT - MSB
FF3E  E4 61                             IN      AL,PORT_B       ; GET CURRENT SETTING OF PORT
FF40  8A E0                             MOV     AH,AL           ; SAVE THAT SETTING
FF42  0C 03                             OR      AL,03           ; TURN SPEAKER ON
FF44  E6 61                             OUT     PORT_B,AL
FF46  2B C9                             SUB     CX,CX           ; SET CNT TO WAIT 500 MS
FF48  E2 FE                     G7:     LOOP    G7              ; DELAY BEFORE TURNING OFF
FF4A  FE CB                             DEC     BL              ; DELAY CNT EXPIRED?
FF4C  75 FA                             JNZ     G7              ; NO - CONTINUE BEEPING SPK
FF4E  8A C4                             MOV     AL,AH           ; RECOVER VALUE OF PORT
FF50  E6 61                             OUT     PORT_B,AL
FF52  C3                                RET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
FF53                            BEEP    ENDP
```

```
                              ;-----------------------------------------
                              ; DUMMY RETURN FOR ADDRESS COMPATIBILITY
                              ;-----------------------------------------
FF53                          ORG     OFF53H
FF53 CF                       IRET
                              ; -- INT 5 ------------------------------------------------
                              ;        THIS LOGIC WILL BE INVOKED BY INTERRUPT 05H TO PRINT
                              ;        THE SCREEN. THE CURSOR POSITION AT THE TIME THIS ROUTINE
                              ;        IS INVOKED WILL BE SAVED AND RESTORED UPON COMPLETION. THE
                              ;        ROUTINE IS INTENDED TO RUN WITH INTERRUPTS ENABLED.
                              ;        IF A SUBSEQUENT 'PRINT SCREEN KEY IS DEPRESSED DURING THE
                              ;        TIME THIS ROUTINE IS PRINTING IT WILL BE IGNORED.
                              ;        ADDRESS 50:0 CONTAINS THE STATUS OF THE PRINT SCREEN:
                              ;
                              ;        50:0    =0       EITHER PRINT SCREEN HAS NOT BEEN CALLED
                              ;                         OR UPON RETURN FROM A CALL THIS INDICATES
                              ;                         A SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.
                              ;
                              ;                =1       PRINT SCREEN IS IN PROGRESS
                              ;
                              ;                =OFFH    ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING PRINTING
                              ;-----------------------------------------------------------
                              ASSUME  CS:CODE,DS:XXDATA
FF54                          ORG     OFF54H
FF54            PRINT_SCREEN  PROC    FAR
FF54 FB                       STI                     ; MUST RUN WITH INTERRUPTS ENABLED
FF55 1E                       PUSH    DS              ; MUST USE 50:0 FOR DATA AREA
                                                      ; STORAGE
FF56 50                       PUSH    AX
FF57 53                       PUSH    BX
FF58 51                       PUSH    CX              ; WILL USE THIS LATER FOR CURSOR
                                                      ; LIMITS
FF59 52                       PUSH    DX              ; WILL HOLD CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
FF5A B8 ---- R                MOV     AX,XXDATA       ; HEX 50
FF5D 8E D8                    MOV     DS,AX
FF5F 80 3E 0000 R 01          CMP     STATUS_BYTE,1   ; SEE IF PRINT ALREADY IN PROGRESS
FF64 74 5F                    JZ      EXIT            ; JUMP IF PRINT ALREADY IN PROGRESS
FF66 C6 06 0000 R 01          MOV     STATUS_BYTE,1   ; INDICATE PRINT NOW IN PROGRESS
FF6B B4 0F                    MOV     AH,15           ; WILL REQUEST THE CURRENT SCREEN
                                                      ; MODE
FF6D CD 10                    INT     10H             ; [AL]=MODE
                                                      ; [AH]=NUMBER COLUMNS/LINE
                                                      ; [BH]=VISUAL PAGE
                              ; ***********************************************************
                              ;        AT THIS POINT WE KNOW THE COLUMNS/LINE ARE IN
                              ;        [AX] AND THE PAGE IF APPLICABLE IS IN [BH]. THE STACK
                              ;        HAS DS,AX,BX,CX,DX PUSHED. [AL] HAS VIDEO MODE
                              ; ***********************************************************
FF6F 8A CC                    MOV     CL,AH           ; WILL MAKE USE OF [CX] REGISTER TO
FF71 B5 19                    MOV     CH,25           ; CONTROL ROW & COLUMNS
FF73 E8 FA5F R                CALL    CRLF            ; CARRIAGE RETURN LINE FEED ROUTINE
FF76 51                       PUSH    CX              ; SAVE SCREEN BOUNDS
FF77 B4 03                    MOV     AH,3            ; WILL NOW READ THE CURSOR.
FF79 CD 10                    INT     10H             ; AND PRESERVE THE POSITION
FF7B 59                       POP     CX              ; RECALL SCREEN BOUNDS
FF7C 52                       PUSH    DX              ; RECALL [BH]=VISUAL PAGE
FF7D 33 D2                    XOR     DX,DX           ; WILL SET CURSOR POSITION TO [0,0]
                              ; ***********************************************************
                              ;        THE LOOP FROM PRI10 TO THE INSTRUCTION PRIOR TO PRI20
                              ;        IS THE LOOP TO READ EACH CURSOR POSITION FROM THE SCREEN
                              ;        AND PRINT.
                              ; ***********************************************************
FF7F B4 02       PRI10:       MOV     AH,2            ; TO INDICATE CURSOR SET REQUEST
FF81 CD 10                    INT     10H             ; NEW CURSOR POSITION ESTABLISHED
FF83 B4 08                    MOV     AH,8            ; TO INDICATE READ CHARACTER
FF85 CD 10                    INT     10H             ; CHARACTER NOW IN [AL]
FF87 0A C0                    OR      AL,AL           ; SEE IF VALID CHAR
FF89 75 02                    JNZ     PRI15           ; JUMP IF VALID CHAR
FF8B B0 20                    MOV     AL,' '          ; MAKE A BLANK
FF8D 52          PRI15:       PUSH    DX              ; SAVE CURSOR POSITION
FF8E 33 D2                    XOR     DX,DX           ; INDICATE PRINTER 1
FF90 32 E4                    XOR     AH,AH           ; TO INDICATE PRINT CHAR IN [AL]
FF92 CD 17                    INT     17H             ; PRINT THE CHARACTER
FF94 5A                       POP     DX              ; RECALL CURSOR POSITION
FF95 F6 C4 29                 TEST    AH,029H         ; TEST FOR PRINTER ERROR
FF98 75 21                    JNZ     ERR10           ; JUMP IF ERROR DETECTED
FF9A FE C2                    INC     DL              ; ADVANCE TO NEXT COLUMN
FF9C 3A CA                    CMP     CL,DL           ; SEE IF AT END OF LINE
FF9E 75 DF                    JNZ     PRI10           ; IF NOT PROCEED
FFA0 32 D2                    XOR     DL,DL           ; BACK TO COLUMN 0
FFA2 8A E2                    MOV     AH,DL           ; [AH]=0
FFA4 52                       PUSH    DX              ; SAVE NEW CURSOR POSITION
FFA5 E8 FA5F R                CALL    CRLF            ; LINE FEED CARRIAGE RETURN
FFA8 5A                       POP     DX              ; RECALL CURSOR POSITION
FFA9 FE C6                    INC     DH              ; ADVANCE TO NEXT LINE
FFAB 3A EE                    CMP     CH,DH           ; FINISHED?
FFAD 75 D0                    JNZ     PRI10           ; IF NOT CONTINUE
FFAF 5A                       POP     DX              ; RECALL CURSOR POSITION
FFB0 B4 02                    MOV     AH,2            ; TO INDICATE CURSOR SET REQUEST
FFB2 CD 10                    INT     10H             ; CURSOR POSITION RESTORED
FFB4 C6 06 0000 R 00          MOV     STATUS_BYTE,0   ; INDICATE FINISHED
FFB9 EB 0A                    JMP     SHORT EXIT      ; EXIT THE ROUTINE
FFBB 5A          ERR10:       POP     DX              ; GET CURSOR POSITION
FFBC B4 02                    MOV     AH,2            ; TO REQUEST CURSOR SET
FFBE CD 10                    INT     10H             ; CURSOR POSITION RESTORED
FFC0 C6 06 0000 R FF          MOV     STATUS_BYTE,OFFH    ; INDICATE ERROR
FFC5 5A          EXIT:        POP     DX              ; RESTORE ALL THE REGISTERS USED
FFC6 59                       POP     CX
FFC7 5B                       POP     BX
FFC8 58                       POP     AX
FFC9 1F                       POP     DS
FFCA CF                       IRET
FFCB            PRINT_SCREEN  ENDP
```

A-108 ROM BIOS

```
                              ;---------------------------------------------------;
                              ;   EASE OF USE REVECTOR ROUTINE - CALLED THROUGH
                              ;   INT 18H WHEN CASSETTE BASIC IS INVOKED (NO DISKETTE
                              ;   NO CARTRIDGES)
                              ;   KEYBOARD VECTOR IS RESET TO POINT TO "NEW_INT_9"
                              ;   BASIC VECTOR IS SET TO POINT TO F600:0
                              ;---------------------------------------------------
FFCB                          BAS_ENT PROC    FAR
                                      ASSUME  DS:ABS0
FFCB  2B C0                           SUB     AX,AX
FFCD  8E D8                           MOV     DS,AX           ;SET ADDRESSING
FFCF  C7 06 0024 R 1937 R            MOV     WORD PTR INT_PTR+4,OFFSET NEW_INT_9
FFD5  A3 0060 R                       MOV     BASIC_PTR,AX     ; SET INT 18=F600:0
FFD8  C7 06 0062 R F600              MOV     BASIC_PTR+2,0F600H
FFDE  CD 18                           INT     18H             ; GO TO BASIC
FFE0                          BAS_ENT ENDP
                              ;------------------------------------------------------------------
                              ;        INITIALIZE TIMER SUBROUTINE - ASSUMES BOTH THE LSB AND MSB
                              ;        OF THE TIMER WILL BE USED.
                              ;     CALLING PARAMETERS:
                              ;        (AH) = TIMER #
                              ;        (AL) = BIT PATTERN OF INITIALIZATION WORD
                              ;        (BX) = INITIAL COUNT
                              ;               (BH) = MSB COUNT
                              ;               (BL) = LSB COUNT
                              ;     ALTERS REGISTERS DX AND AL.
                              ;------------------------------------------------------------------
FFE0                          INIT_TIMER      PROC   NEAR
FFE0  E6 43                           OUT     TIM_CTL,AL      ; OUTPUT INITIAL CONTROL WORD
FFE2  BA 0040                         MOV     DX,TIMER        ; BASE PORT ADDR FOR TIMERS
FFE5  02 D4                           ADD     DL,AH           ; ADD IN THE TIMER #
FFE7  8A C3                           MOV     AL,BL           ; LOAD LSB
FFE9  EE                              OUT     DX,AL
FFEA  52                              PUSH    DX              ; PAUSE
FFEB  5A                              POP     DX
FFEC  8A C7                           MOV     AL,BH           ; LOAD MSB
FFEE  EE                              OUT     DX,AL
FFEF  C3                              RET
FFF0                          INIT_TIMER      ENDP

                              ;------------------------------------
                              ;     POWER ON RESET VECTOR   :
                              ;------------------------------------
FFF0                                  ORG     0FFF0H
                              ;
                              ;----- POWER ON RESET
                              ;
FFF0  EA                              DB      0EAH                    ; JUMP FAR
FFF1  0043 R                          DW      OFFSET RESET
FFF3  F000                            DW      0F000H

FFF5  30 36 2F 30 31 2F              DB      '06/01/83'              ; RELEASE MARKER
      38 33

FFFD  FF                              DB      0FFH                    ; FILLER

FFFE  FD                              DB      0FDH                    ; SYSTEM IDENTIFIER

                              ;       DB      0FFH                    ; CHECKSUM
FFFF                          CODE    ENDS
                                      END
```

Notes:

Appendix B. LOGIC DIAGRAMS

Contents

Notes:

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B-10 System Board

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System Board   B-11

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B-12 System Board

ED 2-H02 ├ XD0
EJ 2-H02 ├ XD1
EN 2-H02 ├ XD2
ES 2-H02 ├ XD3
EW 2-G02 ├ XD4
FA 2-G02 ├ XD5
FE 2-G02 ├ XD6
FK 2-G02 ├ XD7

HR 2-B02 ├ CS7
HL 2-C02 ├ CS6
HM 2-C02 ├ CS5
HN 2-C02 ├ CS4
HP 2-C02 ├ CS3
HQ 2-C02 ├ CS2
FP 2-G02 ├ XA0
FU 2-F03 ├ XA1
FX 2-F03 ├ XA2
GB 2-F03 ├ XA3
GE 2-F02 ├ XA4
GJ 2-F02 ├ XA5
GM 2-F02 ├ XA6
GQ 2-E02 ├ XA7
GT 2-E02 ├ XA8
GX 2-E02 ├ XA9
GZ 2-E02 ├ XA10
HB 2-E02 ├ XA11
HD 2-D02 ├ XA12
HF 2-D02 ├ XA13
HJ 2-D02 ├ XA14

+5V ○

B14 ⟫ J11   B14 ⟫ J10
B15 ⟫ J11   B15 ⟫ J10
B16 ⟫ J11   B16 ⟫ J10
A15 ⟫ J11   A15 ⟫ J10
A14 ⟫ J11   A14 ⟫ J10
A13 ⟫ J11   A13 ⟫ J10
A12 ⟫ J11   A12 ⟫ J10
A11 ⟫ J11   A11 ⟫ J10
A04 ⟫ J11   A04 ⟫ J10   -BASE 1 ROM IN CART ─ UG 2-F11
B02 ⟫ J11   B02 ⟫ J10
B17 ⟫ J11   B17 ⟫ J10
A03 ⟫ J11   A03 ⟫ J10
A17 ⟫ J11   A17 ⟫ J10
B03 ⟫ J11   B03 ⟫ J10
A16 ⟫ J11   A16 ⟫ J10
B13 ⟫ J11   B13 ⟫ J10
B12 ⟫ J11   B12 ⟫ J10
B11 ⟫ J11   B11 ⟫ J10
B10 ⟫ J11   B10 ⟫ J10
B09 ⟫ J11   B09 ⟫ J10
B08 ⟫ J11   B08 ⟫ J10
B07 ⟫ J11   B07 ⟫ J10
B06 ⟫ J11   B06 ⟫ J10
A06 ⟫ J11   A06 ⟫ J10
A07 ⟫ J11   A07 ⟫ J10
A10 ⟫ J11   A10 ⟫ J10
A08 ⟫ J11   A08 ⟫ J10
B05 ⟫ J11   B05 ⟫ J10
A05 ⟫ J11   A05 ⟫ J10
B04 ⟫ J11   B04 ⟫ J10
A09 ⟫ J11   A09 ⟫ J10   -BASE 2 ROM IN CART ─ UH 2-E11
A02 ⟫ J11   A02 ⟫ J10   -CARTRIDGE RESET ─ UJ 1-J11
B18 ⟫ J11   B18 ⟫ J10
A18 ⟫ J11   A18 ⟫ J10
B01 ⟫ J11   B01 ⟫ J10
A01 ⟫ J11   A01 ⟫ J10

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System Board (Sheet 12 of 17)

BM 1-C03 — D0 — A01 J5 — B01 J5 — J6 A01 +12V
BS 1-C03 — D1 — B02 J5 — J6 A09 C36 C6 C39 C57
BX 1-C03 — D2 — A03 J5 — J6 A08 .047 UF .047 UF 10 UF .68 UF
CD 1-C03 — D3 — B03 J5 — A04 J5
CJ 1-C03 — D4 — A05 J5 — J6 A04
CP 1-C03 — D5 — B05 J5 — J6 A07
CU 1-B03 — D6 — B06 J5 — .047 UF 10 UF
CZ 1-B03 — D7 — A07 J5 — J6 A06 (7X) (5X)
DE 1-B03 — A0 — B07 J5 — J6 A05 +5V
DJ 1-B03 — A1 — A08 J5 — J6 A03 C5 C1 C27 C33 C40 C46 C37 C2 C22 C45 C38 C4
DN 1-B03 — A2 — A09 J5 — J6 A02
DS 1-B03 — A3 — B09 J5
DV 1-B02 — A4 — B10 J5 — C8 C29 C34
DX 1-B02 — A5 — A11 J5 — 10 UF .047 UF .047 UF
DZ 1-B02 — A6 — B11 J5 — J6 A10 -6V
EB 1-A02 — A7 — A12 J5
AC 1-F03 — A8 — A13 J5
ZZ 1-F02 — A9 — B13 J5
RT 7-C02 — A10 — B14 J5
RQ 7-C02 — A11 — A15 J5
RX 7-B02 — A12 — A16 J5
RV 7-B02 — A13 — B16 J5
PZ 7-H02 — A14 — A17 J5
SS 1-G03 — A15 — B18 J5
PP 1-G03 — A16 — A19 J5
LL 1-G03 — A17 — B19 J5
HH 1-G03 — A18 — A21 J5
FF 1-G03 — A19 — B21 J5
BE 1-D02 — -IOR — B22 J5
AW 1-E02 — -IOW — A23 J5
BC 1-D02 — -MEMR — B23 J5
BJ 1-C02 — -MEMW — A24 J5
QS 7-G02 — XHLDA — A25 J5
QR 7-G02 — XALE — B25 J5
SE 7-B02 — XCLK — B26 J5
SC 7-B02 — XRESET — A06 J5
UU 1-G03 — XIO/-M — A26 J5
+5V — B27 J5 — +READY UK 1-H11
MW 6-F02 — -CARD SLCTD — B12 J5 — -HRQ UL 1-K11
VG 15-E02 — -DACK 0 — A28 J5
VH 15-D02 — DRQ 0 — A14 J5 — IRQ1 UM 1-D11
+12V — A02 J5 — A29 J5 — IRQ2 UN 1-C11
— B29 J5 — IRQ7 UP 1-C11
A18 J5 A10 J5
B04 J5 A22 J5
B15 J5 B08 J5
B20 J5 B17 J5
B28 J5 B24 J5
RESERVED J5 B30 J5 — AUDIO INPUT UQ 10-G11

R49 1K OHM +5V

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B-16 **System Board**

BP 1-C03 ├ D0 ─────────────────────── A10 ⟫ J9
BU 1-C03 ├ D1 ─────────────────────── A09 ⟫ J9
BZ 1-C03 ├ D2 ─────────────────────── A07 ⟫ J9
CF 1-C03 ├ D3 ─────────────────────── A06 ⟫ J9
CL 1-C03 ├ D4 ─────────────────────── A05 ⟫ J9
CR 1-C03 ├ D5 ─────────────────────── A03 ⟫ J9
CW 1-B03 ├ D6 ─────────────────────── A02 ⟫ J9
DB 1-B03 ├ D7 ─────────────────────── A01 ⟫ J9

                                       A11 ⟫ J9
DG 1-B02 ├ A0 ────────────────────── B08 ⟫ J9 ──── DISKETTE INTR ─┤ VF 1-C11
DL 1-B02 ├ A1 ─────────────────────── B07 ⟫ J9
DQ 1-B02 ├ A2 ─────────────────────── B06 ⟫ J9
DT 1-B02 ├ A3 ─────────────────────── B04 ⟫ J9
YY 1-F03 ├ A9 ─────────────────────── B03 ⟫ J9
TA 9-G02 ├ DISKTE CD INSTALLED ──────── B13 ⟫ J9
AL 1-F03 ├ -RESET ─────────────────── B14 ⟫ J9
BF 1-D02 ├ -IOR ──────────────────── B10 ⟫ J9
AX 1-D02 ├ -IOW ──────────────────── B11 ⟫ J9
MQ 6-H02 ├ -MODEM, FLOPPY CS ────────── B02 ⟫ J9

                                       A13 ⟫ J9 ──── -DACK 0 ─┤ VG 13-D11
                                       A12 ⟫ J9 ──── DRQ 0 ─┤ VH 13-D11
                                       A15 ⟫ J9
                                       SPARE
                                       A14 ⟫ J9
                                       B01 ⟫ J9
+5V ○ ─────────────────────────────── B15 ⟫ J9
                                       A04 ⟫ J9
                                       A08 ⟫ J9
                                       B05 ⟫ J9
                                       B09 ⟫ J9
⏚ ─────────────────────────────────── B12 ⟫ J9

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B-18 System Board

Program Cartridge (Sheet 1 of 3)

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Program Cartridge (Sheet 3 of 3)

B-22   Program Cartridge

Power Supply Board (Sheet 1 of 2)

Power Supply Board (Sheet 2 of 2)

B-24   Power Board

64KB Memory and Display Expansion (Sheet 1 of 4)

```
11      10      9       8       7       6       5       4       3       2

K                                                                                    K

J                                                                                    J

H   KK 2-J02  XD0 ─────────────────────── B18                                        H
    MM 2-J02  XD1 ─────────────────────── A18      A22 ─────────────── MEM A0  AQ 1-K11
    PP 2-J02  XD2 ─────────────────────── B17      B22 ─────────────── MEM A1  AR 1-K11
    RR 2-J02  XD3 ─────────────────────── A17      A21 ─────────────── MEM A2  AS 1-K11
    TT 2-J02  XD4 ─────────────────────── B16      B21 ─────────────── MEM A3  AT 1-K11
G   VV 2-H02  XD5 ─────────────────────── A16      A20 ─────────────── MEM A4  AU 1-K11   G
    XX 2-H02  XD6 ─────────────────────── B15      B20 ─────────────── MEM A5  AV 1-J11
    ZZ 2-H02  XD7 ─────────────────────── A15      A19 ─────────────── MEM A6  AW 1-J11
    AB 2-G02  MD0 ─────────────────────── A09      B19 ─────────────── MEM A7  AX 1-J11
F   AC 2-G02  MD1 ─────────────────────── A10      B10 ─────────────── -WE     AY 1-J11   F
    AD 2-F02  MD2 ─────────────────────── A11      A01 ─────────────── +RAS    AZ 2-D11
    AE 2-F02  MD3 ─────────────────────── A12      B04 ─────────────── +CAS    BA 2-C11
    AF 2-F02  MD4 ─────────────────────── A05      B02 ─────────────── +CPU DLY BC 2-C11
E   AG 2-F02  MD5 ─────────────────────── A06      B11 ─────────────── CPU LATCH BD 2-H11  E
    AH 2-F02  MD6 ─────────────────────── A07      A04 ─────────────── ATR LATCH BE 2-E11
    AJ 2-E02  MD7 ─────────────────────── A08      A02 ─────────────── XA0     BF 2-C11
    AP 2-A02  -DISABLE EDATA ──────────── A03      B01 ─────────────── +VIDEO MEMR BG 2-B11
    AN 2-B02  -DISABLE CAS0
D   AK 2-D02  -LCG ───────────────────── B05      B06 ─────────────── GATE    BH 2-D11    D
                                          A14      B12 ─────────────── -ATR CD IN
    +5V                          .047 UF  B14
                                 (8X)     A13      B07
C                                         B13      B08                                    C
         C9  C8  C7  C6  C5  C4  C3  C2   +C1              B09
                                          10 UF

B                                                                                    B

A                                                                                    A

11      10      9       8       7       6       5       4       3       2
```

64KB Memory and Display Expansion (Sheet 3 of 4)

64KB Memory and Display Expansion (Sheet 4 of 4)

B-28   Memory Expansion

DANGER
HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES UP TO 450 VOLTS EXIST ON THE PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS

XX 3-G02 ├ DISKETE INTER ─────────────────── A11 ⟫ U1

AB 3-D02 ├ +DMAREQ ─────────────────── A12 ⟫ U1

+5

1 C3 2
1 C14 2
1 C7 2
1 C5 2
1 C6 2
1 C9 2
1 C8 2
C4

U1 ⟪ A01   D07 ─┤ AA 3-F11
U1 ⟪ A02   D06 ─┤ BB 3-F11
U1 ⟪ A03   D05 ─┤ CC 3-F11
U1 ⟪ A05   D04 ─┤ DD 3-F11
U1 ⟪ A06   D03 ─┤ EE 3-G11
U1 ⟪ A07   D02 ─┤ FF 3-G11
U1 ⟪ A09   D01 ─┤ GG 3-G11
U1 ⟪ A10   D00 ─┤ HH 3-G11
U1 ⟪ B14   -RESET ─┤ JJ 3-J11
U1 ⟪ B13   CARD INSTALL
U1 ⟪ A15   -DMAACK ─┤ KK 4-A11
U1 ⟪ B09
U1 ⟪ B08   +A0 ─┤ LL 3-B11
U1 ⟪ B07   +A1 ─┤ MM 3-B11
U1 ⟪ B06   +A2 ─┤ NN 3-D11
U1 ⟪
U1 ⟪ B03   +A9 ─┤ PP 3-C11
U1 ⟪ B02   -MODEM,FLOPPY CS ─┤ QQ 3-C11
U1 ⟪ B10   -IOR ─┤ RR 3-B11
U1 ⟪ B11   -IOW ─┤ SS 3-C11
U1 ⟪ B15
U1 ⟪
U1 ⟪ B12
U1 ⟪ A14
U1 ⟪ B01
U1 ⟪ A08
U1 ⟪ A04
U1 ⟪ B05

+6

Diskette Drive Adapter (Sheet 1 of 6)

B-30   Diskette Drive Adapter

11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2

K   K

J   J

YY 3-F02 |—-MOTOREN   16 〉U2   U2 ⟸

                                                                          U2 ⟸

H   ZZ 3-E02 |—-DRVEN   12 〉U2   U2 ⟸   H
    AH 4-C02 |—-DIRECTION   18 〉U2   U2 ⟸ 8   -INDEX 4 | TT 4-D11
    AG 4-D02 |—-STEP   20 〉U2

G   AE 4-H02 |—-WRITE DATA   22 〉U2   U2 ⟸   G
    AF 4-D02 |—-WRITE ENABLE   24 〉U2   U2 ⟸

F   AK 4-C02 |—-SELECT HEAD 1   32 〉U2   U2 ⟸ 26   -TRACK 0 4 | UU 4-C11   F
                                                                  〉U2   U2 ⟸ 28   -WRITE PROTECT | VV 4-C11
                                                               1 〉U2   U2 ⟸ 30   -READ DATA 5 | WW 5-G11
                                                               3 〉U2

E   5 〉U2   E
                                                               7 〉U2
                                                               9 〉U2
                                                              11 〉U2

D   13 〉U2   D
                                                              15 〉U2
                                                              17 〉U2
                                                              19 〉U2

C   21 〉U2   C
                                                              23 〉U2
                                                              25 〉U2
                                                              27 〉U2

B   29 〉U2   B
                                                              31 〉U2
                                                              33 〉U2

A   A

11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2

Diskette Drive Adapter (Sheet 2 of 6)

Diskette Drive Adapter (Sheet 3 of 6)

B-32 Diskette Drive Adapter

Diskette Drive Adapter (Sheet 4 of 6)

Diskette Drive Adapter   B-33

Diskette Drive Adapter (Sheet 5 of 6)

B-34   Diskette Drive Adapter

Diskette Drive Adapter (Sheet 6 of 6)

B-36   Internal Modem

Parallel Printer Attachment (Sheet 1 of 5)

Parallel Printer Attachment (Sheet 2 of 5)

B-38   **Printer Attachment**

Parallel Printer Attachment (Sheet 3 of 5)

Parallel Printer Attachment (Sheet 4 of 5)

B-40 **Printer Attachment**

Parallel Printer Attachment (Sheet 5 of 5)

Infra-Red Receiver Board

B-42   Infra-Red Receiver Board

Graphics Printer Driver Circuit

PC Compact Printer

Compact Printer   B-47/B-48

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Bibliography

Notes:

APPENDIX C: CHARACTERS, KEYSTROKES, AND COLOR

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
00	0	Blank (Null)	Ctrl 2		Black	Black
01	1	☺	Ctrl A		Black	Blue
02	2	☻	Ctrl B		Black	Green
03	3	♥	Ctrl C		Black	Cyan
04	4	♦	Ctrl D		Black	Red
05	5	♣	Ctrl E		Black	Magenta
06	6	♠	Ctrl F		Black	Brown
07	7	•	Ctrl G		Black	Light Grey
08	8	▪	Ctrl H, Backspace, Shift Backspace		Black	Dark Grey
09	9	○	Ctrl I		Black	Light Blue
0A	10	○	Ctrl J, Ctrl ↵		Black	Light Green
0B	11	♂	Ctrl K		Black	Light Green
0C	12	♀	Ctrl L		Black	Light Red
0D	13	♪	Ctrl M, ↵ Shift ↵		Black	Light Magenta
0E	14	♫	Ctrl N		Black	Yellow
0F	15	☼	Ctrl O		Black	White
10	16	►	Ctrl P		Blue	Black
11	17	◄	Ctrl Q		Blue	Blue
12	18	↕	Ctrl R		Blue	Green
13	19	‼	Ctrl S		Blue	Cyan
14	20	¶	Ctrl T		Blue	Red
15	21	§	Ctrl U			Magenta
16	22	▬	Ctrl V		Blue	Brown
17	23	↨	Ctrl W		Blue	Light Grey

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
18	24	↑	Ctrl X		Blue	Dark Grey
19	25	↓	Ctrl Y		Blue	Light Blue
1A	26	→	Ctrl Z		Blue	Light Green
1B	27	←	Ctrl [, Esc, Shift Esc, Ctrl Esc		Blue	Light Cyan
1C	28	∟	Ctrl \		Blue	Light Red
1D	29	←→	Ctrl]		Blue	Light Magenta
1E	30	▲	Ctrl 6		Blue	Yellow
1F	31	▼	Ctrl —		Blue	White
20	32	Blank Space	Space Bar, Shift, Space, Ctrl Space, Alt Space		Green	Black
21	33	!	!	Shift	Green	Blue
22	34	''	''	Shift	Green	Green
23	35	#	#	Shift	Green	Cyan
24	36	$	$	Shift	Green	Red
25	37	%	%	Shift	Green	Magenta
26	38	&	&	Shift	Green	Brown
27	39	'	'		Green	Light Grey
28	40	(	(	Shift	Green	Dark Grey
29	41	)	)	Shift	Green	Light Blue
2A	42	*	*	Note 1	Green	Light Green
2B	43	+	+	Shift	Green	Light Cyan
2C	44	'	'		Green	Light Red
2D	45	—	—		Green	Light Magenta
2E	46	.	.	Note 2	Green	Yellow
2F	47	/	/		Green	White
30	48	0	0	Note 3	Cyan	Black
31	49	1	1	Note 3	Cyan	Blue
32	50	2	2	Note 3	Cyan	Green
33	51	3	3	Note 3	Cyan	Cyan

C-2 Characters, Keystrokes, and Color

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
34	52	4	4	Note 3	Cyan	Red
35	53	5	5	Note 3	Cyan	Magenta
36	54	6	6	Note 3	Cyan	Brown
37	55	7	7	Note 3	Cyan	Light Grey
38	56	8	8	Note 3	Cyan	Dark Grey
39	57	9	9	Note 3	Cyan	Light Blue
3A	58	:	:	Shift	Cyan	Light Green
3B	59	;	;		Cyan	Light Cyan
3C	60	<	<	Shift	Cyan	Light Red
3D	61	=	=		Cyan	Light Magenta
3E	62	>	>	Shift	Cyan	Yellow
3F	63	?	?	Shift	Cyan	White
40	64	@	@	Shift	Red	Black
41	65	A	A	Note 4	Red	Blue
42	66	B	B	Note 4	Red	Green
43	67	C	C	Note 4	Red	Cyan
44	68	D	D	Note 4	Red	Red
45	69	E	E	Note 4	Red	Magenta
46	70	F	F	Note 4	Red	Brown
47	71	G	G	Note 4	Red	Light Grey
48	72	H	H	Note 4	Red	Dark Grey
49	73	I	I	Note 4	Red	Light Blue
4A	74	J	J	Note 4	Red	Light Green
4B	75	K	K	Note 4	Red	Light Cyan
4C	76	L	L	Note 4	Red	Light Red
4D	77	M	M	Note 4	Red	Light Magenta
4E	78	N	N	Note 4	Red	Yellow
4F	79	O	O	Note 4	Red	White
50	80	P	P	Note 4	Magenta	Black
51	81	Q	Q	Note 4	Magenta	Blue
52	82	R	R	Note 4	Magenta	Green
53	83	S	S	Note 4	Magenta	Cyan
54	84	T	T	Note 4	Magenta	Red

Characters, Keystrokes, and Color C-3

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
55	85	U	U	Note 4	Magenta	Magenta
56	86	V	V	Note 4	Magenta	Brown
57	57	W	W	Note 4	Magenta	Light Grey
58	88	X	X	Note 4	Magenta	Dark Grey
59	89	Y	Y	Note 4	Magenta	Light Blue
5A	90	Z	Z	Note 4	Magenta	Light Green
5B	91	[	[		Magenta	Light Cyan
5C	92	\	\		Magenta	Light Red
5D	93	]	]		Magenta	Light Magenta
5E	94	^	^	Shift	Magenta	Yellow
5F	95	—	—	Shift	Magenta	White
60	96	`	`		Yellow	Black
61	97	a	a	Note 5	Yellow	Blue
62	98	b	b	Note 5	Yellow	Green
63	99	c	c	Note 5	Yellow	Cyan
64	100	d	d	Note 5	Yellow	Red
65	101	e	e	Note 5	Yellow	Magenta
66	102	f	f	Note 5	Yellow	Brown
67	103	g	g	Note 5	Yellow	Light Grey
68	104	h	h	Note 5	Yellow	Dark Grey
69	105	i	i	Note 5	Yellow	Light Blue
6A	106	j	j	Note 5	Yellow	Light Green
6B	107	k	k	Note 5	Yellow	Light Cyan
6C	108	l	l	Note 5	Yellow	Light Red
6D	109	m	m	Note 5	Yellow	Light Magenta
6E	110	n	n	Note 5	Yellow	Yellow
6F	111	o	o	Note 5	Yellow	White
70	112	p	p	Note 5	White	Black
71	113	q	q	Note 5	White	Blue
72	114	r	r	Note 5	White	Green
73	115	s	s	Note 5	White	Cyan
74	116	f	f	Note 5	White	Red
75	117	u	u	Note 5	White	Magenta
76	118	v	v	Note 5	White	Brown

C-4 Characters, Keystrokes, and Color

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
77	119	w	w	Note 5	White	Light Grey
78	120	x	x	Note 5	White	Dark Grey
79	121	y	y	Note 5	White	Light Blue
7A	122	z	z	Note 5	White	Light Green
7B	123	{	{	Shift	White	Light Cyan
7C	124	|	|	Shift	White	Light Red
7D	125	}	}	Shift	White	Light Magenta
7E	126	~	~	Shift	White	Yellow
7F	127	Δ	Ctrl ←		White	White

* * * *   80 to FF Hex are Flashing if Blink is Enabled   * * * *

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
80	128	Ç	Alt 128	Note 6	Black	Black
81	129	ü	Alt 129	Note 6	Black	Blue
82	130	é	Alt 130	Note 6	Black	Green
83	131	â	Alt 131	Note 6	Black	Cyan
84	132	ä	Alt 132	Note 6	Black	Red
85	133	à	Alt 133	Note 6	Black	Magenta
86	134	å	Alt 134	Note 6	Black	Brown
87	135	ç	Alt 135	Note 6	Black	Light Grey
88	136	ê	Alt 136	Note 6	Black	Dark Grey
89	137	ë	Alt 137	Note 6	Black	Light Blue
8A	138	è	Alt 138	Note 6	Black	Light Green
8B	139	ï	Alt 139	Note 6	Black	Light Cyan
8C	140	î	Alt 140	Note 6	Black	Light Red
8D	141	ì	Alt 141	Note 6	Black	Light Magenta
8E	142	Ä	Alt 142	Note 6	Black	Yellow
8F	143	Å	Alt 143	Note 6	Black	White
90	144	É	Alt 144	Note 6	Blue	Black
91	145	æ	Alt 145	Note 6	Blue	Blue
92	146	Æ	Alt 146	Note 6	Blue	Green
93	147	ô	Alt 147	Note 6	Blue	Cyan
94	148	ö	Alt 148	Note 6	Blue	Red
95	149	ò	Alt 149	Note 6	Blue	Magenta

Characters, Keystrokes, and Color C-5

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
96	150	û	Alt 150	Note 6	Blue	Brown
97	151	ù	Alt 151	Note 6	Blue	Light Grey
98	152	ÿ	Alt 152	Note 6	Blue	Dark Grey
99	153	ó	Alt 153	Note 6	Blue	Light Blue
9A	154	ü	Alt 154	Note 6	Blue	Light Green
9B	155	¢	Alt 155	Note 6	Blue	Light Cyan
9C	156	£	Alt 156	Note 6	Blue	Light Red
9D	157	¥	Alt 157	Note 6	Blue	Light Magenta
9E	158	Pt	Alt 158	Note 6	Blue	Yellow
9F	159	∫	Alt 159	Note 6	Blue	White
A0	160	á	Alt 160	Note 6	Green	Black
A1	161	í	Alt 161	Note 6	Green	Blue
A2	162	ó	Alt 162	Note 6	Green	Green
A3	163	ú	Alt 163	Note 6	Green	Cyan
A4	164	ñ	Alt 164	Note 6	Green	Red
A5	165	Ñ	Alt 165	Note 6	Green	Magenta
A6	166	a̲	Alt 166	Note 6	Green	Brown
A7	167	o̲	Alt 167	Note 6	Green	Light Grey
A8	168	¿	Alt 168	Note 6	Green	Dark Grey
A9	169	⌐	Alt 169	Note 6	Green	Light Blue
AA	170	¬	Alt 170	Note 6	Green	Light Green
AB	171	½	Alt 171	Note 6	Green	Light Cyan
AC	172	¼	Alt 172	Note 6	Green	Light Red
AD	173	¡	Alt 173	Note 6	Green	Light Magenta
AE	174	<<	Alt 174	Note 6	Green	Yellow
AF	175	>>	Alt 175	Note 6	Green	White
B0	176	▒	Alt 176	Note 6	Cyan	Black
B1	177	▓	Alt 177	Note 6	Cyan	Blue
B2	178	█	Alt 178	Note 6	Cyan	Green
B3	179	│	Alt 179	Note 6	Cyan	Cyan
B4	180	┤	Alt 180	Note 6	Cyan	Red
B5	181	╡	Alt 181	Note 6	Cyan	Magenta
B6	182	╢	Alt 182	Note 6	Cyan	Brown

C-6 Characters, Keystrokes, and Color

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
B7	183		Alt 183	Note 6	Cyan	Light Grey
B8	184		Alt 184	Note 6	Cyan	Dark Grey
B9	185		Alt 185	Note 6	Cyan	Light Blue
BA	186		Alt 186	Note 6	Cyan	Light Green
BB	187		Alt 187	Note 6	Cyan	Light Cyan
BC	188		Alt 188	Note 6	Cyan	Light Red
BD	189		Alt 189	Note 6	Cyan	Light Magenta
BE	190		Alt 190	Note 6	Cyan	Yellow
BF	191		Alt 191	Note 6	Cyan	White
C0	192		Alt 192	Note 6	Red	Black
C1	193		Alt 193	Note 6	Red	Blue
C2	194		Alt 194	Note 6	Red	Green
C3	195		Alt 195	Note 6	Red	Cyan
C4	196		Alt 196	Note 6	Red	Red
C5	197		Alt 197	Note 6	Red	Magenta
C6	198		Alt 198	Note 6	Red	Brown
C7	199		Alt 199	Note 6	Red	Light Grey
C8	200		Alt 200	Note 6	Red	Dark Grey
C9	201		Alt 201	Note 6	Red	Light Blue
CA	202		Alt 202	Note 6	Red	Light Green
CB	203		Alt 203	Note 6	Red	Light Cyan
CC	204		Alt 204	Note 6	Red	Light Red
CD	205		Alt 205	Note 6	Red	Light Magenta
CE	206		Alt 206	Note 6	Red	Yellow
CF	207		Alt 207	Note 6	Red	White
D0	208		Alt 208	Note 6	Magenta	Black
D1	209		Alt 209	Note 6	Magenta	Blue
D2	210		Alt 210	Note 6	Magenta	Green
D3	211		Alt 211	Note 6	Magenta	Cyan
D4	212		Alt 212	Note 6	Magenta	Red
D5	213		Alt 213	Note 6	Magenta	Magenta
D6	214		Alt 214	Note 6	Magenta	Brown
D7	215		Alt 215	Note 6	Magenta	Light Grey

Characters, Keystrokes, and Color C-7

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
D8	216	╪	Alt 216	Note 6	Magenta	Dark Grey
D9	217	┘	Alt 217	Note 6	Magenta	Light Blue
DA	218	┌	Alt 218	Note 6	Magenta	Light Green
DB	219	█	Alt 219	Note 6	Magenta	Light Cyan
DC	220	▄	Alt 220	Note 6	Magenta	Light Red
DD	221	▌	Alt 221	Note 6	Magenta	Light Magenta
DE	222	▐	Alt 222	Note 6	Magenta	Yellow
DF	223	▀	Alt 223	Note 6	Magenta	White
E0	224	α	Alt 224	Note 6	Yellow	Black
E1	225	β	Alt 225	Note 6	Yellow	Blue
E2	226	Γ	Alt 226	Note 6	Yellow	Green
E3	227	π	Alt 227	Note 6	Yellow	Cyan
E4	228	Σ	Alt 228	Note 6	Yellow	Red
E5	229	σ	Alt 229	Note 6	Yellow	Magenta
E6	230	μ	Alt 230	Note 6	Yellow	Brown
E7	231	τ	Alt 231	Note 6	Yellow	Light Grey
E8	232	Φ	Alt 232	Note 6	Yellow	Dark Grey
E9	233	θ	Alt 233	Note 6	Yellow	Light Blue
EA	234	Ω	Alt 234	Note 6	Yellow	Light Green
EB	235	δ	Alt 235	Note 6	Yellow	Light Cyan
EC	236	∞	Alt 236	Note 6	Yellow	Light Red
ED	237	φ	Alt 237	Note 6	Yellow	Light Magenta
EE	238	ε	Alt 238	Note 6	Yellow	Yellow
EF	239	∩	Alt 239	Note 6	Yellow	White
F0	240	≡	Alt 240	Note 6	White	Black
F1	241	±	Alt 241	Note 6	White	Blue
F2	242	≥	Alt 242	Note 6	White	Green
F3	243	≤	Alt 243	Note 6	White	Cyan
F4	244	⌠	Alt 244	Note 6	White	Red
F5	245	⌡	Alt 245	Note 6	White	Magenta
F6	246	÷	Alt 246	Note 6	White	Brown
F7	247	≈	Alt 247	Note 6	White	Light Grey
F8	248	°	Alt 248	Note 6	White	Dark Grey

C-8 Characters, Keystrokes, and Color

Value		As Characters			Color/Graphics Text Attributes	
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground
F9	249	●	Alt 249	Note 6	White	Light Blue
FA	250	•	Alt 250	Note 6	White	Light Green
FB	251	√	Alt 251	Note 6	White	Light Cyan
FC	252	η	Alt 252	Note 6	White	Light Red
FD	253	2	Alt 253	Note 6	White	Light Magenta
FE	254	■	Alt 254	Note 6	White	Yellow
FF	255	BLANK	Alt 255	Note 6	White	White

Characters, Keystrokes, and Color C-9

NOTE 1   On the 62-key keyboard the Asterisk (*) can be keyed using two methods:
1) in the shift mode hit the $\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} * \\ 8 \end{smallmatrix}}$ key or 2) hold Alt key and press the
$\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} < \\ , \end{smallmatrix}}$ key.

On the 83-key keyboard the Asterisk (*) can be keyed using two methods:
1) hit the $\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} \text{Prt Sc} \\ * \end{smallmatrix}}$ key or 2) in the shift mode hit the $\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} * \\ 8 \end{smallmatrix}}$ key.

NOTE 2   Period (.) can easily be keyed using two methods: 1) hit the $\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} > \\ . \end{smallmatrix}}$ key or 2) in
shift or Num Lock mode hit the $\boxed{\begin{smallmatrix} . \\ \text{Del} \end{smallmatrix}}$ key.

NOTE 3   Numeric characters (0—9) can easily be keyed using two methods: 1) hit
the numeric keys on the top row of the typewriter portion of the keyboard
or 2) on the 83-key keyboard in shift or Num Lock mode hit the numeric
keys in the 10—key pad portion of the keyboard.

NOTE 4   Upper case alphabetic characters (A—Z) can easily be keyed in two modes:
1) in shift mode the appropriate alphabetic key or 2) In Caps Lock mode hit
the appropriate alphabetic key.

NOTE 5   Lower case alphabetic characters (a—z) can easily be keyed in two modes:
1) in "normal" mode hit the appropriate key or 2) In Caps Lock combined
with shift mode hit the appropriate alphabetic key.

NOTE 6   On the 62-key keyboard set Num Lock state using Alt/Fn/N then 3 digits
after the Alt key must be typed from the numeric keys on the top row of
the typematic portion of the keyboard. Character codes 000 through 255
can be entered in this fashion. (With Caps Lock activated, character codes
97 through 122 will display upper case rather than lower case alphabetic
characters.)

On the 83-key keyboard the 3 digits after the Alt key must be typed from
the numeric key pad (keys 71—73, 75—77, 79—82).

C-10 Characters, Keystrokes, and Colors

Character Set (00-7F) Quick Reference

DECIMAL VALUE →		0	16	32	48	64	80	96	112
↓	HEXA-DECIMAL VALUE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	BLANK (NULL)	►	BLANK (SPACE)	0	@	P	'	p
1	1	☺	◄	!	1	A	Q	a	q
2	2	☻	↕	"	2	B	R	b	r
3	3	♥	‼	#	3	C	S	c	s
4	4	♦	¶	$	4	D	T	d	t
5	5	♣	§	%	5	E	U	e	u
6	6	♠	▬	&	6	F	V	f	v
7	7	•	↨	'	7	G	W	g	w
8	8	◘	↑	(	8	H	X	h	x
9	9	○	↓	)	9	I	Y	i	y
10	A	◙	→	*	:	J	Z	j	z
11	B	♂	←	+	;	K	[	k	{
12	C	♀	∟	,	<	L	\	l	|
13	D	♪	↔	—	=	M	]	m	}
14	E	♫	▲	.	>	N	^	n	~
15	F	☼	▼	/	?	O	_	o	∆

Character Set (80-FF) Quick Reference

DECIMAL VALUE ➡	HEXA-DECIMAL VALUE ⬇	128	144	160	176	192	208	224	240
		8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	0	Ç	É	á				∝	≡
1	1	ü	æ	í				β	±
2	2	é	Æ	ó				Γ	≥
3	3	â	ô	ú				π	≤
4	4	ä	ö	ñ				Σ	∫
5	5	à	ò	Ñ				σ	∫
6	6	å	û	ª				µ	÷
7	7	ç	ù	º				τ	≈
8	8	ê	ÿ	¿				Φ	°
9	9	ë	Ö	⌐				Θ	●
10	A	è	Ü	¬				Ω	·
11	B	ï	¢	½				δ	√
12	C	î	£	¼				∞	n
13	D	ì	¥	¡				φ	2
14	E	Ä	₧	«				∈	■
15	F	Å	ƒ	»				∩	BLANK 'FF'

Appendix D. UNIT SPECIFICATIONS

System Unit

Size:

Length	354 mm (13.9 in.)
Depth	290 mm (11.4 in.)
Height	97 mm (3.8 in.)

Weight:

3.71 Kg (8lb 4oz)	With Diskette Drive
2.61 Kg (5lb 8oz)	Without Diskette Drive

Transformer:

Electrical:

Input	110 Vac 60 Hz
Output to System	Pin 1 - 17 Vac, Pin 2 - GND, Pin 3 - 17 Vac

Power Cords:

Input Length	1.86 meters (6.14 feet)
Type	18 AWG
Output Length	1.22 meters (4.02 feet)
Type	18 AWG

Environment:

Air Temperature
System ON   15.6 to 32.2 degrees C (60 to 90 degrees F)
System Off   10 to 43 degrees C (50 to 110 degrees F)
Humidity
System On   8% to 80%
System Off   8% to 80%
Noise Level   45 dB

Cordless Keyboard

Size:

Length   341.5 mm (13.45 in.)
Depth   168 mm (6.61 in.)
Height   26 mm (1.02 in.)

Weight:

With Batteries   616 grams (22 ounces)
Without Batteries   700 grams (25 ounces)

Optional Cable:

6 feet, flat

Diskette Drive

Size:

Height	41.6 mm (1.6 in.)
Depth	146 mm (5.8 in.)
Width	208 mm (8.3 in.)

Weight:

1.1 kilograms (2.2 pounds)

Diskette Drive

Power:

Supply

Voltage	+5 Vdc Input	+12 Vdc Input
Nominal	+5 Vdc	+12 Vdc

Ripple

	+5 Vdc Input	+12 Vdc Input
0 to 50 kHz	100 mV	100 mV

Tolerance

	+5 Vdc Input	+12 Vdc Input
Including Ripple	+/- 5%	+/- 5%

Standby Current

	+5 Vdc Input	+12 Vdc Input
Nominal	600 mA	400 mA
Worst Case	700 mA	500 mA

Operating Current

	+5 Vdc Input	+12 Vdc Input
Nominal	600 mA	900 mA
Worst Case	700 mA	2400 mA

Mechanical and Electrical

Media	Industry-compatible 5 1/4 inch diskette
Media Life (Head Loaded)	3,000,000 revolutions/track
Media Life (Insertions)	30,000
Tracks Density	48 tracks/inch
Number of Tracks	40
Motor Start Time	500 ms
Instantaneous Speed Variation	+/- 3.0%
Rotational Speed	300 rpm +/- 1.5% (long term)
Nominal Transfer Rate (MFM)	250,000 pulses/second
MTBF (25% Operating)	8,000 POH
Read Bit Shift	+/- 800 ns maximum
Seek Time	6 ms track-to-track maximum
Head Life	20,000 hours (normal use)
Head Load Time	Not Applicable
Head Settling Time	21 ms maximum (from last step pulse)
Error Rate	

	Soft Error	1 per 1,000,000,000 bits maximum (recoverable within 10 retries)
	Hard Error	1 per 1,000,000,000,000 bits maximum (nonrecoverable within 10 retries)
	Access Error	1 per 3,000,000 seeks maximum

Temperature (Exclusive of media)

| | Operating | 50 to 122 degrees F (10 to 44 degrees C) |
| | Non-operating | -40 to 140 degrees F (-40 to 60 degrees C) |

Relative Humidity (Exclusive of media)

| | Operating | 20 to 80% (noncondensing) |
| | Non-operating | 5 to 95% (noncondensing) |

| Operating Altitude | 7,000 feet above sea level |
| Operating Vibration | 5 to 500 Hz 11G |

Color Display

Size:

Height	297 mm (11.7 in.)
Depth	407 mm (15.6 in.)
Width	392 mm (15.4 in.)

Weight:

11.8 kilograms (26 pounds)

Heat Output:

240 BTU/hour

Power Cables:

Length   1.83 meters (6 feet)

Size   22 AWG

Graphics Printer

Size:

Height   110 mm (4.3 in.)
Depth   370 mm (14.5 in.)
Width   400 mm (15.7 in.)

Weight:

5.9 kilograms (12.9 pounds)

Heat Output:

341 BTU/hour

Power Cable:

Length   1.83 meters (6 feet)
Size   18 AWG

Signal Cable:

Length   1.83 meters (6 feet)
Size   22 AWG

Electrical:

Minimum   104 Vac
Nominal   120 Vac
Maximum   127 Vac

Internal Modem

Power:

Parameter	+ 5 Vdc Voltage	+ 12 Vdc Voltage
Tolerance	+/- 5%	+/- 10%
Ripple	50 mV, P-P	50 mV, P-P
Maximum Current	300 mA	50 mA
Current Nominal	150 mA	25 mA

Interface

RS232C

Compact Printer

Size:

Height   88.9 mm (3.5 in)
Depth   221 mm (8.7 in)
Width   312.4 mm (12.3 in)

Weight:

2.99 kg (6.6 lb)

Heat Output:

54.6 Btu/hr

Power Cable:

Length   1.89 mm (6 ft)
Size   28 AWG

Signal Cable:

Length   1.89 m (6 ft)
Size   3 by 18 AWG

Electrical:

Voltage   110 Vac 60 Hz

Glossary

μs Microsecond.

adapter. An auxiliary system or unit used to extend the operation of another system.

address bus. One or more conductors used to carry the binary-coded address from the microprocessor throughout the rest of the system.

all points addressable (APA). A mode in which all points on a displayable image can be controlled by the user.

alphanumeric (A/N). Pertaining to a character set that contains letters, digits, and usually other characters, such as punctuation marks. Synonymous with alphameric.

American Standard Code for Information Interchange. (ASCII) The standard code, using a coded character set consisting of 7-bit coded characters (8 bits including parity check), used for information interchange among data processing systems, data communication systems and associated equipment. The ASCII set consists of control characters and graphic characters.

A/N. Alphanumeric.

analog. (1) pertaining to data in the form of continuously variable physical quantities. (2) Contrast with digital.

AND. A logic operator having the property that if P is a statement, Q is a statement, R is a statement,..., then the AND of P, Q, R,...is true if all statements are true, false if any statement is false.

APA. All points addressable.

ASCII. American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

assembler. A computer program used to assemble. Synonymous with assembly program.

asynchronous communications. A communication mode in which each single byte of data is synchronized, usually by the addition of start/stop bits.

BASIC. Beginner's all-purpose symbolic instruction code.

basic input/output system (BIOS). Provides the device level control of the major I/O devices in a computer system, which provides an operational interface to the system and relieves the programmer from concern over hardware device characteristics.

baud. (1) A unit of signaling speed equal to the number of discrete conditions or signal events per second. For example, one baud equals one-half dot cycle per second in Morse code, one bit per second in a train of binary signals, and one 3-bit value per second in a train of signals each of which can assume one of eight different states. (2) In asynchronous transmission, the unit of modulation rate corresponding to one unit of interval per second; that is , if the duration of the unit interval is 20 milliseconds, the modulation rate is 50 baud.

BCC. Block-check character.

beginner's all-purpose symbolic instruction. code (BASIC) A programming language with a small repertoire of commands and a simple syntax, primarily designed for numerical application.

binary. (1) Pertaining to a selection, choice, or condition that has two possible values or states. (2) Pertaining to a fixed radix numeration system having a radix of two.

binary digit. (1) In binary notation, either of the characters 0 or 1. (2) Synonymous with bit. binary notation: Any notation that uses two different characters, usually the binary digits 0 and 1.

BIOS. Basic input/output system.

bit. In binary notation, either of the characters 0 or 1.

bits per second (bps). A unit of measurement representing the number of discrete binary digits which can be transmitted by a device in one second.

block-check character (BCC). In cyclic redundancy checking, a character that is transmitted by the sender after each message block and is compared with a block-check character computed by the receiver to determine if the transmission was successful.

Boolean operation. (1) Any operation in which each of the operands and the result take one of two values. (2) An operation that follows the rules of Boolean algebra.

bootstrap. A technique or device designed to bring itself into a desired state by means of its own action; that is, a machine routine whose first few instructions are sufficient to bring the rest of itself into the computer from an input device.

bps. Bits per second.

buffer. (1) An area of storage that is temporarily reserved for use in performing an input/output operation, into which data is read or from which data is written. Synonymous with I/O area. (2) A portion of storage for temporarily holding input or output data.

bus. One or more conductors used for transmitting signals or power.

byte. (1) A binary character operated upon as a unit and usually shorter than a computer word. (2) The representation of a character.

CAS. Column address strobe.

cathode ray tube (CRT). A vacuum tube display in which a beam of electrons can be controlled to form alphanumeric characters or symbols on a luminescent screen, for example by use of a dot matrix.

cathode ray tube display (CRT display). (1) A device that presents data in visual form by means of controlled electron

Glossary

beams. (2) The data display produced by the device as in (1).

CCITT. Comite Consultatif International Telegrafique et Telephonique.

central processing unit (CPU). A functional unit that consists of one or more processors and all or part of internal storage.

channel. A path along which signals can be sent; for example, data channel or I/O channel.

characters per second (cps). A standard unit of measurement for printer output.

code. (1) A set of unambiguous rules specifying the manner in which data may be represented in a discrete form. Synonymous with coding scheme. (2) A set of items, such as abbreviations, representing the members of another set. (3) Loosely, one or more computer programs, or part of a computer program. (4) To represent data or a computer program in a symbolic form that can be accepted by a data processor.

column address strobe(CAS). A signal that latches the column addresses in a memory chip.

Comite Consultatif International. Telegrafique et Teleponique (CCITT) Consultative Committee on International Telegraphy and Telephone.

computer. A functional unit that can perform substantial computation, including numerous arithmetic operations, or logic operations, without intervention by a human operator during the run.

configuration. (1) The arrangement of a computer system or network as defined by the nature, number, and the chief characteristics of its functional units. More specifically, the term configuration may refer to a hardware configuration or a software configuration. (2) The devices and programs that make up a system, subsystem, or network.

conjunction. (1) The Boolean operation whose result has the Boolean value 1 if, and only if, each operand has the Boolean value 1. (2) Synonymous with AND operation.

contiguous. (1) Touching or joining at the edge or boundary. (2) Adjacent.

CPS. Characters per second.

CPU. Central processing unit.

CRC. Cyclic redundancy check.

CRT display. Cathode ray tube display.

CTS. Clear to send. Associated with modem control.

cyclic redundancy check (CRC). (1) A redundancy check in which the check key is generated by a cyclic algorithm. (2) A system of error checking performed at both the sending and receiving station after a block-check character has been accumulated.

cylinder. (1) The set of all tracks with the same nominal distance from the axis about which the disk rotates. (2) The tracks of a disk storage device that can be accessed without repositioning the access mechanism.

daisy-chained cable. A type of cable that has two or more connectors attached in series.

data. (1) A representation of facts, concepts, or instructions in a formalized manner suitable for communication, interpretation, or processing by humans or automatic means. (2) Any representations, such as characters or analog quantities, to which meaning is, or might be assigned.

decibel (dB). (1) A unit that expresses the ratio of two power levels on a logarithmic scale. (2) A unit for measuring relative power. The number of decibels is ten times the logarithm (base 10) of the ratio of the measured power levels; if the measured levels are voltages (across the same or equal resistance), the number of decibels is 20 times the log of the ratio.

decoupling capacitor. A capacitor that provides a

Glossary

low-impedance path to ground to prevent common coupling between states of a circuit.

Deutsche Industrie Norm (DIN). (1) German Industrial Norm. (2) The committee that sets German dimension standards.

digit. (1) A graphic character that represents an integer, for example, one of the characters 0 to 9. (2) A symbol that represents one of the non-negative integers smaller than the radix. For example, in decimal notation, a digit is one of the characters from 0 to 9.

digital. (1) Pertaining to data in the form of digits. (2) Contrast with analog.

DIN. Deutsche Industrie Norm.

DIN Connector. One of the connectors specified by the DIN standardization committee.

DIP. Dual in-line package.

direct memory access (DMA). A method of transferring data between main storage and I/O devices that does not require processor intervention.

disk. Loosely, a magnetic disk unit.

diskette. A thin, flexible magnetic disk and a semi-rigid protective jacket, in which the disk is permanently enclosed. Synonymous with flexible disk.

DMA. Direct memory access.

DSR. Data set ready. Associated with modem control.

DTR. Data terminal ready. Associated with modem control.

dual in-line package (DIP). A widely used container for an integrated circuit. DIPs are pins usually in two parallel rows. These pins are spaced 1/10 inch apart and come in different configurations ranging from 14-pin to 40-pin configurations.

EBCDIC. Extended binary-coded decimal interchange code.

ECC. Error checking and correction.

edge connector. A terminal block with a number of contacts attached to the edge of a printed circuit board to facilitate plugging into a foundation circuit.

EIA. Electronic Industries Association.

EIA/CCITT. Electronic Industries Association/Consultative Committee on International Telegraphy and Telephone.

end–of–text character (ETX). A transmission control character used to terminate text.

end–of–transmission character (EOT). A transmission control character used to indicate the conclusion of a transmission, which may have included one or more texts and any assoceated message headings.

EOT. end-of-transmission character.

EPROM. Erasable programmable read-only memory

erasable programmable read–only. memory (EPROM) A storage device whose contents can be erased by ultraviolet means and new contents stored by electrical means. EPROM information is not destroyed when power is removed.

error checking and correction (ECC). The detection and correction of all single-bit, double-bit, and some multiple-bit errors.

ETX. End-of-text character.

extended binary–coded decimal interchange code. (EBCDIC) A set of 256 characters, each represented by eight bits.

flexible disk. Synonym for diskette.

firmware. Memory chips with integrated programs already incorporated on the chip.

gate. (1) A device or circuit that has no output until it is triggered into operation by one or more enable signals, or until an input signal exceeds a predetermined threshold amplitude. (2) A signal that triggers the passage of other signals through a circuit.

graphic. A symbol produced by a process such as handwriting, drawing, or printing.

hertz (Hz). A unit of frequency equal to one cycle per second.

hex. Abbreviation for hexadecimal.

hexadecimal (Hex). Pertaining to a selection, choice, or condition that has 16 possible values or states. These values or states usually contain 10 digits and 6 letters, A through F/ Hexadecimal digits are equivalent to a power of 16.

high–order position. The leftmost position in a string of characters.

Hz. Hertz.

interface. A device that alters or converts actual electrical signals between distinct devices, programs, or systems.

k. An abbreviation for the prefix kilo;that is, 1,000 decimal notation.

K. When referring to storage capacity, 2 to the tenth power; 1,024 in decimal notation.

KB (Kilobyte). 1,024 bytes.

k byte. 1,024 bytes.

kHz. A unit of frequency equal to 1,000 hertz.

kilo(k). One thousand.

latch. (1) A feedback loop in symmetrical digital circuits used to maintain a state. (2) A simple logic-circuit storage element comprising two gates as a unit.

LED. Light-emitting diode.

light-emitting diode (LED). A semi-conductor chip that gives off visible or infrared light when activated.

low-order position. The rightmost position in a string of characters.

m. (1) Milli; one thousand or thousandth part. (2) Meter.

M (Mega). 1,000,000 in decimal notation. When referring to storage capacity, 2 to the twentieth power; 1,048,576 in decimal notation.

mA. Milliampere.

machine language. (1) A language that is used directly by a machine. (2) Another term for computer instruction code.

main storage. A storage device in which the access time is effectively independent of the location of the data.

MB. Megabyte, 1,048,576 bytes.

mega (M). 10 to the sixth power, 1,000,000 in decimal notation. When referring to storage capacity, 2 to the twentieth power. 1,048,576 in decimal notation.

megabyte (MB). 1,048,576 bytes.

megahertz (MHz). A unit of measure of frequency. One megahertz equals 1,000,000 hertz.

MFM. Modified frequency modulation.

MHz. Megahertz.

microprocessor. An integrated circuit that accepts coded instructions for execution; the instructions may be entered, integrated, or stored internally.

microsecond. (μs) One-millionth of a second.

milli(m). One thousand or one thousandth.

milliampere(mA). One thousandth of an ampere.

millisecond(ms). One thousandth of a second.

mnemonic. A symbol chosen to assist the human memory; for example, an abbreviation such as "mpy" for "multiply."

mode. (1) A method of operation; for example, the binary mode, the interpretive mode, the alphanumeric mode. (2) The most frequent value in the statistical sense.

modem (Modulator–Demodulator). A device that converts serial (bit by bit) digital signals from a business machine (or data terminal equipment) to analog signals which are suitable for transmission in a telephone network. The inverse function is also performed by the modem on reception of analog signals.

modified frequency modulation (MFM). The process of varying the amplitude and frequency of the "write" signal. MFM pertains to the number of bytes of storage that can be stored on the recording media. The number of bytes is twice the number contained in the same unit area of recording media at single density.

modulo check. A calculation performed on values entered into a system. This calculation is designed to detect errors.

monitor. (1) A device that observes and verifies the operation of a data processing system and indicates any specific departure from the norm. (2) A television type display, such as the IBM Monochrome Display. (3) Software or hardware that observes, supervises, controls, or verifies the operations of a system.

ms. Millisecond; one thousandth of a second.

multiplexer. A device capable of distributing the events of an interleaved sequence to the respective activities.

NAND. A logic operator having the property that if P is a statement, Q is a statement, R is a statement, ... , then the NAND of P,Q,R,...is true if at least one statement is false, false if all statements are true.

nanosecond. (ns) One-billionth of a second.

nonconjunction. (1) The dyadic Boolean operation the result of which has the Boolean value 0 if, and only if, each operand has the Boolean value 1.

non–return–to–zero inverted (NRZI). A transmission encoding method in which the data terminal equipment changes the signal to the opposite state to send a binary 0 and leaves it in the same state to send a binary 1.

NOR. A logic operator having the property that if P is a statement, Q is a statement, R is a statement, ...,then the NOR of P,Q,R,...is true if all statements are false, false if at least one statement is true.

NOT. A logical operator having the property that if P is a statement, then the NOT of P is true if P is false, false if P is true.

NRZI. Non-return-to-zero inverted.

ns. Nanosecond; one-billionth of a second.

operating system. Software that controls the execution of programs; an operating system may provide services such as resource allocation, scheduling, input/output control, and data management.

OR. (1) A logic operator having the property that if P is a statement, Q is a statement, R is a statement, ...,then the OR of P,Q,R,...is true if at least one statement is true, false if all statements are false.

output. Pertaining to a device, process, or channel involved in an output process, or to the data or states involved in an output process.

output process. (1) The process that consists of the delivery of data from a data processing system, or from any part of it. (2) The return of information from a data processing system to an end user, including the translation of data from a machine language to a language that the end user can understand.

overcurrent. A current of higher than specified strength.

overvoltage. A voltage of higher than specified value.

parallel. (1) Pertaining to the concurrent or simultaneous operation of two or more devices, or to the concurrent performance of two or more activities. (2) Pertaining to the concurrent or simultaneous occurrence of two or more related activities in multiple devices or channels. (3) Pertaining to the simultaneity of two or more processes. (4) Pertaining to the simultaneous processing of the individual parts of a whole, such as the bits of a character and the characters of a word, using separate facilities for the various parts. (5) Contrast with serial.

PEL. Picture element.

personal computer. A small home or business computer that has a processor and keyboard and that can be connected to a television or some other monitor. An optional printer is usually available.

picture element (PEL). (1) The smallest displayable unit on a display. (2) Synonymous with pixel, PEL.

pinout. A diagram of functioning pins on a pinboard.

pixel. Picture element.

polling. (1) Interrogation of devices for purposes such as to avoid contention, to determine operational status, or to determine readiness to send or receive data. (2) The process whereby stations are invited, one at a time, to transmit.

port. An access point for data entry or exit.

printed circuit board. A piece of material, usually fiberglass, that contains a layer of conductive material, usually metal. Miniature electronic components on the fiberglass transmit electronic signals through the board by way of the metal layers.

program. (1) A series of actions designed to achieve a certain result. (2) A series of instructions telling the computer how to handle a

problem or task. (3) To design, write, and test computer programs.

programable read-only memory (PROM). Non-erasable programable memory. PROM information is not destroyed when power is removed.

programming language. (1) An artificial language established for expressing computer programs. (2) A set of characters and rules, with meanings assigned prior to their use, for writing computer programs.

PROM. Programmable read-only memory.

propagation delay. The time necessary for a signal to travel from one point on a circuit to another.

radix. (1) In a radix numeration system, the positive integer by which the weight of the digit place is multiplied to obtain the weight of the digit place with the next higher weight; for example, in the decimal

numeration system, the radix of each digit place is 1.0.
(2) Another term for base.

radix numeration system. A positional representation system in which the ratio of the weight of any one digit place to the weight of the digit place with the next lower weight is a positive integer. The permissible values of the character in any digit place range from zero to one less than the radix of the digit place.

RAS. Row address strobe.

RGBI. Red-green-blue-intensity.

read-only memory (ROM). A storage device whose contents cannot be modified, except by a particular user, or when operating under particular conditions; for example, a storage device in which writing is prevented by a lockout.

read/write memory. A storage device whose contents can be modified.

red-green-blue-intensity (RGBI). The description of a direct-drive

color monitor which accepts red, green, blue, and intensity signal inputs.

register. (1) A storage device, having a specified storage capacity such as a bit, a byte, or a computer word, and usually intended for a special purpose. (2) On a calculator, a storage device in which specific data is stored.

RF modulator. The device used to convert the composite video signal to the antenna level input of a home TV.

ROM. Read-only memory.

ROM/BIOS. The basic input/output system resident in ROM, which provides the device level control of the major I/O devices in the computer system.

row address strobe (RAS). A signal that latches the row addresses in a memory chip.

RS–232C. The standards set by the EIA for communications between computers and external equipment.

RTS. Request to send. Associated with modem control.

run. A single continuous performance of a computer program or routine.

scan line. The use of a cathode beam to test the cathode ray tube of a display used with a personal computer.

schematic. The description, usually in diagram form, of the logical and physical structure of an entire data base according to a conceptual model.

sector. That part of a track or band on a magnetic drum, a magnetic disk, or a disk pack that can be accessed by the magnetic heads in the course of a predetermined rotational displacement of the particular device.

serdes. Serializer/deserializer.

serial. (1) Pertaining to the sequential performance of two or more activities in a single device. In English, the modifiers serial and parallel usually refer to devices, as opposed to sequential and

consecutive, which refer to processes. (2) Pertaining to the sequential or consecutive occurrence of two or more related activities in a single device or channel. (3) Pertaining to the sequential processing of the individual parts of a whole, such as the bits of a character or the characters of a word, using the same facilities for successive parts. (4)Contrast with parallel.

sink. A device or circuit into which current drains.

software. (1) Computer programs, procedures, rules, and possible associated documentation concerned with the operation of a data processing system. (2) Contrast with hardware.

source. The origin of a signal or electrical energy.

source circuit. (1) Generator circuit. (2) Control with sink.

SS. Start-stop transmission.

start bit. Synonym for start signal.

start-of-text character (STX). A transmission control character that precedes a test and may be used to terminate the message heading.

start signal. (1) A signal to a receiving mechanism to get ready to receive data or perform a function. (2)In a start-stop system, a signal preceding a character or block that prepares the receiving device for the reception of the code elements. Synonymous with start bit.

start-stop (SS) transmission. (1) A synchronous transmission such that a group of signals representing a character is preceded by a start signal and followed by a stop signal. (2) Asynchronous transmission in which a group of bits is preceded by a start bit that prepares the receiving mechanism for the reception and registration of a character and is followed by at least one stop bit that enables the receiving mechanism for the reception and registration of a character and is followed by at least one stop bit that enables the receiving mechanism to come to an idle condition pending the reception of the next character.

Glossary

stop bit. Synonym for stop signal.

stop signal. (1) A signal to a receiving mechanism to wait for the next signal. (2)In a start-stop system, a signal following a character or block that prepares the receiving device for the reception of a subsequent character or block. Synonymous with stop bit.

strobe. (1) An instrument used to determine the exact speed of circular or cyclic movement. (2) A flashing signal displaying an exact event.

STX. Start-of-text character.

synchronous transmission. Data transmission in which the sending and receiving devices are operating continuously at the same frequency and are maintained, by means of correction, in a desired phase relationship.

text. In ASCII and data communication, a sequence of characters treated as an entity if preceded and terminated by one STX and one ETX transmission control, respectively.

track. The path or one of the set of paths, parallel to the reference edge on a data medium, associated with a single reading or writing component as the data medium moves past the component. (2) The portion of a moving data medium such as a drum, tape, or disk, that is accessible to a given reading head position.

transistor–transistor logic (TTL). A circuit in which the multiple-diode cluster of the diode-transistor logic circuit has been replaced by a multiple-emitter transistor.

TTL. Transistor-transistor logic.

TX Data. Transmit data. Associated with modem control. External connections of the RS-232C asynchronous communications adapter interface.

video. Computer data or displayed on a cathode ray tube monitor or display.

write precompensation. The varying of the timing of the head current from the outer tracks to the inner tracks of the diskette to keep a constant write signal.

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I

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IBM PC Compact Printer
   See compact printer
IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for Cassette
   See adapter cable for cassette
IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for IBM Color Display
   See adapter cable for IBM color display
IBM PC*jr* Adapter Cable for Serial Devices
   See adapter cable for serial devices
IBM PC*jr* Attachable Joystick
   See attachable joystick
IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive
   See diskette drive
IBM PC*jr* Diskette Drive Adapter
   See diskette drive adapter
IBM PC*jr* Internal Modem
   See internal modem
IBM PC*jr* Parallel Printer Attachment
   See parallel printer attachment

IBM PC*jr* 64KB Memory and Display Expansion
See memory and display expansion
IBM Personal Computer Graphics Printer
See graphics printer
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